# MSK <br> M.S.KENNEDY CORP. <br> 600V/200A <br> THREE PHASE BRIDGE PEM WITH BRAKE <br> <br> 4853 

 <br> <br> 4853}

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

## FEATURES:

- Replaces MSK 4850
- Full Three Phase Bridge Configuration with SCR/IGBT Brake
- 600V Rated Voltage
- 200A Continuous Output Current
- Internal Zener Clamps on Gates
- Proprietary Encapsulation Provides Near Hermetic Performance
- MIL-PRF-38534 Screening Available (Modified)
- Light Weight Domed ALSIC Baseplate
- Robust Mechanical Design for Hi-Rel Applications
- Ultra-Low Inductance Internal Layout
- Withstands 96 Hours HAST and Thermal Cycling ( $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
- Contact MSK for MIL-PRF-38534 (Modified) Qualification Status



## DESCRIPTION:

The MSK 4853 is one of a family of plastic encapsulated modules (PEM) developed specifically for use in military, aerospace and other severe environment applications. The Three Phase Bridge configuration along with the SCR/IGBT brake circuit and 600 volt/200 amp rating make it ideal for use in high current motor drive and inverter applications. The Aluminum Silicon Carbide (AISiC) baseplate offers superior flatness and light weight; far better than the copper or copper alloys found in most high power plastic modules. The high thermal conductivity materials used to construct the MSK 4853 allow high power outputs at elevated baseplate temperatures. Our proprietary coating, SEES ${ }^{\text {m }}$ - Severe Environment Encapsulation System - protects the internal circuitry of MSK PEM's from moisture and contamination, allowing them to pass the rugged environmental screening requirements of military and aerospace applications. MSK PEM's are also available with industry standard silicone gel coatings for a lower cost option.

## EOUIVALENT SCHEMATIC



## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Motor Drives
- Inverters

| VCE | Collector to Emitter Voltage . . . . . . . . . 600V |
| :--- | :--- |
| VgE | Gate to Emitter Voltage . . . . . . . . . . . $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Iout Current (Continuous) . . . . . . . . . . . . . 200 A |  |
| IOUTP Current Pulsed (1mS) . . . . . . . . . . . . 400 A |  |
| VCASE Case Isolation Voltage . . . . . . . . . . . 2500 V |  |

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter (6) | Test Conditions | Group A | MSK 4853 H |  |  | MSK 4853 |  |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Subgroup | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Min. | Typ. | Max. |  |
| Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage | $\mathrm{IC}=200 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{VGE}=15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | - | 2.55 | 2.9 | - | 2.55 | 3.0 | V |
|  |  | 2 | - | 2.90 | 3.2 | - | - | - | V |
|  |  | 3 | - | 3.60 | 4.0 | - | - | - | V |
| Collector-Emitter Leakage Current | $\mathrm{VCE}=600 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{VGE}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | - | 0.5 | 350 | - | 0.5 | 400 | uA |
|  |  | 2 | - | 170 | 1700 | - | - | - | uA |
| Gate Threshold Voltage | $\mathrm{IC}=60 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{VCE}=\mathrm{VGE}$ | 1 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 7.8 | V |
|  |  | 2 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 7.5 | - | - | - | V |
|  |  | 3 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 8.5 | - | - | - | V |
| Gate Leakage Current | $V C E=O V, V G E= \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | - | 0.1 | 10 | - | 0.1 | 10 | uA |
|  |  | 2 | - | 0.6 | 10 | - | - | - | uA |
|  |  | 3 | - | 0.1 | 10 | - | - | - | uA |
| Diode Forward Voltage | $I C=200 A$ | 1 | - | 1.8 | 2.5 | - | 1.8 | 2.6 | V |
|  |  | 2 | - | 1.8 | 2.5 | - | - | - | V |
|  |  | 3 | - | 2.0 | 2.8 | - | - | - | V |
| SCR Reverse Leakage | $V R R M=600 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1 | - | 0.01 | 15 | - | 0.01 | 18 | mA |
|  |  | 2 | - | 0.01 | 15 | - | - | - | mA |
|  |  | 3 | - | 0.01 | 15 | - | - | - | mA |
| SCR On Voltage | $I F=100 A$ | 1 | - | 1.0 | 1.35 | - | 1.0 | 1.4 | V |
|  |  | 2 | - | 1.0 | 1.35 | - | - | - | V |
|  |  | 3 | - | 1.0 | 1.35 | - | - | - | V |
| SCR Holding Current |  | 1 | - | 100 | 300 | - | 100 | 325 | mA |
|  |  | 2 | - | 90 | 300 | - | - | - | mA |
|  |  | 3 | - | 110 | 300 | - | - | - | mA |
| Regen Diode Forward Voltage | $\mathrm{IF}=50 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1 | - | 1.3 | 2.4 | - | 1.3 | 2.5 | V |
| Total Gate Charge (1) | $\mathrm{V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=200 \mathrm{~A}$ | 4 | - | 1.0 | 1.5 | - | 1.0 | 1.6 | uC |
| E(on) (1) $\quad$$\mathrm{V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=20$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=1$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=20$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=10$ | A, RG $=5 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | - | 6 | - | - | 6 | - | mJ |
|  | A, RG $=5 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | - | 3 | 6 | - | 3 | 7 | mJ |
|  | A, RG $=5 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
|  | A, RG $=5 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
| E(off) (1) $\quad$$\mathrm{V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=20$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=10$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=20$ <br> $\mathrm{~V}=300 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{IC}=10$ | , RG $=10 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | - | 20 | - | - | 20 | - | mJ |
|  | , RG $=10 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 4 | - | 9 | 12 | - | 9 | 13 | mJ |
|  | , RG $=10 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | 22 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
|  | , RG $=10 \Omega, \mathrm{VGE}=-7 /+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | 10 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
| Diode Reverse Recovery Time (1) | $\mathrm{IE}=200, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 4 | - | 190 | - | - | 190 | - | nS |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=100, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 4 | - | 185 | - | - | 185 | - | nS |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=200, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 5 | - | 270 | - | - | - | - | nS |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=100, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 5 | - | 250 | - | - | - | - | nS |
| Diode Reverse Energery (1) | $\mathrm{IE}=200, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 4 | - | 2.5 | - | - | 2.5 | - | mJ |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=100, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 4 | - | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | - | mJ |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=200, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 5 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
|  | $\mathrm{IE}=100, \mathrm{di} / \mathrm{dt}=3500 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{uS}$ | 5 | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | mJ |
| Thermal Resistance (1) | IGBT @ TJ=125 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 0.16 | 0.19 | - | 0.16 | 0.19 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  | DIODE @ TJ=125 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | - | 0.35 | 0.41 | - | 0.35 | 0.41 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |

