

# **MP2606** Single-Cell 1A Linear Li-Ion Battery Charger without Trickle Charge

The Future of Analog IC Technology

# DESCRIPTION

The MP2606 is a linear, high-performance single cell Li-lon battery charger. By integrating high voltage input protection into the charger IC, the MP2606 can tolerate an input surge up to 28V.

The device features constant current (CC) and constant voltage (CV) charging modes with programmable charge currents (85mA to 1A), programmable battery full threshold, thermal protection and reverse current blocking. The device also provides AC adapter power good and charge status indications to the system.

MP2606 is available in 10-pin 3mm x 3mm QFN package.

#### **EVALUATION BOARD REFERENCE**

Board Number	Dimensions			
EV2606DQ-00A	2.0" x 1.9" x 0.6"			

### **FEATURES**

- Input Surge up to 28V
- Adapter or USB Input
- Programmable Charge Current: 85mA to 1A
- Proprietary Constant Voltage Auto Recharge
- Proprietary Over-Voltage Protection
- 0.75% V<sub>BATT</sub> Accuracy
- <1µA Battery Reverse Current</li>
- 90µA Standby Current from V<sub>IN</sub>
- Over Current Protection
- AC Adapter Power Good Indicator
- Charge Status Indicator
- Programmable Soft-Start
- Programmable Charge Termination Current Threshold
- Tiny 3mm x 3mm QFN Package

# **APPLICATIONS**

- Cell Phones
- MP3/Multimedia Players
- Smart Phones
- PDAs
- Digital Cameras

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#### TYPICAL APPLICATION



PACKAGE REFERENCE

 For Tape & Reel, add suffix –Z (eg. MP2606DQ–Z) For RoHS Compliant Packaging, add suffix –LF (eg. MP2606DQ–LF–Z)

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

IN to GND	–0.3V to +28V
All Other Pins to GND	–0.3V to +6.5V
Junction Temperature	140°C
Lead Temperature	260°C
Storage Temperature	–65°C to +150°C

# Recommended Operating Conditions <sup>(2)</sup>

# Thermal Resistance (3) θ<sub>JA</sub> θ<sub>JC</sub> 3x3 QFN10 50 12... °C/W

- Notes:1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- Measured on approximately 1" square of 1 oz copper.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

$\mathbf{v}_{\text{IN}} = \mathbf{J}\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v}_{\text{EN}} = \mathbf{J}\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{I}_{\text{A}} = \mathbf{J}\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{J}\mathbf{O}, \text{unless otherwise not}$
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Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	
Supply Current	I <sub>SUPPLY</sub>	ĒN = High		TBD		μA	
Supply Current		$\overline{\text{EN}}$ = Low, I <sub>CHG</sub> = 0A		TBD			
		T = +25°C, I <sub>BATT</sub> = 0	TBD	TBD	TBD		
Battery Voltage Regulation	V <sub>BATT</sub>	$T = 0^{\circ}C$ to +50°C, $I_{BATT} = 0$	TBD	TBD	TBD	V	
		T = $-5^{\circ}$ C to $+75^{\circ}$ C, I <sub>BATT</sub> = 0	TBD	TBD	TBD		
Battery Over-Voltage Protection		V <sub>BATT</sub> = 4.25V			TBD	μA	
Constant Current Regulation	I <sub>CHG</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V <sub>BATT</sub> = 3.8V R <sub>CHG</sub> = 2.3kΩ	TBD	TBD	TBD	mA	
Constant Current Variation		$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{BATT} = 3.8V,$ $T_J = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +120^{\circ}C,$ $R_{CHG} = 1.6k\Omega \text{ to } 8.0k\Omega$	TBD	TBD	TBD	%I <sub>CHG</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	
Battery Full Programming Range		Refer to Operation section for programming I <sub>BF</sub>	TBD		TBD	%I <sub>CHG</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	
IBF Accuracy			TBD		TBD	%I <sub>BF</sub> <sup>(5)</sup>	
SS Pin Voltage		$C_{SS} = 0.1 \mu F, V_{BATT} = 3.6 V$	TBD	TBD	TBD	V	
Input ACOK Up Range			TBD	TBD	TBD	V	
Input ACOK Low Range			TBD	TBD	TBD	V	
EN Trip Threshold High			TBD			V	
EN Trip Threshold Low					TBD	V	

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### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
CHG , ACOK Sink Current		Pin Voltage = 0.4V	TBD			mA
Battery Reverse Current to BATT Pin		$\overline{EN}$ = Low and Input = Floating or $0V$			TBD	μA
TBD TBD Switch-On Resistance	R <sub>on</sub>	$V_{BATT}$ = 3.8V, $I_{BATT}$ = 300mA, R <sub>CHG</sub> = 1.7kΩ		TBD		Ω
Soft Thermal Shutdown Threshold			TBD	TBD	TBD	°C
Soft Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				TBD		°C
Soft-Start Time		C <sub>SS</sub> = 0.1µF	TBD	TBD	TBD	ms

#### $V_{IN}$ = 5V, $V_{EN}$ = 0V, $T_A$ = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Notes:

4)  $I_{CHG}$  is the target preprogrammed charge current (Die temperature below 110°C).

5)  $I_{BF}$  is the target preprogrammed battery full current threshold.

