intersil

ISL83070E, ISL83071E, ISL83072E, ISL83073E, ISL83075E, ISL83076E, ISL83077E, ISL83078E

Data Sheet

March 21, 2006

FN6115.3

±15kV ESD Protected, 3.3V, Full Fail-safe, Low Power, High Speed or Slew Rate Limited, RS-485/RS-422 Transceivers

The Intersil ISL8307XE are BiCMOS 3.3V powered, single transceivers that meet both the RS-485 and RS-422 standards for balanced communication. These devices have very low bus currents ($+125\mu$ A/-100\muA), so they present a true "1/8 unit load" to the RS-485 bus. This allows up to 256 transceivers on the network without violating the RS-485 specification's 32 unit load maximum, and without using repeaters. For example, in a remote utility meter reading system, individual meter readings are routed to a concentrator via an RS-485 network, so the high allowed node count minimizes the number of repeaters required.

Receiver (Rx) inputs feature a "Full Fail-Safe" design, which ensures a logic high Rx output if Rx inputs are floating, shorted, or terminated but undriven.

Hot Plug circuitry ensures that the Tx and Rx outputs remain in a high impedance state while the power supply stabilizes.

The ISL83070E through ISL83075E utilize slew rate limited drivers which reduce EMI, and minimize reflections from improperly terminated transmission lines, or unterminated stubs in multidrop and multipoint applications. Slew rate limited versions also include receiver input filtering to enhance noise immunity in the presence of slow input signals.

The ISL83070E, ISL83071E, ISL83073E, ISL83076E, ISL83077E are configured for full duplex (separate Rx input and Tx output pins) applications. The half duplex versions multiplex the Rx inputs and Tx outputs to allow transceivers with output disable functions in 8 lead packages.

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Features

- Pb-Free Plus Anneal (RoHS Compliant)
- RS-485 I/O Pin ESD Protection ±15kV HBM
 Class 3 ESD Level on all Other Pins >7kV HBM
- Full Fail-safe (Open, Short, Terminated/Floating) Receivers
- Hot Plug Tx and Rx Outputs Remain Three-state During
 Power-up
- True 1/8 Unit Load Allows up to 256 Devices on the Bus
- Single 3.3V Supply
- High Data Rates..... up to 20Mbps

- -7V to +12V Common Mode Input/Output Voltage Range
- Half and Full Duplex Pinouts
- · Three State Rx and Tx Outputs Available
- Current Limiting and Thermal Shutdown for driver Overload Protection
- Tiny MSOP package offering saves 50% board space

Applications

- Automated Utility Meter Reading Systems
- · High Node Count Systems
- Field Bus Networks
- · Security Camera Networks
- · Building Environmental Control/ Lighting Systems
- · Industrial/Process Control Networks

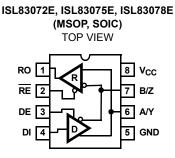
| PART NUMBER | HALF/FULL DUPLEX | DATARATE (Mbps) | SLEW-RATE LIMITED? | HOT PLUG? | #DEVICES ON BUS | RX/TX ENABLE? | QUIESCENT I _{CC} (μΑ) | LOW POWER SHUTDOWN? | PIN COUNT |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| ISL83070E | FULL | 0.25 | YES | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 14 |
| ISL83071E | FULL | 0.25 | YES | YES | 256 | NO | 510 | NO | 8 |
| ISL83072E | HALF | 0.25 | YES | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 8 |
| ISL83073E | FULL | 0.5 | YES | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 14 |
| ISL83075E | HALF | 0.5 | YES | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 8 |
| ISL83076E | FULL | 20 | NO | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 14 |
| ISL83077E | FULL | 20 | NO | YES | 256 | NO | 510 | NO | 8 |
| ISL83078E | HALF | 20 | NO | YES | 256 | YES | 510 | YES | 8 |

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF FEATURES

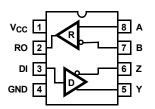
CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge; follow proper IC Handling Procedures. 1-888-INTERSIL or 1-888-468-3774 | Intersil (and design) is a registered trademark of Intersil Americas Inc. Copyright Intersil Americas Inc. 2005, 2005. All Rights Reserved All other trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners.

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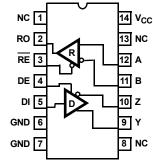
Pinouts



ISL83071E, ISL83077E (SOIC) TOP VIEW



ISL83070E, ISL83073E, ISL83076E (SOIC) TOP VIEW



Ordering Information (Notes 1, 2)

| PART NO. | PART MARKING | TEMP. RANGE (°C) | PACKAGE (Pb-Free) | PKG. DWG. # |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| ISL83070EIBZA | 83070EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 14 Ld SOIC | M14.15 |
| ISL83071EIBZA | 83071EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld SOIC | M8.15 |
| ISL83072EIBZA | 83072EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld SOIC | M8.15 |
| ISL83072EIUZA | 3072Z | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld MSOP | M8.118 |
| ISL83073EIBZA | 83073EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 14 Ld SOIC | M14.15 |
| ISL83075EIBZA | 83075EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld SOIC | M8.15 |
| ISL83075EIUZA | 3075Z | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld MSOP | M8.118 |
| ISL83076EIBZA | 83076EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 14 Ld SOIC | M14.15 |
| ISL83077EIBZA | 83077EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld SOIC | M8.15 |
| ISL83078EIBZA | 83078EIBZ | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld SOIC | M8.15 |
| ISL83078EIUZA | 3078Z | -40 to 85 | 8 Ld MSOP | M8.118 |
| | | | | |

NOTES:

- 1. Units also available in Tape and Reel; Add "-T" to suffix.
- Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

Truth Tables

| TRANSMITTING | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | INPUTS | OUTPUTS | | | | | | |
| RE | DE | DI | Z | Y | | | | |
| Х | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | | |
| Х | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | Х | High-Z | High-Z | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | Х | High-Z * | High-Z * | | | | |

