International TOR Rectifier REPETITIVE AVAILANCHE AND dv/dt RATED HEXFET® TRANSISTOR

PD-90672C

IRHF7230 IRHF8230 JANSR2N7262 JANSH2N7262

[REF:MIL-PRF-19500/601]

N CHANNEL

MEGA RAD HARD

200Volt, 0.35Ω, MEGA RAD HARD HEXFET

International Rectifier's RAD HARD technology HEXFETs demonstrate excellent threshold voltage stability and breakdown voltage stability at total radiaition doses as high as 1x10⁶ Rads(Si). Under **identical** pre- and post-irradiation test conditions, International Rectifier's RAD HARD HEXFETs retain **identical** electrical specifications up to 1 x 10⁵ Rads (Si) total dose. No compensation in gate drive circuitry is required. These devices are also capable of surviving transient ionization pulses as high as 1 x 10¹² Rads (Si)/Sec, and return to normal operation within a few microseconds. Since the RAD HARD process utilizes International Rectifier's patented HEXFET technology, the user can expect the highest quality and reliability in the industry.

RAD HARD HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits in space and weapons environments.

Product Summary

Part Number	BVDSS	RDS(on)	I D
IRHF7230	200V	0.35Ω	5.5A
IRHF8230	200V	0.35Ω	5.5A

Features:

- Radiation Hardened up to 1 x 10⁶ Rads (Si)
- Single Event Burnout (SEB) Hardened
- Single Event Gate Rupture (SEGR) Hardened
- Gamma Dot (Flash X-Ray) Hardened
- Neutron Tolerant
- Identical Pre- and Post-Electrical Test Conditions
- Repetitive Avalanche Rating
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Hermetically Sealed
- Surface Mount
- Lightweight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Pre-Irradiation

	Parameter	IRHF7230, IRHF8230	Units
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	5.5	
ID @ VGS = 12V, TC = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	3.5	A
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current @	22	
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	25	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.2	W/°C
VGS	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy 3	240	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt @	5.0	V/ns
TJ	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		°C
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)	
	Weight	0.98 (typical)	g

Electrical Characteristics @ Tj = 25°C (Unless Otherwise Specified) ①

	,				•	
	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BVDSS	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	_	_	V	VGS = 0V, ID = 1.0mA
ΔBV _{DSS} /ΔT _J	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	_	0.25	_	V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I _D = 1.0mA
RDS(on)	Static Drain-to-Source On-State	_	_	0.35	0	VGS = 12V, ID = 3.5A ⑤
	Resistance	_	_	0.36	Ω	VGS = 12V, ID = 5.5A ⑤
VGS(th)	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	_	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_{D} = 1.0 \text{mA}$
9fs .	Forward Transconductance	2.5	_	_	S (\(\overline{U}\))	VDS > 15V, IDS = 3.5A ©
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	_	_	25	μА	V _{DS} = 0.8 x Max Rating,V _{GS} =0V
		_	_	250	μΑ	VDS = 0.8 x Max Rating
						VGS = 0V, TJ = 125°C
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	_	_	100	π Λ	VGS = 20V
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	_	_	-100	nA	Vgs = -20V
Qg	Total Gate Charge	_	_	50		VGS =12V, ID = 5.5A
Qgs	Gate-to-Source Charge	_	_	10	nC	V _{DS} = Max Rating x 0.5
Qgd	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	_	_	25		
td(on)	Turn-On Delay Time	_	_	25		$V_{DD} = 100V, I_{D} = 5.5A,$
tr	Rise Time	_		40		$R_G = 7.50\Omega$
td(off)	Turn-Off Delay Time	_	_	60	ns	
tf	FallTime	_	_	45		
LD	Internal Drain Inductance	_	5.0	_	nH	Measured from drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal from package to center inductances.
LS	Internal Source Inductance	_	15	_		of die. Measured from source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad.
Ciss	Input Capacitance	_	1100			VGS = 0V, VDS = 25V
Coss	Output Capacitance	_	250	_	pF	f = 1.0MHz
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		55	_		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics ①

