

ACS108-6S

AC switch family

Transient voltage protected AC Switch (ACS™)

Main product characteristics

I _{T(RMS)}	0.8 A
V _{DRM} /V _{RRM}	600 V
I _{GT}	10 mA

- Overvoltage protection by crowbar technology
- High noise immunity static dV/dt > 500 V/µs

Applications

- AC ON/OFF static switching in appliances and industrial control systems
- Drive of low power high inductive or resistive loads like:
 - relay, valve, solenoid,
 - dispenser, door lock
 - pump, fan, micro-motor

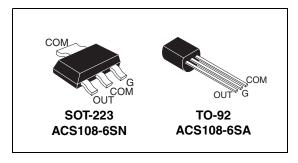
Benefits

- Needs no external protection snubber or varistor.
- Enables equipment to meet IEC 61000-4-5.
- Reduces component count by up to 80%.
- Interfaces directly with the micro-controller.
- Common package tab connection supports connection of several alternating current switches (ACS) on the same cooling pad.
- Integrated structure based on ASD^(a) technology

Order code

Part number	Marking
ACS108-6SA	ACS1086S
ACS108-6SA-TR	ACS1086S
ACS108-6SA-AP	ACS1086S
ACS108-6SN-TR	ACS1086S

a. ASD: Application Specific Devices

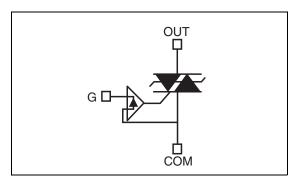


Description

The ACS108-6S belongs to the AC line switch family. This high performance switch can control a load of up to 0.8A.

The ACS108-6S switch includes an overvoltage crowbar structure to absorb the overvoltage energy, and a gate level shifter driver to separate the digital controller from the main switch. It is triggered with a negative gate current flowing out of the gate pin.

Functional diagram



COM Common drive reference to connect to the

OUT Output to connect to the load.

G Gate input to connect to the controller through gate resistor

TM: ACS is a trademark of STMicroelectronics

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Characteristics ACS108-6S

1 Characteristics

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings (T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit	
		TO-92	T _{lead} = 75 °C	0.8		
I _{T(RMS)}	RMS on-state current (full sine wave)	SOT-223	T _{amb} = 75 °C	0.6	Α	
		TO-92	T _{amb} = 61 °C	0.45		
1.	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current	f = 60 Hz	t = 16.7 ms	7.6	Α	
TSM	(full cycle sine wave, T _j initial = 25 °C)		t = 20 ms	7.3	^	
I²t	I2t Value for fusing	tp = 10 ms		0.38	A ² s	
dl/dt	Critical rate of rise of on-state current $I_G = 2xI_{GT}$, tr ≤ 100 ns	f = 120 Hz	T _j = 125 °C	100	A/μs	
V _{PP}	Non repetitive line peak mains voltage ⁽¹⁾		T _j = 25 °C	2	kV	
I _{GM}	Peak gate current	t _p = 20 μs	T _j = 125 °C	1	Α	
V_{GM}	Peak positive gate voltage		T _j = 125 °C	10	V	
P _{G(AV)}	Average gate power dissipation		T _j = 125 °C	0.1	W	
T _{stg} T _j	Storage junction temperature range Operating junction temperature range			-40 to +150 -30 to +125	°C	

^{1.} according to test described by IEC 61000-4-5 standard and Figure 16

Table 2. Electrical characteristics ($T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test conditions Quadrant			Value	Unit
I _{GT} ⁽¹⁾	V _{OUT} = 12 V, R ₁ = 33 Ω	II - III	MAX	10	mA
V _{GT}	VOUT = 12 V, nL = 33 52	II - III	MAX	1	V
V_{GD}	$V_{OUT} = V_{DRM}$, $R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$, $T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$ II - III		MIN	0.15	V
I _H ⁽²⁾	I _{OUT} = 100 mA		MAX	25	mA
I _L ⁽²⁾	$I_G = 1.2 \times I_{GT}$		MAX	30	mA
dV/dt ⁽²⁾	V _{OUT} = 67% V _{DRM} , gate open, T _j = 125 °C			500	V/µs
(dl/dt)c (2)	Without snubber (15 V/ μ s), turn-off time \leq 20 ms, T $_j$ = 125 °C		MIN	0.3	A/ms
V _{CL}	$I_{CL} = 0.1 \text{ mA}, t_p = 1 \text{ ms}, T_j = 125 \text{ °C}$			650	V

