1/4



STRUCTURE Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit

TYPE Voltage Regulator with Watchdog Timer Reset

PRODUCT SERIES BD3005HFP

FEATURES

1. High output voltage precision: $5V\pm2\%(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$ Low dropout voltage type/ Low quiescent current: $80~\mu$ A.

2. Watchdog Timer inhibit function/ Built-in Thermal shutdown circuit/ Overcurrent protection circuit/ Reverse polarity circuit.

○ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-15~+50 % 1	٧
INH Pin Voltage	VINH	-0.3~+15	٧
Regulator Output Pin Voltage	VOUT	-0.3~+15	٧
Reset Output Pin Voltage	VRO	-0.3~+15	٧
Watchdog Input Pin Voltage	VCLK	-0.3~+15	٧
Reset Delay Setting Pin Voltage	VCT	-0.3~+15	٧
Power Dissipation	Pd	1.6 *2	W
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	−40∼+125	Ĉ
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	−55∼+150	C
Maximum Junction Temperature	Tjmax	150	°

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbo I	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	5.5 *	36 **	٧
Output Current	lo		500	mA

^{*} For the output voltage, consider the voltage dropout arising from the output current.

NOTE) The product described in this specification is a strategic product (and/or service) subject to COCOM regulations. It should not be exported without authorization from the appropriate government.

Status of this document

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification.

A customer may use this translation version only for a reference to help reading the formal version. If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.

^{%2} Reduced by 12.8mW/°C over Ta=25°C , when mount on a glass epoxy board:70mm \times 70mm \times 1.6mm.

^{**} Not to exceed Pd.



OELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Unless otherwise specified, Ta=-40~125°C, VCC=13.5V, Io=200mA)

Parameter		Limits					
ratameter	Symbol	MIN	Тур	MAX	Unit	Conditions	
[Overall]							
Bias Current 1	Icc1	_	80	130	μA	Io=0mA	
Bias Current 2	Icc2	1	80	_	μA	10=200mA	
Bias Current 3	Icc3	1	80	130	μA	VINH=OV, Io=OmA	
[Regulator]							
Output Voltage	VOUT	4.90	5.00	5.10	٧		
Line Regulation	Line.Reg	_	10	20	mV	Vcc=6.2~25V	
Load Regulation	Load. Reg		15	30	mV	Io=5~200mA	
Dropout Voltage	ΔVd		0.78	1.1	٧	Vcc=4.75V, Io=200mA	
Output Current	lomax	500	_		mA	V0UT=4.9V	
Ripple Rejection	R.R.	45	55	_	dB	f=120Hz, ein=1Vrms, lo=200mA	
[Reset]							
Detection Voltage	Vdet	4.40	4.50	4.60	٧		
Hysteresis Width	VHS	50	100	150	mV		
Output Delay Time L→H	TdLH	12	21	40	ms	CT=0.1 μF ※1	
Output Low Voltage	VRST		0.2	0.5	٧	IRST=2mA	
Minimum Operating Voltage	V0PL	1.0	_	_	٧		
[Watchdog Timer]	[Watchdog Timer]						
CT Switching Threshold Voltage High	VthH	1.16	1.26	1.36	٧	Vo:ON	
CT Switching Threshold Voltage Low	VthL	0.20	0.24	0.28	٧	Vo:ON	
Discharge Current	lctc	1	2	3	μΑ	Vo:ON	
Charge Current	Icto	3	6	10	μA	Vo:0N	
Watchdog Monitor Time	TWH	32	51	90	ms	CT=0.1 μF %2	
Watchdog Reset Time	TWL	10	17	30	ms	CT=0.1 μF ※3	
Clock Pulse Width	TWCLK	500	_	_	ns		
[INH]							
WDT Off Voltage	VUINH	3.2	_	8.0	٧		
WDT On Voltage	VLINH	0	-	1.8	٧		

 $\%1\,$ TdLH can be varied by changing the CT capacitance value.

 $TdLH(s) = (1.26 \times CT(\mu F))/Icto(\mu A)$ (Calculation uses Typ. value.)

%2 TWH can be varied by changing the CT capacitance value.

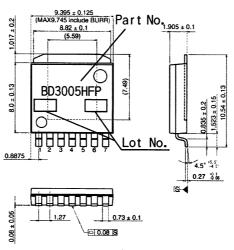
 $TWH(s) = (1.02 \times CT(\mu F))/Ictc(\mu A)$ (Calculation uses Typ. value.)

3 TWL can be varied by changing the CT capacitance value.

TWL(s) \rightleftharpoons (1.02×CT(μ F))/Icto(μ A) (Calculation uses Typ. value.)

This product is not designed for protection against radio active rays.

