

Product Specifications

31.5" WXGA Color TFT-LCD Module Model Name: T315XW01 V0

> (*) Preliminary Specifications () Final Specifications

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Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0.1	2004/5/5	All		All	First Issued



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.51 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW01. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1366x768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.51 inch. This module supports 1366x768 XGA-WIDE mode (Non-interlace). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW01 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.51 inches		
Display Area	697.68 (H) x 392.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0(V) x 47.25(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1366 x 768	Pixel	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		

* General Information

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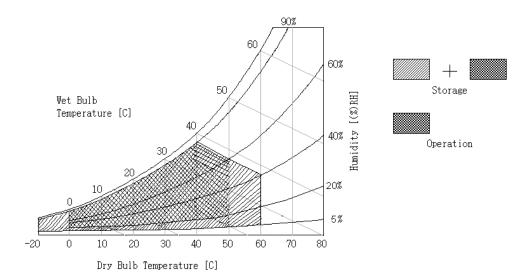
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit.

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	VDD	-0.3	(5.5)	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	(3.6)	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	27	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	BLON	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	ТОР	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	НОР	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2

Note 1 : Duration = 50msec

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39° C and No condensation.





3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW01 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol		Unit	Notes		
		Min	Тур	Max		
LCD:						
Power Supply Input Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc	
Power Supply Input Current	Icc	-	1.5	TBD	mA	1
Power Consumption	Pc	-	7.5	TBD	Watt	1
Inrush Current	I _{RUSH}	-	-	2.5	Apeak	2
Backlight Power Consumption			120	TBD	Watt	
Life Time		60,000			Hours	3

Note :

- 1. Vcc=5.0V, $f_v = 60$ Hz, fCLK=TBD Mhz, 25°C,
- 2. Duration = $470 \,\mu s$
- **3.** The performance of the Lamp in LCM, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed so as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. When you confirm it, the LCD Assembly should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
- 4. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
- 5. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.



3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD connector (CN1): JAE FI-E30S or equivalent

:

- Mating Connector
- LVDS Transmitter: SN75LVDS83(Texas Instruments) or equivalent

Note:

1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame. All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.

No	Signal	No	Signal
1	<i>N.C.</i>	16	GND
2	<i>N.C.</i>	17	Rx3-
3	<i>N.C.</i>	18	<i>Rx3</i> +
4	GND	19	GND
5	Rx0-	20	Reserved.
6	Rx0+	21	LVDS Option
7	GND	22	(Rotate Option)
8	Rx1-	23	GND
9	<i>Rx1</i> +	24	GND
10	GND	25	GND
11	<i>Rx2</i> -	26	Vdd (+5V)
12	<i>Rx2</i> +	27	Vdd (+5V)
13	GND	28	Vdd (+5V)
14	RxCLK-	29	Vdd (+5V)
15	RxCLK+	30	Vdd (+5V)

** LVDS Option : H (3.3V) → NS (Normal)

L (GND) or NC 🗲 JETDA

** Rotate Optiob : H (3.3V) → U/D, R/L rotate

L (GND) → Normal



BACKLIGHT CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGURATION -

1 • Electrical specification

(Ta=25±5℃)

Item	Sym	h	Condition		Spec		Unit	
item	Sym	0.	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Voltage	VDD	В		21.6	24.0	26.4	VDC	
Input Current	IDD	В	VDDB=24V Dimming MAX	4.5	5.0	5.5	ADC	
Input Power	PDD	В	VDDB=24V Dimming MAX		120	132	W	
Inrush Current, 0.3ms	IRUS	ΒH	VDDB=24V Dimming MAX			6.0	ADC	
On/Off Control Voltage	VBLON	ON	VDDB=24V	2.0		5.0	VDC	
On/On Control Voltage	VBLON	OFF	VDDB=24V	-0.3		0.8		
On/Off Control Current	IBLO	N	VDDB=24V	-1.0		1.5	mADC	
Dimming Control Voltage	I VPWM	MAX	VDDB=24V		0		VDC	
Dimining Control Voltage		MIN	VDDB=24V		5.0		VDC	
Dimming Control Current	I_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V			1.5	mADC	
External PWM Control Voltage	E PWM	MAX		2.0		5.0	VDC	
External P w W Control voltage	E_P W WI	MIN		-0.3		0.8	VDC	
External PWM Control Current	E_IPW	M				1.5	mADC	
External PWM Duty Ratio	E_DPV	VM		30		100	%	
External PWM Frequency	E_FPV	VM		150		300	Hz	