	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
Is	Continuous Source Current (Body Dioc	de) —	_	5.5	Α	Modified MOSFET symbol
ISM	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ②		_	22		showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier.
VSD	Diode Forward Voltage		-	1.4	V	$T_j = 25$ °C, $I_S = 5.5$ A, $V_{GS} = 0$ V (§
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time		_	400	ns	Tj = 25°C, IF = 5.5A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs
QRR	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	-	3.0	μС	V _{DD} ≤ 50V ⑤
ton	Forward Turn-On Time Intrinsic turn	On Time Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed in				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
RthJC	Junction-to-Case	_	_	5.0		
R _{th} -PCB	Junction-to-Ambient	_	_	175	°C/W	Typical socket mount

IRHF7230, IRHF8230, JANSR-, JANSH-, 2N7262 Devices **Radiation Characteristics**

Radiation Performance of Rad Hard HEXFETs

are tested to verify their hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier comprises three radiation environments.

Every manufacturing lot is tested in a low dose rate (total dose) environment per MIL-STD-750, test method 1019 condition A. International Rectifier has imposed a standard gate condition of 12 volts per note 6 and a $\rm V_{DS}$ bias condition equal to 80% of the device rated voltage per note 7. Pre- and post- irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1 x 105 Rads (Si) are identical and are presented in Table 1, column 1, IRHF7230. Post-irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1 x 106 Rads (Si) are presented in Table

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened HEXFETs 1, column 2, IRHF8230. The values in Table 1 will be met for either of the two low dose rate test circuits that are used. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct com-

> High dose rate testing may be done on a special request basis using a dose rate up to 1 x 10¹² Rads (Si)/Sec (See Table 2).

> International Rectifier radiation hardened HEXFETs have been characterized in heavy ion Single Event Effects (SEE) environments. Single Event Effects characterization is shown in Table 3.

Table 1. Low Dose Rate 6 ⑦	IRHF7230	IRHF8230
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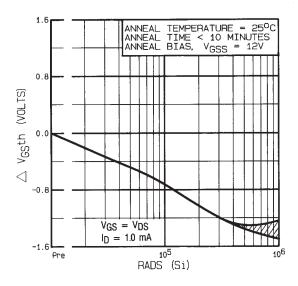
	Parameter	100K F	100K Rads (Si)		Rads (Si)	Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
BV _{DSS}	/GS(th) Gate Threshold Voltage ⑤		_	200	_	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_{D} = 1.0 \text{mA}$
VGS(th)			4.0	1.25	4.5		$VGS = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 1.0 \text{mA}$
IGSS			100	_	100	nA	V _{GS} = 20V
IGSS	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	_	-100	_	-100		V _{GS} = -20 V
IDSS	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		25	_	50	μΑ	V _{DS} =0.8 x Max Rating, V _{GS} =0V
R _{DS(on)1}	S(on)1 Static Drain-to-Source ©		1.225	_	1.68	Ω	$V_{GS} = 12V, I_{D} = 3.5A$
On-State Resistance One							
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ⑤	_	1.4	_	1.4	V	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, $I_S = 5.5A$, $V_{GS} = 0V$

Table 2. High Dose Rate ®

		10 ¹¹ F	0 ¹¹ Rads (Si)/sec 10 ¹² Rads (Si				Si)/sec		
	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Test Conditions
V _{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	<u> </u>	_	160	_	_	160	V	Applied drain-to-source voltage during
									gamma-dot
IPP			20	_	_	20	-	Α	Peak radiation induced photo-current
di/dt		_	_	160	_	_	8.0	A/µsec	Rate of rise of photo-current
L ₁		1.0	_	_	20	_		μH	Circuit inductance required to limit di/dt

Table 3. Single Event Effects

lon	LET (Si) (MeV/mg/cm²)	Fluence (ions/cm²)	Range (µm)	V _{DS} Bias (V)	V _{GS} Bias (V)
Cu	28	3x 10 ⁵	~43	180	-5



