

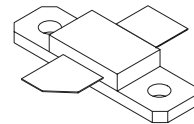
The RF Sub-Micron MOSFET Line
RF Power Field Effect Transistors
N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFETs

Designed for broadband commercial and industrial applications with frequencies up to 1.0 GHz. The high gain and broadband performance of these devices make them ideal for large-signal, common-source amplifier applications in 26 volt base station equipment.

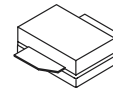
- Typical Two-Tone Performance at 945 MHz, 26 Volts
Output Power — 30 Watts PEP
Power Gain — 19 dB
Efficiency — 41.5%
IMD — -32.5 dBc
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Designed for Maximum Gain and Insertion Phase Flatness
- Capable of Handling 10:1 VSWR, @ 26 Vdc, 945 MHz, 30 Watts CW Output Power
- Excellent Thermal Stability
- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Impedance Parameters
- In Tape and Reel. R1 Suffix = 500 Units per 32 mm, 13 inch Reel.

MRF9030R1
MRF9030SR1

945 MHz, 30 W, 26 V
LATERAL N-CHANNEL
BROADBAND
RF POWER MOSFETs



CASE 360B-05, STYLE 1
NI-360
MRF9030R1



CASE 360C-05, STYLE 1
NI-360S
MRF9030SR1

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DSS} | 68 | Vdc |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | -0.5, +15 | Vdc |
| Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C | P_D | 92 0.53 | Watts $\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C | P_D | 117 0.67 | Watts $\text{W}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_{stg} | -65 to +200 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating Junction Temperature | T_J | 200 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

ESD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS

| Test Conditions | Class |
|------------------|--------------|
| Human Body Model | 1 (Minimum) |
| Machine Model | M1 (Minimum) |

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Characteristic | Symbol | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1.9 1.5 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

NOTE – **CAUTION** – MOS devices are susceptible to damage from electrostatic charge. Reasonable precautions in handling and packaging MOS devices should be observed.

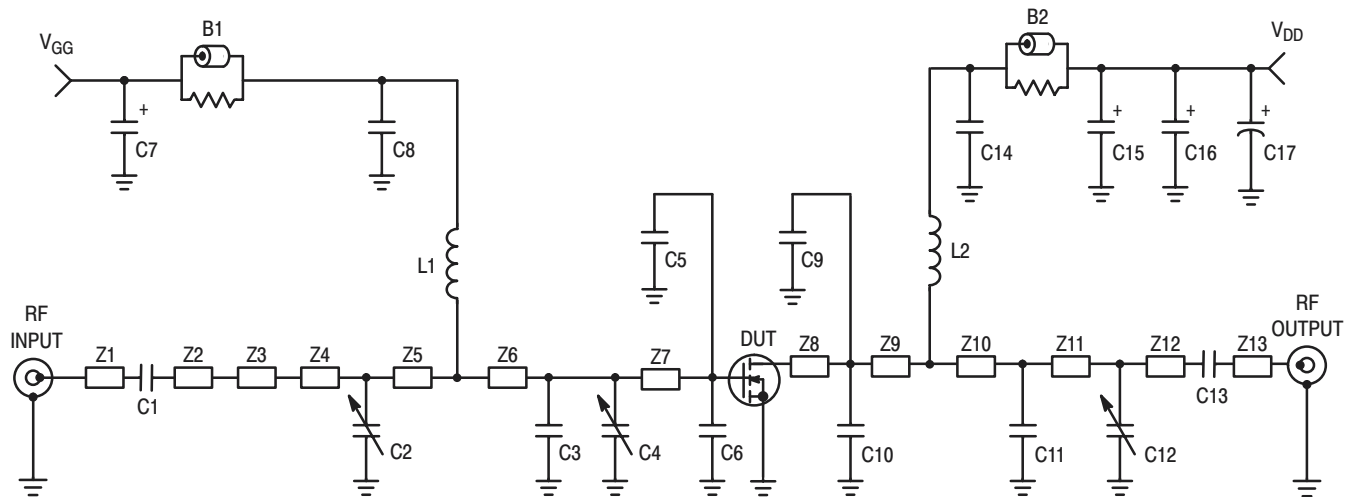
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|--------------|-----|------|-----|-----------------|
| OFF CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 68\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | I_{DSS} | — | — | 10 | μAdc |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 26\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | I_{DSS} | — | — | 1 | μAdc |
| Gate–Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | I_{GSS} | — | — | 1 | μAdc |
| ON CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 100\ \mu\text{Adc}$) | $V_{GS(th)}$ | 2 | 2.9 | 4 | Vdc |
| Gate Quiescent Voltage ($V_{DS} = 26\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 250\text{ mAdc}$) | $V_{GS(Q)}$ | — | 3.8 | — | Vdc |
| Drain–Source On–Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 0.7\text{ Adc}$) | $V_{DS(on)}$ | — | 0.19 | 0.4 | Vdc |
| Forward Transconductance ($V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 2\text{ Adc}$) | g_{fs} | — | 3 | — | S |
| DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | |
| Input Capacitance ($V_{DS} = 26\text{ Vdc} \pm 30\text{ mV(rms)ac}$ @ 1 MHz, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | C_{iss} | — | 49.5 | — | pF |
| Output Capacitance ($V_{DS} = 26\text{ Vdc} \pm 30\text{ mV(rms)ac}$ @ 1 MHz, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | C_{oss} | — | 26.5 | — | pF |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance ($V_{DS} = 26\text{ Vdc} \pm 30\text{ mV(rms)ac}$ @ 1 MHz, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$) | C_{rss} | — | 1 | — | pF |