^{1.} minimum I_{GT} is guaranteed at 10% of I_{GT} max

^{2.} for both polarities of OUT referenced to COM

ACS108-6S Characteristics

Table 3. Static electrical characteristics

Symbol	Test conditions			Value	Unit
V _{TM} ⁽¹⁾	I _{TM} = 1.1 A, t _p = 500 μs	Tj = 25 °C	MAX	1.3	V
V _{TO} (1)		Tj = 125 °C	MAX	0.90	V
R _D ⁽¹⁾		Tj = 125 °C	MAX	300	mΩ
I _{DRM}	V - 600 V	Tj = 25 °C	MAX	2	μΑ
I _{RRM} V _{OUT} = 600 V	Tj = 125 °C	IVIAA	0.2	mA	

^{1.} for both polarities of OUT referenced to COM

Table 4. Thermal resistance

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit	
R _{th (j-l)}	Junction to lead (AC)		TO-92	60	
R _{th (j-l)}	Junction to tab (AC)		SOT-223	25	°C/W
R _{th (j-a)} Junction to ambient		TO-92	150	C/VV	
	Junction to ambient	S = 5 cm ²	SOT-223	60	

Figure 1. Maximum power dissipation vs RMS on-state current (full cycle)

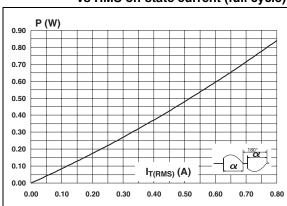
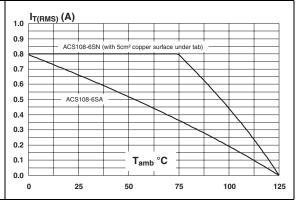


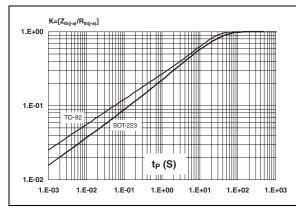
Figure 2. RMS on-state current vs ambient temperature (full cycle)



Characteristics ACS108-6S

Figure 3. Relative variation of junction to ambient thermal impedance vs pulse duration and package

Figure 4. Relative variation of gate trigger current, holding current and latching current vs junction temperature



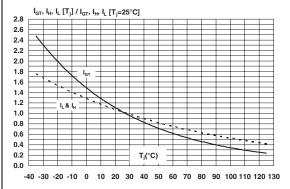
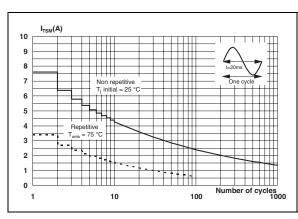
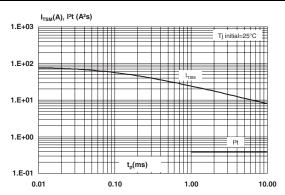


Figure 5. Non repetitive surge peak on-state Figure 6. current vs number of cycles

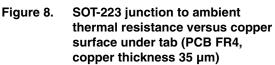
Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width tp<10 ms, and corresponding value of l^2t (T_i initial = 25 °C

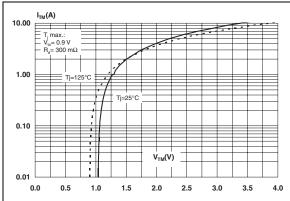




ACS108-6S Characteristics

Figure 7. On-state characteristics (maximal values)





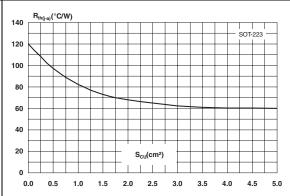
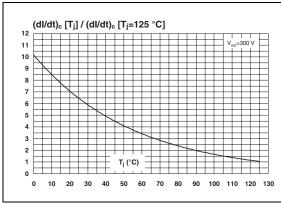