NOTE: *Shutdown Mode (See Note 9), except for ISL83071E/77E

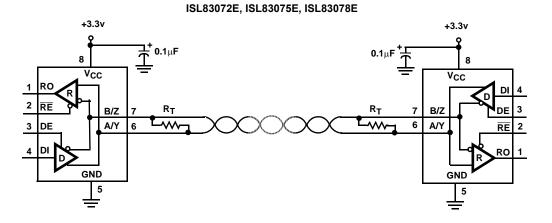
| | RECEIVING | | | | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 11 | NPUTS | | OUTPUT | | | | | |
| RE | DE Half Duplex | DE Full Duplex | A-B | RO | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | Х | ≥ -0.05V | 1 | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | Х | ≤ -0.2V | 0 | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | х | Inputs Open/Shorted | 1 | | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | Х | High-Z * | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | Х | High-Z | | | | | |

NOTE: *Shutdown Mode (See Note 9), except for ISL83071E/77E

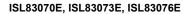
Pin Descriptions

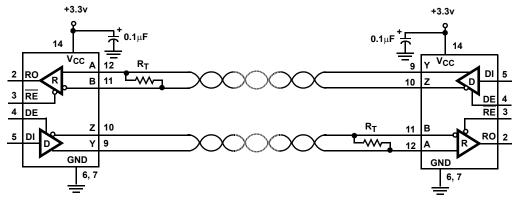
| PIN | FUNCTION |
|-----------------|--|
| RO | eq:Receiver output: If A-B \$\$ > -50mV, RO is high; If A-B \$\$ < -200mV, RO is low; RO = High if A and B are unconnected (floating) or shorted. \$\$ |
| RE | Receiver output enable. RO is enabled when \overline{RE} is low; RO is high impedance when \overline{RE} is high. If the Rx enable function isn't used, connect \overline{RE} directly to GND or through a 1k Ω to 3k Ω resistor to GND. |
| DE | Driver output enable. The driver outputs, Y and Z, are enabled by bringing DE high, and are high impedance when DE is low. If the Tx enable function isn't used, connect DE to V_{CC} through a 1k Ω to 3k Ω resistor. |
| DI | Driver input. A low on DI forces output Y low and output Z high. Similarly, a high on DI forces output Y high and output Z low. |
| GND | Ground connection. |
| A/Y | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, noninverting receiver input and noninverting driver output. Pin is an input if DE = 0; pin is an output if DE = 1. |
| B/Z | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, Inverting receiver input and inverting driver output. Pin is an input if DE = 0; pin is an output if DE = 1. |
| А | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, noninverting receiver input. |
| В | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, inverting receiver input. |
| Y | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, noninverting driver output. |
| Z | ±15kV HBM ESD Protected RS-485/422 level, inverting driver output. |
| V _{CC} | System power supply input (3.0V to 3.6V). |
| NC | No Connection. |

Typical Operating Circuits



ISL83071E, ISL83077E +3.3v +3.3v 0.1μF **0.1**μ**F** Ť Τ 1 1 Vcc Vcc RT A 8 5 2 DI ~~~~ в 6 R_T Ζ 6 7 в 3 DI RO 2 Y 5 ┖ᢦᢦᢦ 8 ۸ D GND GND 4 4





Absolute Maximum Ratings

| V _{CC} to Ground |
|------------------------------------|
| DI, DE, RE |
| Input/Output Voltages |
| A, B, Y, Z9V to +13V |
| RO |
| Short Circuit Duration |
| Y, Z Continuous |
| ESD Rating See Specification Table |
| |

Operating Conditions

Temperature Range-40°C to 85°C

Thermal Information

| Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3) | θ_{JA} (°C/W) |
|--|----------------------|
| 8 Ld SOIC Package | 105 |
| 8 Ld MSOP Package | 140 |
| 14 Ld SOIC Package | |
| Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package) | 150°C |
| Maximum Storage Temperature Range65 | 5°C to 150°C |
| Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s) | 300°C |
| (| |

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

NOTE:

3. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

| | Test Conditio Note 4 | ns: V _{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; U | nless Otherwise Spec | cified. Typic | als are at V _C | _{CC} = 3.3\ | /, T _A = 25 | 5°C, |
|---|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CON | DITIONS | TEMP (°C) | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS |
| DC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | |
| Driver Differential VOUT | V _{OD} | R _L = 100Ω (RS-422) (Fig | gure 1A, Note 15) | Full | 2 | 2.3 | - | V |
| | | R _L = 54Ω (RS-485) (Figu | ure 1A) | Full | 1.5 | 2 | V _{CC} | V |
| | | No Load | | | - | - | V _{CC} | |
| | | R_L = 60 Ω , -7V \leq V _{CM} \leq 7 | 12V (Figure 1B) | Full | 1.5 | 2.2 | - | V |
| Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential V _{OUT} for Complementary Output States | ΔV _{OD} | R _L = 54Ω or 100Ω (Figure | re 1A) | Full | - | 0.01 | 0.2 | V |
| Driver Common-Mode V _{OUT} | V _{OC} | $R_L = 54\Omega$ or 100Ω (Figure | re 1A) | Full | - | 2 | 3 | V |
| Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode V _{OUT} for Complementary Output States | ΔV _{OC} | R _L = 54Ω or 100Ω (Figure 1A) | | Full | - | 0.01 | 0.2 | V |
| Logic Input High Voltage | VIH | DI, DE, RE | | Full | 2 | I | - | V |
| Logic Input Low Voltage | VIL | DI, DE, RE | | Full | - | - | 0.8 | V |
| Logic Input Hysteresis | V _{HYS} | DE, RE, (Note 14) | | 25 | - | 100 | - | mV |
| Logic Input Current | I _{IN1} | $DI = DE = \overline{RE} = 0V \text{ or } V_0$ | _{CC} , Note 17 | Full | -2 | I | 2 | μA |
| Input Current (A, B, A/Y, B/Z) | I _{IN2} | DE = 0V, V_{CC} = 0V or | V _{IN} = 12V | Full | - | 80 | 125 | μA |
| | | 3.6V | V _{IN} = -7V | Full | -100 | -50 | - | μA |
| Output Leakage Current (Y, Z) (Full | I _{IN3} | \overline{RE} = 0V, DE = 0V, | V _{IN} = 12V | Full | - | 10 | 40 | μA |
| Duplex Versions Only, Note 12) | | V _{CC} = 0V or 3.6V | V _{IN} = -7V | Full | -40 | -10 | - | μA |
| Output Leakage Current (Y, Z) | I _{IN4} | $\overline{\text{RE}} = V_{CC}, \text{ DE} = 0V,$ | V _{IN} = 12V | Full | - | 10 | 40 | μA |
| in Shutdown Mode (Full Duplex, Note 12) | | V _{CC} = 0V or 3.6V | V _{IN} = -7V | Full | -40 | -10 | - | μA |
| Driver Short-Circuit Current, V _O = High or Low | I _{OSD1} | DE = V_{CC} , -7V \leq V _Y or V _Z \leq 12V (Note 6) | | Full | - | - | ±250 | mA |
| Receiver Differential Threshold Voltage | V _{TH} | $-7V \le V_{CM} \le 12V$ | | Full | -200 | -125 | -50 | mV |
| Receiver Input Hysteresis | ΔV_{TH} | V _{CM} = 0V | | 25 | - | 15 | - | mV |
| Receiver Output High Voltage | V _{OH} | I _O = -4mA, V _{ID} = -50mV | | Full | V _{CC} - 0.6 | - | - | V |