(continued)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------|-------|-----|------|
| FUNCTIONAL TESTS (In Motorola Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) | | | | | |
| Two-Tone Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 945.1$ MHz) | G_{ps} | 18 | 19 | — | dB |
| Two-Tone Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 945.1$ MHz) | η | 37 | 41.5 | — | % |
| 3rd Order Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 945.1$ MHz) | IMD | — | -32.5 | -28 | dBc |
| Input Return Loss ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 945.1$ MHz) | IRL | — | -15.5 | -9 | dB |
| Two-Tone Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 930.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 930.1$ MHz and $f_1 = 960.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 960.1$ MHz) | G_{ps} | — | 19 | — | dB |
| Two-Tone Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 930.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 930.1$ MHz and $f_1 = 960.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 960.1$ MHz) | η | — | 41.5 | — | % |
| 3rd Order Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 930.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 930.1$ MHz and $f_1 = 960.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 960.1$ MHz) | IMD | — | -33 | — | dBc |
| Input Return Loss ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W PEP, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 930.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 930.1$ MHz and $f_1 = 960.0$ MHz, $f_2 = 960.1$ MHz) | IRL | — | -14 | — | dB |
| Power Output, 1 dB Compression Point ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W CW, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz) | P_{1dB} | — | 30 | — | W |
| Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W CW, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz) | G_{ps} | — | 19 | — | dB |
| Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W CW, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f_1 = 945.0$ MHz) | η | — | 60 | — | % |
| Output Mismatch Stress ($V_{DD} = 26$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 30$ W CW, $I_{DQ} = 250$ mA, $f = 945.0$ MHz, VSWR = 10:1, All Phase Angles at Frequency of Tests) | Ψ | No Degradation In Output Power | | | |



| | | | |
|------------------|--|-------|---|
| B1 | Short Ferrite Bead | Z3 | 0.500" x 0.100" Microstrip |
| B2 | Long Ferrite Bead | Z4 | 0.215" x 0.270" Microstrip |
| C1, C8, C13, C14 | 47 pF Chip Capacitors, B Case | Z5 | 0.315" x 0.270" Microstrip |
| C2, C4 | 0.8 pF to 8.0 pF Trim Capacitors | Z6 | 0.160" x 0.270" x 0.520", Taper |
| C3 | 3.9 pF Chip Capacitor, B Case | Z7 | 0.285" x 0.520" Microstrip |
| C5, C6 | 7.5 pF Chip Capacitors, B Case | Z8 | 0.140" x 0.270" Microstrip |
| C7, C15, C16 | 10 μ F, 35 V Tantalum Capacitors | Z9 | 0.450" x 0.270" Microstrip |
| C9, C10 | 10 pF Chip Capacitors, B Case | Z10 | 0.250" x 0.060" Microstrip |
| C11 | 9.1 pF Chip Capacitor, B Case | Z11 | 0.720" x 0.060" Microstrip |
| C12 | 0.6 pF to 4.5 pF Trim Capacitor | Z12 | 0.490" x 0.060" Microstrip |
| C17 | 220 μ F, 50 V Electrolytic Capacitor | Z13 | 0.290" x 0.060" Microstrip |
| L1, L2 | 12.5 nH Surface Mount Inductors | Board | Taconic RF-35-0300, ($\epsilon_r = 3.5$) CAX1/CAX1 |
| Z1 | 0.260" x 0.060" Microstrip | | |
| Z2 | 0.240" x 0.060" Microstrip | | |

