

# 5V Low Power RS232 Transceiver with 2 Receivers Active in Shutdown

## FEATURES

- Operates from a Single 5V Supply
- Low Supply Current:  $I_{CC} = 220\mu A$
- $I_{CC} = 35\mu A$  in Shutdown Mode with Both Receivers Kept Alive
- ESD Protection Over  $\pm 10kV$
- Uses Small Capacitors:  $0.1\mu F$
- Operates to 120kBaud
- Output Overvoltage Does Not Force Current Back into Supplies
- RS232 I/O Lines Can Be Forced to  $\pm 25V$  Without Damage
- Pin Compatible with LT1180A

## APPLICATIONS

- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers

## DESCRIPTION

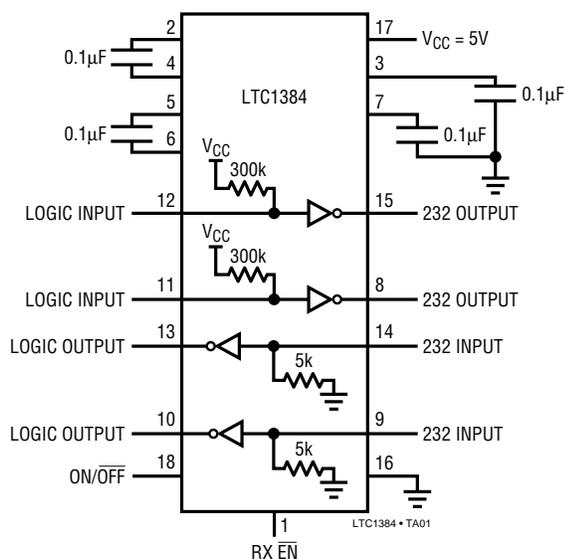
The LTC1384 is an ultra-low power 2-driver/2-receiver RS232 transceiver that operates from a single 5V supply. The charge pump requires only four space-saving  $0.1\mu F$  capacitors.

The transceiver operates in one of two modes, Normal and Shutdown. In the Normal mode,  $I_{CC}$  is only  $220\mu A$  with the driver outputs unloaded. In the Shutdown mode, the charge pump is turned off, the driver outputs are forced into three-state, both receivers are kept active and  $I_{CC}$  drops to  $35\mu A$ . The receiver outputs may be forced into three-state at any time using the receiver enable ( $\overline{RX\ EN}$ ) pin.

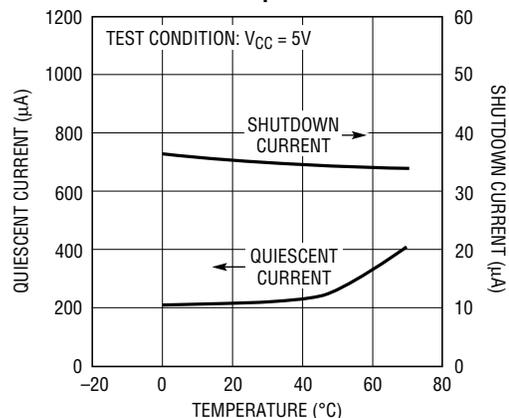
The LTC1384 is fully compliant with all data rate and overvoltage RS232 specifications. The transceiver can operate up to 120kbaud with a  $2500pF$ ,  $3k\Omega$  load. Both driver outputs and receiver inputs can be forced to  $\pm 25V$  without damage and can survive multiple  $\pm 10kV$  ESD strikes.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

2-Drivers/2-Receivers with Shutdown and Receiver Enable



Quiescent and Shutdown Supply Current vs Temperature



LTC1384 • TA02

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) .....	6V	Short-Circuit Duration	
Input Voltage		$V^+$ .....	30 sec
Driver .....	-0.3V to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$	$V^-$ .....	30 sec
Receiver .....	-25V to 25V	Driver Output .....	Indefinite
Digital Input .....	-0.3V to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$	Receiver Output .....	Indefinite
Output Voltage		Operating Temperature Range .....	0°C to 70°C
Driver .....	-25V to 25V	Storage Temperature Range .....	-65°C to 150°C
Receiver .....	-0.3V to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) .....	300°C

