

General Description

The MAX5170/MAX5172 low-power, serial, voltage-out-put, 14-bit digital-to-analog converters (DACs) feature a precision output amplifier in a space-saving 16-pin QSOP package. The MAX5170 operates from a +5V single supply and the MAX5172 operates from a +3V single supply. Both devices draw only 280 μ A of supply current, which reduces to 1μ A in shutdown. In addition, the programmable power-up reset feature allows for a user-selectable power-up output voltage of either 0 or midscale.

The 3-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI™, QSPI™, and MICROWIRE™ standards. An input register followed by a DAC register provides a double-buffered input, allowing the input and DAC registers to be updated independently or simultaneously with a 16-bit serial word. Additional features include software and hardware shutdown, shutdown lockout, a hardware clear pin, and a reference input capable of accepting DC and offset AC signals. These devices provide a programmable digital output pin for added functionality and a serial-data output pin for daisy-chaining. All logic inputs are TTL/CMOS-compatible and are internally buffered with Schmitt triggers to allow direct interfacing to optocouplers.

The MAX5170/MAX5172 incorporate a proprietary on-chip circuit that keeps the output voltage virtually "glitch free," limiting the glitches to a few millivolts during power-up.

Both devices are available in 16-pin QSOP packages and are specified for the extended (-40°C to +85°C) temperature range. For 100% pin-compatible DACS with internal reference, see the 13-bit MAX5130/MAX5131 and the 12-bit MAX5120/MAX5121 data sheets.

Applications

Industrial Process Controls
Digital Offset and Gain Adjustment
Motion Control
Automatic Test Equipment (ATE)
Remote Industrial Controls
µP-Controlled Systems

Functional Diagram appears at end of data sheet.

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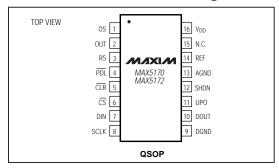
_____Features

- ♦ ±1 LSB INL
- ♦ 1µA Shutdown Current
- ◆ "Glitch Free" Output Voltage at Power-Up
- **♦ Single-Supply Operation**
 - +5V (MAX5170)
 - +3V (MAX5172)
- → Full-Scale Output Range
 - +2.048V (MAX5172, $V_{REF} = +1.25V$)
 - +4.096V (MAX5170, VREF = +2.5V)
- ♦ Rail-to-Rail® Output Amplifier
- **♦** Adjustable Output Offset
- ♦ Low THD (-80dB) in Multiplying Operation
- SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible 3-Wire Serial Interface
- Programmable Shutdown Mode and Power-Up Reset (0 or Midscale)
- ♦ Buffered Output Capable of Driving 5kΩ || 100pF
- User-Programmable Digital Output Pin Allows Serial Control of External Components
- ♦ Pin-Compatible Upgrade to the 12-Bit MAX5174/MAX5176

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	INL (LSB)
MAX5170AEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±1
MAX5170BEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±2
MAX5172AEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±2
MAX5172BEEE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QSOP	±4

Pin Configuration



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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{DD} to AGND, DGND	0.3V to +6.0V
AGND to DGND	0.3V to +0.3V
Digital Inputs to DGND	0.3V to +6.0V
DOUT, UPO to DGND	0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
OUT, REF to AGND	0.3V to $(V_{DD} + 0.3V)$
OS to AGND(A	GND - 4.0V) to $(V_{DD} + 0.3V)$
Maximum Current into Any Pin	50mA

Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)
16-Pin QSOP (derate 8mW/°C above +70°C)667mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5170