OPHYSICAL DIMENSIONS · MARKING

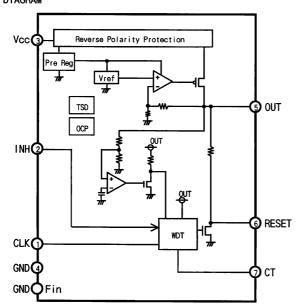


HRP-7 (Unit:mm)

Rev.C



OBLOCK DIAGRAM



OPIN No. • PIN NAME

Pin No.	Pin Name
1	CLK
2	INH
3	Vcc
4	GND
5	OUT
6	RESET
7	СТ
Fin	GND

*Refer to the Technical Note about the details of the application.

OPERATING NOTES

1) Absolute maximum ratings

Use of the IC in excess of absolute maximum ratings such as the applied voltage or operating temperature range may result in IC damage. Assumptions should not be made regarding the state of the IC (short mode or open mode) when such damage is suffered. A physical safety measure such as a fuse should be implemented when use of the IC in a special mode where the absolute maximum ratings may be exceeded is anticipated.

2) GND potential

Ensure a minimum GND pin potential in all operating conditions.

3) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions.

4) Pin short and mistake mounting

Use caution when orienting and positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. Improper mounting may result in damage to the IC. Shorts between output pins and the power supply and GND pins caused by the presence of a foreign object may result in damage to the IC. Ensure a minimum GND pin potential in all operating conditions.

5) Actions in strong magnetic field

Keep in mind that the IC may malfunction in strong magnetic fields.

6) Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor to a pin with low impedance subjects the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors after each process or step. Always turn the IC's power supply off before connecting it to or removing it from a jig or fixture during the inspection process. Ground the IC during assembly steps as an antistatic measure, and use similar caution when transporting or storing the IC.

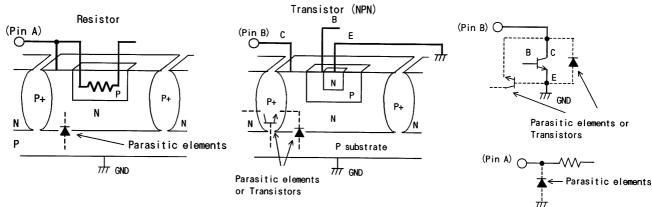
7) This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated. P/N junctions are formed at the intersection of these P layers with the N layers of other elements to create a variety of parasitic elements. For example, when the resistors and transistors are connected to the pins as shown in the following figure,

OThe P/N junction functions as a parasitic diode when GND > Pin A for the resistor or GND > Pin B for the transistor (NPN).

OSimilarly, when GND > Pin B for the transistor (NPN), the parasitic diode described above combines with the N layer of other adjacent elements to operate as a parasitic NPN transistor.



The formation of parasitic elements as a result of the relationships of the potentials of different pins is an inevitable result of the IC's architecture. The operation of parasitic elements can cause interference with circuit operation as well as IC malfunction and damage. For these reasons, it is necessary to use caution so that the IC is not used in a way that will trigger the operation of parasitic elements, such as by the application of voltages lower than the GND (P substrate) voltage to input pins. Keep in mind that the IC may malfunction in strong magnetic fields.



8) Ground patterns

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the application's reference point so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external parts, either.

9) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

This IC incorporates a built-in TSD circuit for the protection from thermal destruction. The IC should be used within the specified power dissipation range. However, in the event that the IC continues to be operated in excess of its power dissipation

limits, the attendant rise in the junction temperature (Tj) will trigger the TSD circuit to turn off all output power elements. The circuit automatically resets once the junction temperature (Tj) drops. Operation of the TSD circuit presumes that the IC's absolute maximum ratings have been exceeded. Application designs should never make use of the TSD circuit.

10) Overcurrent protection circuit (OCP)

The IC incorporates a built-in overcurrent protection circuit that operates according to the output current capacity. This circuit serves to protect the IC from damage when the load is shorted. The protection circuit is designed to limit current flow by not latching in the event of a large and instantaneous current flow originating from a large capacitor or other component. This protection circuits is effective in preventing damage due to sudden and unexpected accidents. However, the IC should not be used in applications characterized by the continuous operation or transitioning of the protection circuits. At the time of thermal designing, keep in mind that the current capacity has negative characteristics to temperatures.

11) Negative surge application to Vcc pin

The IC incorporates a built-in reverse connection breakdown prevention circuit that prevents IC damage even if Vcc carries a lower voltage than the GND pin. However, note that the absolute maximum rating for the negative power supply voltage is -15V.

12) Back current flow when the Vcc power supply is suddenly interrupted

These ICs limit generation of back current flow when the Vcc power supply is suddenly interrupted to protect the IC from damage. Sinking current is also limited, making the series compatible with designs where high-capacitance capacitors are used to lengthen the amount of time over which the output voltage can be maintained.

