

## Ultra Low Noise Low Dropout Voltage Regulator

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2863/64 is a 2ch low dropout voltage regulator designed for VCO Applications.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

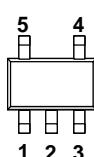


NJM2863F/64F

### ■ FEATURES

- High Ripple Rejection      75dB typ. ( $f=1\text{kHz}$ )
- Output capacitor with  $1.0\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitor
- Output Noise Voltage       $V_{\text{no}}=19\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$  typ. ( $C_p=0.01\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_o=1.0\mu\text{F}$ (Ceramic))  
 $V_{\text{no}}=12\mu\text{V}_{\text{rms}}$  typ. ( $C_p=0.1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_o=10\mu\text{F}$ (Tantalum))
- Output Current       $I_{\text{o}}(\text{max.})=100\text{mA}$
- High Precision Output       $V_{\text{o}}\pm1.0\%$
- Low Dropout Voltage      0.10V typ. ( $I_{\text{o}}=60\text{mA}$ )
- ON/OFF Control      (Active High)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline      MTP5

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



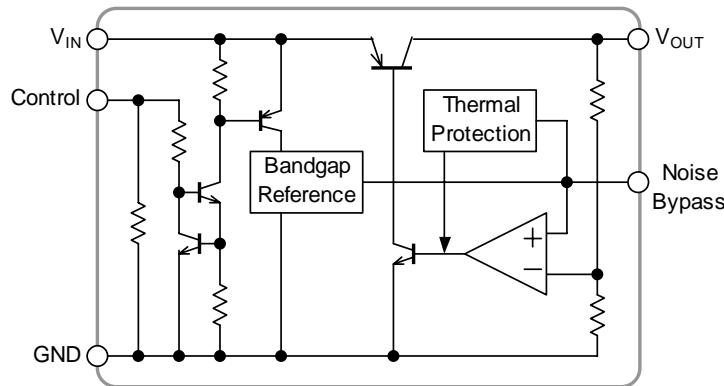
#### PIN FUNCTION

1.CONTROL	$1.V_{\text{IN}}$
2.GND	2.GND
3.NOISE BYPASS	3.CONTROL
4. $V_{\text{OUT}}$	4.NOISE BYPASS
5. $V_{\text{IN}}$	5. $V_{\text{OUT}}$

NJM2863F

NJM2864F

### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



### ■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

Device Name	$V_{\text{OUT}}$	Device Name	$V_{\text{OUT}}$
NJM286xF21	2.1V	NJM286xF29	2.9V
NJM286xF25	2.5V	NJM286xF03	3.0V
NJM286xF27	2.7V	NJM286xF33	3.3V
NJM286xF28	2.8V	NJM286xF05	5.0V
NJM286xF285	2.85V		

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	+14	V
Control Voltage	V <sub>CONT</sub>	+14(*note 1)	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	200	mW
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C

