PNP transistor array BA6254FS

The BA6254FS has been developed as a low-saturation output, upper-side transistor array for low-voltage motor drive applications.

The three PNP transistors have a common emitter.

Applications

Motor drivers

Features

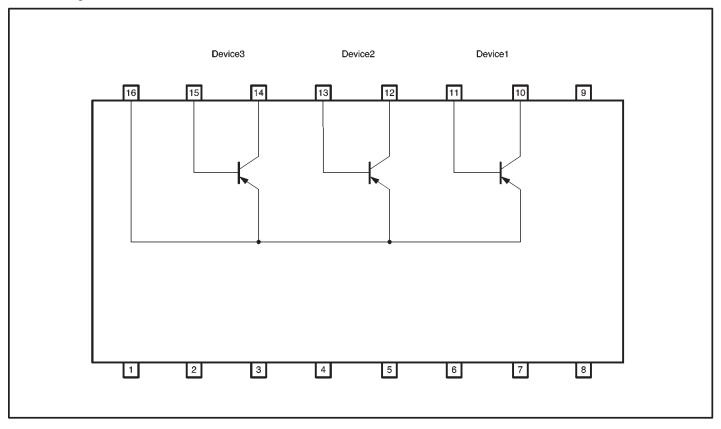
- 1) Output on resistance is low (0.4 Ω Max.).
- 2) Three PNP transistors with common emitter.

● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Collector / base voltages	Vсво	-20	V
Collector / emitter voltage	Vceo	-20	V
Emitter / base voltage	VEBO	-6	V
Collector current	lc	— 1	Α
Power dissipation (collector)	Pd	800*1	mW
Junction temperature	Tj	150	Ĉ
Operating temperature	Topr	−20~ +75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	−55∼ +150	Ĉ

^{*1} Reduced by 6.4mW for each increase in Ta of 1 $^{\circ}$ C over 25 $^{\circ}$ C (when mounted on a 70mm \times 70mm \times 1.6mm glass epoxy board).

●Block diagram



Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Function		
1	N.C.	N.C.		
2	N.C.	N.C.		
3	N.C.	N.C.		
4	N.C.	N.C.		
5	N.C.	N.C.		
6	N.C.	N.C.		
7	N.C.	N.C.		
8	N.C.	N.C.		
9	N.C.	N.C.		
10	1ch-C	Channel 1 collector		
11	1ch-B	Channel 1 base		
12	2ch-C	Channel 2 collector		
13	2ch-B	Channel 2 base		
14	3ch-C	Channel 3 collector		
15	3ch-B	Channel 3 base		
16	Emit	Common emitter for channels 1 to 3		

Motor driver ICs BA6254FS

Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Collector / emitter voltage drop	BVceo	-20	_	_	V	IC=-1mA
Collector / base voltage drop	ВУсво	-20	_	_	V	IC=-50 μ A
Emitter / base voltage drop	ВУЕВО	-6	_	_	V	IE=-50 μ A
Collector cutoff current	Ісво	_	_	-1.0	μΑ	VCB=-20V
Emitter cutoff current	ІЕВО	_	_	-1.0	μΑ	VEB=-5V
Collector saturation voltage	VCE(sat)	_	_	-0.4	V	IC / IB=-1.0A / -50mA*1
DC current gain	hfe	120	_	270	_	VCE / IC=-2V / -0.1A*1
	Δh _{FE} *2	1	_	20	_	VCE / IC=-2V / -0.1A*1

^{*} The above ratings apply to each transistor.

Operation notes

Observe the following points when using this IC.

(1) Package power dissipation

The power dissipated by the IC varies widely with the applied voltage and output current.

Give full consideration to the package power dissipation rating when setting the supply voltage and the output current.

(2) A.S.O.

Make sure that the output current and supply voltage do not exceed the A.S.O. values.

(3) Great care has been paid to the quality of this component. However, if the absolute maximum ratings for temperature, applied voltage, or power dissipation are exceeded, the IC may be destroyed. If the IC is destroyed, it is not possible to predict whether it will be in short mode or open mode, so if there is a chance that the maximum ratings of the IC will be exceeded, use appropriate physical protective measures (fuses etc.).

Electrical characteristics curves

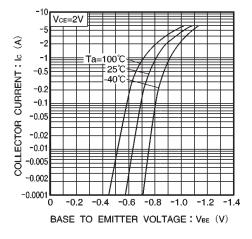


Fig.1 Emitter propagation static characteristics

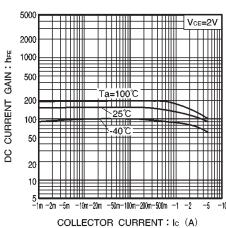


Fig.2 DC current gain vs. collector current

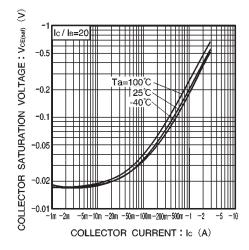


Fig.3 Collector/emitter saturation voltage vs. collector current

^{*1} Pulse test.

^{*2} hre difference between the three transistors.

ONot designed for radiation resistance.

External dimensions (Units: mm)

