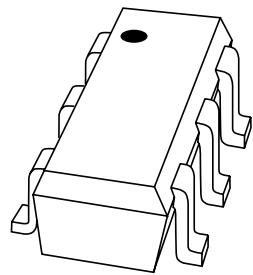


DATA SHEET



BF1205
Dual N-channel dual gate
MOS-FET

Product specification

2003 Sep 30

Philips
Semiconductors



PHILIPS

Dual N-channel dual gate MOS-FET**BF1205****FEATURES**

- Two low noise gain controlled amplifiers in a single package. One with a fully integrated bias and one with a partly integrated bias
- Internal switch reduces the number of external components
- Superior cross-modulation performance during AGC
- High forward transfer admittance
- High forward transfer admittance to input capacitance ratio.

APPLICATIONS

- Gain controlled low noise amplifiers for VHF and UHF applications with 5 V supply voltage, such as digital and analog television tuners and professional communications equipment.

DESCRIPTION

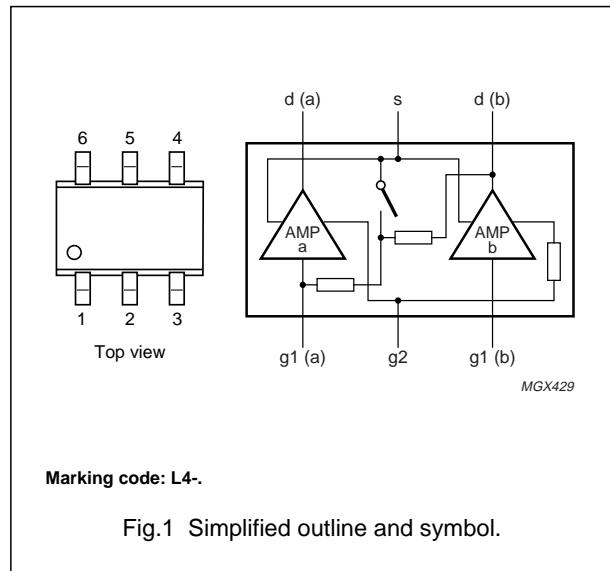
The BF1205 is a combination of two equal dual gate MOS-FET amplifiers with shared source and gate 2 leads and an integrated switch. The integrated switch is operated by the gate 1 bias of amplifier b. The source and substrate are interconnected. Internal bias circuits enable DC stabilization and a very good cross-modulation performance during AGC. Integrated diodes between the gates and source protect against excessive input voltage surges. The transistor is encapsulated in SOT363 micro-miniature plastic package.

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
BF1205	-	Plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads	SOT363

PINNING - SOT363

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	gate 1 (a)
2	gate 2
3	gate 1 (b)
4	drain (b)
5	source
6	drain (a)



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QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Per MOS-FET; unless otherwise specified						
V_{DS}	drain-source voltage		—	—	10	V
I_D	drain current (DC)		—	—	30	mA
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_s \leq 102^\circ\text{C}$; temperature at the soldering point of the source lead	—	—	200	mW
$ y_{fs} $	forward transfer admittance	$I_D = 12\text{ mA}$	26	31	40	mS
C_{ig1-ss}	input capacitance at gate 1	amp. a: $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	1.8	2.3	pF
		amp. b: $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	2.0	2.5	pF
C_{rss}	reverse transfer capacitance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	20	—	fF
NF	noise figure	amp. a: $f = 800\text{ MHz}$	—	1.2	1.9	dB
		amp. b: $f = 800\text{ MHz}$	—	1.4	2.1	dB
X_{mod}	cross-modulation	amp. a: input level for $k = 1\%$ at 40 dB AGC	98	102	—	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
		amp. b: input level for $k = 1\%$ at 40 dB AGC	100	105	—	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
T_j	junction temperature		—	—	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

CAUTION

This product is supplied in anti-static packing to prevent damage caused by electrostatic discharge during transport and handling. For further information, refer to Philips specs.: SNW-EQ-608, SNW-FQ-302A and SNW-FQ-302B.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Per MOS-FET; unless otherwise specified					
V_{DS}	drain-source voltage		—	10	V
I_D	drain current (DC)		—	30	mA
I_{G1}	gate 1 current		—	± 10	mA
I_{G2}	gate 2 current		—	± 10	mA
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_s \leq 102^\circ\text{C}$; note	—	200	mW
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_j	junction temperature		—	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note

- T_s is the temperature at the soldering point of the source lead.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th j-s}$	thermal resistance from junction to soldering point	240	K/W

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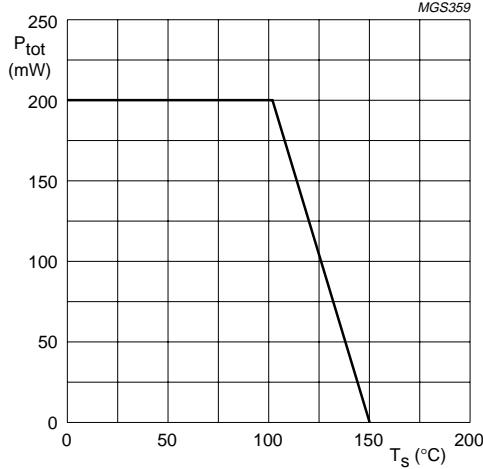


Fig.2 Power derating curve.

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25$ °C; per MOS-FET; unless otherwise specified.

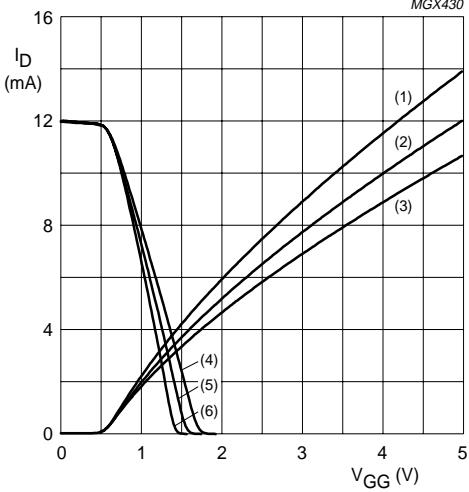
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	drain-source breakdown voltage	amp. a: $V_{G1-S} = V_{G2-S} = 0$ V; $I_D = 10$ μ A	10	—	V
		amp. b: $V_{G1-S} = V_{G2-S} = 0$ V; $I_D = 10$ μ A	7	—	V
$V_{(BR)G1-SS}$	gate-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS} = 0$ V; $I_{G1-S} = 10$ mA	6	10	V
$V_{(BR)G2-SS}$	gate-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS} = 0$ V; $I_{G2-S} = 10$ mA	6	10	V
$V_{(F)S-G1}$	forward source-gate voltage	$V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$ V; $I_{S-G1} = 10$ mA	0.5	1.5	V
$V_{(F)S-G2}$	forward source-gate voltage	$V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$ V; $I_{S-G2} = 10$ mA	0.5	1.5	V
$V_{G1-S(th)}$	gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = 5$ V; $V_{G2-S} = 4$ V; $I_D = 100$ μ A	0.3	1	V
$V_{G2-S(th)}$	gate-source threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = 5$ V; $V_{G1-S} = 5$ V; $I_D = 100$ μ A	0.4	1.0	V
I_{DSX}	drain-source current	amp. a: $V_{G2-S} = 4$ V; $V_{DS} = 5$ V; $R_{G1} = 150$ k Ω ; note 1	8	16	mA
		amp. b: $V_{G2-S} = 4$ V; $V_{DS} = 5$ V; $R_{G1} = 150$ k Ω ; note 2	8	16	mA
I_{G1-S}	gate cut-off current	amp. a: $V_{G1-S} = 5$ V; $V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$ V	—	50	nA
		amp. b: $V_{G1-S} = 5$ V; $V_{G2-S} = V_{DS} = 0$ V	—	50	nA
I_{G2-S}	gate cut-off current	$V_{G2-S} = 4$ V; $V_{G1-S} = V_{DS} = 0$ V	—	20	nA

Note

- R_{G1} connects gate 1 (b) to $V_{GG} = 0$ V (see Fig.4).
- R_{G1} connects gate 1 (b) to $V_{GG} = 5$ V (see Fig.4).