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ISL83070E, ISL83071E, ISL83072E, ISL83073E, ISL83075E, ISL83076E, ISL83077E, ISL83078E

Electrical Specifications

Test Conditions: V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; Unless Otherwise Specified. Typicals are at V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C, Note 4 (Continued)

| | | , | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|--------------|-----|-------|------|-------|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | | TEMP (°C) | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS |
| Receiver Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | I _O = -4mA, V _{ID} = -200mV | | Full | - | 0.17 | 0.4 | V |
| Three-State (high impedance) Receiver Output Current (Note 12) | I _{OZR} | $0.4V \leq V_O \leq 2.4V$ | | Full | -1 | 0.015 | 1 | μA |
| Receiver Input Resistance | R _{IN} | $-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 12V$ | | Full | 96 | 150 | - | kΩ |
| Receiver Short-Circuit Current | I _{OSR} | $0V \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$ | | Full | ±7 | 30 | ±60 | mA |
| Thermal Shutdown Threshold | T _{SD} | | | Full | - | 150 | - | °C |
| SUPPLY CURRENT | | 1 | | Ľ | | | r. | |
| No-Load Supply Current (Note 5) | Icc | DI = 0V or V _{CC} | $\frac{DE}{RE} = V_{CC},$ RE = 0V or V _{CC} | Full | - | 510 | 800 | μA |
| | | | $DE = 0V, \overline{RE} = 0V$ | Full | - | 480 | 700 | μA |
| Shutdown Supply Current (Note 12) | I _{SHDN} | $DE = 0V, \overline{RE} = V_{CC}, DI =$ | 0V or V _{CC} | Full | - | 0.01 | 1 | μA |
| ESD PERFORMANCE | | | | • | | - | | |
| RS-485 Pins (A, Y, B, Z) | | Human Body Model (HBN | 1), Pin to GND | 25 | - | ±15 | - | kV |
| All Other Pins | | HBM, per MIL-STD-883 N | lethod 3015 | 25 | _ | >±7 | - | kV |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTE | RISTICS (ISI | L83070E, ISL83071E, ISL8 | 33072E, 250kbps) | • | | | | * |
| Maximum Data Rate | f _{MAX} | V _{OD} = ±1.5V, C _D = 820pF (Figure 4, Note 16) | | Full | 250 | 800 | - | kbps |
| Driver Differential Output Delay | t _{DD} | R _{DIFF} = 54Ω, C _D = 50pF (Figure 2) | | Full | 250 | 1100 | 1500 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | t _{SKEW} | R_{DIFF} = 54 Ω , C_D = 50pF (Figure 2) | | Full | - | 6 | 100 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | t _R , t _F | R_{DIFF} = 54 Ω , C_D = 50pF (Figure 2) | | Full | 350 | 960 | 1600 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | t _{ZH} | $R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 50$ pF, SW = GND (Figure 3), (Notes 7, 12) | | Full | - | 26 | 600 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | t _{ZL} | R_L = 500 Ω , C_L = 50pF, SW = V _{CC} (Figure 3), (Notes 7, 12) | | Full | - | 200 | 600 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output High | t _{HZ} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, SV (Note 12) | W = GND (Figure 3), | Full | - | 28 | 55 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output Low | t _{LZ} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, SV (Note 12) | $W = V_{CC}$ (Figure 3), | Full | - | 30 | 55 | ns |
| Time to Shutdown | t _{SHDN} | (Notes 9, 12) | | Full | 50 | 200 | 600 | ns |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High | t _{ZH(SHDN)} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, SV (Notes 9, 10, 12) | W = GND (Figure 3), | Full | - | 180 | 700 | ns |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low | ^t ZL(SHDN) | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, SV (Notes 9, 10, 12) | $W = V_{CC}$ (Figure 3), | Full | - | 100 | 700 | ns |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTE | RISTICS (ISI | L83073E, ISL83075E, 500 | (bps) | | | | | |
| Maximum Data Rate | f _{MAX} | $V_{OD} = \pm 1.5 V, C_{D} = 820 pF$ | F (Figure 4, Note 16) | Full | 500 | 1600 | - | kbps |
| Driver Differential Output Delay | t _{DD} | $R_{\text{DIFF}} = 54\Omega, C_{\text{D}} = 50\text{pF} \text{ (Figure 2)}$ | | Full | 180 | 350 | 800 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | ^t SKEW | $R_{\text{DIFF}} = 54\Omega, C_{\text{D}} = 50\text{pF} \text{ (Figure 2)}$ | | Full | - | 1 | 30 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | t _R , t _F | R_{DIFF} = 54 Ω , C_D = 50pF | (Figure 2) | Full | 200 | 380 | 800 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | t _{ZH} | $R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$, SW = GND (Figure 3), (Notes 7, 12) | | Full | - | 26 | 350 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | t _{ZL} | R_L = 500Ω, C_L = 50pF, SW = V _{CC} (Figure 3), (Notes 7, 12) | | Full | - | 100 | 350 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output High | t _{HZ} | $R_L = 500\Omega, C_L = 50$ pF, SV (Note 12) | W = GND (Figure 3), | Full | - | 28 | 55 | ns |

Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; Unless Otherwise Specified. Typicals are at V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C, Note 4 (Continued)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CON | DITIONS | TEMP (°C) | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Driver Disable from Output Low | t _{LZ} | $R_L = 500\Omega$, $C_L = 50pF$, SW = V _{CC} (Figure 3), (Note 12) | | Full | - | 30 | 55 | ns |
| Time to Shutdown | t _{SHDN} | (Notes 9, 12) | | Full | 50 | 200 | 600 | ns |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High | t _{ZH(SHDN)} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Notes 9, 10, 12) | W = GND (Figure 3), | Full | - | 180 | 700 | ns |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low | t _{ZL(SHDN)} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Notes 9, 10, 12) | W = V _{CC} (Figure 3), | Full | - | 100 | 700 | ns |
| DRIVER SWITCHING CHARACTE | RISTICS (ISI | L83076E, ISL83077E, ISL | 83078E, 20Mbps) | L L | | 1 | | |
| Maximum Data Rate | f _{MAX} | V_{OD} = ±1.5V, C _D = 350p | F (Figure 4, Note 16) | Full | 20 | 28 | - | Mbps |
| Driver Differential Output Delay | t _{DD} | R _{DIFF} = 54Ω, C _D = 50pF | (Figure 2) | Full | - | 27 | 40 | ns |
| Driver Differential Output Skew | ^t SKEW | R _{DIFF} = 54Ω, C _D = 50pF | (Figure 2) | Full | - | 1 | 3 | ns |
| Driver Output Skew, Part-to-Part | ∆t _{DSKEW} | R _{DIFF} = 54Ω, C _D = 50pF | (Figure 2, Note 13) | Full | - | - | 11 | ns |
| Driver Differential Rise or Fall Time | t _R , t _F | R _{DIFF} = 54Ω, C _D = 50pF | (Figure 2) | Full | - | 9 | 15 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output High | ^t zH | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Notes 7, 12) | W = GND (Figure 3), | Full | - | 17 | 50 | ns |
| Driver Enable to Output Low | t _{ZL} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Notes 7, 12) | W = V _{CC} (Figure 3), | Full | - | 16 | 40 | ns |
| Driver Disable from Output High | t _{HZ} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Note 12) | Full | - | 25 | 40 | ns | |
| Driver Disable from Output Low | t _{LZ} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Note 12) | Full | - | 28 | 50 | ns | |
| Time to Shutdown | t _{SHDN} | (Notes 9, 12) | Full | 50 | 200 | 600 | ns | |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output High | t _{ZH(SHDN)} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, S (Notes 9, 10, 12) | Full | - | 180 | 700 | ns | |
| Driver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low | t _{ZL(SHDN)} | R _L = 500Ω, C _L = 50pF, SW = V _{CC} (Figure 3), (Notes 9, 10, 12) | | Full | - | 90 | 700 | ns |
| RECEIVER SWITCHING CHARAC | TERISTICS | (All Versions) | | L L | | 1 | | |
| Maximum Data Rate | f _{MAX} | V _{ID} = ±1.5V (Note 16) | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 12 | 20 | - | Mbps |
| | | | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 20 | 35 | - | Mbps |
| Receiver Input to Output Delay | t _{PLH} , t _{PHL} | (Figure 5) | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 25 | 70 | 120 | ns |
| | | | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 25 | 33 | 60 | ns |
| Receiver Skew t _{PLH} - t _{PHL} | t _{SKD} | (Figure 5) | | Full | - | 1.5 | 4 | ns |
| Receiver Skew, Part-to-Part | ∆t _{RSKEW} | (Figure 5, Note 13) | | Full | - | - | 15 | ns |
| Receiver Enable to Output High | t _{ZH} | R _L = 1kΩ, C _L = 15pF, | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 5 | 15 | 20 | ns |
| | | SW = GND (Figure 6), (Notes 8, 12) | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 5 | 11 | 17 | ns |
| Receiver Enable to Output Low | t _{ZL} | $R_{L} = 1k\Omega, C_{L} = 15pF,$ | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 5 | 15 | 20 | ns |
| | ΥL | SW = V_{CC} (Figure 6), | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 5 | 11 | 17 | ns |
| | | (Notes 8, 12) | | | | | | |
| Receiver Disable from Output High | t _{HZ} | $R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, SW = GND (Figure 6), | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 5 | 12 | 20 | ns |
| | | (Note 12) | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 4 | 7 | 15 | ns |
| Receiver Disable from Output Low | t _{LZ} | $R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 15pF$, | ISL83070E-75E | Full | 5 | 13 | 20 | ns |
| | | SW = V _{CC} (Figure 6), (Note 12) | ISL83076E-78E | Full | 4 | 7 | 15 | ns |
| Time to Shutdown | t _{SHDN} | (Notes 9, 12) | | Full | 50 | 180 | 600 | ns |

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Electrical Specifications Test Conditions: V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V; Unless Otherwise Specified. Typicals are at V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C, Note 4 (Continued)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | TEMP (°C) | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS |
|--|-----------------------|--|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Receiver Enable from Shutdown to Output High | t _{ZH(SHDN)} | R_L = 1kΩ, C_L = 15pF, SW = GND (Figure 6), (Notes 9, 11, 12) | Full | - | 240 | 500 | ns |
| Receiver Enable from Shutdown to Output Low | ^t ZL(SHDN) | R_L = 1kΩ, C_L = 15pF, SW = V _{CC} (Figure 6), (Notes 9, 11, 12) | Full | - | 240 | 500 | ns |

NOTES:

