|  | ARX4810 \& 4810FP Universal Dual |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \| Transceivers for MIL-STD-1553 | | |  |
|  | - \& MACAIR A3818, A5690, A5232 \& A4905 |  |

## Features

- World's smallest dual "Universal Transceiver" 0.3" X 1.2" Package
- Dual transceiver meets military data bus requirements, MIL-STD-1553 and Macair specs
- Low power dissipation at full output power
- +5 / -15 Volt Power Supply Operation
- Voltage source output for higher bus drive power
- Monolithic construction using linear ASICs
- Processed and screened to MIL-STD-883 specs
- MIL-PRF-38534 Compliant Devices Available
- DESC SMD (Standard Military Drawing)



## General Description

The Aeroflex Circuit Technology Models ARX4810 and ARX4810FP are new generation monolithic transceivers which provide full compliance with MIL-STD-1553 and Macair data bus requirements in the smallest packages with low power consumption and two power supply operation.

The dual channel Model ARX4810 and Model ARX4810FP perform the front-end analog function of inputting and outputting data through a transformer to a MIL-STD-1553 or Macair data bus.
Design of these transceivers reflects particular attention to active filter performance. This results in low bit and word error rate with superior waveform purity and minimal zero crossover distortion. Efficient transmitter electrical and thermal design provides low internal power dissipation and heat rise at high as well as low duty cycles.

Each channel of the dual transceiver is completely separate from the other and fully independent. This includes power leads as well as signal lines. Hence, each channel may be connected to a different data bus with no interaction.

## Transmitter

The Transmitter section accepts bi-phase TTL data at the input and when coupled to the data bus with a 1:1 transformer, isolated on the data bus side with two 52.5 Ohm fault isolation resistors, and loaded by two

70 Ohm terminations plus additional receivers, the data bus signal produced is 7.5 volts nominal P-P at A-A'. (See Figure 5) When both DATA and DATA inputs are held low or high, the transmitter output becomes a high impedance and is "removed" from the line. In addition, an overriding "INHIBIT input provides for the removal of the transmitter output from the line. A logic " 1 " applied to the "INHIBIT" takes priority over the condition of the data inputs and disables the transmitter. (See Transmitter Logic Waveform, Figure 1.)
The transceiver utilizes an active filter to suppress harmonics above

1 MHz to meet Macair specifications A-3818, A-4905, A-5232 and A-5690. The Transmitter may be safely operated at $100 \%$ duty cyclefor an indefinite period into a short circuited, the 1553 or Macair bus.

## Receiver

The Receiver section accepts bi-phase differential data at the input and produces two TTL signals at the output. The outputs are DATA and $\overline{\text { DATA, }}$, and represent positive and negative excursions of the input beyond a pre-determined threshold.(See Receiver Logic Waveform Figure 2).

The pre-set internal thresholds will detect data bus signals exceeding 1.150 Volts P-P and reject signals less than 0.6 volts $P-P$ when used with a 1:1 turns ratio transformer. (See Figure 5 for transformer data and typical connection.)

Figure 1 - Transmitter Logic Waveforms


Figure 2 - Receiver Logic Waveforms


NOTE: Waveforms shown are for normally low devices. For normally high receiver output level devices,the receiver outputs are swapped as shown by the dashed lines.

| Absolute Maximum Ratings |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Operating case temperature | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage case temperature | $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Negative Power supply Voltage | -15 V P.S. to -18 V MAX |
| Positive Power Supply Voltage | -0.3 V to +5.5 V |
| Receiver differential input | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Receiver input voltage (common mode) | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Driver peak output current | 300 mA |
| Total package power dissipation over the full operating case <br> temperature rise | 4 Watts <br> (Note. Normal operation conditions require one transmitter on and the <br> other off at any given time, with a maximum dissipation of 3.2 watts.) |
| Maximum junction to case temperature rise for the hottest <br> device | $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Thermal resistance for the hottest device, junction to bottom of <br> case | $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

Electrical Characteristics, Driver Section
Input Characteristics, TX DATA in or TX DATA in

| Parameter | Condition | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "0" Input Current | VIN $=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | IILD |  | -0.25 | -0.4 | mA |
| "1" Input Current | $\mathrm{VIN}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | IIHD |  | 1 | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| "0" Input Voltage |  | VIHD |  |  | 0.7 | V |
| "1" Input Voltage |  | VIHD | 2.0 |  |  | V |

## Inhibit Characteristics

| "0" Input Current | VIN $=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | IILI |  | -0.25 | -0.4 | mA |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "1" Input Current | VIN $=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | IIHI |  | 1.0 | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| "0" Input Voltage |  | VILI |  |  | 0.7 | V |
| "1" Input Voltage |  | VIHI | 2 |  |  | V |
| Delay from TX inhibit,(0 $\rightarrow$ 1) to inhibited output | Note 1 | tDxOFF |  | 240 | 350 | nS |
| Delay from TX inhibit, (1 $\rightarrow 0$ ) to active output | Note 1 | tDxON |  | 210 | 350 | nS |
| Differential output noise, inhibit mode |  | VNOI |  | 2 | 10 | mV p-p |
| Differential output impedance (inhibited) | Note 2 | ZOI | 7 K |  |  | $\Omega$ |

Note 1. Characteristics guaranteed by design, not production tested .