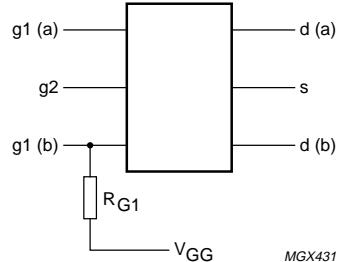
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- (1) I_D (b); $R_{G1} = 120 \text{ k}\Omega$.
(2) I_D (b); $R_{G1} = 150 \text{ k}\Omega$.
(3) I_D (b); $R_{G1} = 180 \text{ k}\Omega$.
(4) I_D (a); $R_{G1} = 180 \text{ k}\Omega$.
(5) I_D (a); $R_{G1} = 150 \text{ k}\Omega$.
(6) I_D (a); $R_{G1} = 120 \text{ k}\Omega$.

Fig.3 Drain currents of MOS-FET a and b as functions of V_{GG} (see Fig.4).



$V_{GG} = 5 \text{ V}$: amplifier a is OFF; amplifier b is ON.
 $V_{GG} = 0 \text{ V}$: amplifier a is ON; amplifier b is OFF.

Fig.4 Functional diagram

Dual N-channel dual gate MOS-FET

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DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS AMPLIFIER aCommon source; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ C$; $V_{G2-S} = 4 V$; $V_{DS} = 5 V$; $I_D = 12 mA$; note 1

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$ y_{fs} $	forward transfer admittance	$T_j = 25^\circ C$	26	31	40	mS
C_{ig1-ss}	input capacitance at gate 1	$f = 1 MHz$	—	1.8	2.3	pF
C_{ig2-ss}	input capacitance at gate 2	$f = 1 MHz$	—	3.3	—	pF
C_{oss}	output capacitance	$f = 1 MHz$	—	0.75	—	pF
C_{rss}	reverse transfer capacitance	$f = 1 MHz$	—	20	—	fF
G_{tr}	power gain	$f = 200 MHz$; $G_S = 2 mS$; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 0.5 mS$; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$	31	35	39	dB
		$f = 400 MHz$; $G_S = 2 mS$; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 1 mS$; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$	27	31	35	dB
		$f = 800 MHz$; $G_S = 3.3 mS$; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 1 mS$; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$	22	26	30	dB
NF	noise figure	$f = 10.7 MHz$; $G_S = 20 mS$; $B_S = 0$	—	4	—	dB
		$f = 400 MHz$; $Y_S = Y_{S(opt)}$	—	1.1	1.7	dB
		$f = 800 MHz$; $Y_S = Y_{S(opt)}$	—	1.2	1.9	dB
X_{mod}	cross-modulation	input level for $k = 1\%$ at 0 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 MHz$; $f_{unw} = 60 MHz$; note 2	90	—	—	$dB\mu V$
		input level for $k = 1\%$ at 10 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 MHz$; $f_{unw} = 60 MHz$; note 2	—	90	—	$dB\mu V$
		input level for $k = 1\%$ at 40 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 MHz$; $f_{unw} = 60 MHz$; note 2	98	102	—	$dB\mu V$

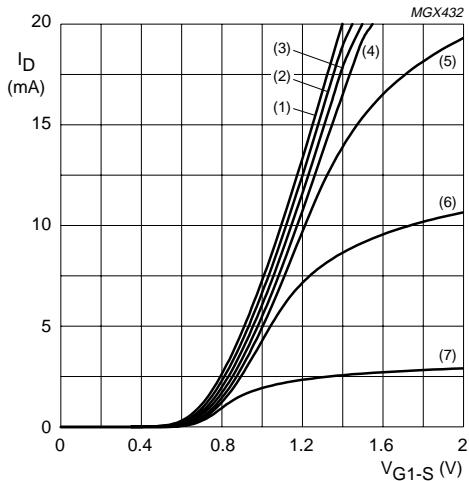
Notes

- For the MOS-FET not in use: $V_{G1-S}(b) = 0 V$; $V_{DS}(b) = 0 V$.
- Measured in Fig.13 test circuit.

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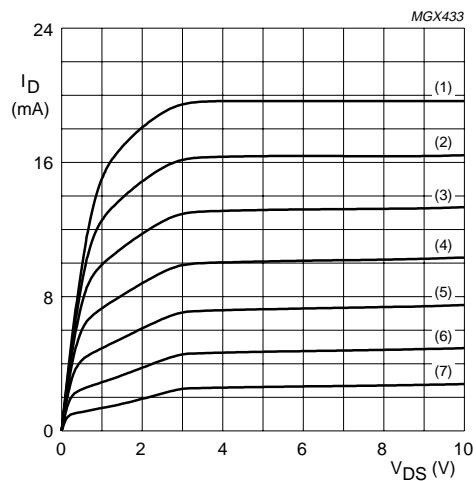
GRAPHS FOR AMPLIFIER a



- (1) $V_{G2-S} = 4$ V.
- (2) $V_{G2-S} = 3.5$ V.
- (3) $V_{G2-S} = 3$ V.
- (4) $V_{G2-S} = 2.5$ V.
- (5) $V_{G2-S} = 2$ V.
- (6) $V_{G2-S} = 1.5$ V.
- (7) $V_{G2-S} = 1$ V.

V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = V_{DS} (b) = 0 V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig.5 Transfer characteristics; typical values;
amplifier a.



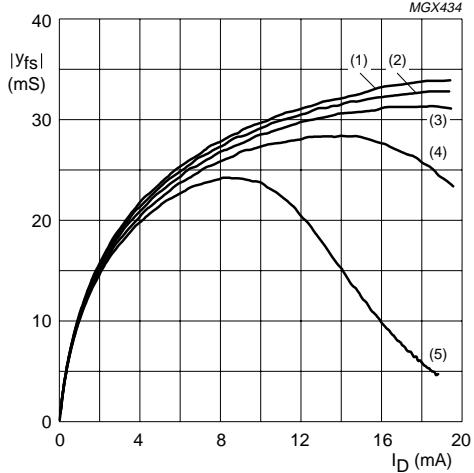
- (1) V_{G1-S} (a) = 1.4 V.
- (2) V_{G1-S} (a) = 1.3 V.
- (3) V_{G1-S} (a) = 1.2 V.
- (4) V_{G1-S} (a) = 1.1 V.
- (5) V_{G1-S} (a) = 1 V.
- (6) V_{G1-S} (a) = 0.9 V.
- (7) V_{G1-S} (a) = 0.8 V.

V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = V_{DS} (b) = 0 V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig.6 Output characteristics; typical values;
amplifier a.

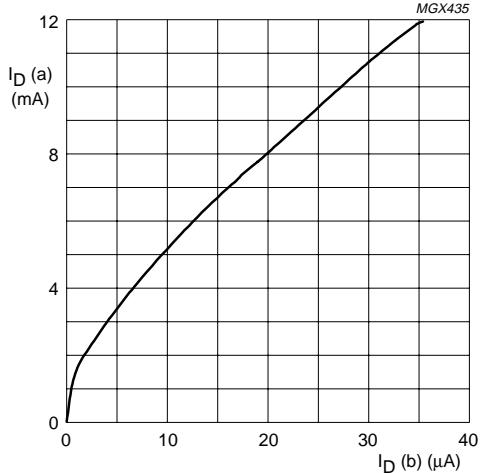
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V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = V_{DS} (b) = 0 V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig.7 Forward transfer admittance as a function of drain current; typical values; amplifier a.

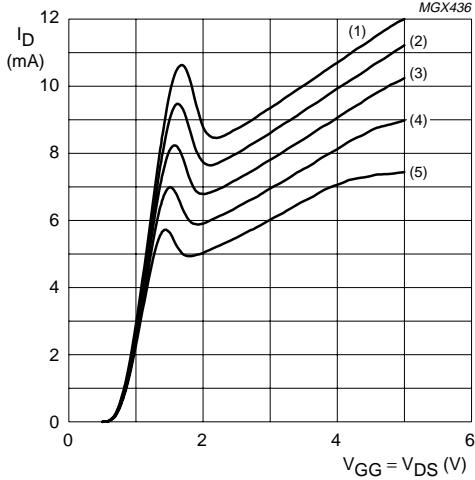


V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V; $T_j = 25$ °C.