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

<p>TOP VIEW</p> <p>G PACKAGE 20-LEAD SSOP <math>T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 135^{\circ}C/W</math></p>	<p>ORDER PART NUMBER</p> <p><b>LTC1384CG</b></p>	<p>TOP VIEW</p> <p>N PACKAGE 18-LEAD PLASTIC DIP S PACKAGE 18-LEAD PLASTIC SOL <math>T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 56^{\circ}C/W</math></p>	<p>ORDER PART NUMBER</p> <p><b>LTC1384CN</b> <b>LTC1384CS</b></p>
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Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 5V, C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1\mu F, V_{ON/OFF} = V_{CC}, \overline{EN} = 0V$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
<b>Any Driver</b>					
Output Voltage Swing	3k to GND	Positive ● ●	5.0 7.0	-5.0 -6.5	V V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level ( $V_{OUT} = High$ ) Input High Level ( $V_{OUT} = Low$ )	● ●	1.4 1.4	0.8	V V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ $V_{IN} = 0V$	● ●		5 -20	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		$\pm 12$		mA
Output Leakage Current	Shutdown or $V_{CC} = 0V$ (Note 3), $V_{OUT} = \pm 20V$	●	$\pm 10$	$\pm 500$	$\mu A$
<b>Any Receiver</b>					
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Low Threshold Input High Threshold	● ●	0.8 1.3 1.7	2.4	V V
Hysteresis		●	0.1 0.4	1	V
Input Resistance	$-10V \leq V_{IN} \leq 10V$		3 5 7		k $\Omega$
Output Voltage	Output Low, $I_{OUT} = -1.6mA$ ( $V_{CC} = 5V$ ) Output High, $I_{OUT} = 160\mu A$ ( $V_{CC} = 5V$ )	● ●	0.2 3.0 3.2	0.4	V V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1\mu F$ ,  $V_{ON/OFF} = V_{CC}$ ,  $\overline{EN} = 0V$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$	-15	-40		mA
	Sourcing Current, $V_{OUT} = 0V$	10	20		mA
Output Leakage Current	$\overline{EN} = V_{CC}$ , $0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$		1	10	$\mu A$
<b>Power Supply Generator</b>					
$V^+$ Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$		8.0		V
	$I_{OUT} = 8mA$		7.5		V
$V^-$ Output Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$		-8.0		V
	$I_{OUT} = -8mA$		-7.0		V
Supply Rise Time	Shutdown to Turn-On		0.2		ms
<b>Power Supply</b>					
$V_{CC}$ Supply Current	No Load (Note 2)		0.22	0.5	mA
Supply Leakage Current ( $V_{CC}$ )	Shutdown (Note 3)		35	50	$\mu A$
Digital Input Threshold Low			1.4	0.8	V
Digital Input Threshold High		2.0	1.4		V

## AC CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $C1 = C2 = C3 = C4 = 0.1\mu F$ , unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Slew Rate	$R_L = 3k$ , $C_L = 51pF$		8	30	$V/\mu s$
	$R_L = 3k$ , $C_L = 2500pF$	3	5		$V/\mu s$
Driver Propagation Delay (TTL to RS232)	$t_{HLD}$ (Figure 1)		2	3.5	$\mu s$
	$t_{LHD}$ (Figure 1)		2	3.5	$\mu s$
Receiver Propagation Delay (RS232 to TTL)	$t_{HLR}$ (Figure 2)		0.3	0.8	$\mu s$
	$t_{LHR}$ (Figure 2)		0.3	0.8	$\mu s$

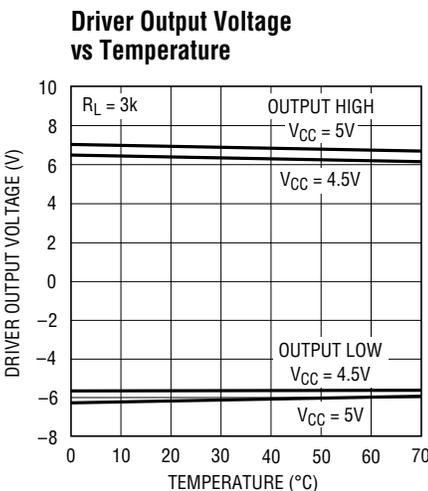
The ● denotes specifications which apply over the operating temperature range of  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ .

**Note 1:** Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

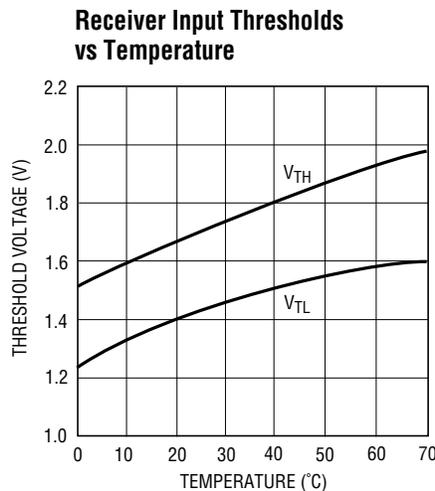
**Note 2:** Supply current is measured with driver and receiver outputs unloaded.

**Note 3:** Measurements made in the Shutdown mode are performed with  $V_{ON/OFF} = 0V$ .

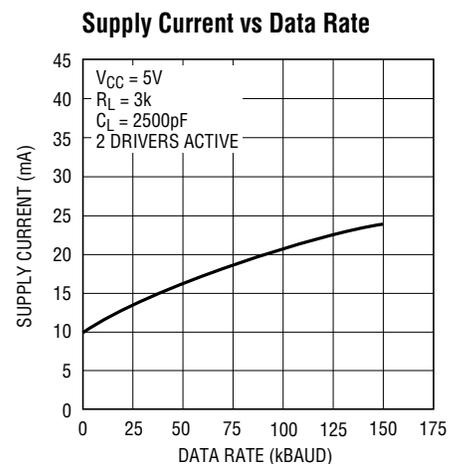
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



LTC1384 • TPC01



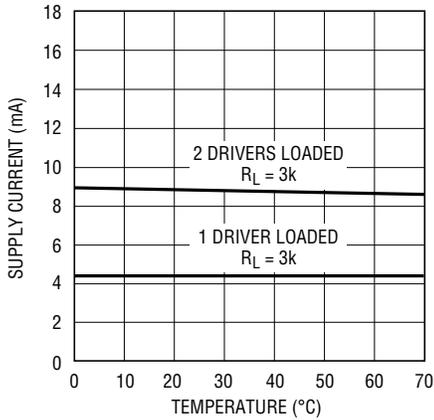
LTC1384 • TPC02



LTC1384 • TPC03

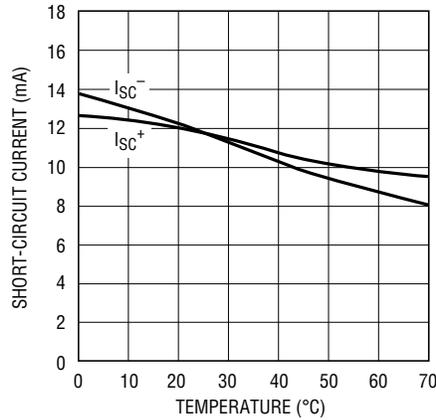
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Current vs Temperature**