Figure 1. 945 MHz Broadband Test Circuit Schematic

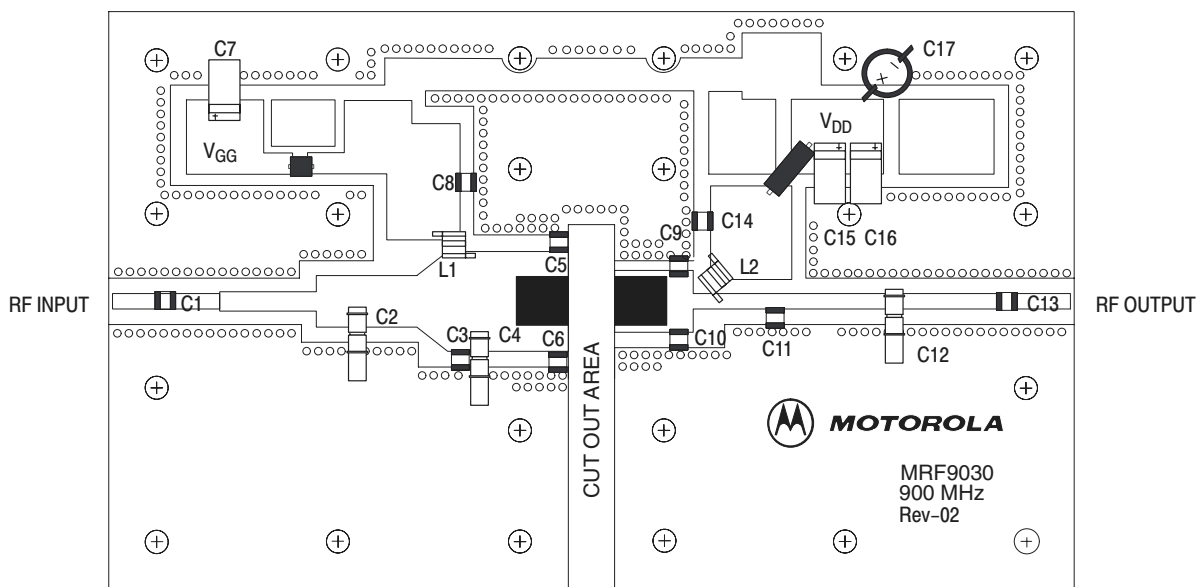


Figure 2. 945 MHz Broadband Test Circuit Component Layout

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

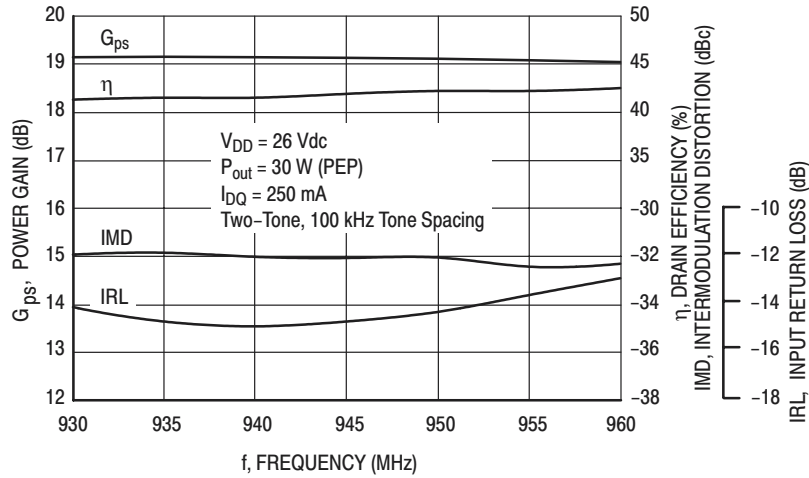