(\*note 1): When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

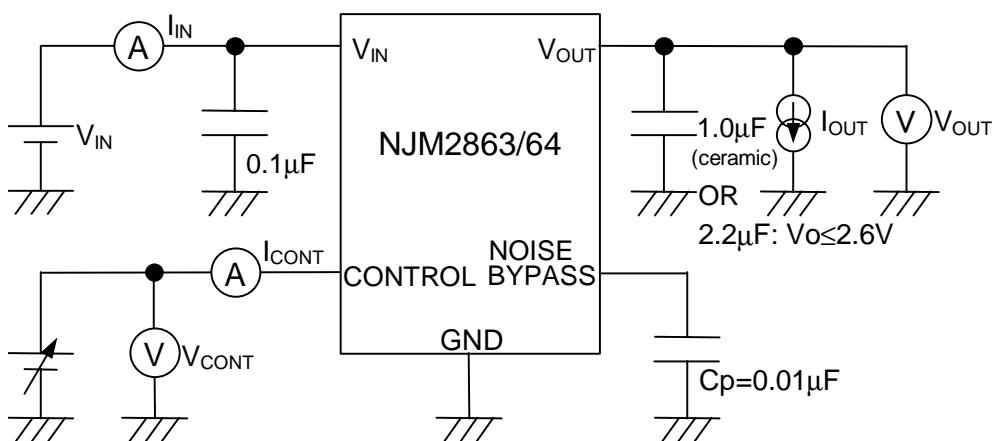
(V<sub>IN</sub>=Vo+1V, C<sub>IN</sub>=0.1μF, Co=1.0μF: Vo≥2.7V (Co=2.2μF: Vo≤2.6V), Cp=0.01μF, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	Vo	I <sub>O</sub> =30mA	-1.0%	—	+1.0%	V
Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> =0mA, except I <sub>cont</sub>	—	120	180	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	I <sub>Q(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>CONT</sub> =0V	—	—	100	nA
Output Current	I <sub>O</sub>	Vo=0.3V	100	130	—	mA
Line Regulation	ΔVo/ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =Vo+1V ~ Vo+6V, I <sub>O</sub> =30mA	—	—	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔVo/ΔI <sub>O</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> =0 ~ 100mA	—	—	0.03	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV <sub>I-O</sub>	I <sub>O</sub> =60mA	—	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection	RR	ein=200mVrms, f=1kHz, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA, Vo=3V Version	—	75	—	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔVo/ΔTa	Ta=0~85°C, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA	—	±50	—	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage1	V <sub>NO1</sub>	f=10Hz~80kHz, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA, Cp=0.01μF, Co=1.0μF (Ceramic), Vo=3V Version	—	19	—	μVrms
Output Noise Voltage2	V <sub>NO2</sub>	f=10Hz~80kHz, I <sub>O</sub> =10mA, Cp=0.1μF, Co=10μF (Tantalum), Vo=3V Version	—	12	—	μVrms
Control Voltage for ON-state	V <sub>CONT(ON)</sub>		1.6	—	—	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V <sub>CONT(OFF)</sub>		—	—	0.6	V

(\*note 2): The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

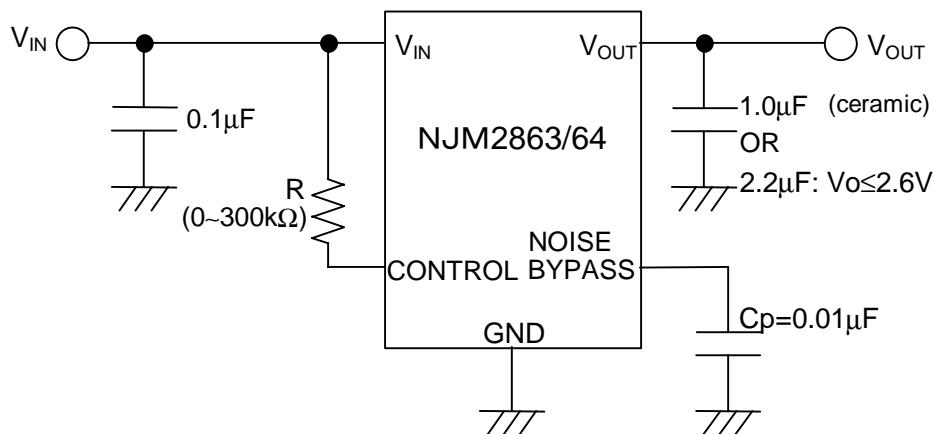
Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