Figure 9. decrease of main current (di/dt)c versus junction temperature

Relative variation of critical rate of Figure 10. Relative variation of critical rate of decrease of main current (di/dt)c vs (dV/dt)c, with turn-off time < 20 ms



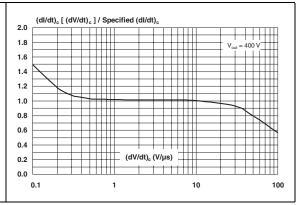
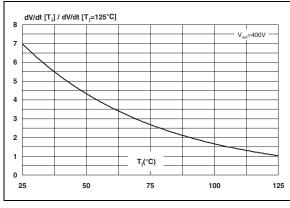
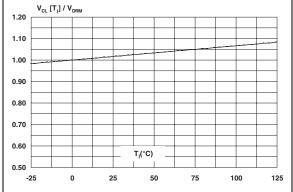


Figure 11. Relative variation of static dV/dt versus junction temperature

Figure 12. Relative variation of the maximal clamping voltage versus junction temperature (min value)



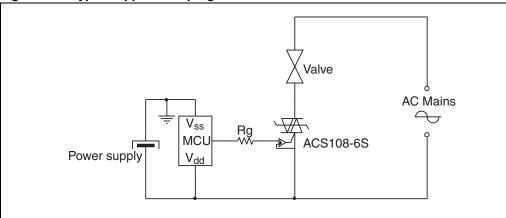


2 AC line switch - basic application

The ACS108-6S switch is triggered by a negative gate current flowing from the gate pin G. The switch can be driven directly by the digital controller through a resistor as shown in *Figure 13*.

Thanks to its overvoltage protection and turn-off commutation performance, the ACS108-6S switch can drive a small power high inductive load with neither varistor nor additional turn-off snubber.

Figure 13. Typical application program



2.1 Protection against overvoltage: the best choice is ACS

In comparison with standard triacs, which are not robust against surge voltage, the ACS108-6S is over-voltage self-protected, specified by the new parameter V_{CL} . This feature is useful in two operating conditions: in case of turn-off of very inductive load, and in case of surge voltage that can occur on the electrical network.

2.1.1 High inductive load switch-off: turn-off overvoltage clamping

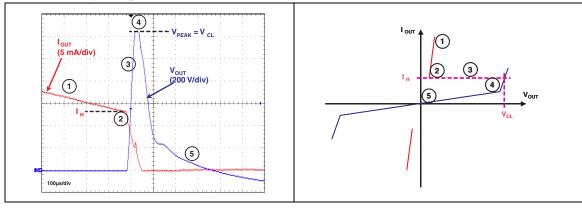
With high inductive and low RMS current loads the rate of decrease of the current is very low. An overvoltage can occur when the gate current is removed and the OUT current is lower than $I_{\rm H}$.

As shown in *Figure 14* and *Figure 15*, at the end of the last conduction half-cycle, the load current decreases (1). The load current reaches the holding current level I_H (2), and the ACS turns off (3). The water valve, as an inductive load (up to 15 H), reacts as a current generator and an overvoltage is created, which is clamped by the ACS (4). The current flows through the ACS avalanche and decreases linearly to zero. During this time, the voltage across the switch is limited to the clamping voltage V_{CL} . The energy stored in the inductance of the load is dissipated in the clamping section that is designed for this purpose. When the energy has been dissipated, the ACS voltage falls back to the mains voltage value (5).

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Effect of the switching off of a high Figure 15. Description of the different steps inductive load - typical clamping capability of ACS108-6S

during switching off of a high inductive load



2.1.2 AC line transient voltage ruggedness

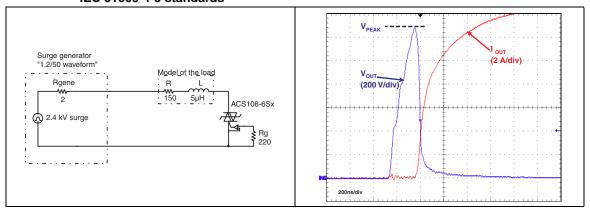
The ACS108-6S switch is able to withstand safely the AC line transients either by clamping the low energy spikes or by breaking over under high energy shocks, even with high turn-on current rises.

