3-channel BTL driver for CD players BA5933FP-Y

The BA5933FP-Y is a 3-channel BTL driver for CD player actuators and motors. This IC has an internal 5V regulator and a standard operational amplifier, and comes in a HSOP 25-pin package, allowing for application miniaturization.

Applications

CD players and CD-ROM drives

Features

- 1) 3-channel BTL driver.
- 2) HSOP 25-pin power package allows for application miniaturization.
- 3) Internal standby function.
- 4) Internal thermal shutdown circuit.

- 5) Gain is adjustable with an attached resistor.
- 6) Internal 5V regulator. (requires attached PNP transistor)
- 7) Internal standard operational amplifier.

● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Limits | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------|---------------------------|------|
| Power supply voltage | Vcc | 18 | V |
| Power dissipation | Pd | 1.45 ^{*1} | W |
| Operating temperature | Topr | −35~+85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | − 55∼ + 150 | °C |

^{*1} When mounted on a $70 \times 70 \times 1.5$ mm glass epoxy board with less than 3% copper foil. Reduced by 11.6 mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

• Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

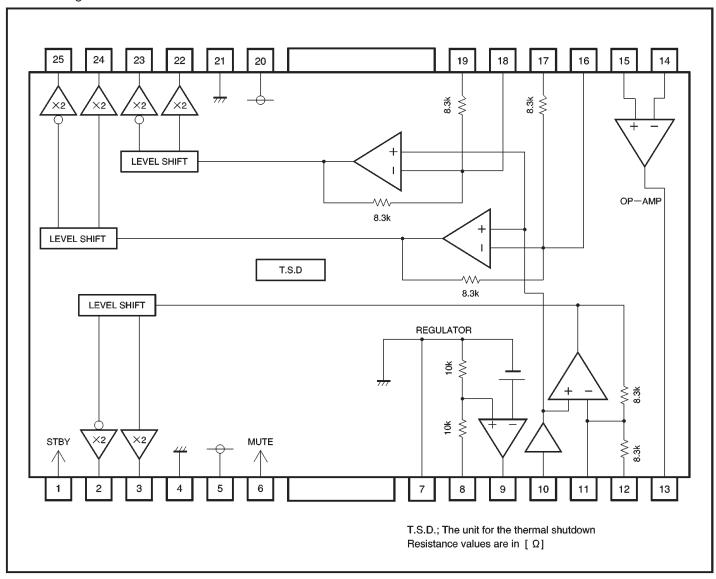
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Conditions |
|----------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|---------------------|
| Power supply voltage | Vcc | 6 | _ | 13.2 | V | |
| | | 4.5 | _ | 13.2 | ٧ | Wihtout regulator*2 |

^{*2} Pins 8 and 9 may be left open without regulator.



Optical disc ICs BA5933FP-Y

●Block diagram



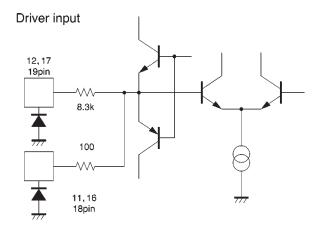
●Pin descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin name | Function |
|---------|------------------|---|
| 1 | STBY | Standby mode switch |
| 2 | OUT1+ | Channel 1 positive output |
| 3 | OUT1- | Channel 1 negative output |
| 4 | GND | Ground |
| 5 | Vcc | Vcc |
| 6 | MUTE | Mute |
| 7 | GND | Substrate ground |
| 8 | REG_OUT | Constant voltage output (collector for the attached transistor) |
| 9 | REG_B | Connect to the base of the attached transistor |
| 10 | BIAS | Bias input |
| 11 | IN1 ['] | Channel 1 gain adjustment input |
| 12 | IN1 | Channel 1 fixed input |
| 13 | OP_OUT | Operational amplifier output |

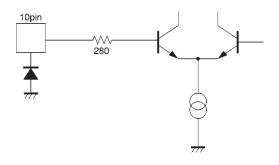
| | Pin No. | Pin name | Function |
|---|---------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | 14 | OP_IN (-) | Operational amplifier negative input |
| | 15 | OP_IN (+) | Operational amplifier positive input |
| | 16 | IN2 ['] | Channel 2 gain adjustment input |
| | 17 | IN2 | Channel 2 gain fixed input |
| | 18 | IN3 ['] | Channel 3 gain adjustment input |
| | 19 | IN3 | Channel 3 gain fixed input |
| • | 20 | Vcc | Vcc |
| | 21 | GND | Ground |
| | 22 | OUT3- | Channel 3 negative output |
| | 23 | оитз+ | Channel 3 positive output |
| | 24 | OUT2- | Channel 2 negative output |
| | 25 | OUT2+ | Channel 2 positive output |
| | | | |

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Positive and negative output is relative to the polarity of the input pins.

