

# IMP1232LP/LPS

**POWER MANAGEMENT** 

# 5V µP Power Supply Monitor and Reset Circuit

Selectable Trip-Point Tolerance and Watchdog Period
Push-Button Reset

The IMP1232LP/LPS microprocessor supervisor can halt and restart a "hung-up" or "stalled" microprocessor, restart a microprocessor after a power failure, and debounce and interface a manual push-button microprocessor reset switch. The low-power supervisors feature 40% lower supply current than the pin compatible Dallas Semiconductor DS1232LP/LPS.

Precision temperature compensated reference and comparator circuits monitor the 5V,  $V_{CC}$  input voltage. During power-up or when the  $V_{CC}$  power supply falls outside selectable tolerance limits, both the RESET and RESET become active. When  $V_{CC}$  rises above the threshold voltage, the reset signals remain active for an additional 250ms minimum, allowing the power supply and system microprocessor to stabilize. The trip point tolerance signal, TOL, selects the trip level tolerance to be either 5- or 10-percent.

Each device has both a push-pull, active HIGH reset output and an open drain, active LOW reset output.

A debounced manual reset input activates the reset outputs for a minimum period of 250ms.

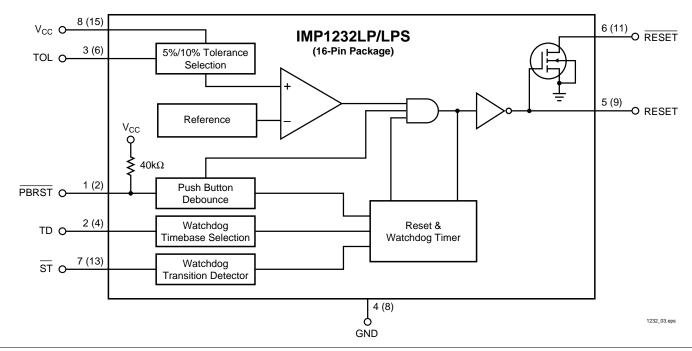
Also included is a watchdog timer to stop and restart a microprocessor that is "hung-up". Three watchdog time-out periods are selectable:

**Key Features** 

- Pin compatible with the Dallas Semiconductor DS1232LP/1232LPS
  - 40% lower supply current
- 5V supply monitor
- Selectable watchdog period
- Debounce manual push-button reset input
- Precision temperature-compensated voltage reference and comparator
- Power-up, power-down and brownout detection
- ♦ 250ms reset time
- Active LOW open-drain reset and active HIGH push-pull output
- Selectable trip point tolerance: 5% or 10%
- Low-cost, surface mount packages: 8/16-pin SO, 8-pin DIP and 8-pin MicroSO
- Wide operating temperature 40°C to +85°C (N/EPA suffixed devices)

150ms, 610ms and 1,200ms. If the  $\overline{ST}$  input is not strobed LOW before the time-out period expires, a reset is issued.

Devices are available in 8-pin DIP,  $8/16\mbox{-pin}$  SO and compact 8-pin MicroSO packages.



### Block Diagram

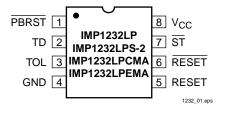
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# Pin Configuration

### DIP/SO/MicroSO



	SO		
NC 1 PBRST 2 NC 3 TD 4 NC 5 TOL 6 NC 7 GND 8	• IMP1232LPSN	15 14 13 12 11	NC V <sub>CC</sub> NC ST NC RESET NC RESET
		123	32_02.eps

# **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Number	Pin Number		
8-Pin Package	16-Pin Package	Name	Function
1	2	PBRST	Debounced manual pushbutton RESET input
2	4	TD	Watchdog time delay selection. ( $t_{TD}$ = 150ms for TD = GND, $t_{TD}$ = 610ms for TD = Open, and $t_{TD}$ =1200ms for TD = V <sub>CC</sub> )
3	6	TOL	Selects 5% (TOL connected to GND) or 10% (TOL connected to $V_{\text{CC}}$ ) trip point tolerance
4	8	GND	Ground
5	9	RESET	Active HIGH reset output. RESET is active:
			1. If V <sub>CC</sub> falls below the reset voltage trip point.
			2. If PBRST is LOW.
			3. If $\overline{ST}$ is not strobed LOW before the timeout period set by TD expires.
			4. During power-up.
6	11	RESET	Active LOW reset output. (See RESET)
7	13	ST	Strobe Input
8	15	V <sub>CC</sub>	5V power
—	1, 3, 5, 7, 10, 12, 14, 16	NC	No internal connection