Fig.8 Drain current as a function of internal G1 current (current in pin drain (b) if MOS-FET (b) is switched off); typical values; amplifier a.

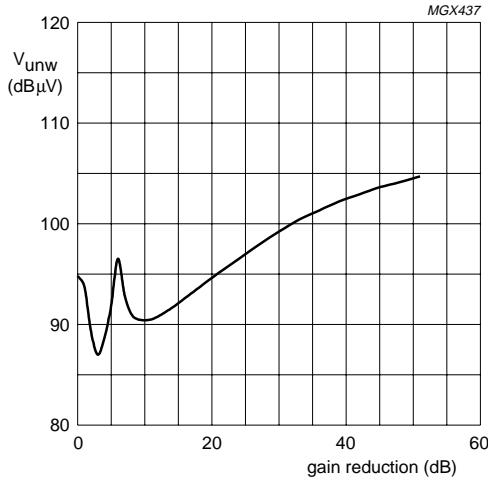
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V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V; Gate 1 (a) = open; T_J = 25 °C.

Fig.9 Drain current as a function of gate 2 and drain supply voltage; typical values; amplifier a.

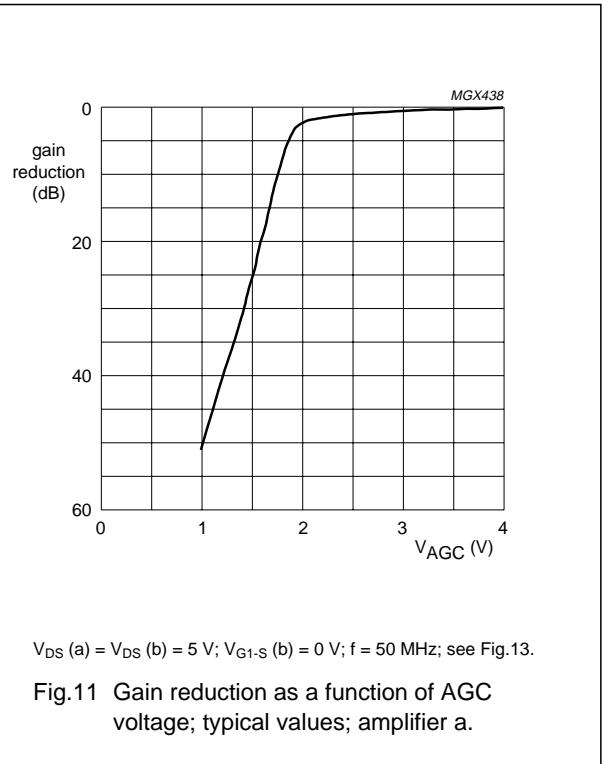


V_{DS} (a) = V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V; f_w = 50 MHz;
 f_{unw} = 60 MHz; T_{amb} = 25 °C; see Fig.13.

Fig.10 Unwanted voltage for 1% cross-modulation as a function of gain reduction; typical values; amplifier a.

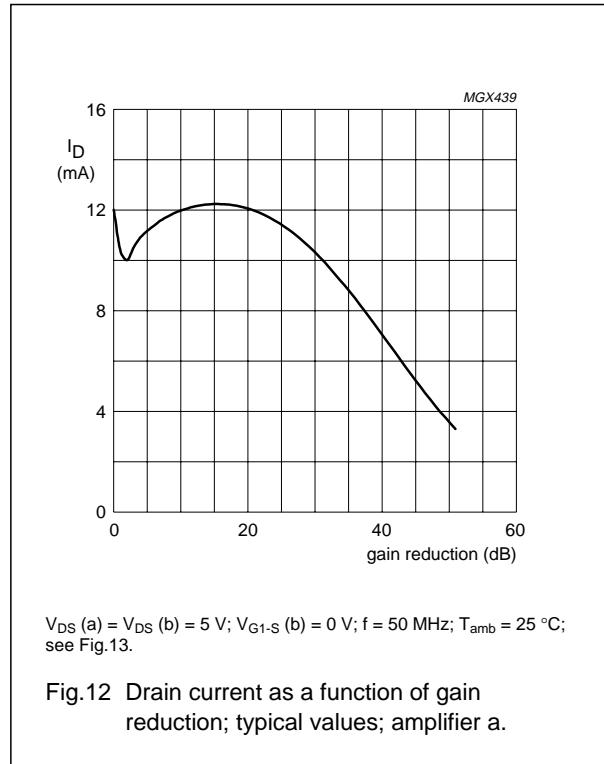
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$V_{DS(a)} = V_{DS(b)} = 5$ V; $V_{G1-S(b)} = 0$ V; $f = 50$ MHz; see Fig.13.

Fig.11 Gain reduction as a function of AGC voltage; typical values; amplifier a.



$V_{DS(a)} = V_{DS(b)} = 5$ V; $V_{G1-S(b)} = 0$ V; $f = 50$ MHz; $T_{amb} = 25$ °C; see Fig.13.

Fig.12 Drain current as a function of gain reduction; typical values; amplifier a.

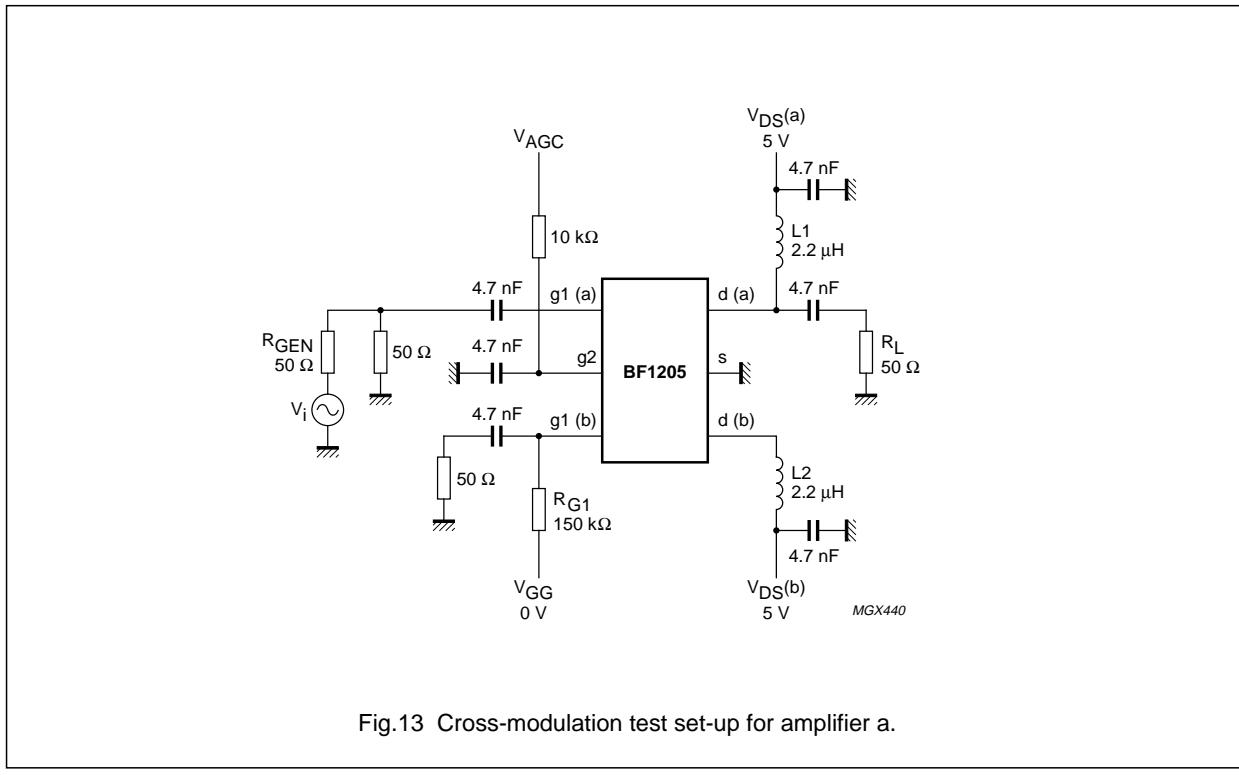
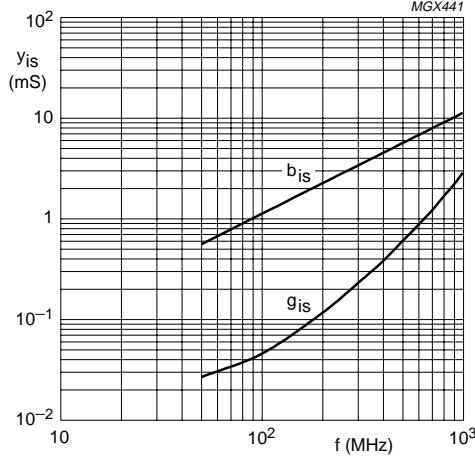


Fig.13 Cross-modulation test set-up for amplifier a.

