## 

### $\mu P$ Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 imes 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### **General Description**

The MAX6400-MAX6405 is a family of ultra-low power microprocessor (µP) supervisory circuits used for monitoring battery, power-supply, and regulated system voltages. Each device contains a precision bandgap reference comparator and is trimmed to specified trip threshold voltages. These devices provide excellent circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components and adjustments when monitoring system voltages from 2.5V to 5.0V. A manual reset input is also included.

The MAX6400-MAX6405 assert a reset signal whenever the VCC supply voltage falls below a preset threshold. These devices are differentiated by their output logic configurations and preset threshold voltages. The MAX6400/MAX6403 (push-pull) and the MAX6402/ MAX6405 (open-drain) have an active-low reset (RESET is logic low when VCC is below VTH). The MAX6401/ MAX6404 have an active-high push-pull output (RESET is logic high when VCC is below VTH). All parts are guaranteed to be in the correct output logic state for VCC down to 1V. The reset circuit is designed to ignore fast transients on VCC. The MAX6400/MAX6401/ MAX6402 have voltage thresholds between 2.20V and 3.08V in approximately 100mV increments. The MAX6403/MAX6404/MAX6405 have voltage thresholds between 3.30V and 4.63V in approximately 100mV increments.

Ultra-low supply current of 500nA (MAX6400/MAX6401/ MAX6402) makes these parts ideal for use in portable equipment. These devices are available in 4-bump chip-scale packages (UCSP™)

#### **Applications**

Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment Cell Phones **PDAs** 

MP3 Players

**Pagers** 

#### Selector Guide

PART	NOMINAL V <sub>TH</sub> (V)	RESET/RESET OUTPUT TYPE
MAX6400	2.20 to 3.08	Push-Pull, Active-Low
MAX6401	2.20 to 3.08	Push-Pull, Active-High
MAX6402	2.20 to 3.08	Open-Drain, Active-Low
MAX6403	3.30 to 4.63	Push-Pull, Active-Low
MAX6404	3.30 to 4.63	Push-Pull, Active-High
MAX6405	3.30 to 4.63	Open-Drain, Active-Low

#### **Features**

- ♦ Ultra-Small 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package, (Package Pending Full Qualification—Expected Completion Date 6/30/01. See UCSP Reliability Section for More Details.)
- ♦ 70% Smaller Than SC70 Package
- ♦ Ultra-Low 500nA (typ) Supply Current (MAX6400/MAX6401/MAX6402)
- ◆ Factory-Trimmed Reset Thresholds from 2.20V to 4.63V in Approximately 100mV Increments
- ♦ ±2.5% Threshold Accuracy -40°C to +85°C
- ♦ Factory-Set 100ms (min) Reset Timeout Period
- ♦ Manual Reset Input
- ♦ Guaranteed Reset Valid to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.0V
- ◆ Three Reset Output Logic Options: Active-Low Push-Pull, Active-High Push-Pull, and Active-Low Open-Drain.
- ♦ Immune to Short V<sub>CC</sub> Transients
- ♦ No External Components

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6400BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4
MAX6401BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4
MAX6402BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4
MAX6403BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4
MAX6404BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4
MAX6405BST	-40°C to +85°C	UCSP-4

The MAX6400-MAX6405 are available in factory-set V<sub>CC</sub> reset thresholds from 2.20V to 4.63V, in approximately 0.1V increments. Choose the desired reset-threshold suffix from Table 1 and insert it in the blank space following "S". There are 21 standard versions with a required order increment of 2500 pieces. Sample stock is generally held on the standard versions only (Table 1). Required order increment is 10,000 pieces for nonstandard versions (Table 2). Contact factory for availability. All devices available in tape-and-reel only.

UCSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material, and environment. Refer to the UCSP Reliability Notice in the UCSP Reliability section of this data sheet for more information.