 $(V_{DD}$ = +5V ±10%, V_{REF} = 2.5V, OS = AGND = DGND, R_L = 5k Ω , C_L = 100pF referenced to ground, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
STATIC PERFORMANCE	1	,				
Resolution			14			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 1)	INI	MAX5170A			±1	LSB
megrar Normineanty (Note 1)	IINL	MAX5170B			±2	LSB
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL				±1	LSB
Offset Error (Note 2)	Vos				±10	mV
Gain Error	GE	R _L = ∞		-0.6	±4	LSB
Galii Eiioi	GE	$R_L = 5k\Omega$		-1.6	±8	LSD
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR			10	120	μV/V
Output Noise Voltage		f = 100kHz		1		LSBp-p
Output Thermal Noise Density				80		nV/√Hz
REFERENCE						
Reference Input Range	V _{REF}		0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V
Reference Input Resistance	RREF		18			kΩ
MULTIPLYING-MODE PERFOR	RMANCE					
Reference -3dB Bandwidth		V _{REF} = 0.5Vp-p + 1.5V _{DC} , slew-rate limited		350		kHz
Reference Feedthrough		V _{REF} = 3.6Vp-p + 1.8V _{DC} , f = 1kHz, code = all 0s		-80		dB
Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio		$V_{REF} = 1.5 \text{ Vp-p} + 1.5 \text{V}_{DC}$, $f = 10 \text{kHz}$, $code = 3 \text{FFF hex}$		82		dB
DIGITAL INPUTS			<u>'</u>			
Input High Voltage	VIH		3			V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	VHYS			200		mV
Input Leakage Current	liN	VIN = 0 or VDD		0.001	±1	μΑ
Input Capacitance	CIN			8		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUTS	•					
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	ISOURCE = 2mA	V _{DD} - 0.5	i		V
Output Low Voltage	Vol	ISINK = 2mA		0.13	0.4	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5170 (continued)

 $(V_{DD}=+5V\pm10\%,\,V_{REF}=2.5V,\,OS=AGND=DGND,\,R_L=5k\Omega,\,C_L=100pF$ referenced to ground, $T_A=T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						ı
Voltage Output Slew Rate	SR			0.6		V/µs
Output Settling Time		To ±0.5LSB, from 10mV to full-scale		18		μs
Output Voltage Swing (Note 3)			0		V_{DD}	V
OS Pin Input Resistance			80	120		kΩ
Time Required to Exit Shutdown				40		μs
Digital Feedthrough		$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{DD} , f _{SCLK} = 100kHz, V _{SCLK} = 5Vp-p		1		nV-s
POWER SUPPLIES	•		•			•
Positive Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		4.5		5.5	V
Power-Supply Current (Note 4)	IDD			0.28	0.4	mA
Shutdown Current (Note 4)				1	10	μΑ
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS			•			•
SCLK Clock Period	tcp		100			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	tсн		40			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	tcL		40			ns
CS Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	tcss		40			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Rise Hold Time	tcsh		0			ns
SDI Setup Time	tDS		40			ns
SDI Hold Time	t _{DH}		0			ns
SCLK Rise to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t _{DO1}	C _{LOAD} = 200pF			80	ns
SCLK Fall to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t _{DO2}	C _{LOAD} = 200pF			80	ns
SCLK Rise to CS Fall Delay	t _{CS0}		10			ns
CS Rise to SCLK Rise Hold Time	tcs1		40			ns
CS Pulse Width High	tcsw		100			ns

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5172

 $(V_{DD}=+2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, V_{REF}=1.25V, OS=AGND=DGND, R_L=5k\Omega, C_L=100pF \text{ referenced to ground, } T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$).