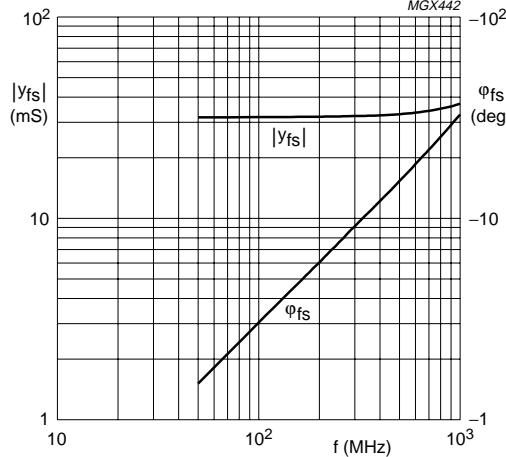
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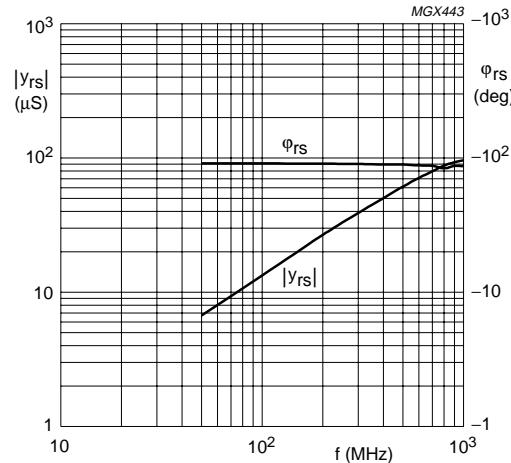
V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} (a) = 4 V; V_{DS} (b) = V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V;
 I_D (a) = 12 mA.

Fig.14 Input admittance as a function of frequency;
typical values; amplifier a.



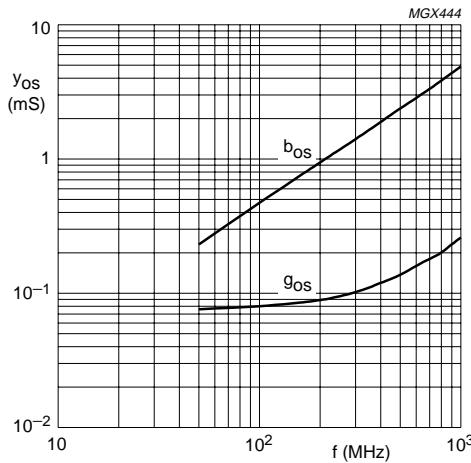
V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} (a) = 4 V; V_{DS} (b) = V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V;
 I_D (a) = 12 mA.

Fig.15 Forward transfer admittance and phase as
a function of frequency; typical values;
amplifier a.



V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} (a) = 4 V; V_{DS} (b) = V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V;
 I_D (a) = 12 mA.

Fig.16 Reverse transfer admittance and phase as
a function of frequency; typical values;
amplifier a.



V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} (a) = 4 V; V_{DS} (b) = V_{G1-S} (b) = 0 V;
 I_D (a) = 12 mA.

Fig.17 Output admittance as a function of
frequency; typical values; amplifier a.

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Scattering parameters: amplifier a V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; I_D (a) = 12 mA; V_{DS} (b) = 0 V; V_{G-1S} (b) = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C

f (MHz)	s_{11}		s_{21}		s_{12}		s_{22}	
	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)
50	0.997	-3.70	3.15	175.99	0.00067	86.39	0.992	-1.38
100	0.995	-7.37	3.15	171.92	0.00132	84.34	0.991	-2.83
200	0.988	-14.64	3.12	163.99	0.00262	79.71	0.990	-5.62
300	0.976	-21.85	3.09	156.06	0.00373	75.29	0.988	-8.40
400	0.963	-28.95	3.04	148.32	0.00471	71.43	0.985	-11.15
500	0.944	-35.98	2.99	140.52	0.00557	66.89	0.982	-13.88
600	0.924	-42.90	2.94	132.88	0.00624	63.52	0.978	-16.65
700	0.900	-49.77	2.87	125.30	0.00669	60.09	0.975	-19.35
800	0.874	-56.61	2.81	117.79	0.00701	59.58	0.972	-22.08
900	0.846	-63.18	2.73	110.29	0.00705	52.42	0.968	-24.87
1000	0.817	-69.84	2.65	102.91	0.00688	49.17	0.965	-27.63

Noise data V_{DS} (a) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; I_D (a) = 12 mA; V_{DS} (b) = 0 V; V_{G-1S} (b) = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C

f (MHz)	F MIN (dB)	GAMMA OPT		Rn (Ω)
		(ratio)	(deg)	
400	1.1	0.719	16.16	31.18
800	1.2	0.628	32.7	29.74

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS AMPLIFIER bCommon source; T_{amb} = 25 °C; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} = 5 V; I_D = 12 mA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$ y_{fs} $	forward transfer admittance	$T_j = 25$ °C	26	31	40	mS
C_{ig1-ss}	input capacitance at gate 1	$f = 1$ MHz	—	2.0	2.5	pF
C_{ig2-ss}	input capacitance at gate 2	$f = 1$ MHz	—	3.3	—	pF
C_{oss}	output capacitance	$f = 1$ MHz	—	0.85	—	pF
C_{rss}	reverse transfer capacitance	$f = 1$ MHz	—	20	—	fF
G_{tr}	power gain	$f = 200$ MHz; $G_S = 2$ mS; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 0.5$ mS; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$; note 1	30	34	38	dB
		$f = 400$ MHz; $G_S = 2$ mS; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 1$ mS; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$; note 1	27	31	35	dB
		$f = 800$ MHz; $G_S = 3.3$ mS; $B_S = B_{S(opt)}$; $G_L = 1$ mS; $B_L = B_{L(opt)}$; note 1	22	26	30	dB
NF	noise figure	$f = 10.7$ MHz; $G_S = 20$ mS; $B_S = 0$	—	4	—	dB
		$f = 400$ MHz; $Y_S = Y_{S(opt)}$	—	1.3	1.9	dB
		$f = 800$ MHz; $Y_S = Y_{S(opt)}$	—	1.4	2.1	dB