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

UCSP is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

# $\mu P$ Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 $\times$ 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

All voltages measured with respec	t to GND, unless otherwise noted.
Vcc	0.3V to +6V
RESET, RESET (push-pull)	
RESET (open-drain)	0.3V to +6V
MR	-0.3V to $(V cc + 0.3V)$

Input/Output into Any Pin......20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
4-Bump UCSP (derate 3.8mW/°C above +70	0°C)303mW
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Bump Reflow Temperature	+235°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = 1.0 \text{V to } 5.5 \text{V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ} \text{C to } +85 ^{\circ} \text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{V}$  and  $T_A = +25 ^{\circ} \text{C}$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Cumply Valtage Dange	\/	$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C		1.0		5.5	V	
Supply Voltage Range	Vcc	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	$T_A = -40$ °C to $+85$ °C			5.5	V	
Supply Current	Icc	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ for $V_{TH} \le$	MAX6400/MAX6401/MAX6402 $V_{CC} = 3.0V \text{ for } V_{TH} \le 2.93V, \\ V_{CC} = 3.2V \text{ for } V_{TH} \ge 2.93V, \text{ no load}$		0.5	1.0	μΑ	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, no load			1.0	1.75	1	
Decet Threehold	\/	Table 1	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	V <sub>TH</sub> - 1.5%	V <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>TH</sub> + 1.5%	\/	
Reset Threshold	V <sub>TH</sub>	Table I	$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	V <sub>TH</sub> - 2.5%	V <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>TH</sub> + 2.5%	V	
Doost Threehold I brotovesis		MAX6400/MAX6401/MAX6402			6.3		\	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis	MAX6403/MAX6404/MAX6405			9.5		<del> </del> mV		
Reset Threshold Tempco	ΔV <sub>TH</sub> /°C				40		ppm/°C	
V <sub>CC</sub> to Reset Delay	t <sub>RD</sub>	$V_{CC} = (V_{TH} + 100 \text{mV})$	$V_{CC} = (V_{TH} + 100 \text{mV}) \text{ to } (V_{TH} - 100 \text{mV})$		20		μs	
Reset Active Timeout Period	t <sub>RP</sub>				185	280	ms	
	VIL	V <sub>TH</sub> > 4.0V				0.8	.,	
MD	VIH			2.0				
MR Input	VIL				(	0.2 x V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
VII		$V_{TH} \le 4.0V$		0.7 x V <sub>CC</sub>		]		
MR Minimum Input Pulse Width	t <sub>MD</sub>			1			μs	
MR Glitch Rejection					100		ns	
MR to Reset Delay Time					200		ns	
MR Pullup Resistance				25	50	75	kΩ	

# $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 $\times$ 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = 1.0 \text{V to } 5.5 \text{V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{V}$  and  $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ .) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RESET Output Voltage Low (MAX6400/MAX6402/MAX6403/	VoL	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.6mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.1V, reset asserted			0.3	V
MAX6405)	VOL	$I_{SINK}$ = 100 $\mu$ A, $V_{CC} \ge$ 1.2 $V$ , reset asserted			0.4	V
		$I_{SOURCE} = 500\mu\text{A}, V_{CC} = 3.2\text{V}, MAX6400, only, reset not asserted}$	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	;		
RESET Output Voltage High (MAX6400/MAX6403)	Voh	ISOURCE = $800\mu\text{A}$ , V <sub>CC</sub> = $4.5\text{V}$ , V <sub>TH</sub> $\leq 4.38\text{V}$ , reset not asserted	0.8 x V <sub>C</sub> C	;		V
		$\begin{split} & \text{ISOURCE} = 800 \mu\text{A},  \text{V}_{\text{CC}} = \text{V}_{\text{TH}}  (\text{max}), \\ & \text{V}_{\text{TH}} \geq 4.5 \text{V},  \text{reset not asserted} \end{split}$	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	;		
	Vou	ISOURCE = $500\mu\text{A}$ , $V_{CC} \ge 2.1\text{V}$ , reset asserted	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	;		
	VOH	$I_{SOURCE} = 50\mu\text{A}, \ V_{CC} \ge 1.2\text{V}, \ reset$ asserted	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>	;		
RESET Output Voltage (MAX6401/MAX6404)	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1.2mA, V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 3.2V, reset not asserted, MAX6401 only			0.3	V
		$I_{SINK} = 3.2$ mA, $V_{CC} \ge 4.5$ V, reset not asserted, $V_{TH} \le 4.38$ V			0.4	
		$I_{SINK} = 3.2$ mA, $V_{CC} = V_{TH}$ (max), $V_{TH} \ge 4.5$ V, reset not asserted	0.4		0.4	
Open-Drain RESET Output Leakage Current (Note 2)		RESET not asserted			0.1	μА

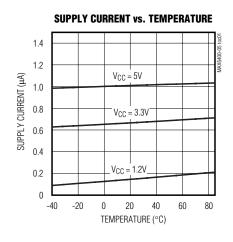
Note 1: Production testing done at +25°C only. Overtemperature limits are guaranteed by design and not production tested.