Appendix

Notes

- No technical content pages of this document may be reproduced in any form or transmitted by any
 means without prior permission of ROHM CO.,LTD.
- The contents described herein are subject to change without notice. The specifications for the
 product described in this document are for reference only. Upon actual use, therefore, please request
 that specifications to be separately delivered.
- Application circuit diagrams and circuit constants contained herein are shown as examples of standard use and operation. Please pay careful attention to the peripheral conditions when designing circuits and deciding upon circuit constants in the set.
- Any data, including, but not limited to application circuit diagrams information, described herein are intended only as illustrations of such devices and not as the specifications for such devices. ROHM CO.,LTD. disclaims any warranty that any use of such devices shall be free from infringement of any third party's intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights, and further, assumes no liability of whatsoever nature in the event of any such infringement, or arising from or connected with or related to the use of such devices.
- Upon the sale of any such devices, other than for buyer's right to use such devices itself, resell or
 otherwise dispose of the same, no express or implied right or license to practice or commercially
 exploit any intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights owned or controlled by
- ROHM CO., LTD. is granted to any such buyer.
- Products listed in this document are no antiradiation design.

The products listed in this document are designed to be used with ordinary electronic equipment or devices (such as audio visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communications devices, electrical appliances and electronic toys).

Should you intend to use these products with equipment or devices which require an extremely high level of reliability and the malfunction of with would directly endanger human life (such as medical instruments, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controllers, fuel controllers and other safety devices), please be sure to consult with our sales representative in advance.

About Export Control Order in Japan

Products described herein are the objects of controlled goods in Annex 1 (Item 16) of Export Trade Control Order in Japan.

In case of export from Japan, please confirm if it applies to "objective" criteria or an "informed" (by MITI clause) on the basis of "catch all controls for Non-Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction.





Thank you for your accessing to ROHM product informations.

More detail product informations and catalogs are available,
please contact your nearest sales office.

Please contact our sales offices for details;

```
U.S.A / San Diego
                        TEL: +1(858)625-3630
                                                 FAX: +1(858)625-3670
       Atlanta
                        TEL: +1(770)754-5972
                                                 FAX: +1(770)754-0691
       Dallas
                        TEL: +1(972)312-8818
                                                 FAX: +1(972)312-0330
Germany / Dusseldorf
                        TEL: +49(2154)9210
                                                 FAX: +49(2154)921400
United Kingdom / London TEL: +44(1)908-282-666
                                                 FAX: +44(1)908-282-528
France / Paris
                        TEL: +33(0)1 56 97 30 60 FAX: +33(0) 1 56 97 30 80
China / Hong Kong
                        TEL: +852(2)740-6262
                                                 FAX: +852(2)375-8971
       Shanghai
                        TEL: +86(21)6279-2727
                                                 FAX: +86(21)6247-2066
       Dilian
                        TEL: +86(411)8230-8549
                                                 FAX: +86(411)8230-8537
       Beijing
                        TEL: +86(10)8525-2483
                                                 FAX: +86(10)8525-2489
Taiwan / Taipei
                        TEL: +866(2)2500-6956
                                                 FAX: +866(2)2503-2869
Korea / Seoul
                        TEL: +82(2)8182-700
                                                 FAX: +82(2)8182-715
Singapore
                        TEL: +65-6332-2322
                                                 FAX: +65-6332-5662
Malaysia / Kuala Lumpur
                        TEL: +60(3)7958-8355
                                                 FAX: +60(3)7958-8377
Philippines / Manila
                        TEL: +63(2)807-6872
                                                 FAX: +63(2)809-1422
Thailand / Bangkok
                        TEL: +66(2)254-4890
                                                 FAX: +66(2)256-6334
```

Japan / (Internal Sales)

Tokyo 2-1-1, Yaesu, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0082

TEL: +81(3)5203-0321 FAX: +81(3)5203-0300

Yokohama 2-4-8, Shin Yokohama, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa 222-8575

TEL: +81(45)476-2131 FAX: +81(45)476-2128

Nagoya Dainagayo Building 9F 3-28-12, Meieki, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, Aichi 450-0002

TEL: +81(52)581-8521 FAX: +81(52)561-2173

Kyoto 579-32 Higashi Shiokouji-cho, Karasuma Nishi-iru, Shiokoujidori, Shimogyo-ku,

Kyoto 600-8216

TEL: +81(75)311-2121 FAX: +81(75)314-6559

(Contact address for overseas customers in Japan)

Yokohama TEL: +81(45)476-9270 FAX: +81(045)476-9271

As of 18th. April 2005