- 4. All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.
- 5. Supply current specification is valid for loaded drivers when DE = 0V.
- 6. Applies to peak current. See "Typical Performance Curves" for more information.
- 7. When testing devices with the shutdown feature, keep \overline{RE} = 0 to prevent the device from entering SHDN.
- 8. When testing devices with the shutdown feature, the RE signal high time must be short enough (typically <100ns) to prevent the device from entering SHDN.
- 9. Versions with a shutdown feature are put into shutdown by bringing RE high and DE low. If the inputs are in this state for less than 50ns, the parts are guaranteed not to enter shutdown. If the inputs are in this state for at least 600ns, the parts are guaranteed to have entered shutdown. See "Low-Power Shutdown Mode" section.
- 10. Keep \overline{RE} = VCC, and set the DE signal low time >600ns to ensure that the device enters SHDN.
- 11. Set the \overline{RE} signal high time >600ns to ensure that the device enters SHDN.
- 12. Does not apply to the ISL83071E and ISL83077E.
- ∆t_{SKEW} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delays of the specified terminals of two units tested with identical test conditions (V_{CC}, temperature, etc.). Only applies to the ISL83076E 78E.
- 14. ISL83070E ISL83075E only.
- 15. $V_{CC} \ge 3.15V$
- 16. Guaranteed by design and characterization, but not production tested.
- 17. If the Tx or Rx enable function isn't needed, connect the enable pin to the appropriate supply (see "Pin Descriptions" table) through a 1kΩ to 3kΩ resistor.

Test Circuits and Waveforms

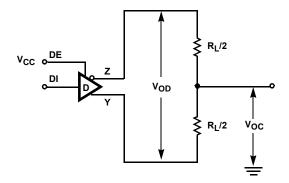


FIGURE 1A. V_{OD} AND V_{OC}

8

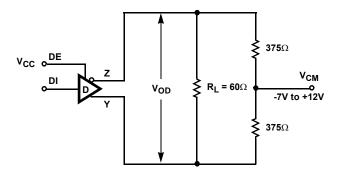
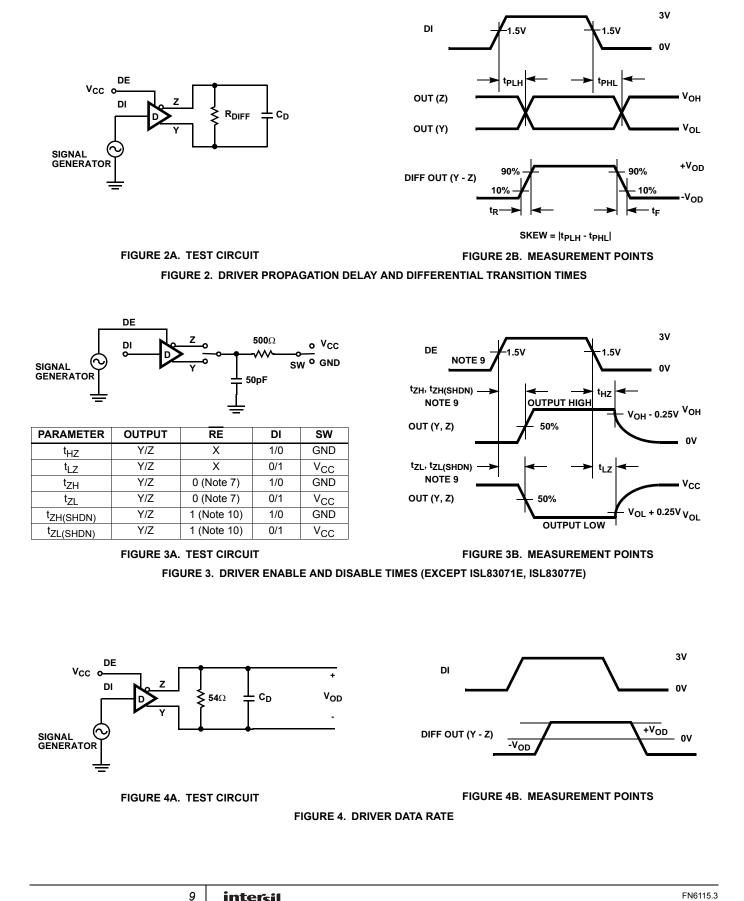


FIGURE 1B. VOD WITH COMMON MODE LOAD

FIGURE 1. DC DRIVER TEST CIRCUITS

Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)



Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

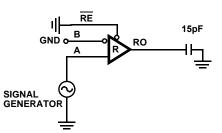


FIGURE 5A. TEST CIRCUIT

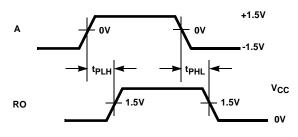
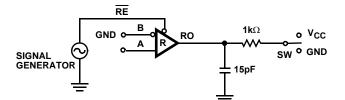


FIGURE 5B. MEASUREMENT POINTS





| PARAMETER | DE | Α | SW |
|---------------------------------|----|-------|-----------------|
| t _{HZ} | Х | +1.5V | GND |
| t _{LZ} | Х | -1.5V | V _{CC} |
| t _{ZH} (Note 8) | 0 | +1.5V | GND |
| t _{ZL} (Note 8) | 0 | -1.5V | V _{CC} |
| t _{ZH(SHDN)} (Note 11) | 0 | +1.5V | GND |
| t _{ZL(SHDN)} (Note 11) | 0 | -1.5V | V _{CC} |

FIGURE 6A. TEST CIRCUIT

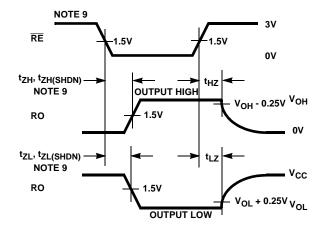


FIGURE 6B. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 6. RECEIVER ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES (EXCEPT ISL83071E, ISL83077E)

Application Information

RS-485 and RS-422 are differential (balanced) data transmission standards for use in long haul or noisy environments. RS-422 is a subset of RS-485, so RS-485 transceivers are also RS-422 compliant. RS-422 is a pointto-multipoint (multidrop) standard, which allows only one driver and up to 10 (assuming one unit load devices) receivers on each bus. RS-485 is a true multipoint standard, which allows up to 32 one unit load devices (any combination of drivers and receivers) on each bus. To allow for multipoint operation, the RS-485 spec requires that drivers must handle bus contention without sustaining any damage.