# **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature Range	Maximum Supply Current (μA)	Voltage Monitoring Application
IMP1232LP	8-DIP	0°C to 70°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPS	16-SO	0°C to 70°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPS-2	8-SO	0°C to 70°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPCMA	8-MicroSO	0°C to 70°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPEMA	8-MicroSO	-40°C to 85°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPN	8-DIP	-40°C to 85°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPSN-2	8-SO	-40°C to 85°C	30	5V
IMP1232LPSN	16-SO	-40°C to 85°C	30	5V

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# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Voltage on V <sub>CC</sub> 0.5V to 7V	
Voltage on $\overline{ST}$ , TD0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
Voltage on $\overline{PBRST}$ , RESET, $\overline{RESET}$ 0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
Operating Temperature Range40°C to 85°C	
(N/EMA version)	
0°C to 70°C	

Voltages measured with respect to ground. These are stress ratings only and functional operation is not implied.

**Electrical Characteristics** 

Unless otherwise stated,  $4.5V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$  and over the operating temperature range of 0°C to +70°C (-40°C to +85°C for N/EMA devices). All voltages are referenced to ground.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5		5.5	V
ST and PBRST Input High Level	VIH		2		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V	V
ST and PBRST Input Low Level	VIL		-0.3		0.8	V
V <sub>CC</sub> Trip Point (TOL = GND)	V <sub>CCTP</sub>		4.50	4.62	4.74	V
$V_{CC}$ Trip Point (TOL = $V_{CC}$ )	V <sub>CCTP</sub>		4.25	4.37	4.49	V
Watchdog Time-Out Period	t <sub>TD</sub>	TD = GND	62.5	150	250	ms
Watchdog Time-Out Period	t <sub>TD</sub>	$TD = V_{CC}$	500	1200	2000	ms
Watchdog Time-Out Period	t <sub>TD</sub>	TD floating	250	610	1000	ms
Output Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I = -500µA, Note 3	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1V		V
Output Current	I <sub>OH</sub>	Output = 2.4V, Note 2	-8	-10		mA
Output Current	I <sub>OL</sub>	Output = 0.4V,	10			mA
Input Leakage	IL	Note 1	-1.0		1.0	μA
RESET Low Level	V <sub>OL</sub>				0.4	V
Internal Pull-Up Resistor		Note 1		40		kΩ
Operating Current (CMOS)	I <sub>CC1</sub>				30	μA
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>				5	pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>				10	pF
PBRST Manual Reset	t <sub>PB</sub>	PBRST = V <sub>IL</sub>	20			ms
Minimum Low Time						
Reset Active Time	t <sub>RST</sub>		250	610	1000	ms
ST Pulse Width	t <sub>ST</sub>	Note 4	20			ns
V <sub>CC</sub> Fail Detect to	t <sub>RPD</sub>			5	8	μs
RESET or RESET						
V <sub>CC</sub> Slew Rate	t <sub>F</sub>	4.75V to 4.25V	300			μs
PBRST Stable LOW to	t <sub>PDLY</sub>				20	ms
RESET and RESET Active						
V <sub>CC</sub> Detect to RESET or	t <sub>RPU</sub>	t <sub>RISE</sub> = 5μs	250	610	1000	ms
RESET Inactive						
V <sub>CC</sub> Slew Rate	t <sub>R</sub>	4.25V to 4.75V	0			ns

Notes: 1.  $\overline{PBRST}$  is internally pulled HIGH to  $V_{CC}$  through a nominal 40k $\Omega$  resistor.

- 2. RESET is an open drain output.
- 3. RESET remains within 0.5V of V<sub>CC</sub> on power-down until V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 2V. RESET remains within 0.5V of ground on power-down until V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 2.0V.
- 4. Must not exceed the minimum watchdog time-out period ( $t_{TD}$ ). The watchdog circuit cannot be disabled. To avoid a reset,  $\overline{ST}$  must be strobed.

# Application Information

#### Supply Voltage Monitor

#### **Reset Signal Polarity and Output Stage Structure**

RESET is an active LOW signal. It is developed with an open drain driver. If a pullup resistor is required, typical values are  $10k\Omega$  to  $50k\Omega$ .