2 · Input specification

CN: JST JST PHR-14

No	Function
1	+24V
2	+24V
3	+24V
4	+24V
5	+24V
6	GND
7	GND
8	GND
9	GND
10	GND
11	VDIM (LCD Bright)
12	BLON
13	E_PWM
14	GND



3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Ite	em	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock	Freq.	1/Tclk		81	90	MHz
Vsync	Freq.	1/Yv		60		Hz
Vertical	TTL		774		1024	Th
vertical	Active	Tvd		768		Th
Horizontal	TTL		1406	1606	2048	DCLK
TIOTZOIItai	Active	Thd		1366		DCLK

*1) DCLK signal input must be valid while power supply is applied.

*2) Display position is specific by the rise of ENAB signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the falling edge of 1st DCLK right after the rise of ENAB, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

Vertical display position is specified by the rise of ENAB after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of ENAB is displayed at the top line of screen.

3.) If a period of ENAB "High" is less than 1366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of ENAB "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms

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3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

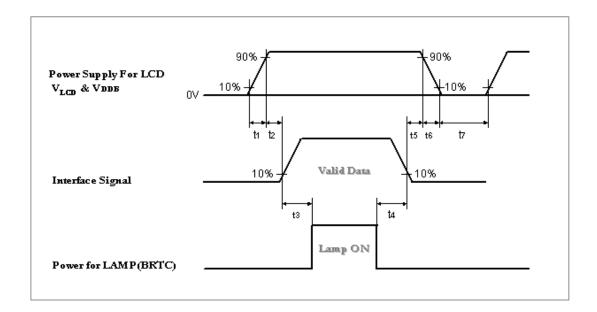
COLOR DATA	A REFERENCE
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										-		Inpu	ıt Co	olor	Data	l									
Color					RI	ED							GRI	EEN							BL	UE			
		MS	В					Ι	LSB	MS	В					Ι	LSB	MS	В					Ι	LSB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED															•										
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE								1											1						
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6 Power Sequence



		Units		
Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	
t1	470	-	1000	us
t2	5	-	-	ms
t3	200	-	-	ms
t4	200	-	-	ms
t5	5	-	-	ms
t6	-	-	30	ms
t7	1	-	-	S

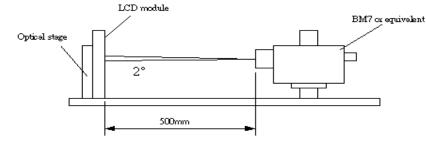
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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol		Values			Notes
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio	CR		(800)			1
Surface Luminance, white	LWH		(550)		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ white 5 μ	o 70			%	3
Response Time	Τγ		12]	ms	4 (Gray to
						Gray)
Rise Time	Tr		15	18	ms	
Decay Time	Tf		10	13	ms	
Color Coordinates						
RED	R _X		0.640]		
	R _Y		0.330			
GREEN	G _X		0.290			
	G _Y	Trm 0.02	0.600	$T_{\rm rm} + 0.02$		
BLUE	B _X	тур0.03	0.150	Typ.+0.03		
	B _Y		0.060			
WHITE	W _X		0.280			
	W _Y		0.290			
Viewing Angle]		
x axis, right($\varphi = 0^{\circ}$)	$ heta_{ m r}$		85		Degree	5
x axis, left($\varphi = 180^{\circ}$)	θ_{1}		85]		
y axis, up($\varphi = 90^{\circ}$)	$ heta_{ m u}$		85]		
y axis, down ($\varphi = 0^\circ$)	$\theta_{\rm d}$		85]		

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Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

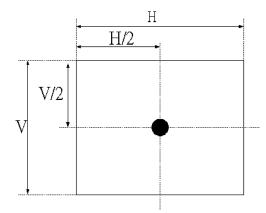
Contrast Ratio= Surface Luminance of L_{on1} Surface Luminance of L_{off1}

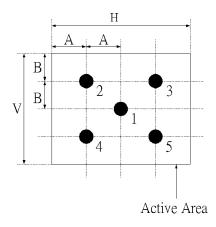
- Surface luminance is luminance value at point 1 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When VDDB = 24V, IDDB = 5A. L_{WH}=Lon1 Where Lon1 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 1 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δ WHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:

 $\delta_{\text{WHITE(5P)}}$ = Minimum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on5})/Maximum(L_{on1}, L_{on2},...,L_{on5})

