

Monolithic Integrated Circuit

Applications: FM-front end for Hi-Fi and car-radios, mixer modulator and phase-sensitive detectors up to 250 MHz.

Features:

- Excellent large signal behavior
- High oscillator frequency stability, even by large input signals
- Low external power level of the oscillator
- Low radiation
- Low noise figure
- Build-in AGC amplifier for external PIN-diode
- High overall amplification
- Specially recommende for varactor tuned front ends
- Buffered oscillator output Pinning and function fully compatible with TDA 1062

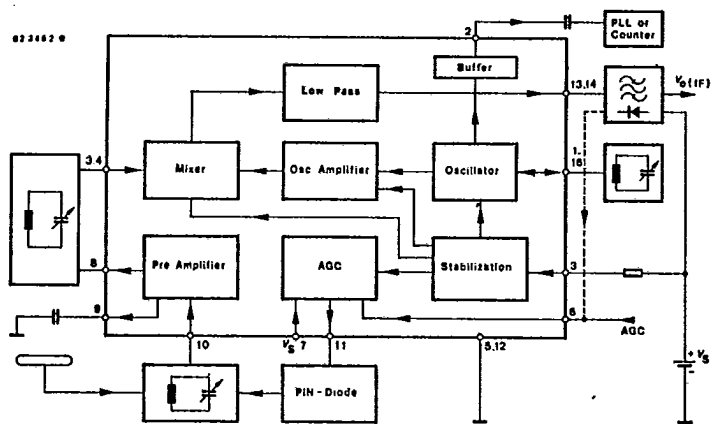


Fig. 1 Block diagram

Absolute maximum ratings

Supply voltage	Pin 6	$V_S$	16	V
Power dissipation $T_{amb} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		$P_{tot}$	400	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient temperature range		$T_{amb}$	-25...+85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	-55...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$

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Thermal resistance	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Junction ambient			100	K/W
	$R_{th,JA}$			

Electrical characteristics

$V_S = 10$  V, reference point Pin 5, 12,  $f_i = 50.3$  MHz,  $f_{osc} = 100$  MHz,  $P_i = -40$  dBm,  
 $V_{AGC} = 0$ ,  $R_G = R_L = 50 \Omega$ ,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , see test circuit Fig. 3, unless otherwise specified

Supply voltage range	Pin 6	$V_S$	8	16	V
Total supply current		$I_S$	28		mA
Mixer current	Pin 13/14		10	16.5	mA
Stabilized base voltage	Pin 3		3.8	4.2	4.8
RF stage collector voltage	Pin 8	$V_{CE}$	4.4	5	6.6
$V_{AGC} = 5$ V	Pin 8	$V_{CE}$		1.2	1.8
RF stage base voltage	Pin 9	$V_{BE}$		0.7	
Oscillator stage collector voltage	Pin 1/16	$V_{CE}$	1.7	2.3	2.6
Power gain					
$f_{if} = f_{osc} - f_i$	Fig. 4 Pin 13/14	$G_p$	13	17	20.5
RF rejection	Fig. 4 Pin 13/14	$d_{RF}$	17	30	
3 <sup>rd</sup> order distortion	Fig. 4 Pin 13/14	$d_{3rd}$		48	
Oscillator output					
$R_L = 50 \Omega$	Pin 2	$V_{oosc}$	25	40	mV

Electrical characteristics

$V_S = 10$  V,  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , reference point Pin 5, 12,  $f_i = 95$  MHz,  $R_G = R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Fig. 5

Total supply current		$I_S$	30		mA
Tuning range		$\Delta f$	88	108	MHz
IF-frequency		$f_{IF}$	10.7		MHz
Tuning voltage range		$V_{tun}$	2	7.5	V
Power gain		$G_p$	30		dB
Noise figure		$F$	5.5		dB
IF bandwidth		$B_{IF}$	0.5		MHz
RF-bandwidth		$B_{RF}$	1.7		MHz
image rejection		$S_{IR}$	80		dB
IF-rejection		$IFR$	100		dB
Ultimate quieting					
-40 dBm, $\Delta f = \pm 75$ kHz, $f = 1$ kHz					
$B_{AF} = 30$ Hz...15 kHz		$a_{tor}$	70		dB
Oscillator pulling					
$P_i = 0$ dBm		$\Delta f_{osc}$	10		kHz
with AGC		$\Delta f_{osc}$	2		kHz
AGC threshold		$P_{IAGC}$	-30		dBm
Radiation at antenna input		$P_{nt}$	-60		dBm
Gain difference					
$f = 88$ ...108 MHz		$\Delta G_p$	1.5		dB
Oscillator output					
$R_L = 50 \Omega$	Pin 2	$V_{oosc}$	40		mV