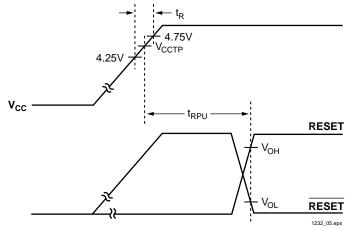
RESET is an active High signal developed by a CMOS push-pull output stage and is the logical opposite to RESET.

#### **Trip Point Tolerance Selection**

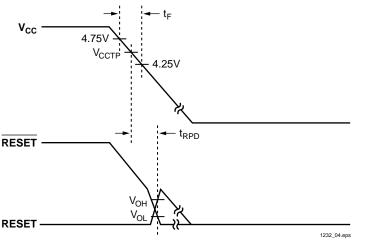
With TOL connected to  $V_{CC}$ , RESET and  $\overrightarrow{RESET}$  become active whenever  $V_{CC}$  falls below 4.5V. RESET and  $\overrightarrow{RESET}$  become active when  $V_{CC}$  falls below 4.75V if TOL is connected to ground.

After  $V_{CC}$  has risen above the trip point set by TOL, RESET and RESET remain active for a minimum time period of 250ms.

On power-down, once  $V_{CC}$  falls below the reset threshold RESET stays LOW and is guaranteed to be 0.4V or less until  $V_{CC}$  drops below 1.2V. The active HIGH reset signal is valid down to a  $V_{CC}$  level of 1.2V also.







TRIP Point Voltage (V) Tolerance Select Tolerance Min Nominal Max  $TOL = V_{CC}$ 10% 4.25 4.37 4.49 TOL = GND 5% 4.5 4.62 4.74 1232 t02.ep

### Manual Reset Operation

Push-button switch input,  $\overline{\text{PBRST}}$ , allows the user to override the internal trip point detection circuits and issue reset signals. The pushbutton input is debounced and is normally pulled HIGH through an internal 40k $\Omega$  resistor.

When  $\overline{\text{PBRST}}$  is held LOW for the minimum time  $t_{\text{PB}}$ , both resets become active and remain active for approximately a minimum time period of 250ms after  $\overline{\text{PBRST}}$  returns HIGH.

The debounced input is guaranteed to recognize pulses greater than 20ms. No external pull-up resistor is required, since  $\overrightarrow{PBRST}$  is pulled HIGH by an internal 40k $\Omega$  resistor.

The PBRST can be driven from a TTL or CMOS logic line or shorted to ground with a mechanical switch.

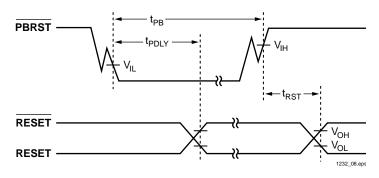


Figure 3. Timing Diagram: Pushbutton Reset

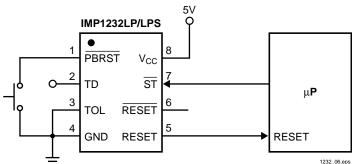


Figure 4. Application Circuit: Pushbutton Reset

Figure 2. Timing Diagram: Power Down

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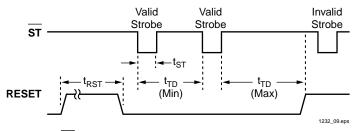


### **Application Information**

### Watchdog Timer and ST Input

A watchdog timer stops and restarts a microprocessor that is "hung-up". Through the time delay input, TD, three watchdog time-out periods are selectable: 150ms, 610ms and 1,200ms. If the strobe input, ST, is not strobed LOW prior to timeout, reset signals become active. On power-up or after the supply voltage returns to an in-tolerance condition, the reset signal remains active for 250ms minimum, allowing the power supply and system microprocessor to stabilize.

ST Pulses as short as 20ns can be detected.



Note: ST is ignored whenever a reset is active.

#### Figure 5. Timing Diagram: Strobe Input

A HIGH-to-LOW  $\overline{ST}$  signal transition must be regularly issued no later than the minimum time-out period defined by the state of the TD signal. This guarantees the watchdog timer does not time-out.

Timeouts periods of approximately 150ms, 610ms or 1,200ms are selected through the TD pin.