■ TEST CIRCUIT



## ■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

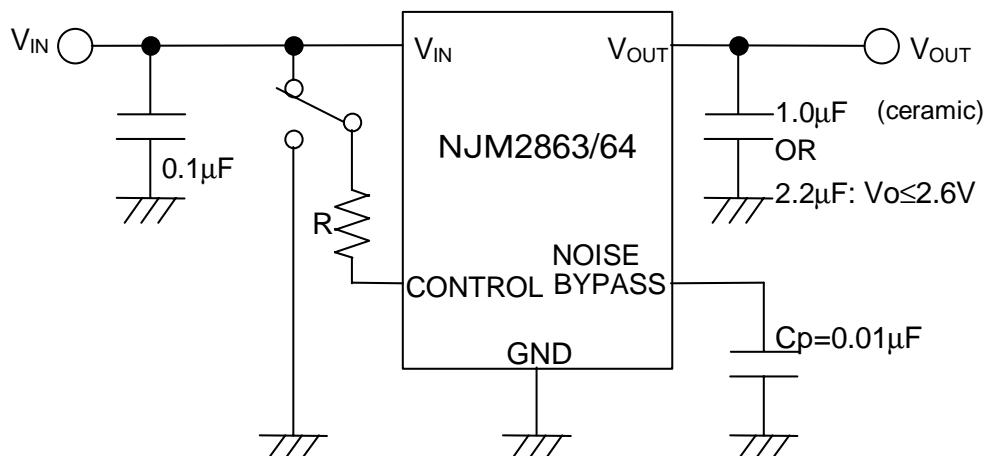
- ① In the case where ON/OFF Control is not required:



Connect control terminal to  $V_{IN}$  terminal

The quiescent current can be reduced by using a resistance "R". Instead, it increases the minimum operating voltage. For further information, please refer to Figure "Output Voltage vs. Control Voltage".

- ② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

### \*Noise bypass Capacitance $C_p$

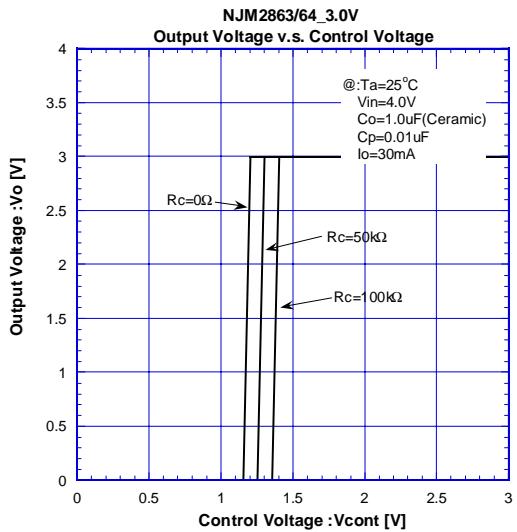
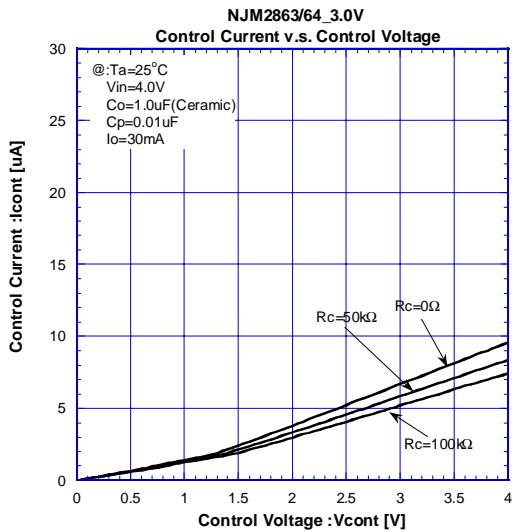
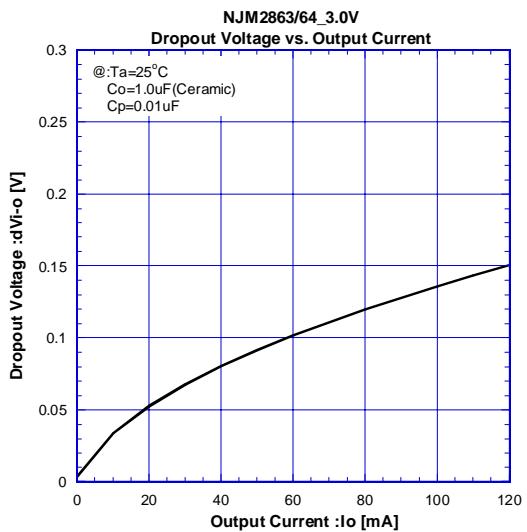
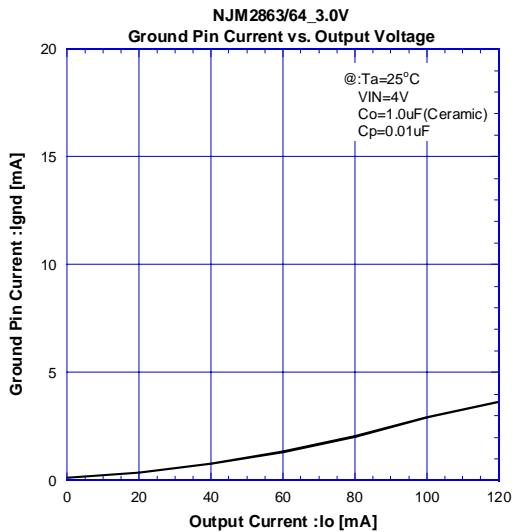
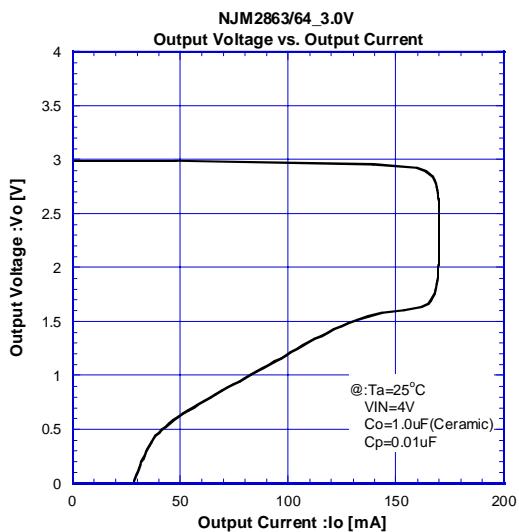
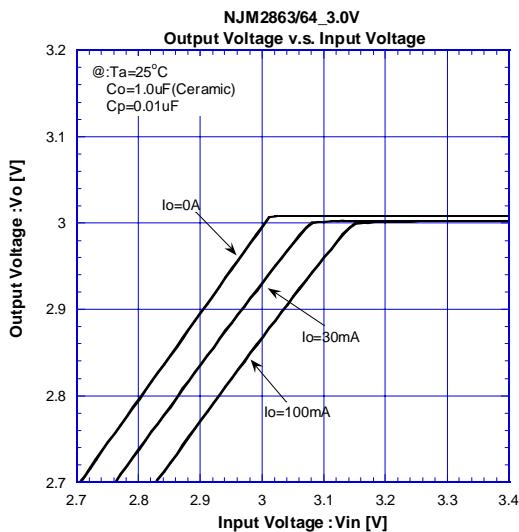
Noise bypass capacitance  $C_p$  reduces noise generated by band-gap reference circuit.

Noise level and ripple rejection will be improved when larger  $C_p$  is used.

