DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM4562 integrated circuit is a high-gain, wide-bandwidth, Iow noise, dual operational amplifier capable of driving 20V peak-topeak into $600\,\Omega$ loads. The NJM4562 is frequency compensated for closed loop gains greater than 10. The NJM4562 combines many of the features of the popular NJM4558 as well as providing the capability of wider bandwith, and higer slew rate and less noise make the NJM4558 as well as providing the capability of wider bandwidth, and higher slew rate and less noise make the NJM4562 ideal for audio preamplifiers, active filters, telecommunications, and many instrumentation applications. The availability of the NJM4562 in the surface mounted micropackage allows the NJM4562 to be used in critical applications requiring very high packing densities.

FEATURES

Operating Voltage

 $(\pm 4V \sim \pm 18V)$

Low Input Noise Voltage

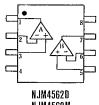
 $(0.6 \,\mu\text{Vrms typ.})$

Package Outline

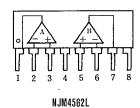
DIP8, DMP8, SIP8

Bipolar Technology

PIN CONFIGURATION







■ PACKAGE OUTLINE







NJM4562M

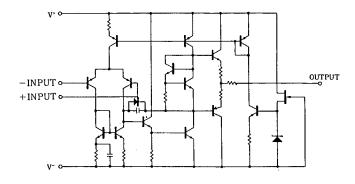


NJM4562L

PIN FUNCTION

- 1. A OUTPUT
- 2. A-INPUT
- 3. A+INPUT
- 5. B+INPUT
- 6. B-INPUT
- 7. B OUTPUT
- V٠

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (1/2 Shown)



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25℃)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V*/V -	±18	V
Differential Input Voltage	V _{ID}	±30	V
Input Voltage	V _{IC}	±15 (note)	V
		(DIP8) 500	mW
Power Dissipation	PD	(DMP8) 300	mW
		(SIP8) 800	mW
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40∼+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40~+125	r

(note) For supply voltage less than $\pm 15 V$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

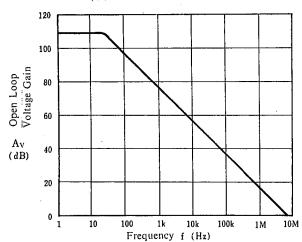
 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C, V^{+}/V^{-}=\pm 15V)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IO}	R _S ≤10kΩ		0.5	6	mV
Input Offset Current	I _{1O}		—	5	200	nA
Input Bias Current	l _B		 .	100	500	nA
Input Resistance	R _{IN}		0.3	5		МΩ
Large Signal Voltage Gain	Av	$R_L \ge 2k\Omega$, $V_O = \pm 10V$	86	110	_	dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing !	V _{OM1}	R _L ≥10kΩ	±12	±14	-	v
Maximum Output Voltage Swing 2	V _{OM2}	R _{1.≥} 2kΩ	±10	±13		V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V _{ICM}		±12	±14	<u> </u>	v
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMR	R _S ≦10kΩ	70	90	_	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	R _S ≤10kΩ	76.5	90		dB
Operating Current	Icc			1 3.5	5.7	mA
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V _{NI}	$R_S=300\Omega$, JISA	_	0.6	_	μVrms

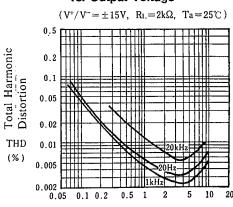
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Frequency

 $(V^{+}/V^{-} = \pm 15V, R_{L} = 2k\Omega, T_{a} = 25^{\circ}C)$



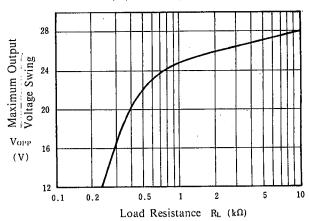
Total Harmonic Distortion vs. Output Voltage



Output Voltage Vo (Vrms)

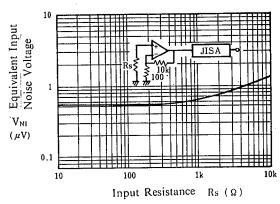
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance

 $(V^{+}/V^{-} = \pm 15V, Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

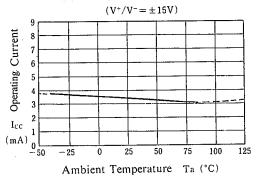


Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs. Rs

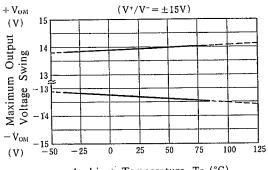
 $(V^{+}/V^{-} = \pm 15V, T_a = 25^{\circ}C)$



Operating Current vs. Temperature



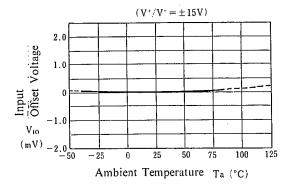
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Temperature



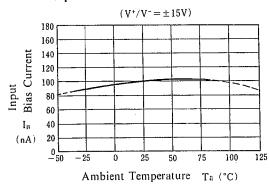
Ambient Temperature Ta (°C)

■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

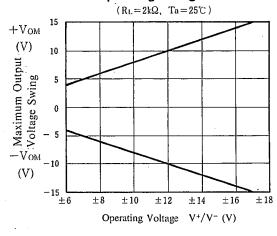
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature



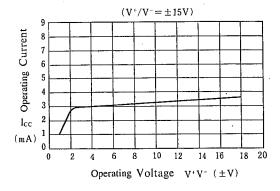
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



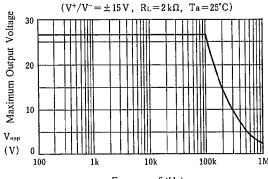
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage



Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage



Maximum Output Voltage vs. Frequency



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MEMO

[CAUTION]
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