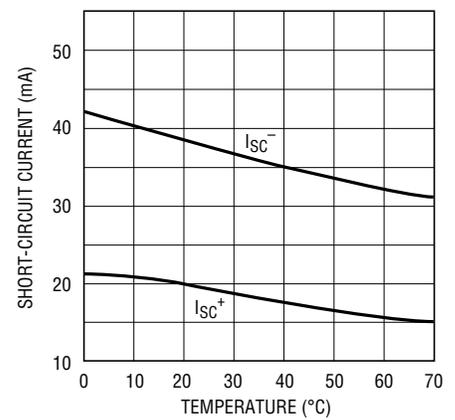
LTC1384 • TPC04

**Driver Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature**



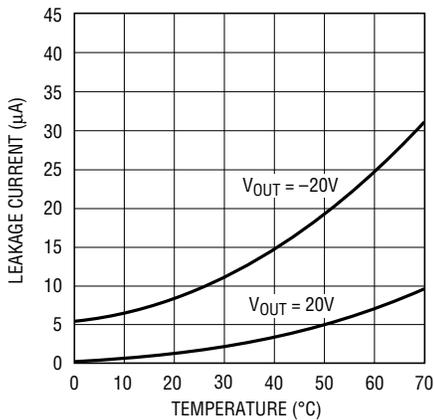
LTC1384 • TPC05

**Receiver Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature**



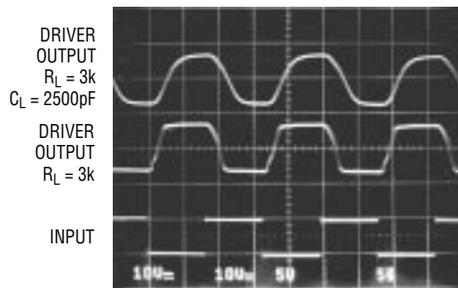
LTC1384 • TPC06

**Driver Leakage in Shutdown vs Temperature**



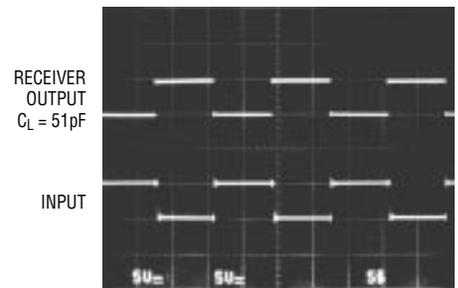
LTC1384 • TPC07

**Driver Output Waveforms**



LTC1384 • TPC08

**Receiver Output Waveforms**



LTC1384 • TPC09

## PIN FUNCTIONS

**V<sub>CC</sub>**: 5V Input Supply Pin. This pin should be decoupled with a 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

**GND**: Ground Pin.

**ON/OFF**: TTL/CMOS Compatible Shutdown Pin. A logic low puts the device in the Shutdown mode independent of the  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  pin. The supply current of the device drops to 35 $\mu$ A (two receivers alive) and both driver outputs are forced into three-state.

**$\overline{\text{EN}}$** : TTL/CMOS Compatible Receiver Enable Pin. A logic high forces the receiver outputs into three-state. A logic low enables the receiver outputs.

**V<sup>+</sup>**: Positive Supply Output (RS232 Drivers).  $V^+ \cong 2V_{\text{CC}} - 2\text{V}$ . This pin requires an external capacitor  $C = 0.1\mu\text{F}$  for charge storage. The capacitor may be tied to ground or  $V_{\text{CC}}$ . With multiple devices, the  $V^+$  and  $V^-$  pins may share a common capacitor. For large numbers of devices, increasing the size of the shared common storage capacitors is recommended to reduce ripple.

**V<sup>-</sup>**: Negative Supply Output (RS232 Drivers).  $V^- \cong -(2V_{\text{CC}} - 2\text{V})$ . This pin requires an external capacitor  $C = 0.1\mu\text{F}$  for charge storage.

**C1<sup>+</sup>, C1<sup>-</sup>, C2<sup>+</sup>, C2<sup>-</sup>**: Commutating Capacitor Inputs. These pins require two external capacitors  $C = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ : one from C1<sup>+</sup> to C1<sup>-</sup> and another from C2<sup>+</sup> to C2<sup>-</sup>. To maintain charge pump efficiency, the capacitor's effective series resistance should be less than 2 $\Omega$ .