# **PIN FUNCTIONS**

Pin #	Name	Description		
1	IN	Input Supply Pin. IN receives the AC adapter or USB supply voltage.		
2	CHG	Open-Drain Charge Status Indicator. This pin is low during charging.		
3	ACOK	Open-Drain Input ACOK Indicator. This pin is low if the voltage at the IN pin is between 2.5V and 6V.		
4	ĒN	Charger IC Enable. An input "Low" signal at this pin or if the pin is floating will enable the IC.		
5	IBFH	Change Status Hysteresis Program Pin. (See the formular on page 7)		
6	GND	Ground.		
7	SS	Soft-Start Timer. Connect this pin to an external capacitor to program the soft-start startup time using the equation: $T_{SS} = \frac{C_{SS}}{0.1\mu F} \times 20m \text{ sec}$ .		
8	IBFL	Charge Status Threshold Program. Connect this pin to an external resistor to program the charge termination current or battery full charge current.		
9	ISET	Constant Charge Current Program. Connect this pin to an external resistor to program the charging current in CC Mode.		
10	BATT	Charger Output.		

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{IN}$  = 5V,  $C_{IN}$  = 4.7µF,  $C_{OUT}$  = 2.2µF,  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



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# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

 $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 2.2\mu$ F,  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.





Charge Current(500mA) vs. Ambient Temperature



### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **OPERATION**

#### **Input Voltage Range**

The MP2606 has built-in input voltage surge protection as high as +28V. The charger IC will be automatically disabled when the input voltage is lower than 2.5V or higher than 7.0V. The open-drain pin  $\overrightarrow{ACOK}$  is used to indicate an input power good condition (i.e.  $2.5V < V_{IN} < 7.0V$ ). If the input voltage is lower than the battery voltage, the IC is also disabled to prevent the battery from draining.

#### Charge Cycle (Mode Change: CC-> CV)

Figure 2 below shows the typical charging profile for the MP2606. Figure 3 shows the typical charging procedure. For a depleted battery the MP2606 will start with the constant current of the programmed value ( $I_{CHG}$ ). This is referred to as Constant Current (CC) mode. Once the battery voltage reaches 4.2V, the charger will operate in the constant voltage (CV) mode until the battery is fully charged. The charge current drops during CV mode, and the battery full indication is set when the charge current in the CV mode is reduced to the programmed full battery current (I<sub>BFL</sub>). After battery full is asserted, the output current needs to reach I<sub>BFH</sub> threshold to re-assert "In-charge" status.

The MP2606 can start up with heavy load and is stable without a battery connected to the BATT pin.







Figure 3—MP2606 Typical Charging Procedure

# Battery Over-Voltage Protection and Automatic Recharge

At any time when  $V_{BATT}$  is 50mV higher than the trimmed charge target, the MP2606 reduces its charge current to 0µA. This ensures the safety of the battery. Also, the CV control loop always monitors the battery voltage such that it will automatically recharge the battery when it is depleted below the target level.

# Programming of Charge Current and Battery Full Current

The charge current ( $I_{CHG}$ ) is set by a resistor ( $R_{CHG}$ ) connecting from the ISET pin to GND. The relationship of the charge current and the programming resistance is established by the following table and graph.

#### Table 1—R<sub>CHG</sub> and I<sub>CHG</sub> Relationship

R <sub>CHG</sub> (kΩ)	I <sub>CHG</sub> (mA)
1.82	913
2	835
2.16	778
2.5	677
3.32	521
4.32	410
5	357
7.5	236
8.45	208
10	176



Figure 4—Charge Current vs 1/R<sub>CHG</sub> Resistance

The recommended resistance for programming the charge current is  $2.3k\Omega < R_{CHG} < 11k\Omega$ . The battery full charge current threshold (I<sub>BFL</sub>) is programmed by connecting a resistor R<sub>BFL</sub> from the IBFL pin to GND:

(1) 
$$I_{BFL} = \frac{1A \times 1.7k\Omega}{R_{BFL}}$$
  
(2)  $I_{BFH} = \frac{1A \times 1.7k\Omega}{R_{BFH}//R_{BFL}}$ 

Where  $2R_{CHG} < R_{BFL} < 10R_{CHG}$ . The open-drain pin  $\overline{CHG}$  is used to indicate charging status. When the battery full condition is reached or any other condition prevents the charger from charging,  $\overline{CHG}$  will become a floating pin.

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#### Charge Status Indicator (CHG)

The MP2606 has an integrated charge status pin that remains low while the battery is charging. Once the charge current has reduced to the battery full charge current threshold ( $I_{BFL}$ ), the  $\overline{CHG}$  pin will become high impedance.

#### **Thermal Protection**

The MP2606 has proprietary thermal protection to prevent the IC from overheating. When in thermal protection mode, the charge current becomes a saw-tooth waveform instead of a DC current. The average current of the sawtooth waveform will be lower than the programmed DC charge current to prevent the IC from overheating. The frequency and amplitude of the saw-tooth current waveform can be altered by changing the capacitance value connected to the SS pin. Operating in thermal protection mode will slow down the charging process. Lowering the input voltage and enhancing thermal dissipation to the environment can effectively prevent the IC from going into thermal protection mode.

#### APPLICATION

#### **Flow Chart of Operation**

Power-On Reset (POR) feature can be applied to the MP2606 to ensure that the device starts operating in a known state. The flow chart in Figure 4 describes the conditions and operation modes of the MP2606. CVC and CCC stand for "constant voltage charge" and "constant current charge", respectively.





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# **PACKAGE INFORMATION**



#### **RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN**

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