PARAMETER SYMBOL		CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
STATIC PERFORMANCE			'			
Resolution			14			Bits
Integral Nonlinearity (Note 5)	INI	MAX5172A			±2	LSB
integral Northinearity (Note 3)	IINL	MAX5172B			±4	LJD
Differential Nonlinearity	DNL				±1	LSB
Offset Error (Note 2)	Vos				±10	mV
Gain Error	GE	RL = ∞		-0.6	±4	LSB
Gain Endi	GL	$R_L = 5k\Omega$		-1.6	±8	LJD
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR			10	120	μV/V
Output Noise Voltage		f = 100kHz		2		LSBp-p
Output Thermal Noise Density				80		nV/√Hz
REFERENCE						
Reference Input Range	VREF		0		V _{DD} - 1.4	V
Reference Input Resistance	RREF		18			kΩ
MULTIPLYING-MODE PERFORM	MANCE					
Reference -3dB Bandwidth		V _{REF} = 0.5Vp-p + 0.75V _{DC} , slew-rate limited		350		kHz
Reference Feedthrough		$V_{REF} = 1.6Vp-p + 0.8V_{DC}$, $f = 1kHz$, $code = all 0s$		-80		dB
Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio	SINAD	$V_{REF} = 0.6Vp-p + 0.9V_{DC}$, $f = 10kHz$, $code = 3FFF hex$		78		dB
DIGITAL INPUT		1				
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		2.2			V
Input Low Voltage	VIL				0.8	V
Input Hysteresis	VHYS			200		mV
Input Leakage Current	liN	VIN = 0 or VDD		0.001	±1	μΑ
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}			8		pF
DIGITAL OUTPUT		•				
Output High Voltage	Voн	ISOURCE = 2mA	V _{DD} - 0.5	i		V
Output Low Voltage	Vol	I _{SINK} = 2mA		0.13	0.4	V

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX5172 (continued)

 $(V_{DD}=2.7V \text{ to } 3.6V, V_{REF}=1.25V, OS=AGND=DGND, R_L=5k\Omega, C_L=100pF \text{ referenced to ground, } T_A=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless } T_{MIN}=T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ to } T_{MAX} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ to } T_{MAX},$ otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25$ °C).

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Output Slew Rate	SR			0.6		V/µs
Output Settling Time		To ±0.5LSB from 10mV to full-scale		18		μs
Output Voltage Swing (Note 3)			0		V_{DD}	V
OS Pin Input Resistance			80	120		kΩ
Time Required to Exit Shutdown				40		μs
Digital Feedthrough		$\overline{\text{CS}}$ = V _{DD} , f _{SCLK} = 100kHz, V _{SCLK} = 3Vp-p		1		nV-s
POWER SUPPLIES			•			•
Positive Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		2.7		3.6	V
Power-Supply Current (Note 4)	IDD			0.28	0.4	mA
Shutdown Current (Note 4)				1	10	μΑ
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS			•			•
SCLK Clock Period	tcp		150			ns
SCLK Pulse Width High	tсн		75			ns
SCLK Pulse Width Low	tcL		75			ns
CSB Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	tcss		60			ns
SCLK Rise to $\overline{\text{CS}}$ Rise Hold Time	t _{CSH}		0			ns
SDI Setup Time	tps		60			ns
SDI Hold Time	tDH		0			ns
SCLK Rise to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t _{DO1}	CLOAD = 200pF			200	ns
SCLK Fall to DOUT Valid Propagation Delay	t _{DO2}	CLOAD = 200pF			200	ns
SCLK Rise to CS Fall Delay	t _{CS0}		10			ns
CS Rise to SCLK Rise Hold Time	t _{CS1}		75			ns
CS Pulse Width High	tcsw		150			ns

Note 1: INL guaranteed between codes 40 and 16383.

Note 2: Offset is measured at the code that comes closest to 10mV.

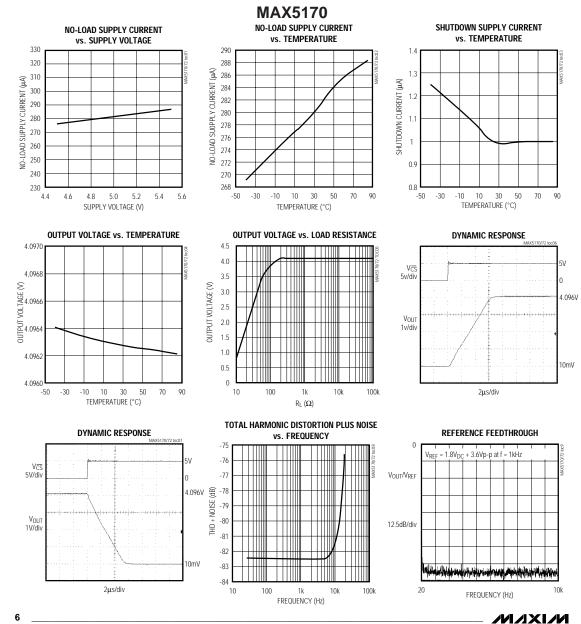
Note 3: Accuracy is better than 1.0 LSB for V_{OUT} = 10mV to V_{DD} - 180mV. Guaranteed by PSR test on end points.