**TR IN**: RS232 Driver Input Pins. Inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. The inputs of unused drivers can be left unconnected since 300k input pull-up resistors to  $V_{\text{CC}}$  are included on chip. To minimize power consumption, the internal driver pull-up resistors are disconnected from  $V_{\text{CC}}$  in the Shutdown mode.

**TR OUT**: Driver Outputs at RS232 Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the Shutdown or  $V_{\text{CC}} = 0\text{V}$ . The driver outputs are protected against ESD to  $\pm 10\text{kV}$  for human body model discharges.

**RX IN**: Receiver Inputs. These pins can be forced to  $\pm 25\text{V}$  without damage. The receiver inputs are protected against ESD to  $\pm 10\text{kV}$  for human body model discharges. Each receiver provides 0.4V of hysteresis for noise immunity.

**RX OUT**: Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels. A logic high at  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  puts the outputs into three-state.

## SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORMS

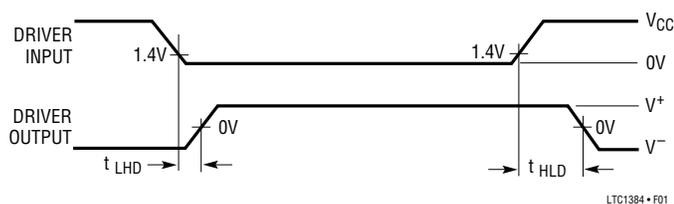


Figure 1. Driver Propagation Delay Timing

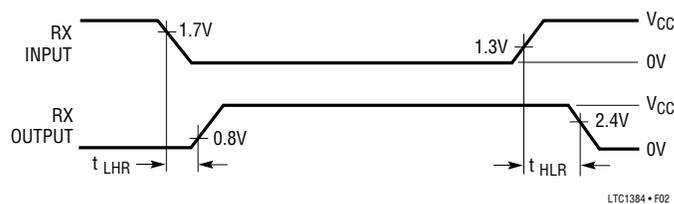
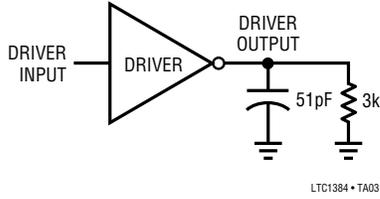


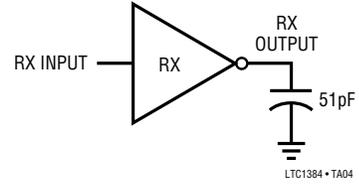
Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