Figure 3. Class AB Broadband Circuit Performance

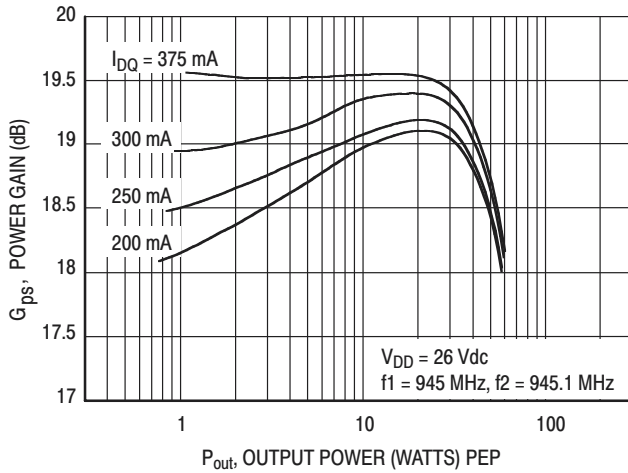


Figure 4. Power Gain versus Output Power

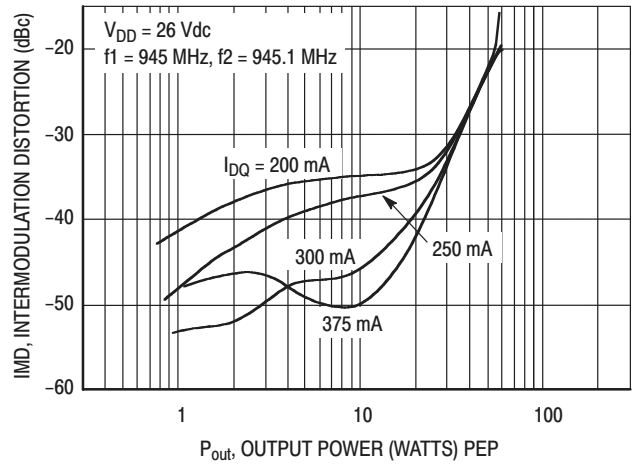


Figure 5. Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power

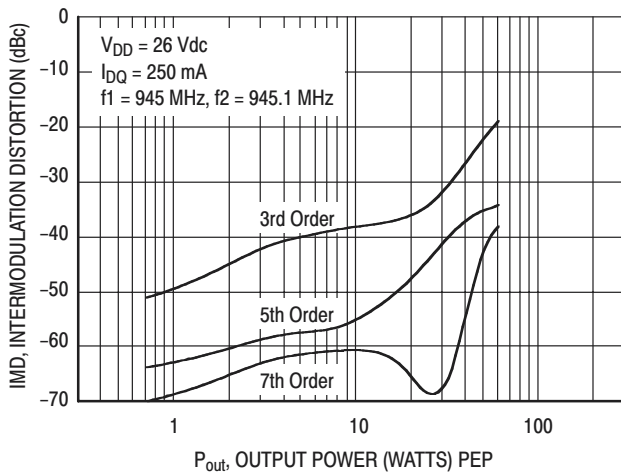