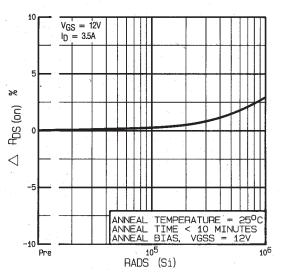
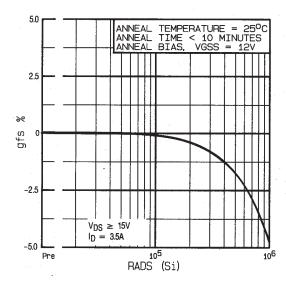


Fig 1. Typical Response of Gate Threshhold Voltage Vs. Total Dose Exposure

Fig 2. Typical Response of On-State Resistance Vs. Total Dose Exposure



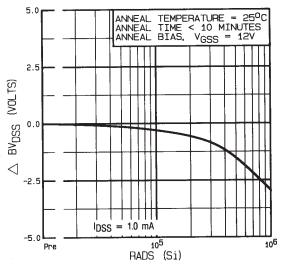
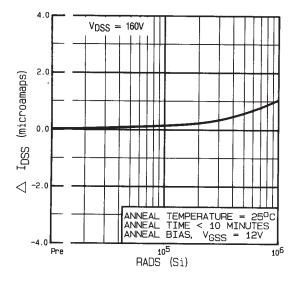


Fig 3. Typical Response of Transconductance Vs. Total Dose Exposure

Fig 4. Typical Response of Drain to Source Breakdown Vs. Total Dose Exposure



30

30

ANNEAL TEMPERATURE = 25°C
ANNEAL TIME < 10 MINUTES
ANNEAL BIAS, VGSS = 12V

1012

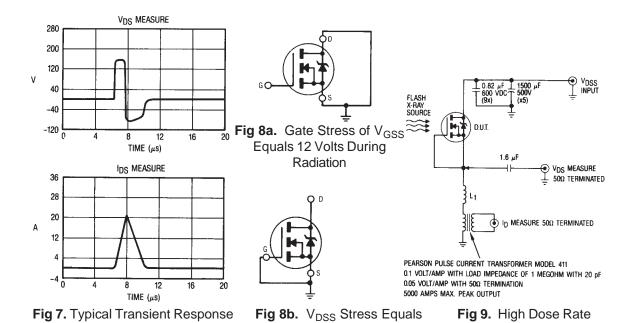
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NEUTRON FLUENCE (NEUTRON/CM²)

Fig 5. Typical Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current Vs. Total Dose Exposure

Fig 6. Typical On-State Resistance Vs. Neutron Fluence Level

(Gamma Dot) Test Circuit



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80% of B_{VDSS} During Radiation

of Rad Hard HEXFET During

1x10¹² Rad (Si)/Sec Exposure

IRHF7230, IRHF8230, JANSR-, JANSH-, 2N7262 Devices

Radiation Characterstics

Note: Bias Conditions during radiation: Vgs = 12 Vdc, Vps = 0 Vdc

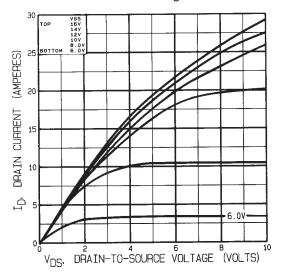
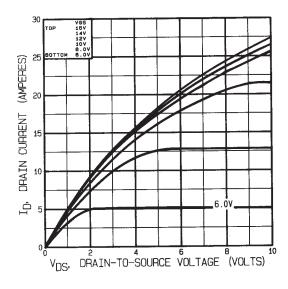
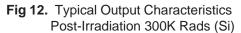


Fig 10. Typical Output Characteristics Pre-Irradiation

Fig 11. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 100K Rads (Si)