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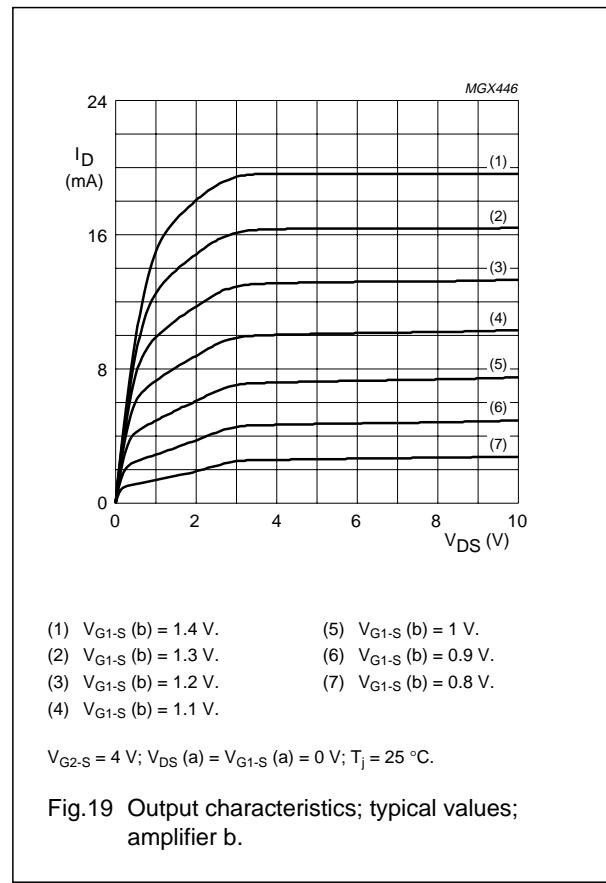
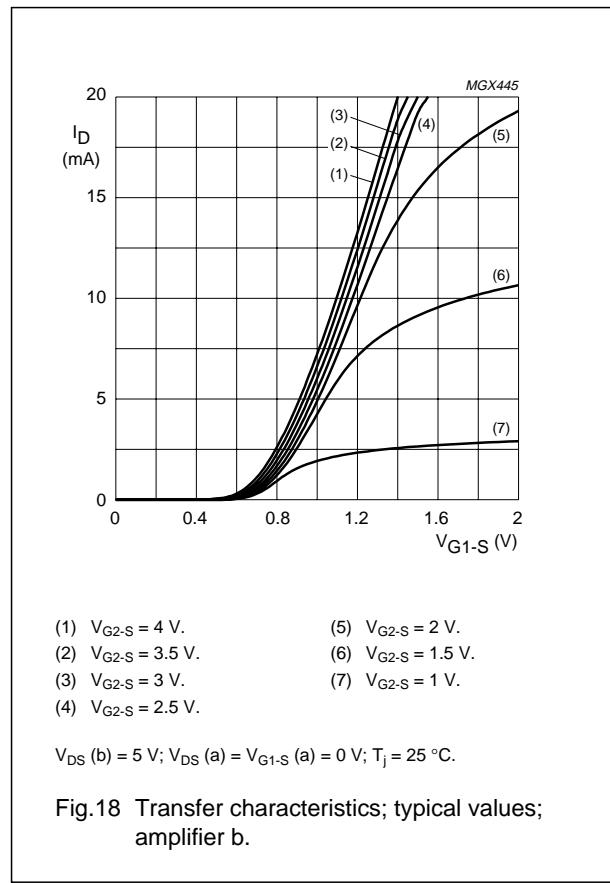
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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
X _{mod}	cross-modulation	input level for k = 1% at 0 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 \text{ MHz}$; $f_{unw} = 60 \text{ MHz}$; note 2	90	—	—	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
		input level for k = 1% at 10 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 \text{ MHz}$; $f_{unw} = 60 \text{ MHz}$; note 2	—	92	—	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$
		input level for k = 1% at 40 dB AGC; $f_w = 50 \text{ MHz}$; $f_{unw} = 60 \text{ MHz}$; note 2	100	105	—	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$

Notes

- For the MOS-FET not in use: V_{G1-S} (a) = 0; V_{DS} (a) = 0.
- Measured in test circuit Fig.30.

GRAPHS FOR AMPLIFIER b



Dual N-channel dual gate MOS-FET

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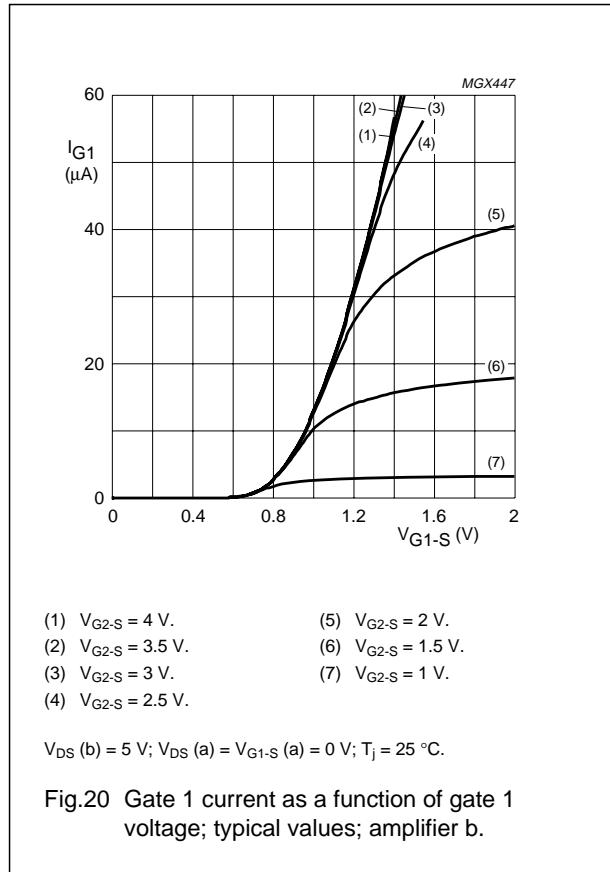


Fig.20 Gate 1 current as a function of gate 1 voltage; typical values; amplifier b.

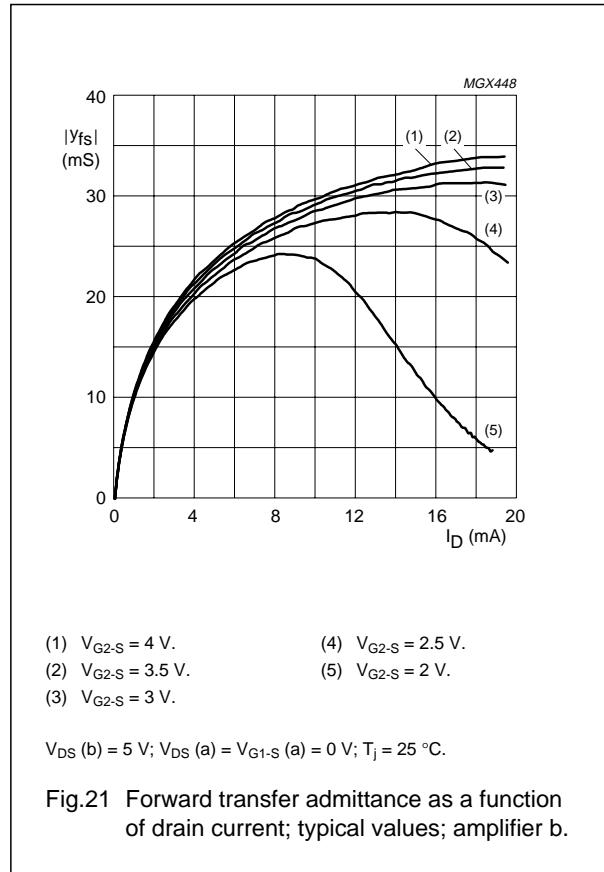
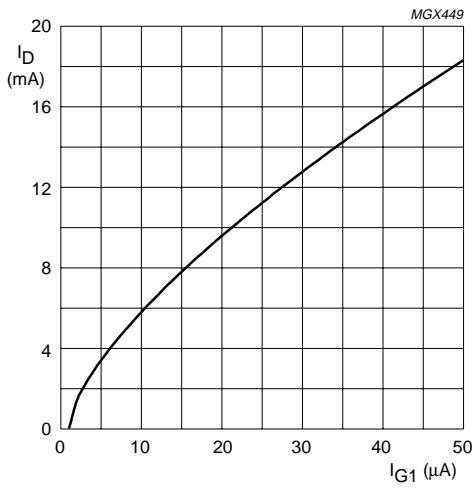


Fig.21 Forward transfer admittance as a function of drain current; typical values; amplifier b.