Figure 6. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Output Power

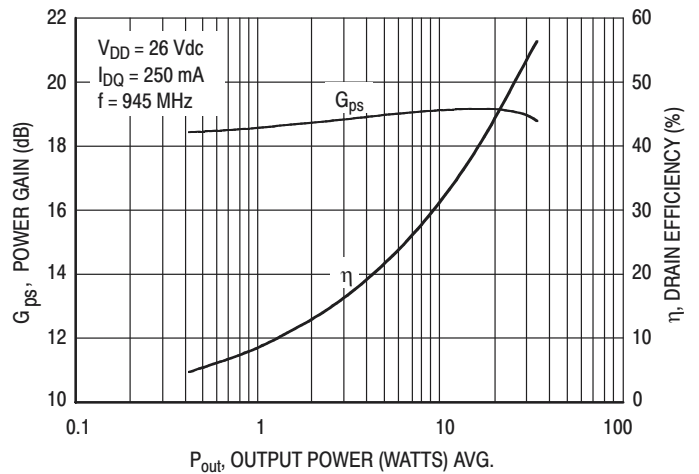


Figure 7. Power Gain and Efficiency versus Output Power

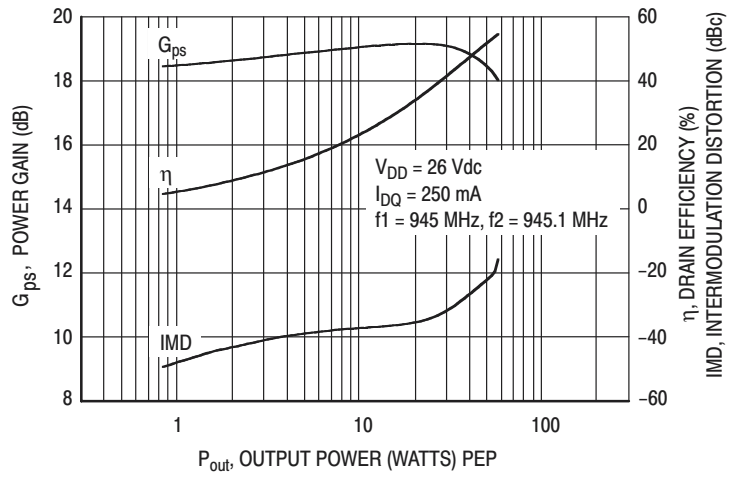
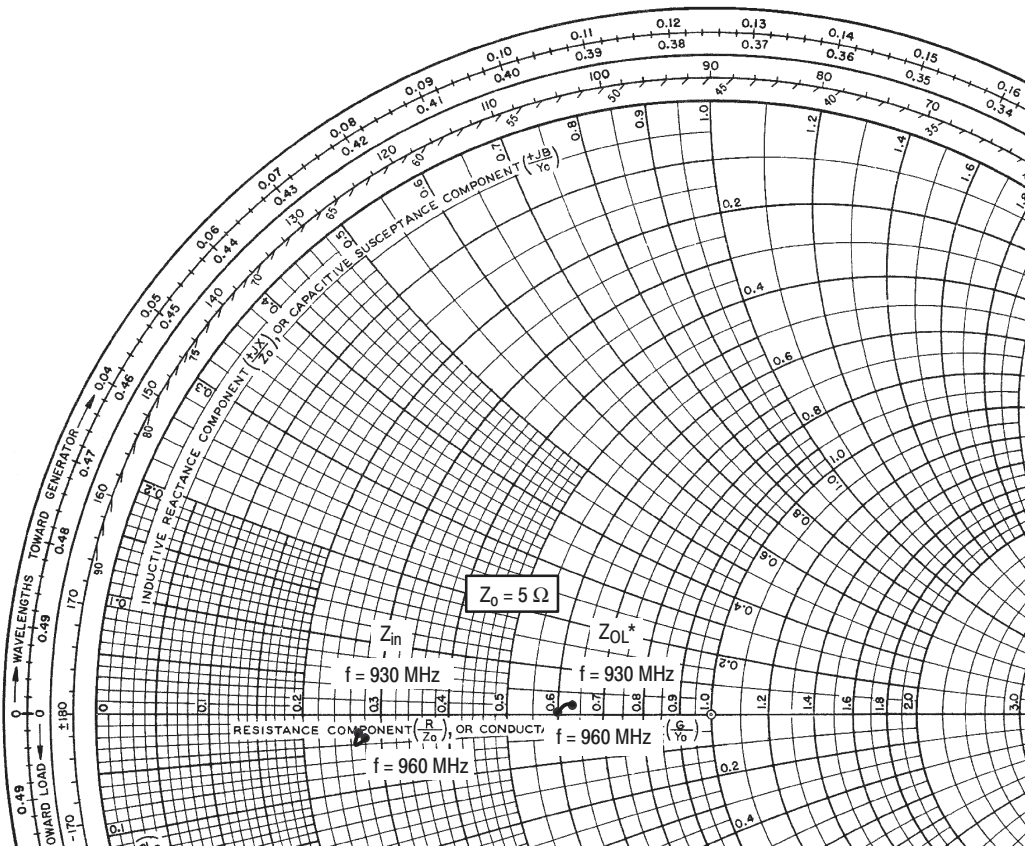