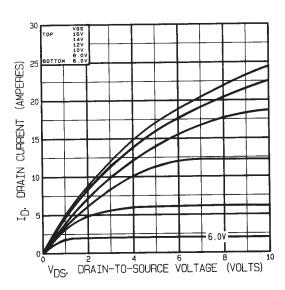


Fig 13. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 1 Mega Rads (Si)

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Radiation Characterstics

Note: Bias Conditions during radiation: Vgs = 0 Vdc, Vps = 160 Vdc

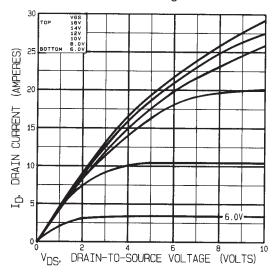
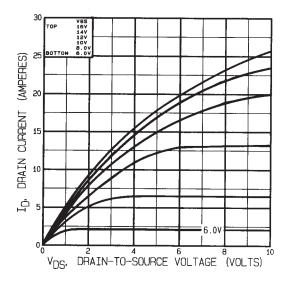
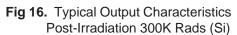


Fig 14. Typical Output Characteristics Pre-Irradiation

Fig 15. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 100K Rads (Si)





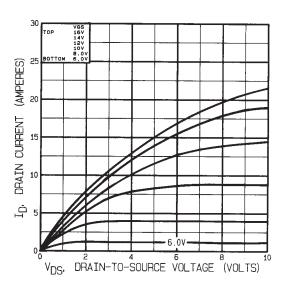
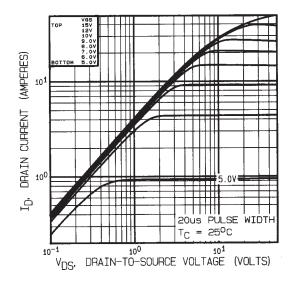


Fig 17. Typical Output Characteristics Post-Irradiation 1 Mega Rads (Si)



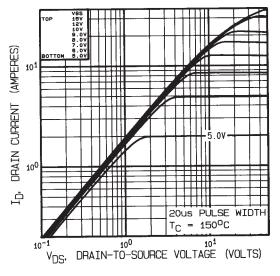
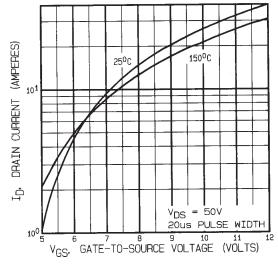