Another important advantage of RS-485 is the extended common mode range (CMR), which specifies that the driver outputs and receiver inputs withstand signals that range from +12V to -7V. RS-422 and RS-485 are intended for runs as long as 4000', so the wide CMR is necessary to handle ground potential differences, as well as voltages induced in the cable by external fields.

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Receiver Features

These devices utilize a differential input receiver for maximum noise immunity and common mode rejection. Input sensitivity is better than ± 200 mV, as required by the RS-422 and RS-485 specifications.

Receiver input resistance of 96k Ω surpasses the RS-422 spec of 4k Ω , and is eight times the RS-485 "Unit Load (UL)" requirement of 12k Ω minimum. Thus, these products are known as "one-eighth UL" transceivers, and there can be up to 256 of these devices on a network while still complying with the RS-485 loading spec.

Receiver inputs function with common mode voltages as great as +9V/-7V outside the power supplies (i.e., +12V and -7V), making them ideal for long networks where induced voltages, and ground potential differences, are realistic concerns.

All the receivers include a "full fail-safe" function that guarantees a high level receiver output if the receiver inputs are unconnected (floating) or shorted. Fail-safe with shorted inputs is achieved by setting the Rx upper switching point to -50mV, thereby ensuring that the Rx sees 0V differential as a high input level. Receivers easily meet the data rates supported by the corresponding driver, and all receiver outputs - except on the ISL83071E and ISL83077E- are tri-statable via the active low $\overline{\text{RE}}$ input.

Driver Features

The RS-485/422 driver is a differential output device that delivers at least 1.5V across a 54 Ω load (RS-485), and at least 2V across a 100 Ω load (RS-422). The drivers feature low propagation delay skew to maximize bit width, and to minimize EMI.

All drivers are tri-statable via the active high DE input, except on the ISL83071E and ISL83077E.

The 250kbps and 500kbps driver outputs are slew rate limited to minimize EMI, and to reduce reflections in unterminated or improperly terminated networks. Outputs of the ISL83076E - ISL83078E drivers are not limited, so faster output transition times allow data rates of at least 20Mbps.

Hot Plug Function

When a piece of equipment powers up, there is a period of time where the processor or ASIC driving the RS-485 control lines (DE, \overline{RE}) is unable to ensure that the RS-485 Tx and Rx outputs are kept disabled. If the equipment is connected to the bus, a driver activating prematurely during power up may crash the bus. To avoid this scenario, the ISL8307XE family incorporates a "Hot Plug" function. During power up, circuitry monitoring V_{CC} ensures that the Tx and Rx outputs remain disabled for a period of time, regardless of the state of DE and \overline{RE} . This gives the processor/ASIC a chance to stabilize and drive the RS-485 control lines to the proper states.

ESD Protection

All pins on these devices include class 3 (>7kV) Human Body Model (HBM) ESD protection structures, but the RS-485 pins (driver outputs and receiver inputs) incorporate advanced structures allowing them to survive ESD events in excess of ±15kV HBM. The RS-485 pins are particularly vulnerable to ESD damage because they typically connect to an exposed port on the exterior of the finished product. Simply touching the port pins, or connecting a cable, can cause an ESD event that might destroy unprotected ICs. These new ESD structures protect the device whether or not it is powered up, protect without allowing any latchup mechanism to activate, and without degrading the RS-485 common mode range of -7V to +12V. This built-in ESD protection eliminates the need for board level protection structures (e.g., transient suppression diodes), and the associated, undesirable capacitive load they present.

Data Rate, Cables, and Terminations

RS-485/422 are intended for network lengths up to 4000', but the maximum system data rate decreases as the transmission length increases. Devices operating at 20Mbps are limited to lengths less than 100', while the 250kbps

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versions can operate at full data rates with lengths of several thousand feet.

Twisted pair is the cable of choice for RS-485/422 networks. Twisted pair cables tend to pick up noise and other electromagnetically induced voltages as common mode signals, which are effectively rejected by the differential receivers in these ICs.

Proper termination is imperative, when using the 20Mbps devices, to minimize reflections. Short networks using the 250kbps versions need not be terminated, but, terminations are recommended unless power dissipation is an overriding concern.

In point-to-point, or point-to-multipoint (single driver on bus) networks, the main cable should be terminated in its characteristic impedance (typically 120Ω) at the end farthest from the driver. In multi-receiver applications, stubs connecting receivers to the main cable should be kept as short as possible. Multipoint (multi-driver) systems require that the main cable be terminated in its characteristic impedance at both ends. Stubs connecting a transceiver to the main cable should be kept as short as possible.

Built-In Driver Overload Protection

As stated previously, the RS-485 spec requires that drivers survive worst case bus contentions undamaged. These devices meet this requirement via driver output short circuit current limits, and on-chip thermal shutdown circuitry.

The driver output stages incorporate short circuit current limiting circuitry which ensures that the output current never exceeds the RS-485 spec, even at the common mode voltage range extremes. Additionally, these devices utilize a foldback circuit which reduces the short circuit current, and thus the power dissipation, whenever the contending voltage exceeds either supply.

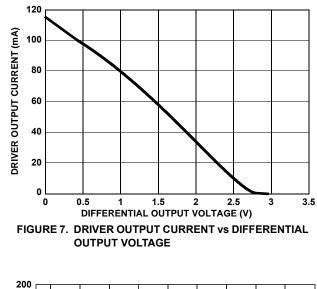
In the event of a major short circuit condition, devices also include a thermal shutdown feature that disables the drivers whenever the die temperature becomes excessive. This eliminates the power dissipation, allowing the die to cool. The drivers automatically re-enable after the die temperature drops about 15 degrees. If the contention persists, the thermal shutdown/re-enable cycle repeats until the fault is cleared. Receivers stay operational during thermal shutdown.