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from to black (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from black to white (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see FIG3. Some gray to gray response time could be more than 16ms (75ms Max) because of material limitation.
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance





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FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

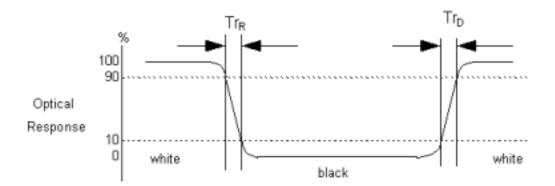
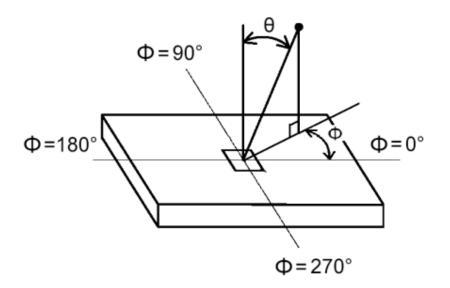


FIG.4 Viewing angle





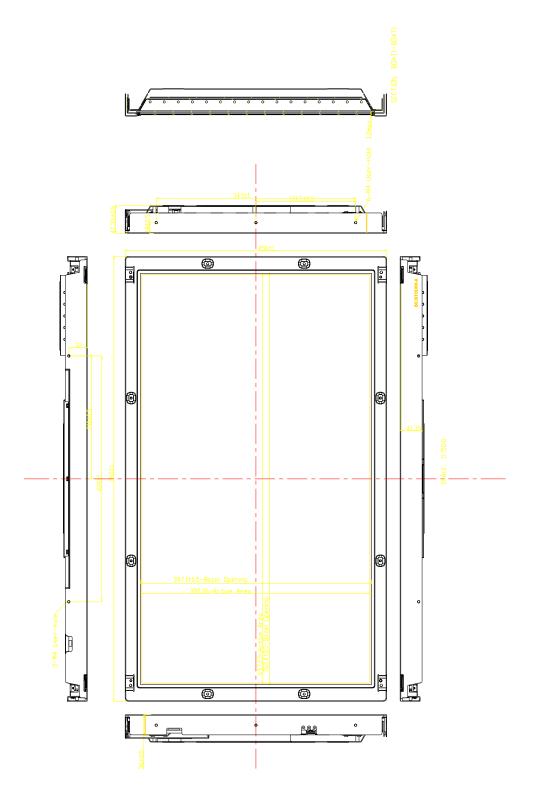
5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T296XW01. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

	Horizontal	760.0mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	450.0mm	
	Depth	47mm	
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	702.4mm	
	Vertical	397.1mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.1mm	
	Vertical	392.26mm	
Weight	(6000g Typ.)		
Surface Treatment	AG, 3H		

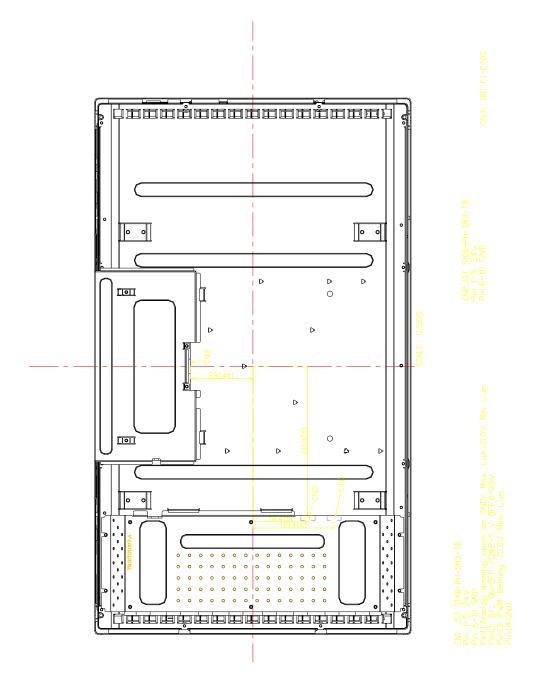


Front View



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6. Reliability

Environment test condition TBD

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7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

(1) UL1950 Third Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Jan. 28, 1995

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

(2) CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 950-95 Third Edition, Canadian Standards Association, Jan. 28, 1995 Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

(3) EN60950 : 1992+A2: 1993+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4: 1997+A11: 1997

IEC 950: 1991+A1: 1992+A2: 1993+C3: 1995+A4:1996

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

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8. Packing

9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

(1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.

(2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.

(3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.

(4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.

- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

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9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of flue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.