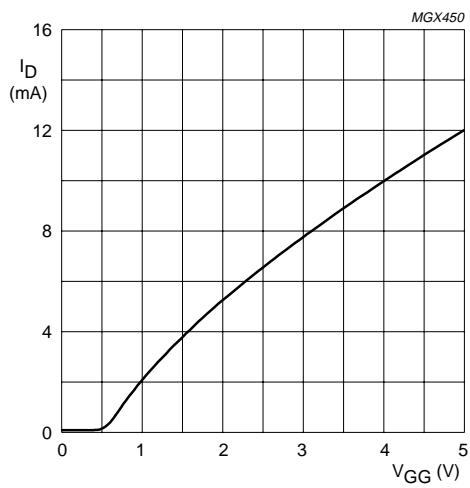
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V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} (a) = V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V; T_j = 25 °C.

Fig.22 Drain current as a function of gate 1 current;
typical values; amplifier b.

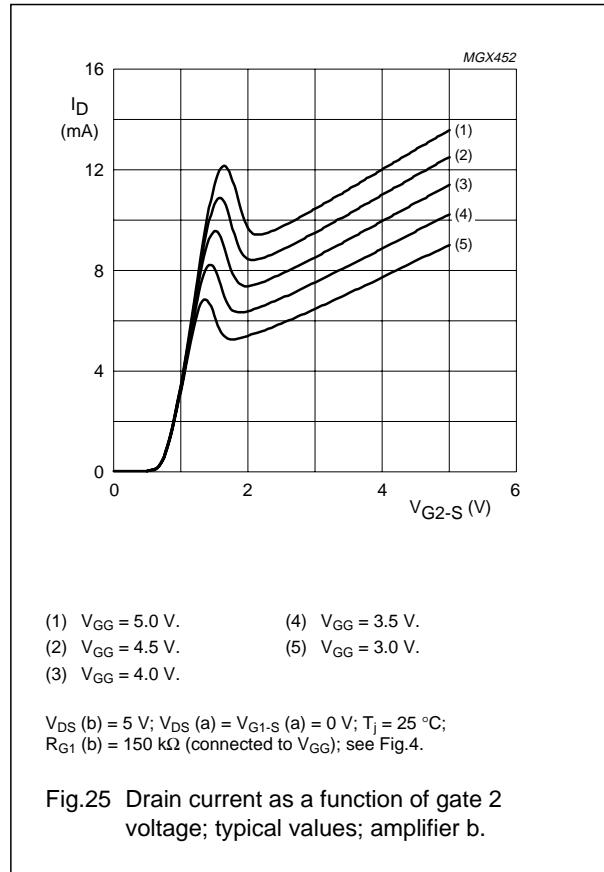
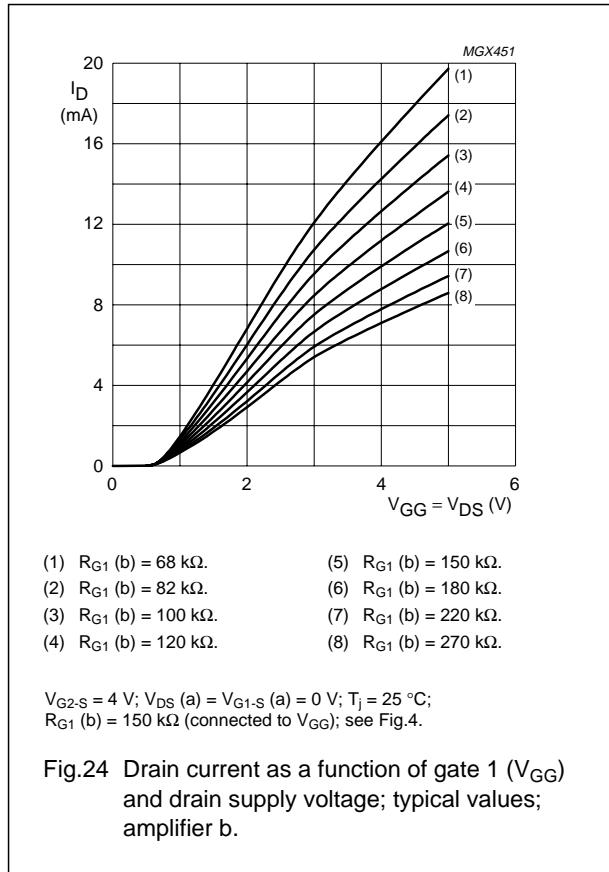


V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} (a) = V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V;
 T_j = 25 °C; R_{G1} (b) = 150 k Ω (connected to V_{GG}); see Fig.4.

Fig.23 Drain current as a function of gate 1 supply
voltage (V_{GG}); typical values; amplifier b.