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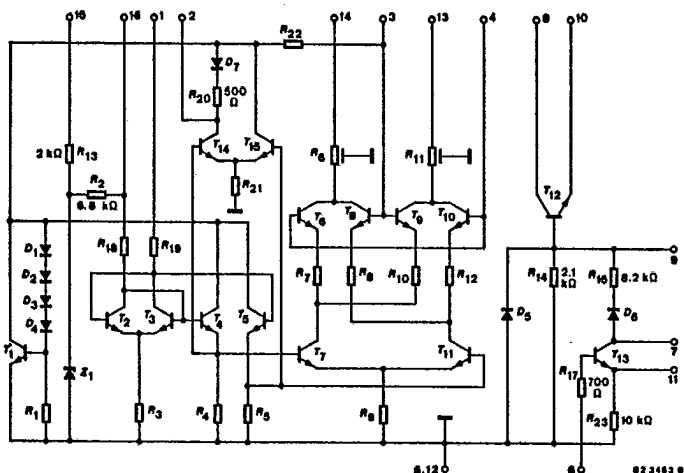
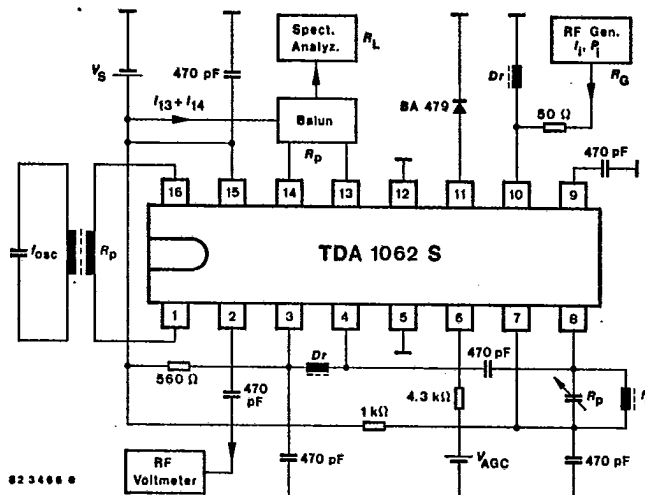


