

Current Transducer LTS 15-NP

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).









$I_{PN} = 15 \text{ At}$

Electrical data

I _{PN}	Primary nominal current rms		15	At
I _{PM}	Primary current, measuring range		0 ± 48	At
Î _{PDC}	Overload capability (direct current)		250	At
V _{OUT}	Analog output voltage @ I _P		$2.5 \pm (0.625)$	5-I _P /I _{PN}) V
	$\mathbf{I}_{P} = 0$		2.5 1)	V
N_s	Number of secondary turns (± 0.1 %)		2000	
\mathbf{R}_{\perp}	Load resistance		≥ 2	$k\Omega$
\mathbf{R}_{IM}^{T}	Internal measuring resistance (± 0.5 %)		83.33	Ω
TCR	Temperature coefficient of R _{IM}		< 50	ppm/K
V _C	Supply voltage (± 5 %)		5	V
I _c	Current consumption @ $V_c = 5 \text{ V}$	Тур	$28+I_{S}^{2)}+(V_{OU}$	$_{T}/\mathbf{R}_{L}) \mathrm{mA}$

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

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X	Accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	± 0.2		%
	Accuracy with $\mathbf{R}_{\text{IM}} @ \mathbf{I}_{\text{PN}}$, $\mathbf{T}_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	± 0.7		%
$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle L}$	Linearity error	< 0.1		%
		Тур	Maxi	
TCV	Temperature coefficient of V_{OLIT} @ $I_P = 0 - 10^{\circ}C + 85^{\circ}C$	65	120 p	pm/K
00.	- 40°C 10°C		170 p	pm/K
TCG	Temperature coefficient of G - 40°C + 85°C		50 ³⁾ p	pm/K
$\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{OM}}}$	Magnetic offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$,			
	after an overload of 3 x I _{PN}		± 0.5	mV
	5 x I _{PN}		± 2.0	mV
	10 x I _{PN}		± 2.0	mV
t _{ra}	Reaction time @ 10 % of I _{PN}	< 100		ns
t,	Response time to 90 % of I _{PN} step	< 400		ns
di/dt	di/dt accurately followed	> 35		A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth (0 0.5 dB)	DC ′	100	kHz
	(- 0.5 1 dB)	DC 2	200	kHz

General data

Ambient operating temperature	- 40 + 85	°C	
Ambient storage temperature	- 40 + 100	°C	
Mass	10	g	
Standards	EN 50178: 1997	EN 50178: 1997	
	IEC 60950-1: 2	IEC 60950-1: 2001	
	Ambient storage temperature Mass	Ambient storage temperature - 40 + 100 Mass 10 Standards EN 50178: 1997	

Notes: 1) Absolute value @ $T_A = 25$ °C, $2.475 < V_{OUT} < 2.525$

- $^{2)}$ $I_{\rm S} = I_{\rm P}/N_{\rm S}$
- 3) Only due to TCR_{IM}.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) multirange current transducer using the Hall effect
- Unipolar voltage supply
- Compact design for PCB mounting
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Incorporated measuring resistance
- Extended measuring range.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Very low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- Current overload capability.

Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

• Industrial.

Copyright protected.



Current Transducer LTS 15-NP

Iso	Isolation characteristics				
V û⁴	Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	3	kV kV		
v _w	impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	>8 Mini	KV		
V _e	Rms voltage for partial discharge extinction @ 10pC	>1.5	kV		
		Mini			
dCp	Creepage distance 4)	15.5	m m		
dCl	Clearance distance 5)	6.35	m m		
CTI	Comparative Tracking Index (Group III a)	175			

Application examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
dCp, dCl, $\hat{\mathbf{V}}_{\mathbf{w}}$	Rated isolation voltage	Nominal voltage
Single isolation	600 V	600 V
Reinforced isolation	300 V	300 V

Notes: 4) On housing

⁵⁾ On PCB with soldering pattern UTEC93-703.

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

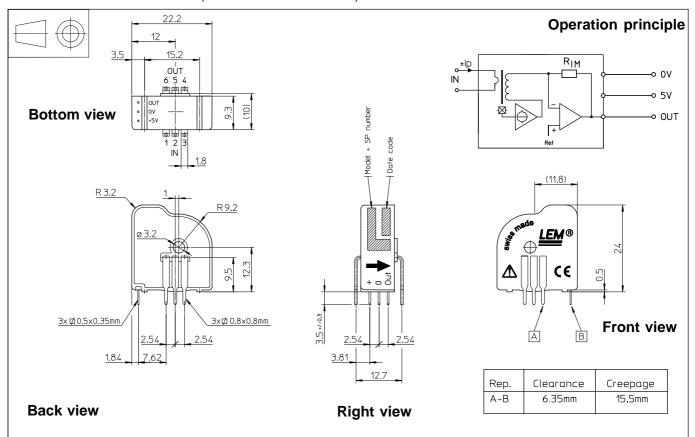
This transducer is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LTS 15-NP (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



Number of primary turns	Primary nominal current rms I _{PN} [A]	Nominal output voltage $\mathbf{V}_{\scriptscriptstyle{OUT}}$ [V]	Primary resistance $\mathbf{R}_{_{\mathrm{P}}}$ [$\mathrm{m}\Omega$]	Primary insertion inductance L _P [µH]	Recommended connections
1	± 15	2.5 ± 0.625	0.18	0.013	6 5 4 OUT O-O-O-O IN 1 2 3
2	± 7.5	2.5 ± 0.625	0.81	0.05	6 5 4 OUT O-O O IN 1 2 3
3	± 5	2.5 ± 0.625	1.62	0.12	6 5 4 OUT O O O IN 1 2 3

Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

• Fastening & connection of primary

Recommended PCB hole
• Fastening & connection of secondary

Recommended PCB hole

• Additional primary through-hole

± 0.2 mm

6 pins 0.8 x 0.8 mm

1.3 mm

3 pins 0.5 x 0.35 mm

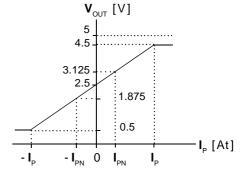
0.8 mm

Ø 3.2 mm

Remarks

- **V**_{OUT} is positive when **I**_P flows from terminals 1, 2, 3 to terminals 6, 5, 4.
- Temperature of the primary jumper should not exceed 100°C.

Output Voltage - Primary Current



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