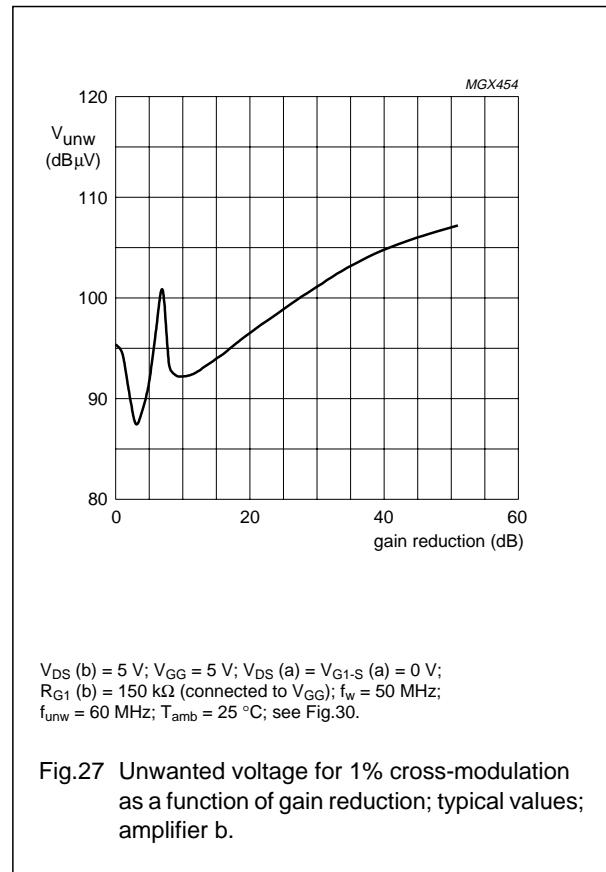
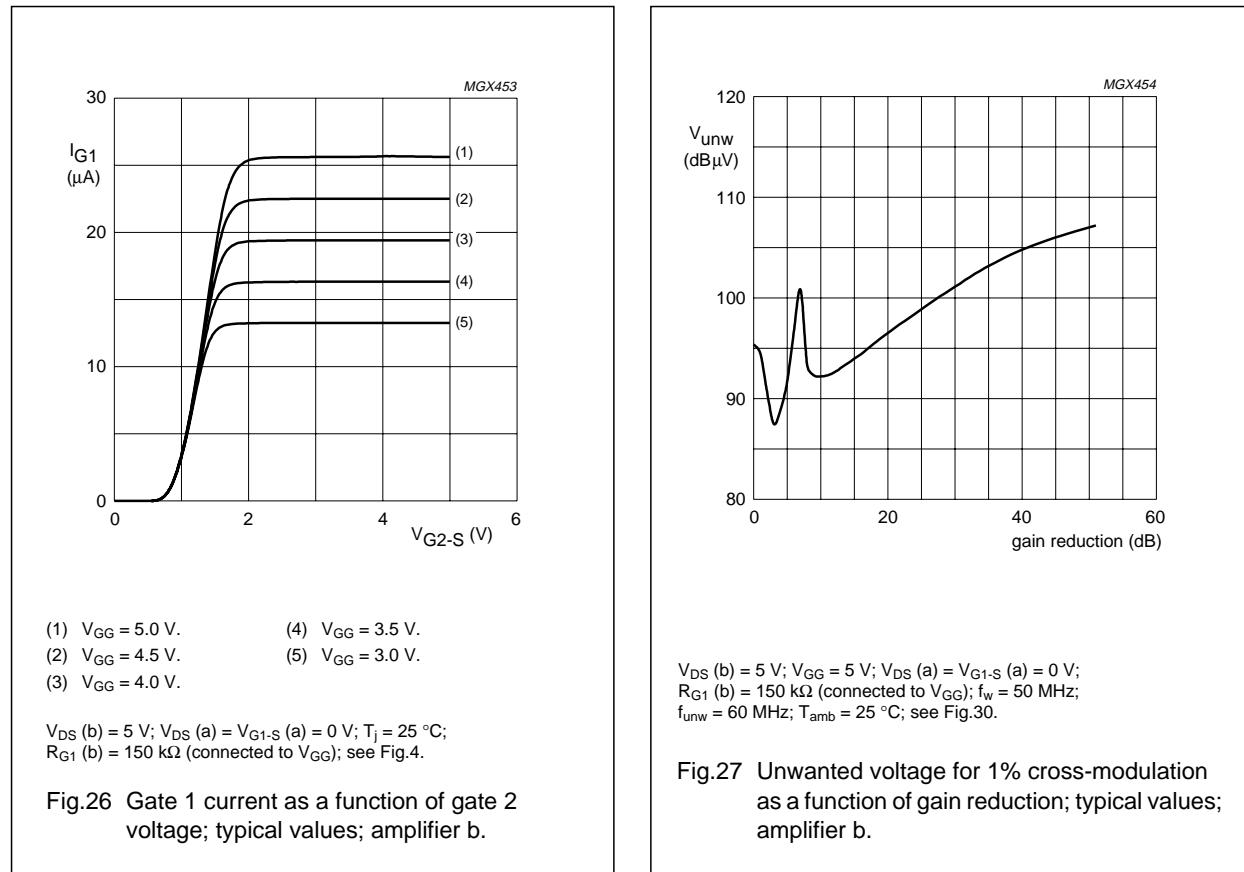
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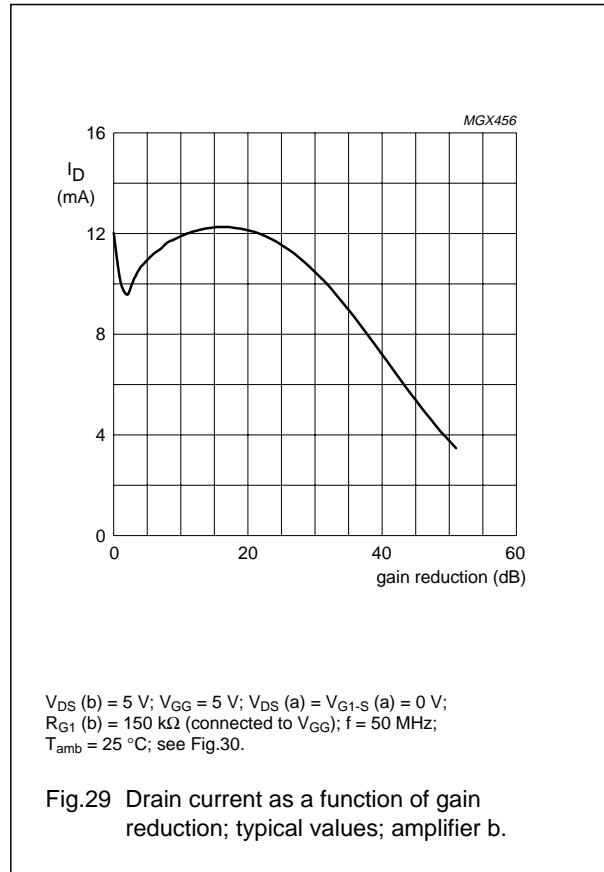
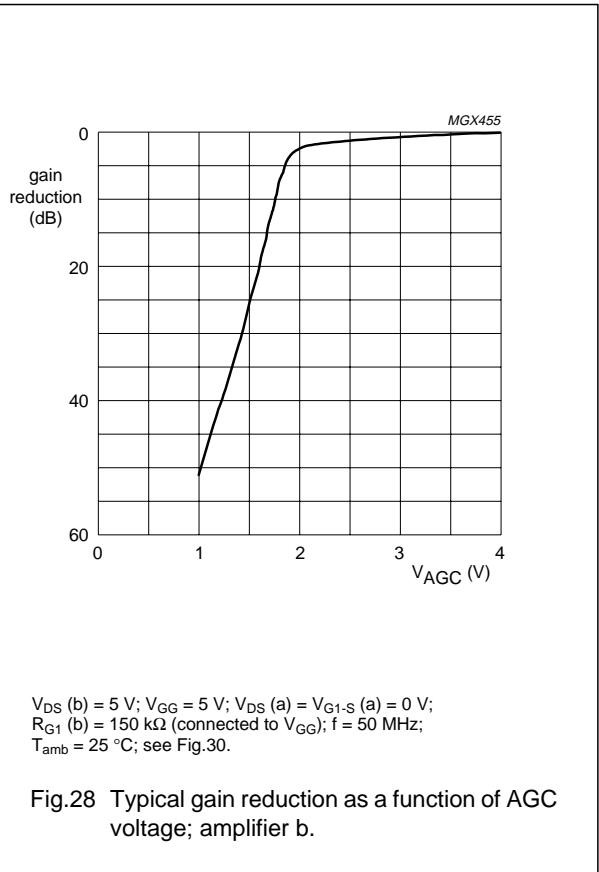
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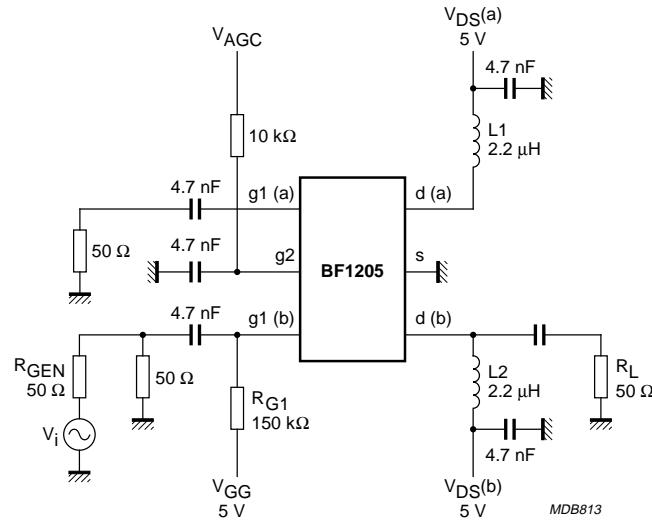
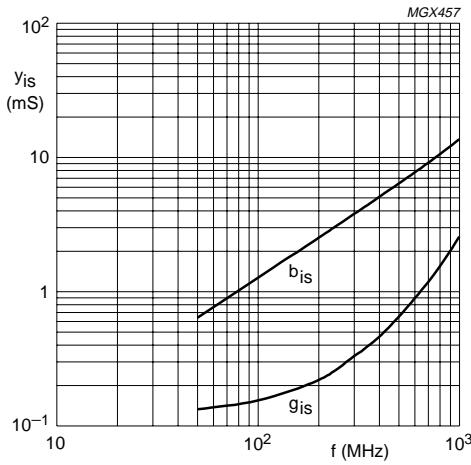
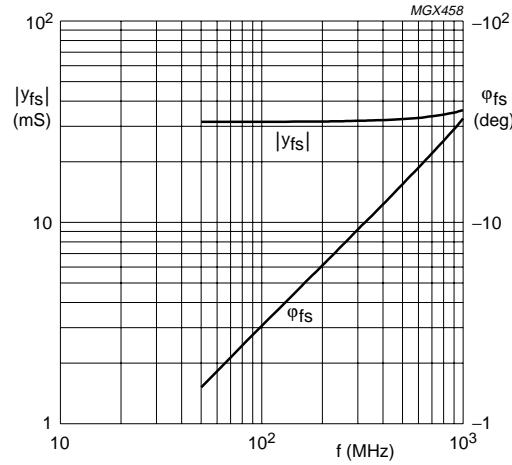


Fig.30 Cross-modulation test set-up for amplifier b.



$V_{DS(b)} = 5 \text{ V}$; $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$; $V_{DS(a)} = V_{G1-S}(a) = 0 \text{ V}$;
 $I_D(b) = 12 \text{ mA}$.

Fig.31 Input admittance as a function of frequency; typical values; amplifier b.