Note 4: RL = open and digital inputs are either Vpp or DGND. Note 5: INL guaranteed between codes 80 and 16383.

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Typical Operating Characteristics

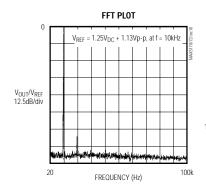
 $(MAX5170: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5172: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, OS = AGND, code = 3FFF hex, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$

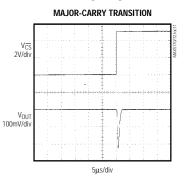


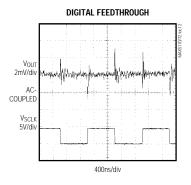
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

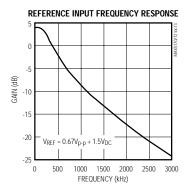
(MAX5170: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5172: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, OS = AGND, code = 3FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

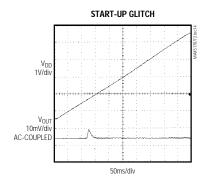
MAX5170

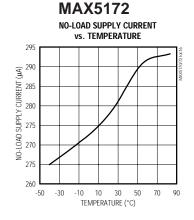














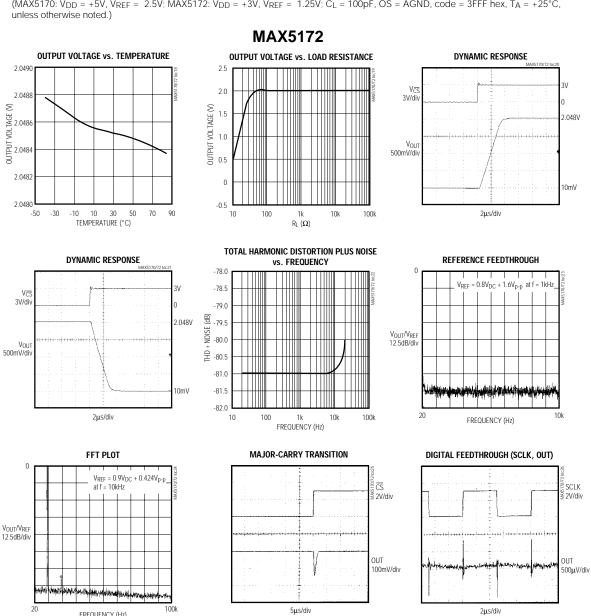
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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

AC-COUPLED

/VIXI/VI

(MAX5170: VDD = +5V, VREF = 2.5V; MAX5172: VDD = +3V, VREF = 1.25V; CL = 100pF, OS = AGND, code = 3FFF hex, TA = +25°C,



AC-COUPLED

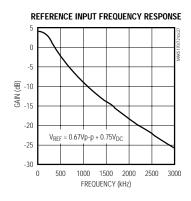
FREQUENCY (Hz)

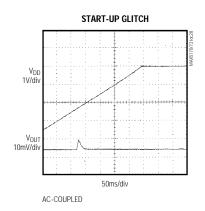
MAX5170/MAX5172

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(MAX5170: V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF} = 2.5V; MAX5172: V_{DD} = +3V, V_{REF} = 1.25V; C_L = 100pF, OS = GND, code = 3FFF hex, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)$