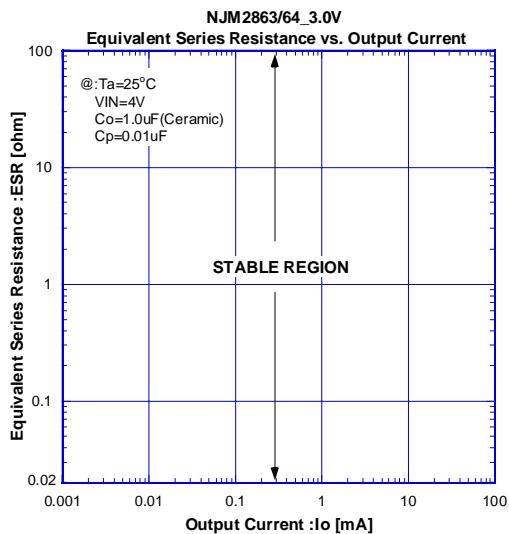
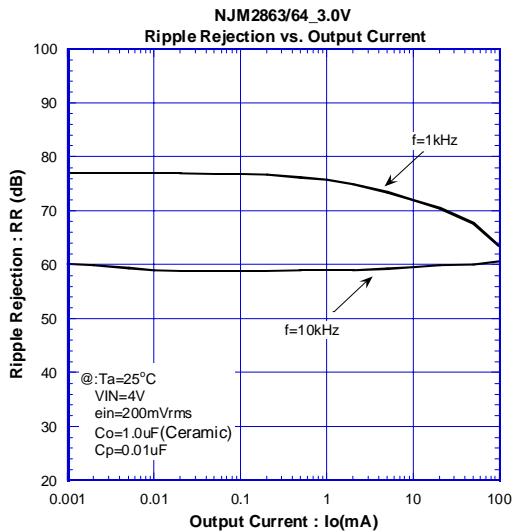
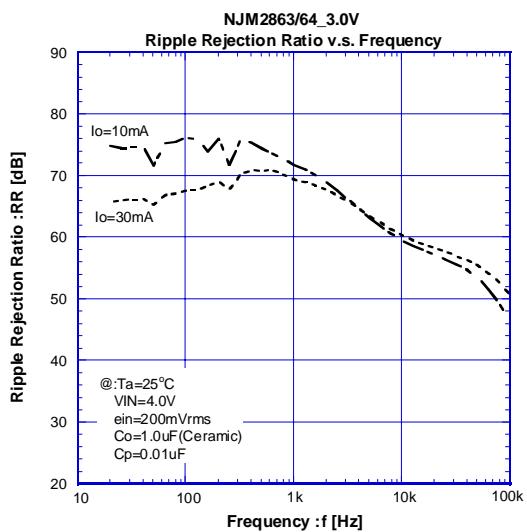
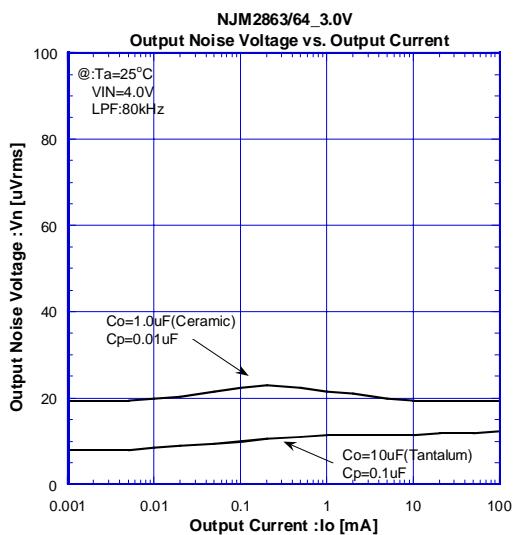
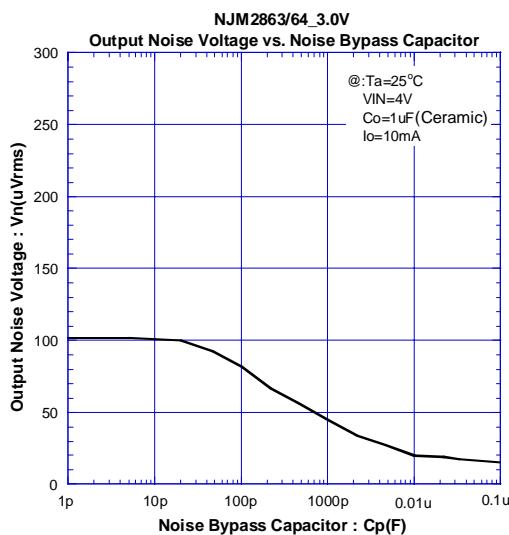
Use of smaller  $C_p$  value may cause oscillation.