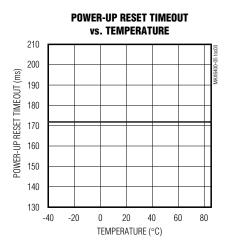
Note 2: Guaranteed by design.

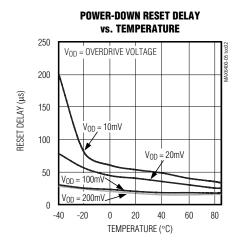
# $\mu P$ Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 $\times$ 2) Chip-Scale Package

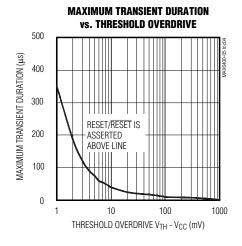
#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 









### μP Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### Pin Description

PII	N		
MAX6400/MAX6402 MAX6403/MAX6405	MAX6401/MAX6404	NAME	FUNCTION
A1	A1	GND	Ground
B1	_	RESET	Active-Low Reset Output, (Open-Drain or Push-Pull). RESET is asserted low when the V <sub>CC</sub> input is below the selected reset threshold. RESET remains low for the reset timeout period after V <sub>CC</sub> exceeds the device reset threshold. Opendrain outputs require an external pullup resistor.
_	B1	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET remains high while $V_{CC}$ is below the reset threshold and for at least 100ms after $V_{CC}$ rises above the reset threshold.
B2	B2	MR	Active-Low Manual Reset. Internal $50k\Omega$ pullup to $V_{CC}$ . Pull low to assert a reset. Reset remains asserted as long as $\overline{MR}$ is low and for the reset timeout period after $\overline{MR}$ goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to $V_{CC}$ if unused.
A2	A2	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage and Input for the Reset Threshold Monitor

#### **Detailed Description**

#### **Reset Output**

A microprocessor's ( $\mu$ P's) reset input starts the  $\mu$ P in a known state. These  $\mu$ P supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low for V<sub>CC</sub> down to 1V. Once V<sub>CC</sub> exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps RESET low for the reset timeout period; after this interval, RESET goes high.

If a brownout condition occurs (VCC dips below the reset threshold),  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  goes low. Any time VCC goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  goes low. The internal timer starts after VCC returns above the reset threshold, and  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  remains low for the reset timeout period.

The manual reset input  $(\overline{MR})$  can also initiate a reset, see the *Manual Reset Input* section. The MAX6401/MAX6404 have active-high RESET outputs that are the inverse of the MAX6400/MAX6402/MAX6403/MAX6405 outputs (Figure 1).

#### Manual Reset Input

Many  $\mu P$ -based products require manual reset capability, allowing the operator, a test technician, or external logic circuit to initiate a reset. A logic low on  $\overline{MR}$  asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while  $\overline{MR}$  is low, and for

the reset active timeout period (tRP) after  $\overline{MR}$  returns high. This input has an internal  $50k\Omega$  pullup resistor, so it can be left open if it is not used.  $\overline{MR}$  can be driven with TTL or CMOS logic levels, or with open-drain/collector outputs. Connect a normally open momentary switch from  $\overline{MR}$  to GND to create a manual reset function; external debouncing circuitry is not required. If  $\overline{MR}$  is driven from long cables or if the device is used in a noisy environment, connect a  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor from  $\overline{MR}$  to ground to provide additional noise immunity (see Figure 1).

#### \_Applications Information

### Interfacing to µP with Bidirectional Reset Pins

Since the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output on the MAX6402/MAX6405 is open-drain, these devices interface easily with (µPs) that have bidirectional reset pins. Connecting the µP supervisor's  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output directly to the microcontroller's (µC's)  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  pin with a single pullup resistor allows either device to assert reset (Figure 2).