MAX5172





Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	OS	Offset Adjustment. Connect to AGND for no offset.
2	OUT	Voltage Output. High impedance when in shutdown. The output voltage is limited to V _{DD} .
3	RS	Reset Mode Select (digital input). Connect to V _{DD} to select midscale reset output voltage. Connect to DGND to select 0 reset output voltage.
4	PDL	Power-Down Lockout (digital input). Connect to V_{DD} to allow shutdown. Connect to DGND to disable software and hardware shutdown.
5	CLR	Clear DAC (digital input). Clears the DAC to either zero or midscale as determined by RS.
6	CS	Chip Select Input (digital input). DIN ignored when $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is high.
7	DIN	Serial-Data Input (digital input). Data is clocked in on the rising edge of SCLK.
8	SCLK	Serial Clock Input (digital input)
9	DGND	Digital Ground
10	DOUT	Serial-Data Output
11	UPO	User-Programmable Output. State is set by the serial input.
12	SHDN	Shutdown (digital input). Pulling SHDN high when $\overline{PDL} = V_{DD}$ places the chip in shutdown with a maximum shutdown current of 10 μ A.
13	AGND	Analog Ground
14	REF	Reference Input. Maximum V _{REF} is V _{DD} - 1.4V.
15	N.C.	No Connection
16	V_{DD}	Positive Supply. Bypass to AGND with a 4.7μF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1μF capacitor.

- N/IXI/N

Detailed Description

The MAX5170/MAX5172 14-bit, serial, voltage-output DACs operate with a 3-wire serial interface. These devices include a 16-bit shift register and a double-buffered input composed of an input register and a DAC register (see *Functional Diagram*). In addition, these devices employ a rail-to-rail output amplifier and internally trimmed resistors to provide a gain of +1.638V/V, maximizing the output voltage swing. The MAX5170/MAX5172's offset adjust pin allows for a DC shift in the DAC output. The DACs are designed with an inverted R-2R ladder network (Figure 1) which produces a weighted voltage proportional to the reference voltage.

Reference Inputs

The reference input accepts both AC and DC values with a voltage range extending from 0 to V_{DD} - 1.4V. The following equation represents the resulting output voltage:

$$V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{REF} \cdot N \cdot Gain}{16384}$$

where N is the numeric value of the DAC's binary input code (0 to 16383), VREF is the reference voltage, and Gain is the internal set voltage gain (+1.638V/V if OS = AGND). The maximum output voltage is VDD. The reference pin has a minimum impedance of $18k\Omega$ and is code dependent.

Output Amplifier

With OS connected to AGND, the output amplifier employs an internal, trimmed resistor-divider setting the gain to +1.638V/V and minimizing gain error. The output amplifier has a typical slew rate of 0.6V/ μs and settles to $\pm 0.5 LSB$ from a full-scale transition within 18 μs , when loaded with 5k Ω in parallel with 100pF. Loads less than 2k Ω degrade performance.

For alternative output amplifier setups, refer to the *Applications Information* section.

Shutdown Mode

The MAX5170/MAX5172 feature a software- and hardware-programmable shutdown mode that reduces the typical supply current to $1\mu A$. Enter shutdown by writing the appropriate input-control word as shown in Table 1 or by using the hardware shutdown. In shutdown mode, the reference input and the amplifier output become high-impedance and the serial interface remains active. Data in the input register is saved, allowing the MAX5170/MAX5172 to recall the prior output state when returning to normal operation. Exit shutdown by

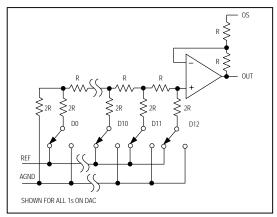


Figure 1. Simplified DAC Circuit Diagram

reloading the DAC register from the shift register, by simultaneously loading the input and DAC registers, or by toggling PDL. When returning from shutdown, wait 40µs for the output to settle.

Power-Down Lockout

Power-Down Lockout disables the software/hardware shutdown mode. A high-to-low transition brings the device out of shutdown and returns the output to its previous state.

Shutdown

Pulling SHDN high while $\overline{\text{PDL}}$ is high places the MAX5170/MAX5172 in shutdown. Pulling SHDN low will not return the device to normal operation. A high-to-low transition on $\overline{\text{PDL}}$ or an appropriate command from the serial data line (see Table 1 for commands) is required to exit shutdown.