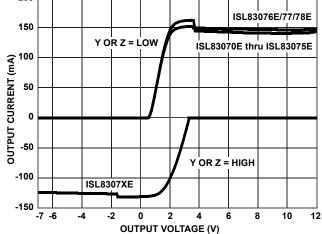
Low Power Shutdown Mode

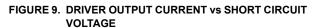
These CMOS transceivers all use a fraction of the power required by their bipolar counterparts, but some also include a shutdown feature that reduces the already low quiescent I_{CC} to a 10nA trickle. These devices enter shutdown whenever the receiver and driver are *simultaneously* disabled (RE = V_{CC} and DE = GND) for a period of at least 600ns. Disabling both the driver and the receiver for less than 50ns guarantees that the transceiver will not enter shutdown.

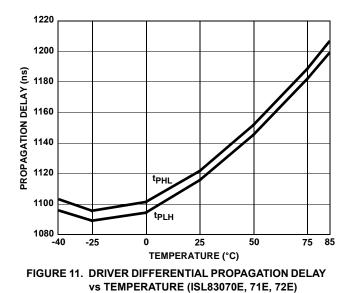
Note that receiver and driver enable times increase when the transceiver enables from shutdown. Refer to Notes 7-11, at the end of the Electrical Specification table, for more information.

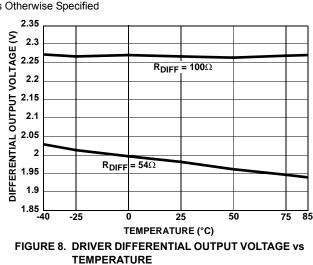
Typical Performance Curves V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C; Unless Otherwise Specified











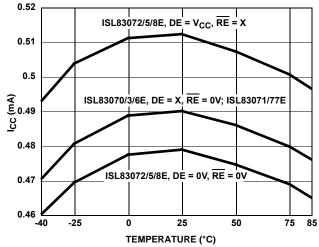
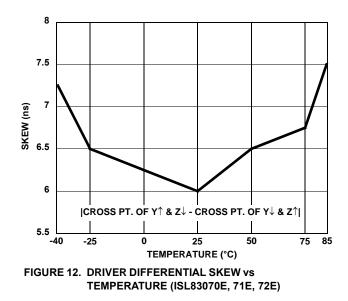
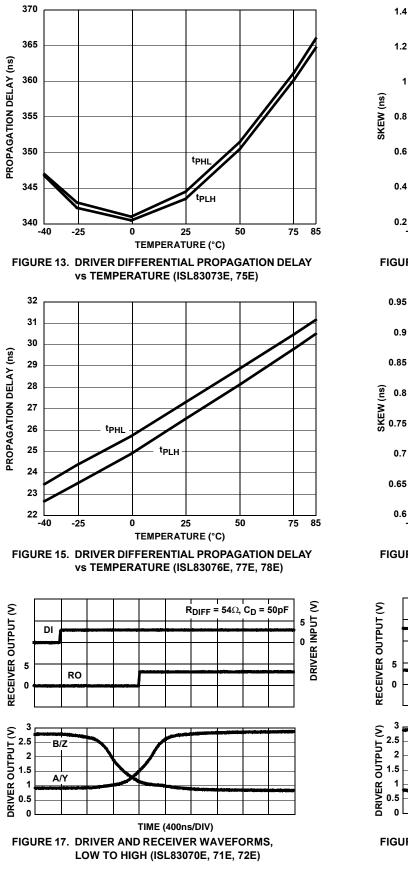
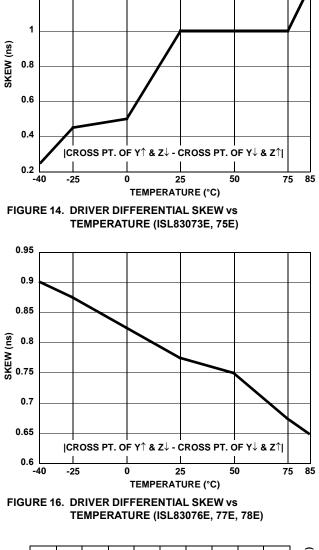


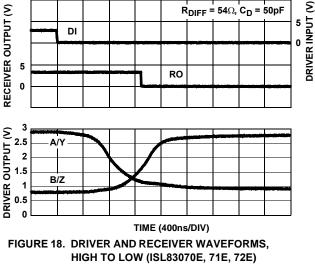
FIGURE 10. SUPPLY CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE



Typical Performance Curves V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C; Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)



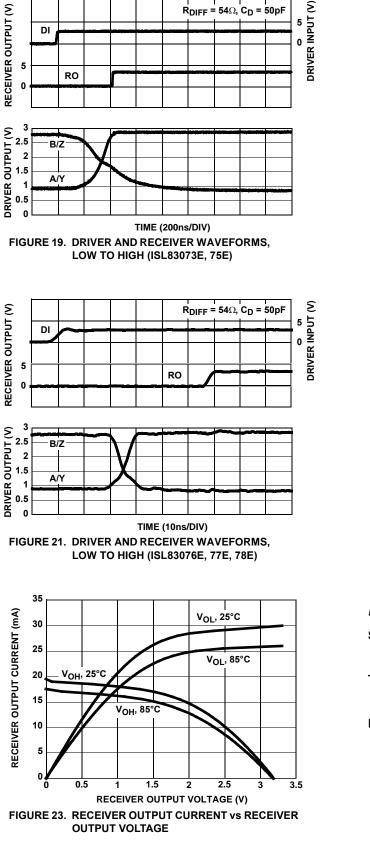


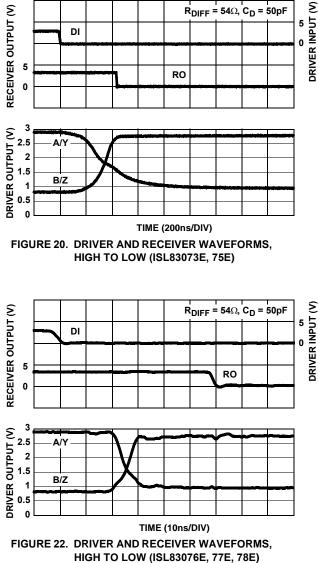


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Typical Performance Curves V_{CC} = 3.3V, T_A = 25°C; Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)