## TEST CIRCUITS

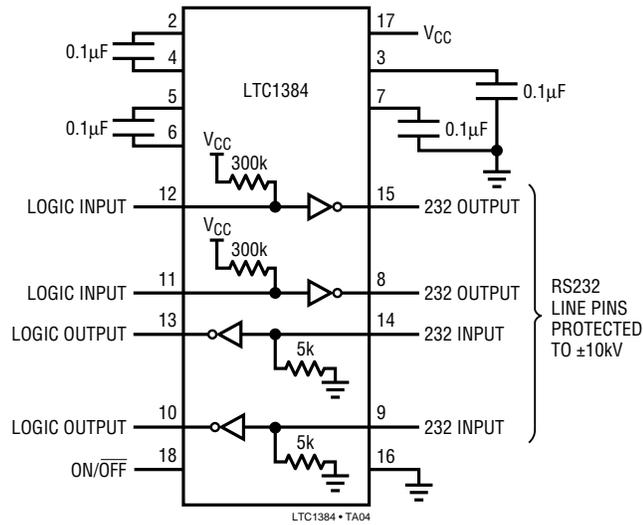
**Driver Timing Test Load**



**Receiver Timing Test Load**

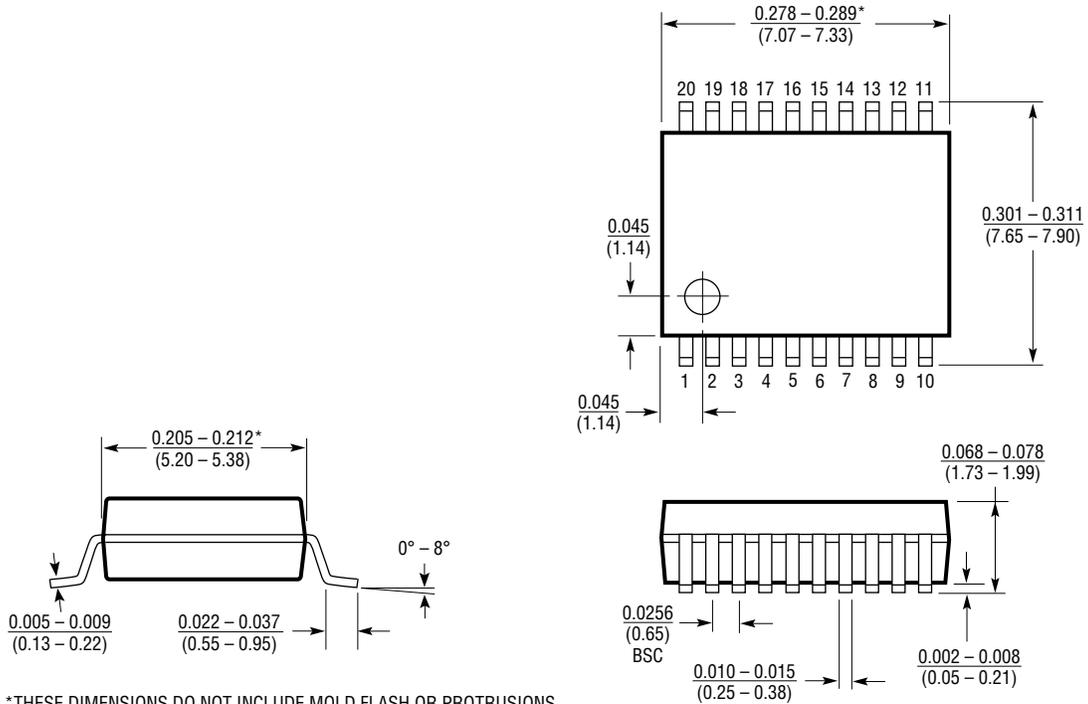


**ESD Test Circuit**



**PACKAGE DESCRIPTION** Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

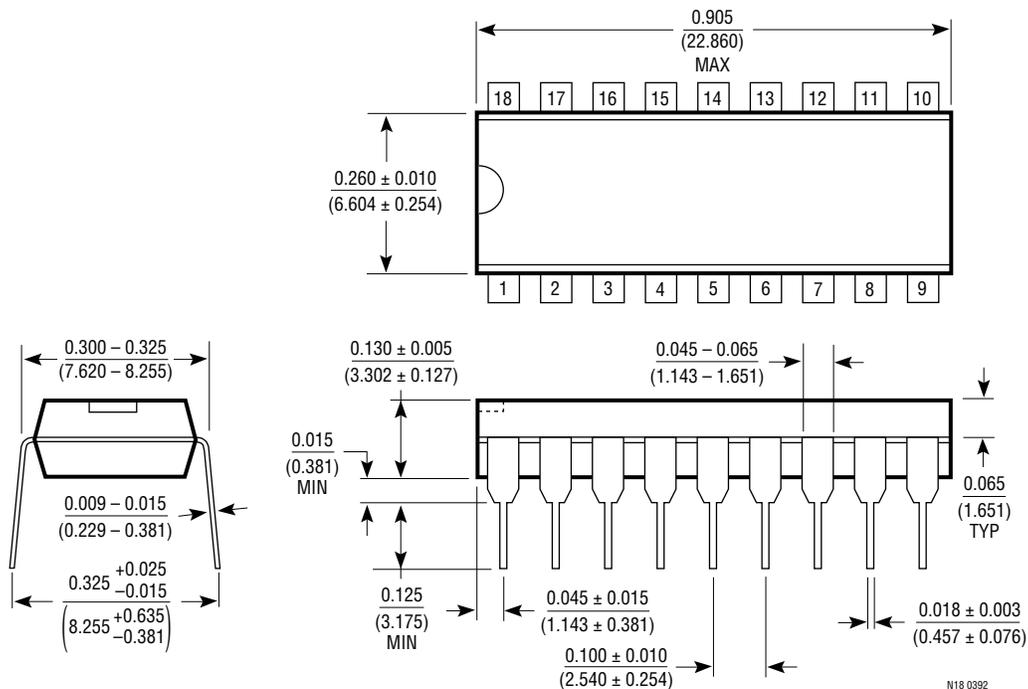
**G Package  
20-Lead SSOP**



\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.  