TD Voltage Level	Watchdog Time-Out Period (ms)			
TD Voltage Level	Min	Nominal	Max	
GND	62.5	150	250	
Floating	250	610	1000	
V <sub>CC</sub>	500	1200	2000	
			1232_t03.eps	

The watchdog timer cannot be disabled. It must be strobed with a high-to-low transition to avoid a watchdog timeout.

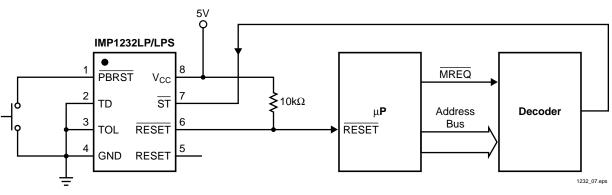


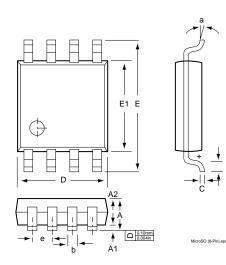
Figure 6. Application Circuit: Watchdog Timer



# IMP1232LP/LPS

# Package Dimensions

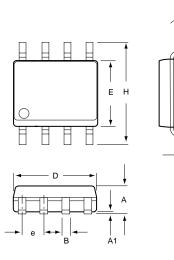
### MicroSO (8-Pin)



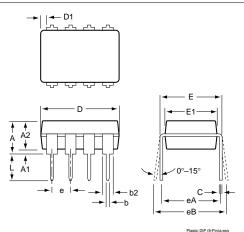
SO (8-Pin)

0°- 8°

SO (8-Pin).e



### Plastic DIP (8-Pin)



Inches		Millimeters			
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
MicroSO (8-Pin)*					
A		0.0433		1.10	
A1	0.0020	0.0059	0.050	0.15	
A2	0.0295	0.0374	0.75	0.95	
b	0.0098	0.0157	0.25	0.40	
С	0.0051	0.0091	0.13	0.23	
D	0.1142	0.1220	2.90	3.10	
е	0.025	6 BSC	0.65	BSC	
Е	0.193	BSC	4.90	BSC	
E1	0.1142	0.1220	2.90	3.10	
L	0.0157	0.0276	0.40	0.70	
а	0°	6°	0°	6°	
·		SO (8-P	in)**		
Α	0.053	0.069	1.35	1.75	
A1	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25	
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51	
С	0.007	0.010	0.19	0.25	
е	0.050		1.27		
E	0.150	0.157	3.80	4.00	
Н	0.228	0.244	5.80	6.20	
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27	
D	0.189	0.197	4.80	2.00	
		Plastic DIP	(8-Pin)***		
A		0.210		5.33	
A1	0.015		0.38		
A2	0.115	0.195	2.92	4.95	
b	0.014	0.022	0.36	0.56	
b2	0.045	0.070	1.14	1.78	
b3	0.030	0.045	0.80	1.14	
D	0.355	0.400	9.02	10.16	
D1	0.005		0.13		
Е	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.26	
E1	0.240	0.280	6.10	7.11	
е	0.100		2.54		
eA	0.300		7.62		
eВ		0.430		10.92	
eC		0.060			
L	0.115	0.150	2.92	3.81	
* JEI	DEC Drawing	MO-187AA		1232_t04.	

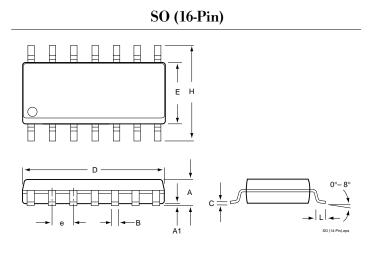
\* JEDEC Drawing MO-187AA \*\* JEDEC Drawing MS-112AA \*\*\* JEDEC Drawing MS-001BA



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## Package Dimensions



Inches			Millimeters				
	Min	Max	Min	Max			
	SO (16-Pin)*						
Α	0.926	0.1043	2.35	2.65			
A1	0.0040	0.0118	0.10	0.30			
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51			
С	0.0091	0.0125	0.23	0.32			
D	0.3977	0.4133	10.10	10.50			
Е	0.2914	0.2662	7.40	7.60			
е	0.050	BSC	1.27	BSC			
Н	0.394	0.419	10.00	10.65			
L	0.016	0.050	0.40	1.27			
* IFDFC Drawing MS-013AA							

\* JEDEC Drawing MS-013AA



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