The test circuit shown in *Figure 16* is representative of the final ACS108-6S application, and is also used to test the ACS switch according to the IEC 61000-4-5 standard conditions. Thanks to the load limiting the current, the ACS108-6S switch withstands the voltage spikes up to 2 kV above the peak line voltage. The protection is based on an overvoltage crowbar technology. Actually, the ACS108-6S breaks over safely as shown in Figure 17. The ACS108-6S recovers its blocking voltage capability after the surge (switch off back at the next zero crossing of the current).

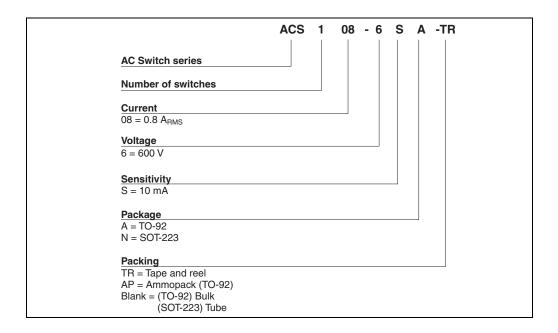
Such non-repetitive tests can be done 10 times on each AC line voltage polarity.

Overvoltage ruggedness test circuit Figure 17. Typical current and voltage for resistive and inductive loads with conditions equivalent to IEC 61000-4-5 standards

waveforms across the ACS108-6S during IEC 61000-4-5 standard test

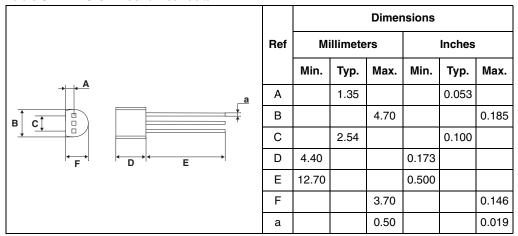


3 Ordering information scheme



4 Package information

Table 5. TO-92 Mechanical data



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ACS108-6S Package information

Table 6. SOT-223 Mechanical data

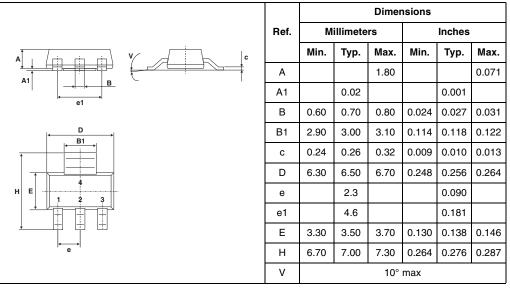
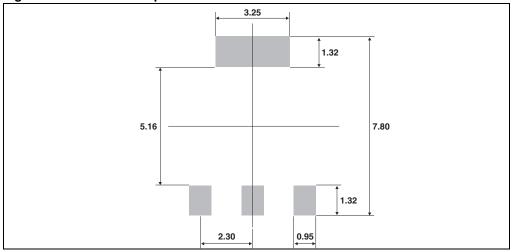


Figure 18. SOT-223 Footprint



In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in ECOPACK® packages. These packages have a lead-free second level interconnect. The category of second level interconnect is marked on the package and on the inner box label, in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD97. The maximum ratings related to soldering conditions are also marked on the inner box label. ECOPACK is an ST trademark. ECOPACK specifications are available at: www.st.com.

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Ordering information ACS108-6S

5 Ordering information

Part number	Marking	Package	Weight	Base Qty	Packing mode
ACS108-6SA	ACS1086S	TO-92	0.2 g	2500	Bulk
ACS108-6SA-TR	ACS1086S	TO-92	0.2 g	2000	Tape and Reel
ACS108-6SA-AP	ACS1086S	TO-92	0.2 g	2000	Ammopack
ACS108-6SN-TR	ACS1086S	SOT-223	0.11 g	1000	Tape & reel

6 Revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
05-Jan-2005	1	Initial release.
07-Jun-2006	2	Reformatted to current standard. Replaced Figure 9.

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