#### **Negative-Going VCC Transients**

These devices are relatively immune to short-duration, negative-going VCC transients (glitches).

The *Typical Operating Characteristics* show the Maximum Transient Duration vs. Reset Threshold Overdrive graph, for which reset pulses are not gener-

## $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package

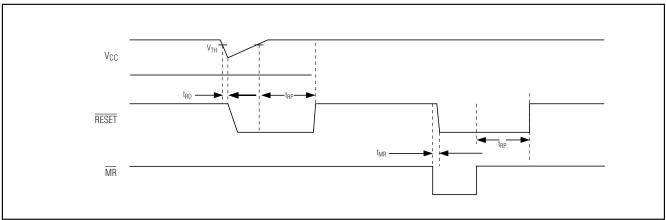


Figure 1. Reset Timing Diagram

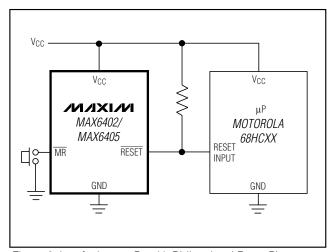


Figure 2. Interfacing to  $\mu Ps$  with Bidirectional Reset Pins

ated. The graph shows the maximum pulse width that a negative going V<sub>CC</sub> transient may typically have when issuing a reset signal. As the amplitude of the transient increases, the maximum allowable pulse width decreases.

\_Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 512 PROCESS: BICMOS

### $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package

Table 1. Factory Trimmed Reset Thresholds\*

		Reset Threshold Voltage, V <sub>TH</sub> (V)					
PARTS	SUFFIX		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°	40°C to +85°C	
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	22*	2.167	2.200	2.233	2.145	2.250	
	23*	2.285	2.320	2.355	2.262	2.375	
	24	2.364	2.400	2.436	2.340	2.460	
	25	2.462	2.500	2.537	2.437	2.562	
MAX6400BS MAX6401BS	26*	2.591	2.630	2.669	2.564	2.692	
MAX6401BS MAX6402BS	27	2.660	2.700	2.741	2.633	2.768	
WW O TO TO TO	28	2.758	2.800	2.842	2.730	2.870	
	29*	2.886	2.930	2.974	2.857	3.000	
	30	2.955	3.000	3.045	2.925	3.075	
	31*	3.034	3.080	3.126	3.003	3.150	
	33	3.250	3.300	3.350	3.217	3.383	
	34	3.349	3.400	3.451	3.315	3.485	
	35	3.447	3.500	3.552	3.412	3.587	
	36	3.546	3.600	3.654	3.510	3.690	
	37	3.644	3.700	3.755	3.607	3.792	
	38	3.743	3.800	3.857	3.705	3.895	
MAX6403BS MAX6404BS	39	3.841	3.900	3.958	3.802	3.997	
MAX6405BS	40	3.940	4.000	4.060	3.900	4.100	
	41	4.038	4.100	4.161	3.997	4.202	
	42	4.137	4.200	4.263	4.095	4.305	
	43	4.235	4.300	4.364	4.192	4.407	
	44*	4.314	4.380	4.446	4.270	4.489	
	45	4.432	4.500	4.567	4.387	4.612	
	46*	4.560	4.630	4.699	4.514	4.746	

Factory-trimmed voltage thresholds are available in approximately 100mV increments with a 1.5% room-temperature variance. \*Note: Parts marked with an asterisk (\*) are standard versions.

# $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### **Table 2. Device Marking Codes**

PARTS	TOP MARK	PARTS	TOP MARK	PARTS	TOP MARK
MAX6400BS31-T	AAJ	MAX6401BS31-T	ABV	MAX6402BS31-T	ACF
MAX6400BS30-T	AAI	MAX6401BS30-T	ABU	MAX6402BS30-T	ACE
MAX6400BS29-T	AAH	MAX6401BS29-T	ABT	MAX6402BS29-T	ACD
MAX6400BS28-T	AAG	MAX6401BS28-T	ABS	MAX6402BS28-T	ACC
MAX6400BS27-T	AAF	MAX6401BS27-T	ABR	MAX6402BS27-T	ACB
MAX6400BS26-T	AAE	MAX6401BS26-T	ABQ	MAX6402BS26-T	ACA
MAX6400BS25-T	AAD	MAX6401BS25-T	ABP	MAX6402BS25-T	ABZ
MAX6400BS24-T	AAC	MAX6401BS24-T	ABO	MAX6402BS24-T	ABY
MAX6400BS23-T	AAB	MAX6401BS23-T	ABN	MAX6402BS23-T	ABX
MAX6400BS22-T	AAA	MAX6401BS22-T	ABM	MAX6402BS22-T	ABW