Fig 18. Typical Output Characteristics

Fig 19. Typical Output Characteristics





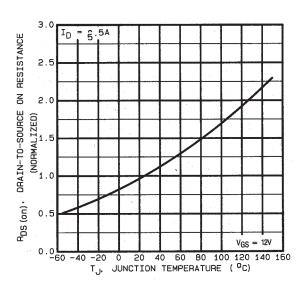


Fig 21. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

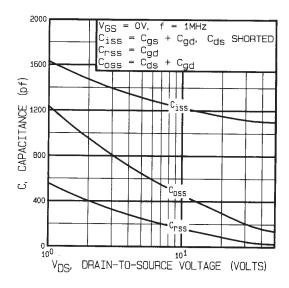


Fig 22. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

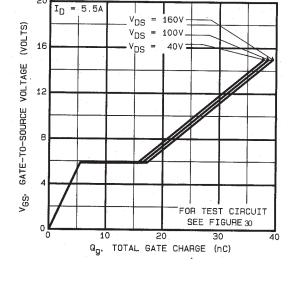


Fig 23. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

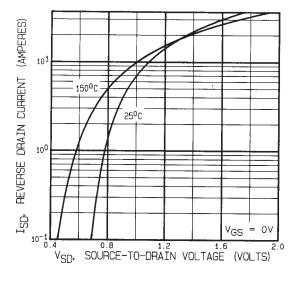


Fig 24. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

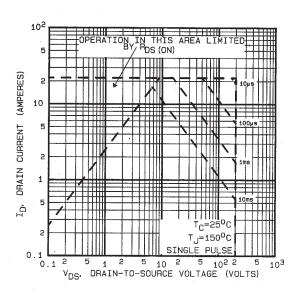


Fig 25. Maximum Safe Operating Area

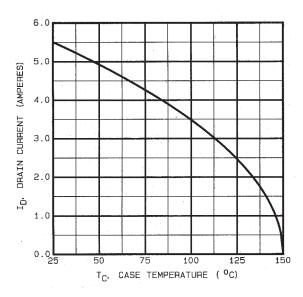


Fig 26. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

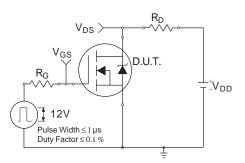


Fig 27a. Switching Time Test Circuit

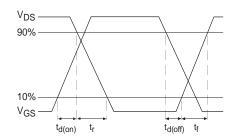


Fig 27b. Switching Time Waveforms

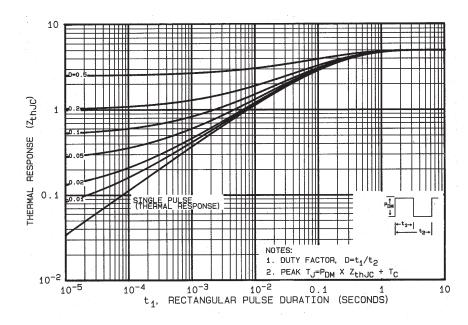


Fig 28. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

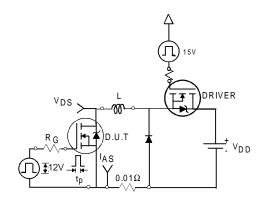


Fig 29a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

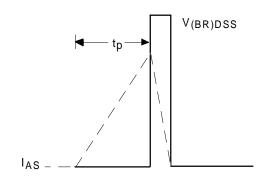


Fig 29b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

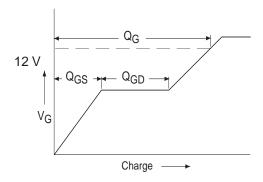


Fig30a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

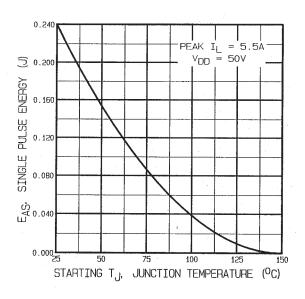


Fig 29c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

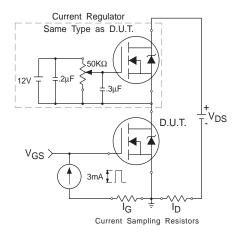


Fig 30b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

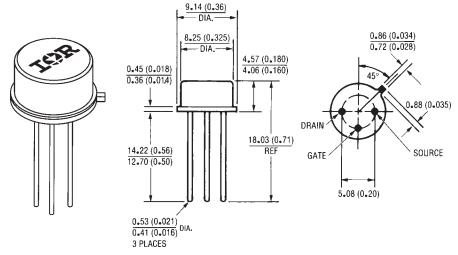
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Pre-Irradiation

- ① See Figures 18 through 30 for pre-radiation curves
- ② Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
- ③ V_{DD} = 25V, Starting T_J = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, Peak I_L = 5.5A, L≥11mH, R_G =25 Ω
- \P ISD \leq 5.5A, di/dt \leq 120A/μs, VDD \leq BVDSS, TJ \leq 150°C Suggested RG =7.5 Ω
- ⑤ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

- ® Total Dose Irradiation with V_GS Bias. 12 volt V_GS applied and V_DS = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, codition A.
- Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.
 V_{DS} = 0.8 rated BV_{DSS} (pre-radiation) applied and V_{GS} = 0 during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ® This test is performed using a flash x-ray source operated in the e-beam mode (energy ~2.5 MeV), 30 nsec pulse.
- All Pre-Irradiation and Post-Irradiation test conditions are identical to facilitate direct comparison for circuit applications.

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-205AF (Modified TO-39)



All dimensions are shown millimeters (inches)

International Rectifier

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