Serial-Interface

The MAX5170/MAX5172 3-wire serial interface is compatible with SPI, QSPI (Figure 2) and MICROWIRE (Figure 3) interface standards. The 16-bit serial input word consists of two control bits and 14 bits of data (MSB to LSB).

The control bits determine the MAX5170/MAX5172's operation as outlined in Table 1. The MAX5170/MAX5172's digital inputs are double buffered, which allows any of the following:

- Loading the input register without updating the DAC register
- Updating the DAC register from the input register
- · Updating the input and DAC registers simultaneously.

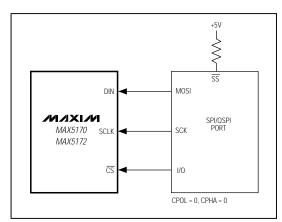


Figure 2. Connections for SPI and QSPI Interface

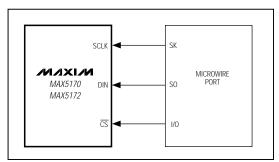


Figure 3. Connections for MICROWIRE Interface Standards

The MAX5170/MAX5172 accepts one 16-bit packet or two 8-bit packets sent while \overline{CS} remains low. The MAX5170/MAX5172 allow the following to be configured:

- Clock edge on which serial data output (DOUT) is clocked out
- State of the user-programmable logic output
- · Configuration of the reset state.

Specific commands for setting these are shown in Table 1

The general timing diagram in Figure 4 illustrates how the MAX5170/MAX5172 acquire data. $\overline{\text{CS}}$ must go low at least tcss before the rising edge of the serial clock (SCLK). With $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low, data is clocked into the register on the rising edge of SCLK. The maximum serial clock frequency guaranteed for proper operation is 10MHz for MAX5170 and 6MHz for MAX5172. See Figure 5 for a detailed timing diagram of the serial interface.

Serial Data Output (DOUT)

The serial-data output, DOUT, is the internal shift register's output and allows for daisy-chaining of multiple devices as well as data readback (see *Applications Information*). By default upon start-up, data shifts out of DOUT on the serial clock's rising edge (Mode 0) and provides a lag of 16 clock cycles, thus maintaining SPI, QSPI, and MICROWIRE compatibility. However, if the device is programmed for Mode 1, the output data lags DIN by 16.5 clock cycles and is clocked out on the serial clock's rising edge. During shutdown, DOUT retains its last digital state prior to shutdown.

Table 1. Serial-Interface Programming Commands

16-BIT SERIAL WORD		RIAL WORD	FUNCTION
C1	C0	D11D0	FUNCTION
0	0	14-bit DAC data	Load input register; DAC registers are unchanged.
0	1	14-bit DAC data	Load input register; DAC registers are updated (start-up DAC with new data).
1	0	x x x xxx xxxx xxxx	Update DAC register from input register (start-up DAC with data previously stored in the input registers).
1	1	0 0 x xxx xxxx xxxx	No operation (NOP).
1	1	0 1 x xxx xxxx xxxx	Shut down DAC (provided PDL = 1).
1	1	1 0 0 xxx xxxx xxxx	UPO goes low (default).
1	1	1 0 1 xxx xxxx xxxx	UPO goes high.
1	1	1 1 0 xxx xxxx xxxx	Mode 1, DOUT clocked out on SCLK's rising edge.
1	1	1 1 1 xxx xxxx xxxx	Mode 0, DOUT clocked out on SCLK's falling edge (default).

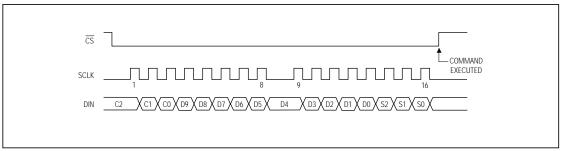


Figure 4. Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

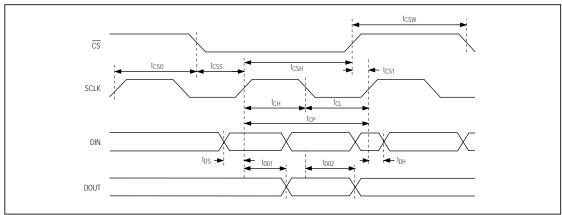


Figure 5. Detailed Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

User-Programmable Logic Output (UPO)The UPO allows control of an external device through

The UPO allows control of an external device through the serial interface, thereby reducing the number of microcontroller I/O pins required. During power-down, this output retains its digital state prior to shutdown. When CLR is pulled low, UPO resets to its programmed default state. See Table 1 for specific commands to control the UPO.