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 INCH (0.15mm).

20SSOP 0294

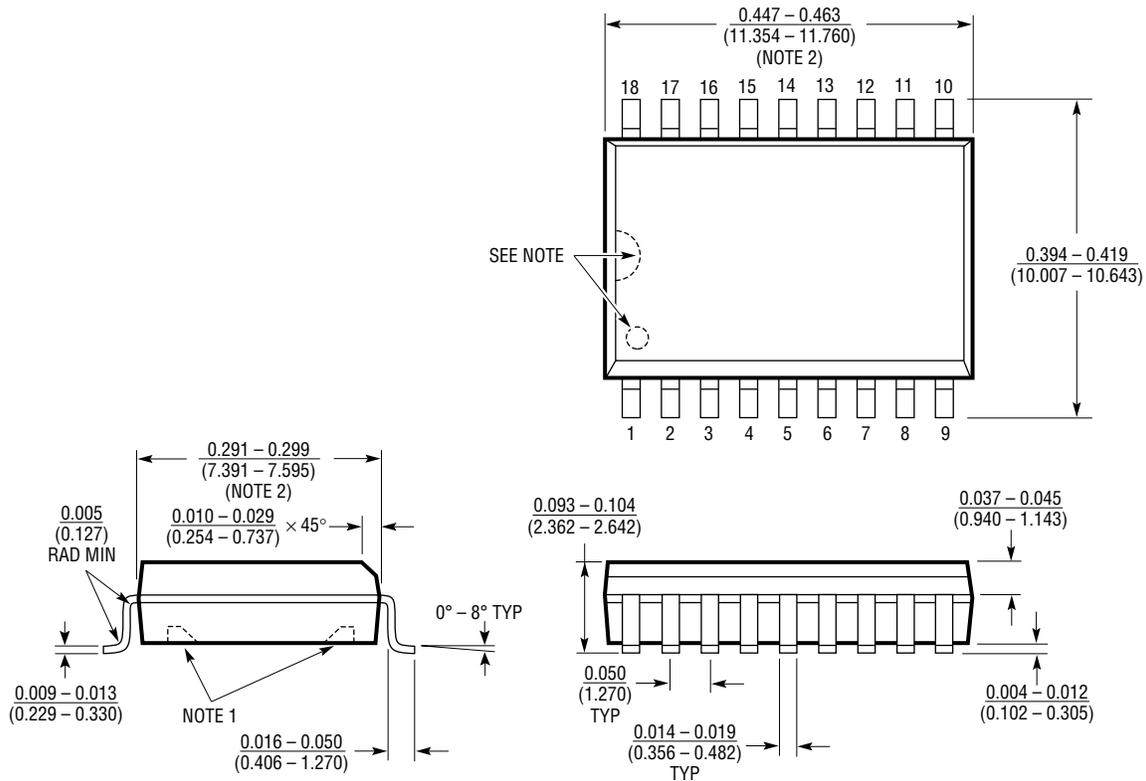
**N Package  
18-Lead Plastic DIP**



N18 0392

**PACKAGE DESCRIPTION** Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

**S Package  
18-Lead Plastic SOL**



- NOTE:
- PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS.
  - THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006 INCH (0.15mm).

SOL18 0392