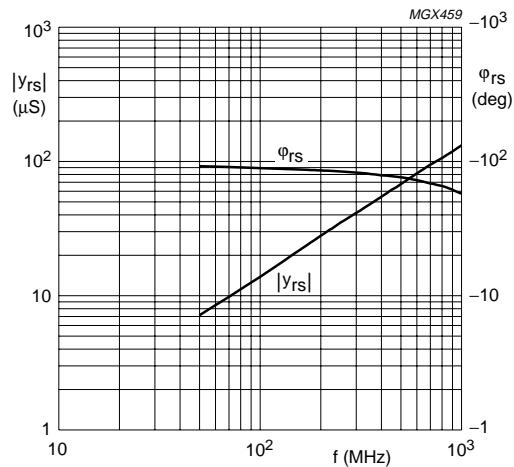


$V_{DS(b)} = 5 \text{ V}$; $V_{G2-S} = 4 \text{ V}$; $V_{DS(a)} = V_{G1-S}(a) = 0 \text{ V}$;
 $I_D(b) = 12 \text{ mA}$.

Fig.32 Forward transfer admittance and phase as a function of frequency; typical values; amplifier b.

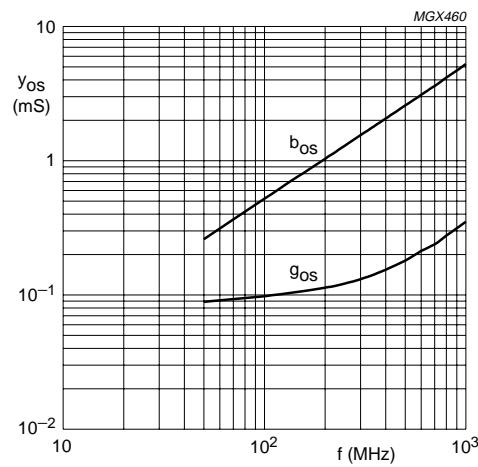
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V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} (a) = V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V;
 I_D (b) = 12 mA.

Fig.33 Reverse transfer admittance and phase as a function of frequency; typical values; amplifier b.



V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; V_{DS} (a) = V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V;
 I_D (b) = 12 mA.

Fig.34 Output admittance as a function of frequency; typical values; amplifier b.

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Scattering parameters: amplifier b V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; I_D (b) = 12 mA; V_{DS} (a) = 0 V; V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C

f (MHz)	s_{11}		s_{21}		s_{12}		s_{22}	
	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)	MAGNITUDE (ratio)	ANGLE (deg)
50	0.987	-3.76	3.12	175.87	0.00071	85.43	0.991	-1.56
100	0.985	-7.38	3.11	171.77	0.00136	86.06	0.989	-3.11
200	0.978	-14.63	3.09	163.72	0.00272	84.25	0.988	-6.16
300	0.968	-21.82	3.06	155.67	0.00396	82.63	0.986	-9.17
400	0.956	-28.92	3.01	147.79	0.00509	81.35	0.983	-12.17
500	0.941	-35.99	2.95	139.86	0.00616	79.46	0.973	-15.16
600	0.924	-42.93	2.89	132.06	0.00710	78.57	0.975	-18.15
700	0.905	-49.89	2.83	124.31	0.00791	77.88	0.972	-21.07
800	0.884	-56.57	2.75	116.69	0.00848	76.72	0.968	-24.08
900	0.861	-63.36	2.67	108.97	0.00900	76.55	0.964	-27.03
1000	0.837	-70.05	2.59	101.39	0.00941	76.67	0.959	-30.02

Noise data V_{DS} (b) = 5 V; V_{G2-S} = 4 V; I_D (b) = 12 mA; V_{DS} (a) = 0 V; V_{G1-S} (a) = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C

f (MHz)	F MIN (dB)	F MIN (dB)		R_n (Ω)
		(ratio)	(deg)	
400	1.3	0.662	16.76	31.55
800	1.4	0.578	33.97	30.53

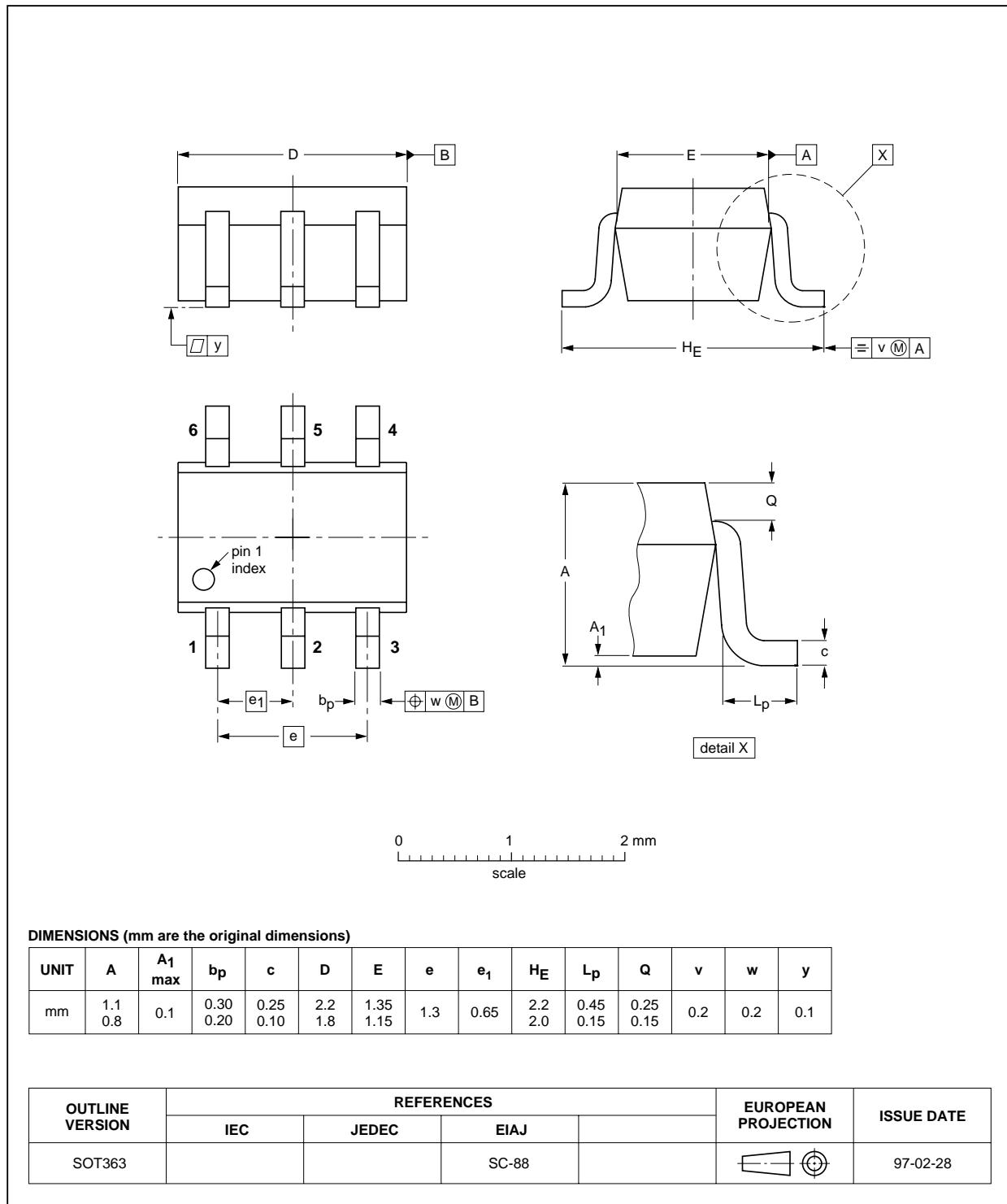
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PACKAGE OUTLINE

Plastic surface mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363



DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	A ₁ max	b _p	c	D	E	e	e ₁	H _E	L _p	Q	v	w	y
mm	1.1 0.8	0.1	0.30 0.20	0.25 0.10	2.2 1.8	1.35 1.15	1.3	0.65	2.2 2.0	0.45 0.15	0.25 0.15	0.2	0.2	0.1

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES					EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ				
SOT363			SC-88				97-02-28

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