PARTS	TOP MARK	PARTS	TOP MARK	PARTS	TOP MARK
MAX6403BS46-T	ACT	MAX6404BS46-T	ADH	MAX6405BS46-T	ADV
MAX6403BS45-T	ACS	MAX6404BS45-T	ADG	MAX6405BS45-T	ADU
MAX6403BS44-T	ACR	MAX6404BS44-T	ADF	MAX6405BS44-T	ADT
MAX6403BS43-T	ACQ	MAX6404BS43-T	ADE	MAX6405BS43-T	ADS
MAX6403BS42-T	ACP	MAX6404BS42-T	ADD	MAX6405BS42-T	ADR
MAX6403BS41-T	ACO	MAX6404BS41-T	ADC	MAX6405BS41-T	ADQ
MAX6403BS40-T	ACN	MAX6404BS40-T	ADB	MAX6405BS40-T	ADP
MAX6403BS39-T	ACM	MAX6404BS39-T	ADA	MAX6405BS39-T	ADO
MAX6403BS38-T	ACL	MAX6404BS38-T	ACZ	MAX6405BS38-T	ADN
MAX6403BS37-T	ACK	MAX6404BS37-T	ACY	MAX6405BS37-T	ADM
MAX6403BS36-T	ACJ	MAX6404BS36-T	ACX	MAX6405BS36-T	ADL
MAX6403BS35-T	ACI	MAX6404BS35-T	ACW	MAX6405BS35-T	ADK
MAX6403BS34-T	ACH	MAX6404BS34-T	ACV	MAX6405BS34-T	ADJ
MAX6403BS33-T	ACG	MAX6404BS33-T	ACU	MAX6405BS33-T	ADI

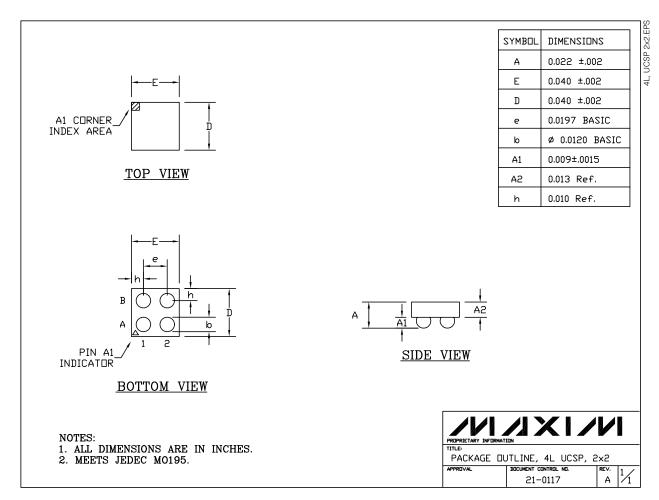
#### **UCSP Reliability**

The chip-scale package (UCSP) represents a unique packaging form factor that may not perform equally to a packaged product through traditional mechanical reliability tests. CSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material, and usage environment. The user should closely review these areas when considering use of a CSP package. Performance through Operating Life Test and Moisture Resistance remains uncompromised as it is primarily determined by the wafer-fabrication process.

Mechanical stress performance is a greater consideration for a CSP package. CSPs are attached through direct solder contact to the user's PC board, foregoing the inherent stress relief of a packaged product lead frame. Solder joint contact integrity must be considered. Information on Maxim's qualification plan, test data, and recommendations are detailed in the UCSP application note, which can be found on Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

### $\mu$ P Supervisory Circuits in 4-Bump (2 × 2) Chip-Scale Package

#### Package Information



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

\_\_\_9