Use the  $C_p$  value of  $0.01\mu F$  greater to avoid the problem.

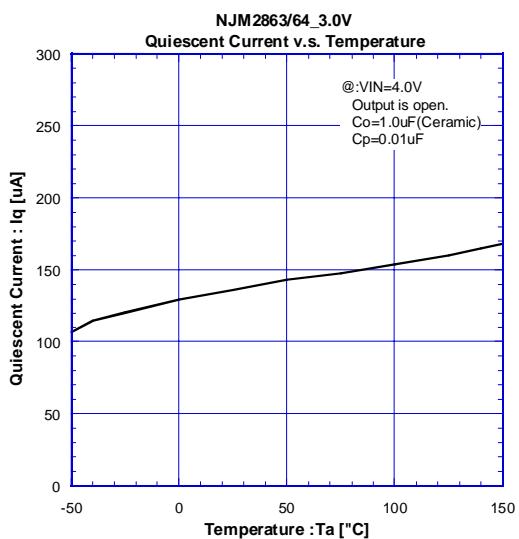
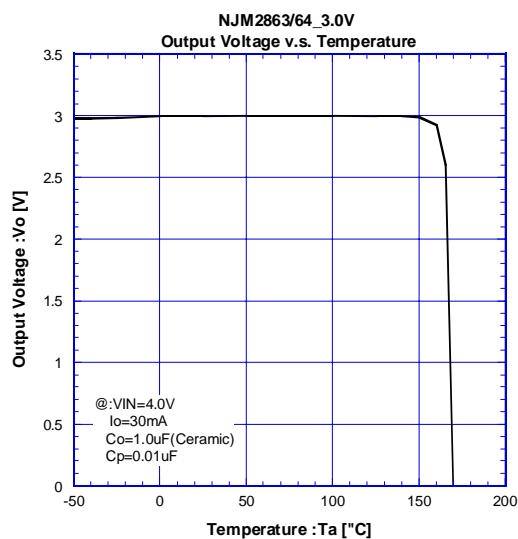
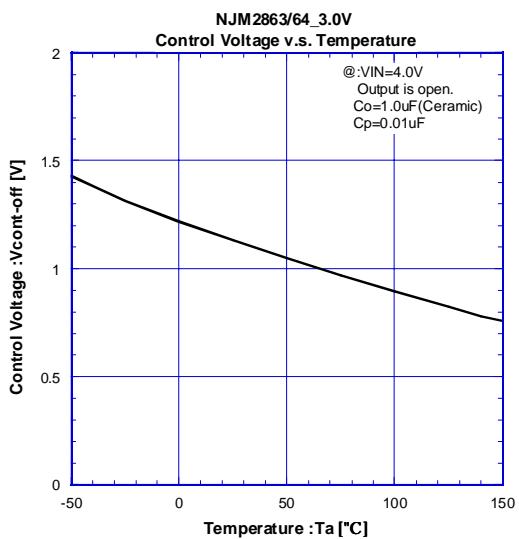
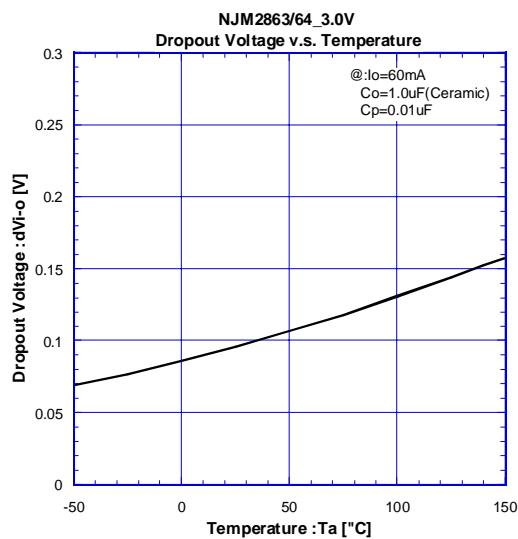
## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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