Reset (RS) and Clear (CLR)

The MAX5170/MAX5172 offers a clear pin which resets the output voltage. If RS = DGND, then $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ resets the output voltage to the minimum voltage (0 if OS = AGND). If RS = VDD, then $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ resets the output voltage to midscale. In either case, $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ resets UPO to its programmed default state.

Applications Information

Unipolar Output

Figure 6 shows the MAX5170/MAX5172 configured for unipolar, rail-to-rail operation with a gain of +1.638V/V. Table 2 lists the codes for unipolar output voltages. The maximum output voltage is limited to V_{DD}. Use the OS pin to introduce an offset voltage as shown in Figure 7 and described in the *Offset and Buffer Configurations* section.

Bipolar Output

Figure 8 shows the MAX5170/MAX5172 configured for bipolar output operation. The output voltage is given by the following equation (OS = AGND):

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(\frac{2 \cdot N}{16,384} - 1 \right)$$

where N represents the numeric value of the DAC's binary input code, V_{REF} is the voltage of the external reference. Table 3 shows digital codes and the corresponding output voltage for Figure 8's circuit.

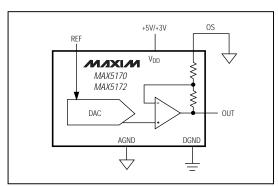


Figure 6. Unipolar Output Circuit (Rail-to-Rail)

Figure 8. Bipolar Output Circuit

Table 2. Unipolar Code Table (Circuit of Figure 6)

DAC CONTENTS MSB LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
11 1111 1111 1111	+V _{REF} (16383/16384) • 1.638
10 0000 0000 0001	+V _{REF} (8193/16384) • 1.638
10 0000 0000 0000	+V _{REF} (8192/16384) • 1.638
01 1111 1111 1111	+V _{REF} (8191/16384) • 1.638
00 0000 0000 0001	+V _{REF} (1/16384) • 1.638
00 0000 0000 0000	0

REF +5V/+3V OS WAX5170 MAX5172 DAC DGND DGND DGND

Figure 7. Setting OS for Output Offset

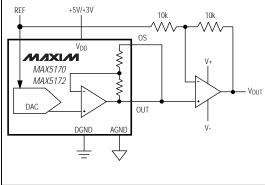


Table 3. Bipolar Code Table (Circuit of Figure 8)

DAC CONTENTS MSB LSB	ANALOG OUTPUT
11 1111 1111 1111	+V _{REF} [(2 · 16383/16384) - 1]
10 0000 0000 0001	+V _{REF} [(2 · 8193/16384) - 1]
10 0000 0000 0000	+V _{REF} [(2 · 8192/16384) - 1]
01 1111 1111 1111	+V _{REF} [(2 · 8191/16384) - 1]
00 0000 0000 0001	+V _{REF} [(2 · 1/16384) - 1]
00 0000 0000 0000	-VREF

Offset and Buffer Configurations

The simple circuit of Figure 7 illustrates how to introduce an offset to the output voltage. The amount of offset introduced by a voltage at the OS pin is shown in the following equation:

where Gain = 1.638. However, the total output voltage of the device cannot exceed V_{DD} regardless of the voltage on the OS pin.

To set the gain of the output amplifier to 1, connect OS to OUT.

Daisy-Chaining Devices

The serial data output pin (DOUT) allows multiple MAX5170/MAX5172s to be daisy-chained together, as shown in Figure 9. The advantage of this is that only two lines are needed to control all the DACs on the line. The disadvantage is that it takes *n* commands to program the DACs. Figure 10 shows several MAX5170/MAX5172s sharing one common DIN signal line. In this configuration, the data bus is common to all devices. However, more I/O lines are required for this configuration because each device requires a dedicated \overline{CS} line. The advantage of this configuration is that only one command is needed to program any DAC.