Fig. 2 Diagram and pin connections

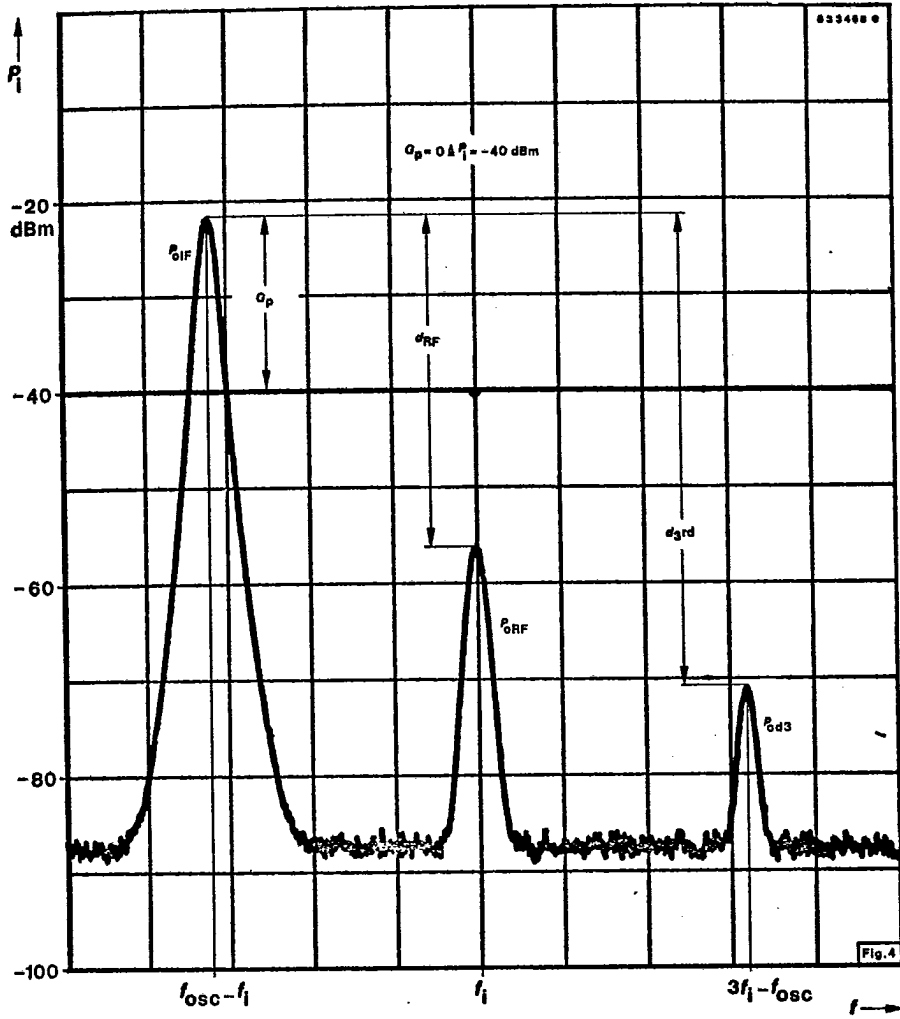


Electrical characteristics of the test circuit without IC in the socket

- RF-Input Pin 10 with  $R_G = 50 \Omega$  terminated
- RF-circuit Pin 8/5 at  $f = 50.3 \text{ MHz}$ :  $B = 5.6 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $C_p = 5.5 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_p = 1 \Omega$
- IF-circuit Pin 13/14 with  $R_L = 50 \Omega$  terminated: at  $f = 50 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $R_p = 200 \Omega$
- Oscillator circuit Pin 1/16 at  $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ :  $B = 2.3 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $C_p = 3 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_p = 800 \Omega$

Fig. 3 Test circuit

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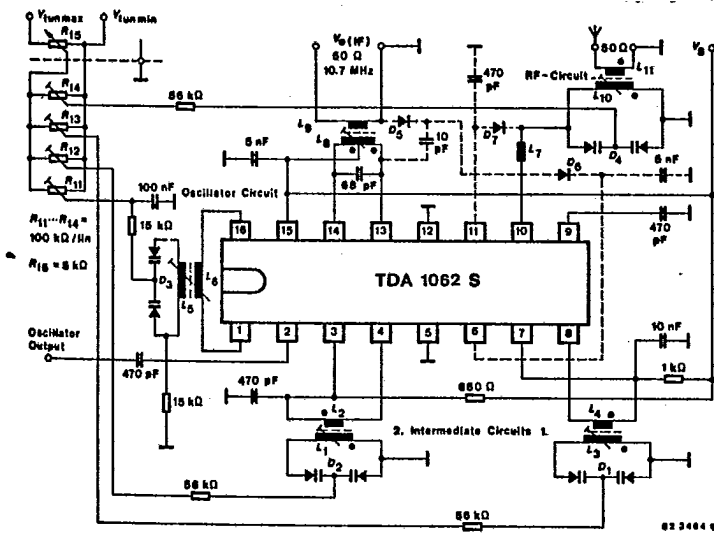


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- $D_1, D_2, D_3, D_4$  = BB 304 blue (BB 204 blue)
  - $D_5, D_6$  = 1 N 4151 all resistors  $\pm 10\%$
  - $D_7$  = PIN Diode BA 479
  - $L_1, L_3, L_5, L_{10}$  = on 4 mm bobbin Fa. Kaschke, Göttingen, core 3/7.5x0.5 Mat. K 3/12/100
  - $L_2, L_9$  = Vogt Filter D 4, core 3/7.5x0.5 Mat. FI 05 F7
  - $L_1$  = 5 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.8 mm CuAg at the cold end of  $L_1$
  - $L_2$  = 2 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.4 mm CuLs
  - $L_3$  = 5 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.8 mm CuAg at the cold end of  $L_3$
  - $L_4$  = 4 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.4 mm CuLs
  - $L_5$  = 6 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.8 mm CuAg wound in  $L_5$
  - $L_6$  = 3 3/4 WdG  $\phi$  0.4 mm CuLs
  - $L_7$  = 19 WdG  $\phi$  0.15 mm CuLs  $\phi$  3.5 mm air-core coil
  - $L_8$  = 2x15 WdG  $\phi$  0.15 mm CuLs double wound
  - $L_9$  = 2 WdG  $\phi$  0.2 mm CuLs wound on  $L_6$
  - $L_{10}$  = 6 WdG  $\phi$  0.8 mm CuAG at the cold end of  $L_{10}$
  - $L_{11}$  = 1 WdG  $\phi$  0.4 mm CuLs
- CuLs  $\hat{=}$  single-nylon enamelled wire

Alignment: 88 MHz ( $V_{unmin}$ ) Inductors, 108 MHz ( $V_{unmax}$ )  $R_{11} \dots R_{14}$   
 No iteration of the alignment is necessary. The dotted line shows the external circuit for the AGC.