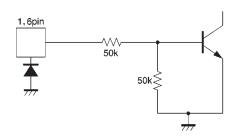
Pin equivalent circuit diagrams



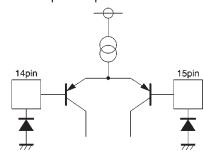
Bias

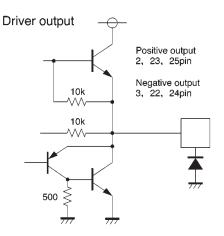


Standby switch muting

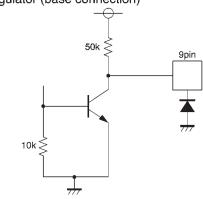


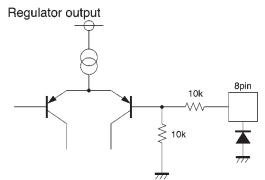
Operational amplifier input

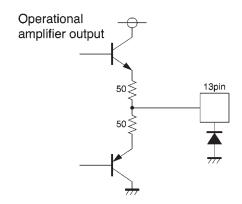




Regulator (base connection)







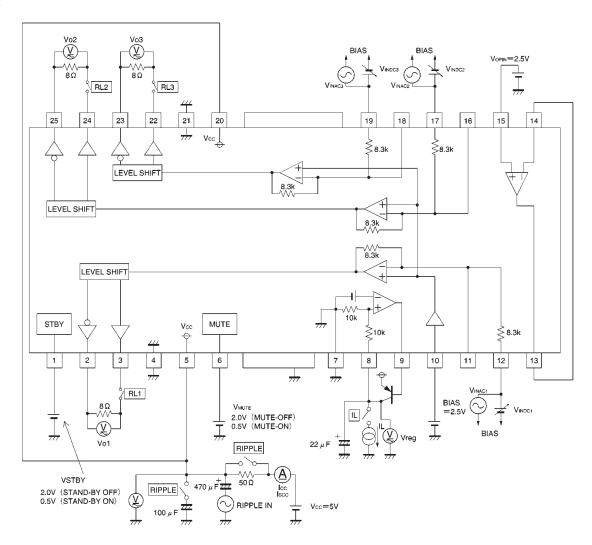
●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 5V, BIAS = 2.5V, RL = 8Ω)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Conditions |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------|------|------|------|--|
| Quiescent current dissipation | lcc | _ | 7.0 | 10.0 | mA | No load |
| Standby current dissipation | Iscc | _ | 0 | 100 | μΑ | No load |
| Output voltage, offset | Voo | -50 | _ | 50 | mV | _ |
| Maximum output amplitude | Vом | 2.5 | 3.0 | _ | V | _ |
| Closed loop voltage gain | Gvc | 10.5 | 12.0 | 13.5 | dB | V _{IN} =±0.3V |
| Ripple rejection | RR | _ | 60 | _ | dB | RIPPLE IN=0.1Vrms, 100Hz |
| Slew rate | SR | _ | 2.0 | _ | V/μs | 100 kHz square wave, 2 V _{P-P} output |
| Mute On voltage | V _{MON} | _ | _ | 0.5 | V | _ |
| Mute Off voltage | VMOFF | 2.0 | _ | _ | V | _ |
| Standby On voltage | Vson | _ | _ | 0.5 | V | _ |
| Standby Off voltage | Vsoff | 2.0 | _ | _ | V | _ |
| ⟨5 V regulator⟩ | | | | | | |
| Output voltage | Vreg | 4.75 | 5.00 | 5.25 | V | Vcc=8V IL=100mA |
| Output load differential | △VRL | -50 | 0 | 10 | mV | Vcc=8V IL=0~200mA |
| Power supply voltage differential | △VVcc | -8 | 0 | 25 | mV | (Vcc=6~9V) |
| Operational amplifier | | | | 1 | - | |
| Offset voltage | Vofop | - 5 | 0 | 5 | mV | _ |
| Input bias current | V _{BOP} | _ | _ | 300 | nA | _ |
| Output high level voltage | Vонор | 3.9 | _ | _ | V | _ |
| Output low level voltage | Volop | _ | _ | 1.1 | V | _ |
| Output drive current (sink) | Isink | 10 | 30 | _ | mA | Vcc at 50 Ω |
| Output drive current (source) | Isource | 10 | 25 | _ | mA | 50 Ω at ground |
| Open loop voltage gain | Gvo | _ | 78 | _ | dB | V _{IN} =-75dBV, 1kHz |
| Slew rate | SROP | _ | 1 | _ | V/μs | 100 kHz square wave, 2 V _{P-P} output |
| Ripple rejection | RRop | _ | 65 | _ | dB | V _{IN} =-20dBV, 100Hz |
| Common mode rejection ratio | Смяя | _ | 84 | _ | dB | V _{IN} =-20dBV, 1kHz |

ONot designed for radiation resistance.