Figure 8. Power Gain, Efficiency and IMD versus Output Power



$V_{DD} = 26 \text{ V}$, $I_{DQ} = 250 \text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W PEP}$

| f MHz | Z_{in} Ω | Z_{OL}^* Ω |
|----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 930 | $1.34 - j0.1$ | $3.175 + j0.09$ |
| 945 | $1.36 - j0.2$ | $3.1 + j0.08$ |
| 960 | $1.4 - j0.14$ | $3.0 + j0.05$ |

Z_{in} = Complex conjugate of source impedance.

Z_{OL}^* = Complex conjugate of the optimum load impedance at a given output power, voltage, IMD, bias current and frequency.

Note: Z_{OL}^* was chosen based on tradeoffs between gain, output power, drain efficiency and intermodulation distortion.

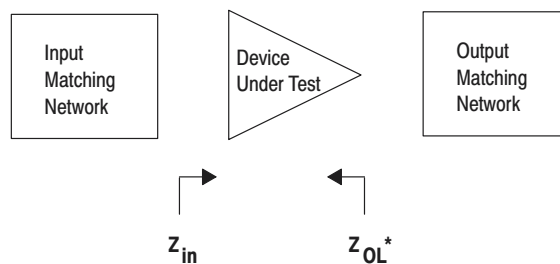


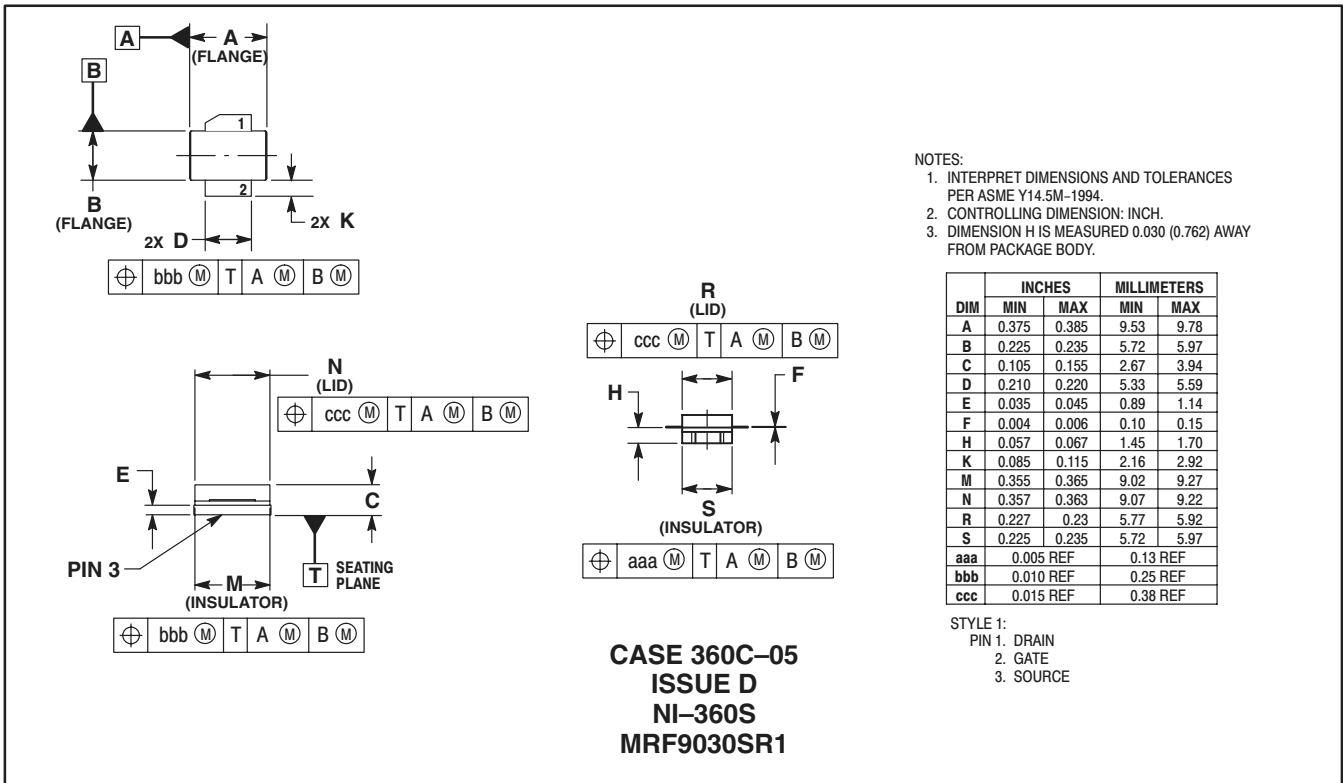
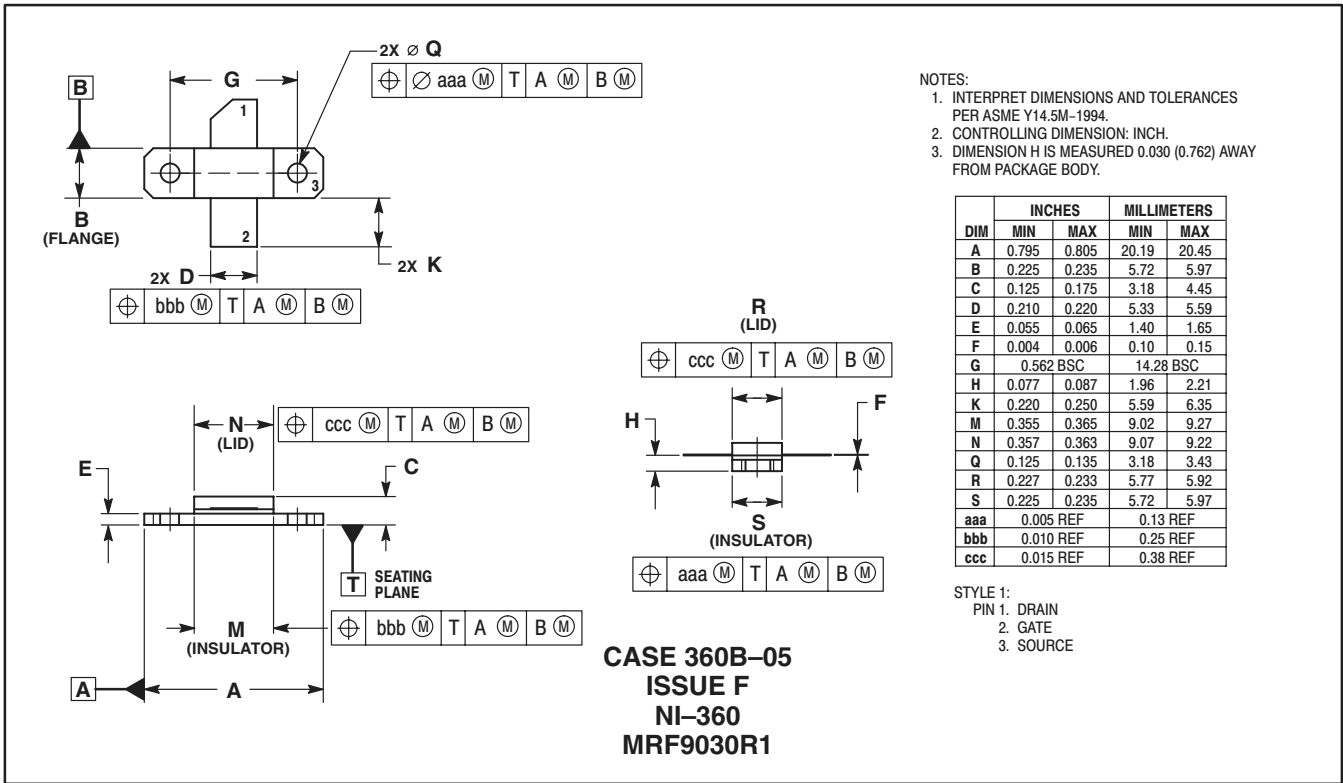
Figure 9. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedance


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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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