Die Characteristics

SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP): GND

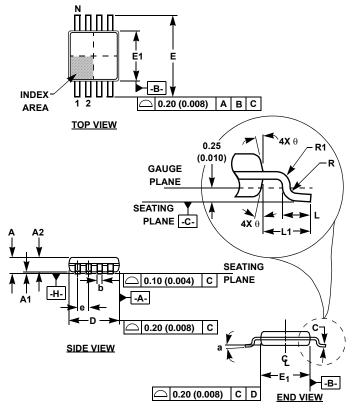
TRANSISTOR COUNT:

535

PROCESS:

Si Gate BiCMOS

Mini Small Outline Plastic Packages (MSOP)



NOTES:

- 1. These package dimensions are within allowable dimensions of JEDEC MO-187BA.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs and are measured at Datum Plane. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions and are measured at Datum Plane. <u>-H-</u> Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- 5. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.10mm (0.004) at seating Plane.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- Dimension "b" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003 inch) total in excess of "b" dimension at maximum material condition. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm (0.0027 inch).
- 10. Datums -A and -B to be determined at Datum plane
- 11. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are for reference only.

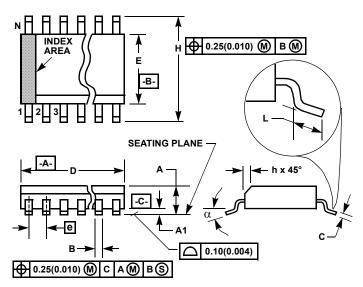
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M8.118 (JEDEC MO-187AA) 8 LEAD MINI SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

| | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-------|
| SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | NOTES |
| А | 0.037 | 0.043 | 0.94 | 1.10 | - |
| A1 | 0.002 | 0.006 | 0.05 | 0.15 | - |
| A2 | 0.030 | 0.037 | 0.75 | 0.95 | - |
| b | 0.010 | 0.014 | 0.25 | 0.36 | 9 |
| С | 0.004 | 0.008 | 0.09 | 0.20 | - |
| D | 0.116 | 0.120 | 2.95 | 3.05 | 3 |
| E1 | 0.116 | 0.120 | 2.95 | 3.05 | 4 |
| е | 0.026 BSC | | 0.65 BSC | | - |
| E | 0.187 | 0.199 | 4.75 | 5.05 | - |
| L | 0.016 | 0.028 | 0.40 | 0.70 | 6 |
| L1 | 0.037 REF | | 0.95 REF | | - |
| Ν | 8 | | 8 | | 7 |
| R | 0.003 | - | 0.07 | - | - |
| R1 | 0.003 | - | 0.07 | - | - |
| 0 | 5 ⁰ | 15 ⁰ | 5 ⁰ | 15 ⁰ | - |
| α | 0 ⁰ | 6 ⁰ | 0 ⁰ | 6 ⁰ | - |

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Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



NOTES:

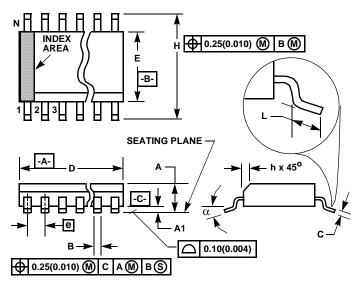
- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- 9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M8.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AA ISSUE C) 8 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

| | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|-------|
| SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | NOTES |
| А | 0.0532 | 0.0688 | 1.35 | 1.75 | - |
| A1 | 0.0040 | 0.0098 | 0.10 | 0.25 | - |
| В | 0.013 | 0.020 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 9 |
| С | 0.0075 | 0.0098 | 0.19 | 0.25 | - |
| D | 0.1890 | 0.1968 | 4.80 | 5.00 | 3 |
| E | 0.1497 | 0.1574 | 3.80 | 4.00 | 4 |
| е | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BSC | | - |
| Н | 0.2284 | 0.2440 | 5.80 | 6.20 | - |
| h | 0.0099 | 0.0196 | 0.25 | 0.50 | 5 |
| L | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.40 | 1.27 | 6 |
| Ν | 8 | | 8 | | 7 |
| α | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° | - |

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Small Outline Plastic Packages (SOIC)



NOTES:

- 1. Symbols are defined in the "MO Series Symbol List" in Section 2.2 of Publication Number 95.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- 4. Dimension "E" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm (0.010 inch) per side.
- 5. The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- 6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- 8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- 9. The lead width "B", as measured 0.36mm (0.014 inch) or greater above the seating plane, shall not exceed a maximum value of 0.61mm (0.024 inch).
- 10. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

M14.15 (JEDEC MS-012-AB ISSUE C) 14 LEAD NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

| | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | | |
|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| SYMBOL | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | NOTES |
| А | 0.0532 | 0.0688 | 1.35 | 1.75 | - |
| A1 | 0.0040 | 0.0098 | 0.10 | 0.25 | - |
| В | 0.013 | 0.020 | 0.33 | 0.51 | 9 |
| С | 0.0075 | 0.0098 | 0.19 | 0.25 | - |
| D | 0.3367 | 0.3444 | 8.55 | 8.75 | 3 |
| E | 0.1497 | 0.1574 | 3.80 | 4.00 | 4 |
| е | 0.050 BSC | | 1.27 BSC | | - |
| Н | 0.2284 | 0.2440 | 5.80 | 6.20 | - |
| h | 0.0099 | 0.0196 | 0.25 | 0.50 | 5 |
| L | 0.016 | 0.050 | 0.40 | 1.27 | 6 |
| Ν | 14 | | 14 | | 7 |
| α | 0 ⁰ | 8 ⁰ | 0 ⁰ | 8 ⁰ | - |

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