Fig. 5 Test circuit and application note

Supply voltage must be disconnected before inserting the integrated circuit in the socket.

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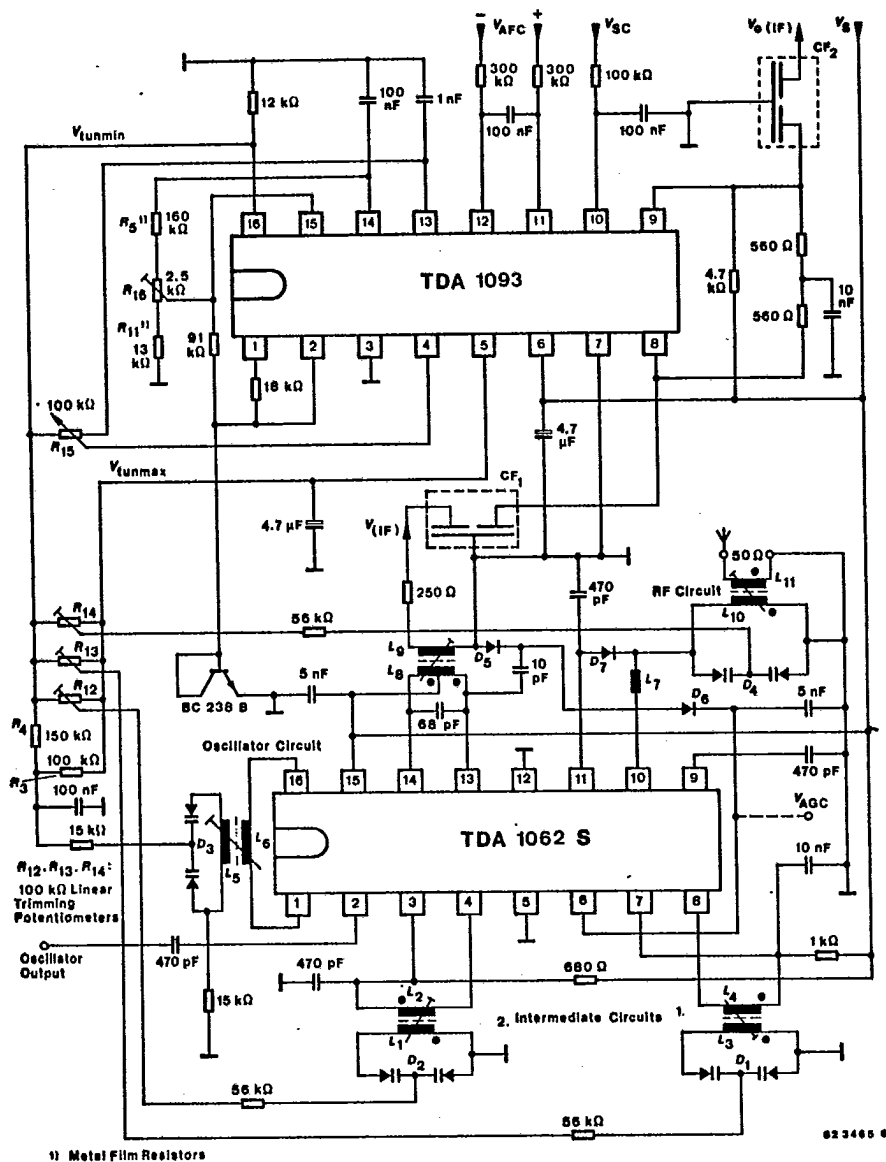
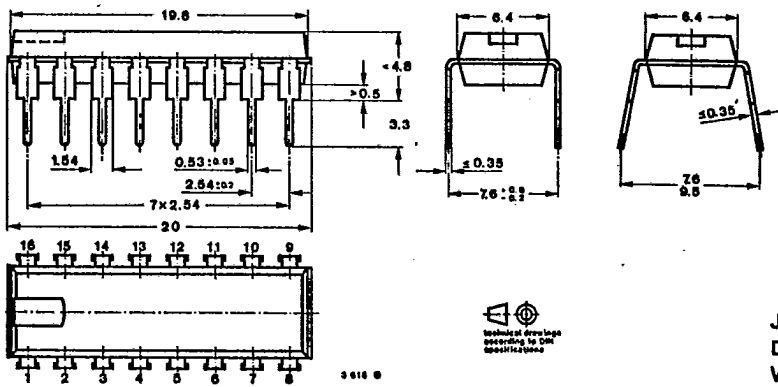


Fig. 6 FM-front end with tuning interface integrated circuit TDA 1093

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Dimensions in mm



JEDEC MO 001  
DIP 16  
Weight max. 1.5 g