## Output Characteristics

| Differential output level | $\mathrm{RL}=35 \Omega$ | Vo | 6 | 6.8 | 7.7 | V p-p |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rise and fall times <br> ( $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ of p-p output) |  | tR | 200 | 240 | 300 | nS |
| Output offset at point A-A' on Fig 5., 2.5 $\mu \mathrm{S}$ after <br> midpoint crossing of the parity bit of the last word <br> of a 660 S message | $\mathrm{RL}=35 \Omega$ | Vos |  |  | $\pm 90$ | mV peak |
| Delay from $50 \%$ point of TX DATA or TX DATA <br> input to zero crossing of differential signal | Note 1 | tDTX |  | 260 | 350 | nS |

Note 2. Measured at 1MHz from bus side of transformer after contribution from transformer is accounted for.

## Electrical Characteristics, Receiver Section

| Parameter | Condition | Sym | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Differential Input Impedance | $\mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | ZIN | 20 K |  |  | $\Omega$ |
| Differential Voltage Range |  | VIDR |  |  | $\pm 4$ | V peak |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | Note 1 | VICR | $\pm 2.5$ |  |  | V peak |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio Note 3 | Note 1 | CMRR | 40 |  |  | dB |

Strobe Characteristics (Logic " O " inhibits output) if not used, a 1 K pullup to 5 V is recommended

| "0" Input Current | $\mathrm{Vs}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | IIL |  | -0.25 | -0.4 | mA |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "1" Input Current | $\mathrm{Vs}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | IIH |  | 1 | +40 | $\mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| "0" Input Voltage |  | VIL |  |  | 0.7 | V |
| "1" Input Voltage |  | VIH | 2.0 |  |  | V |
| Strobe Delay (turn-on or turn-off) | Note 1 | tSD |  | 10 | 78 | nS |

## Threshold Characteristics (Sinewave input )

| Input Threshold Voltage <br> (referred to the bus) | $100 \mathrm{KHz}-1 \mathrm{MHz}$ | VTH | 0.60 | 0.8 | 1.15 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Output Characteristics, RX DATA and RX DATA

| "1" State | $\mathrm{IOH}=-0.4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | VOH | 2.5 | 3.4 |  | V |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| "0" State | $\mathrm{IOL}=4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | VOL |  | 0.3 | 0.5 | V |
| Delay, (average) from differential input zero cross- <br> ings to RX $\overline{\text { DATA }}$ and RX DATA output 50\% points |  | tDRX |  | 280 | 450 | nS |

## Power Data

Maximum Currents, per channel (Power supplies used are-15V, and +5V)

| Duty Cycle | -V | +V and Logic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter Standby | 42 mA | 48 mA |
| $25 \%$ duty cycle, Note 1 | 85 mA | 90 mA |
| $50 \%$ duty cycle | 105 mA | 110 mA |
| $100 \%$ duty cycle, Note 1 | 140 mA | 145 mA |

## Power supply Voltages

| -V | -14.25 Volts to -15.75 Volts |
| :---: | :---: |
| Logic and +V | 4.5 Volts to 5.5 Volts |

Note 3. Measured at the bus side of the transformer, including the contribution from the transformer. Note 4. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {cc }}=5$ Volts $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$, for all measurements unless otherwise specified.
Note 5. Specifications apply over the case temperature range of $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specfied.
Note 6. All typical values are measured at $+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Note 7. A 1 uf, 10 Volt capacitor is required on the TX/RX terminal for each transceiver as shown in Figure 5. A Sprague 194D type (.05" W x. $10^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{L} \times .05^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H}$ ) is suggested.

Figure 3 - Transmitter (TX) Output Wave form


* Rise and fall times measured at point A-A' in Fig 5

Figure 5 - Typical Transformer connection


Figure 4 - Transmitter (TX) Output offset

*Offset measured at point A-A' in Fig 5

Figure 6 - Power Dissipation vs. Duty Cycle (per channel)

Configurations and Ordering Information

| Model No. | DESC No. | Receiver Data level | Case | Configuration |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARX4810 | $5962-$ TBA | Normally High | Plug-In | Dual |
| ARX4810-201-1 | $5962-9550501$ HXC | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.175 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4810-201-2 | $5962-9550501$ HXA | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.175 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4810-201-3 | $5962-9550501$ HXA or C | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.175 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4810-203-1 | $5962-9550501$ HYC | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.300 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4810-203-2 | $5962-9550501 H Y A$ | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.300 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4810-203-3 | $5962-9550501$ HYA or C | Normally High | Flat Pkg (.300 Lead) | Dual |
| ARX4811 | $5962-$ TBA | Normally Low | Plug-In | Dual |
| ARX4811-2 | $5962-$ TBA | Normally Low | Flat Package | Dual |



## Package Dimensions and Pin Outs

Flat Package


## DIP Package

Notes

1. Dimensions shown are in inches


Pin Numbers \& Functions

| Pin \# | Function | Channel |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | INHIBIT | A |
| 2 | TX DATA IN | A |
| 3 | TX DATA IN | A |
| 4 | STROBE | A |
| 5 | GROUND | A |
| 6 | RX $\overline{\text { DATA }}$ OUT | B |
| 7 | RX DATA OUT | B |
| 8 | TX/RX | B |
| 9 | TX / RX | B |
| 10 | -15V | B |
| 11 | +5V | B |
| 12 | INHIBIT | B |
| 13 | TX DATA IN | B |
| 14 | TX DATA IN | B |
| 15 | STROBE | B |
| 16 | GROUND | B |
| 17 | RX $\overline{\text { DATA }}$ OUT | A |
| 18 | RX DATA OUT | A |
| 19 | TX / RX | A |
| 20 | TX / RX | A |
| 21 | -15V | A |
| 22 | +5V | A |

Specifications subject to change without notice.