Measurement circuit

⟨Driver⟩



⟨Operational amplifier⟩

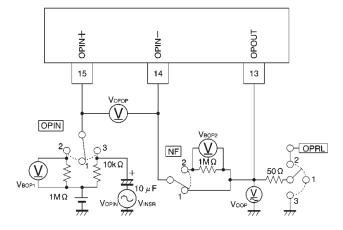


Fig. 1

Application example

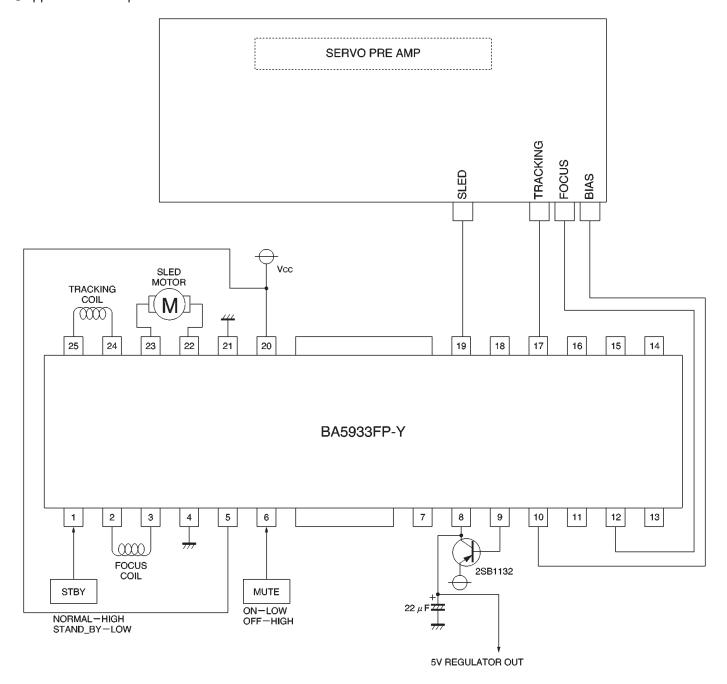


Fig. 2

Operation notes

- (1) The BA5933FP-Y has a thermal shutdown circuit. The output current is muted when the chip temperature rises above 175°C (typically). When the chip temperature falls to 150°C (typically), the driver circuit starts up again.
- (2) The output current can be muted by opening the mute pin (pin 6) voltage or lowering it below 0.5V. During normal use, pin 6 should be pulled up above 2.0V.
- (3) The bias pin (pin10) is muted when lowered below 1.4V (typically). Make sure it stays above 1.6V during normal use.
- (4) Muting occurs during thermal shutdown, mute-on operations or a drop in the bias pin voltage. In each case, only the drivers are muted. During muting, the output pins

- remain at the internal bias voltage, roughly (Vcc/2).
- (5) Connect the IC to a $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitor between power supplies, at the base of the IC.
- (6) The radiating fin is connected to the package's internal GND, but should also be connected to an external GND.
- (7) The capacitor between regulator output (pin 8) and GND also serves to prevent oscillation of the IC, so select one with good temperature characteristics.
- (8) The IC can be switched to the standby mode by opening the standby mode switch (pin 1) voltage, or lowering it below 0.5V. During normal use, pin 1 should be pulled up above 2.0V.

Electrical characteristic curves

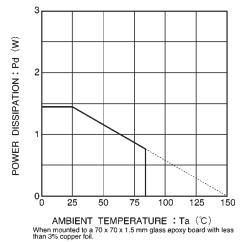


Fig. 3 Thermal derating curve

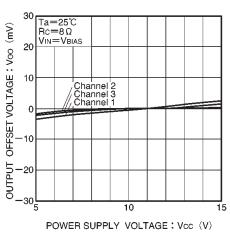


Fig. 4 Output offset voltage vs. power supply voltage

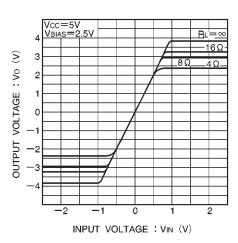


Fig. 5 I/O characteristics (Vcc = 5 V,variable load)

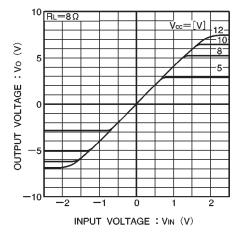


Fig. 5 I / O characteristics (variable Vcc)

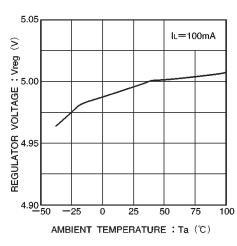


Fig. 7 Regulator voltage vs. temperature

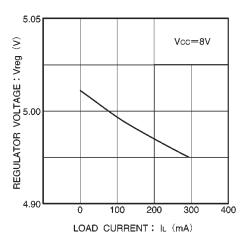


Fig. 8 Load current vs. regulator voltage



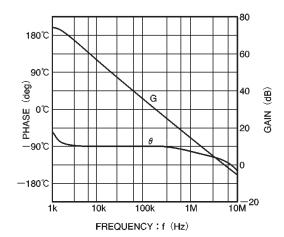


Fig. 9 Operational amplifier v.s. open loop characteristics

External dimensions (Units: mm)