Using an AC Reference

The MAX5170/MAX5172 accepts reference voltages with AC components as long as the reference voltage remains between 0 and V_{DD} - 1.4V. Figure 11 shows a technique for applying an offset sine wave signal to REF. The reference voltage must remain above AGND.

Power-Supply and Layout Considerations

Wire-wrap boards are not recommended. For optimum system performance, use printed circuit boards with separate analog and digital ground planes. Connect the two ground planes together at the low-impedance power-supply source. Connect DGND and AGND pins together at the IC. The best ground connection is achieved by connecting the DAC's DGND and AGND pins together and connecting that point to the system analog ground plane. This is useful because if the DAC's DGND is connected to the system digital ground, digital noise may get through to the DAC's analog portion.

Bypass the power supply with a 4.7µF capacitor in parallel with a 0.1µF capacitor to AGND. Minimize their lead lengths to reduce inductance. If noise becomes an issue, use shielding and/or ferrite beads to increase isolation

To maintain INL and DNL performance as well as gain drift, it is extremely important to provide the lowest possible reference output impedance at the DAC reference input pin. INL degrades if the series resistance on REF pin exceeds 0.1Ω . The same consideration must be made for the AGND pin.

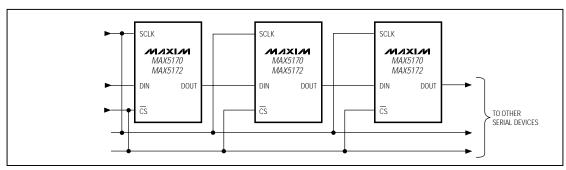


Figure 9. Daisy-Chaining MAX5170/MAX5172 Devices

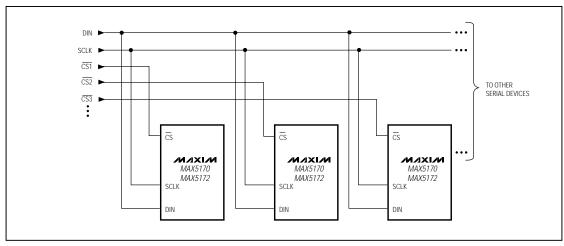


Figure 10. Multiple MAX5170/MAX5172s Sharing Common DIN and SCLK Lines

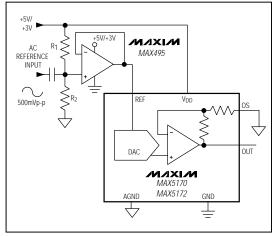


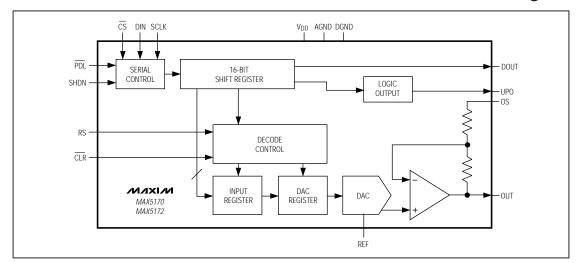
Figure 11. AC Reference Input Circuit

_Chip Information

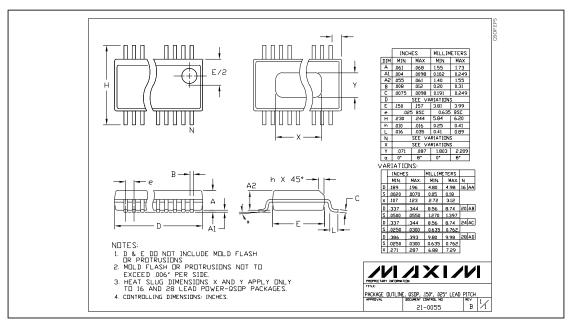
TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3457

M/XI/M ______ 15

_Functional Diagram



Package Information



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