## NOTES:

(1) Guaranteed by design but not tested. Typical parameters are representative of actual device performance but are for reference only.
(2) Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroup 1 unless otherwise specified.
(3) Military grade devices (" H " suffix) shall be $100 \%$ tested to subgroups 1,2 and sample tested to subgroup 3 .
(4) Subgroups 4 testing available upon request.
(5) Subgroup 1, $4 \mathrm{TA}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,5 \mathrm{TA}_{\mathrm{A}}=+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\
& 3 \quad \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}
\end{aligned}
$$

(6) All specifications apply to both the upper and lower sections of the half bridge.
(7) VGE $=15 \mathrm{~V}$ unless otherwise specified.
(8) Continuous operation at or above absolute maximum ratings may adversly effect the device performance and/or life cycle

## THERMAL CALCULATIONS

Power dissipation and maximum allowable temperature rise involve many variables working together. Collector current, PWM duty cycle and switching frequency all factor into power dissipation. DC losses or "ON-TIME" losses are simply VCE(SAT) x Collector Current x PWM duty cycle. For the MSK 4853, Vce(SAT) = TBD max., and at 200 amps and a PWM duty cycle of $30 \%$, DC losses equal TBD watts. Switching losses, in milli-joules, vary proportionally with switching frequency. The MSK 4853 typical switching losses at VCE $=300 \mathrm{~V}$ and ICE $=200 \mathrm{~A}$ are about TBDmJ, which is simply the sum of the turn-on switching loss and the turn-off switching loss. Multiplying the switching frequency times the switching losses will result in a power dissipation number for switching. The MSK 4853 , at 15 KHz , will exhibit switching power dissipation of TBD watts. The total losses are the sum of DC losses plus switching losses, or in this case, TBD watts total. TBD watts $\times 0.19^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ thermal resistance equals TBD degrees of temperature rise between the case and the junction. Subtracting $\mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from the maximum junction temperature of $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ equals $\mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum case temperature for this example.

VCE(SAT) $\times$ IC $\times$ PWM duty cycle $=$ TBDV $\times 200 \mathrm{amps} \times 30 \%=$ TBD watts DC losses
Turn-on switching loss + Turn-off switching loss $=$ Total switching losses $=$ TBD + TBD $=$ TBDmJ
Total switching loss $\times$ PWM frequency $=$ Total switching power dissipation $=$ TBDmJ $\times 15 \mathrm{KHz}=$ TBD watts
Total power dissipation $=$ DC losses + switching losses $=$ TBD + TBD $=$ TBD watts
Junction temperature rise above case $=$ Total power dissipation x thermal resistance
TBD watts $\times \mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}=\mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature rise above case
Maximum junction temperature - junction temperature rise = maximum baseplate temperature
$150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-\mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{TBD}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


FREE-WHEEL DIUDE FGRWARD CHARACTERISTICS


<S1


SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS


CGLLECTIR CURRENT, IC, 〈AMPERES〉


| OPERATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH MIL-PRF-38534 | INDUSTRIAL | CLASS H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QUALIFICATION (MODIFIED) | NO | YES |
| ELEMENT EVALUATION | NO | YES |
| CLEAN ROOM PROCESSING | YES | YES |
| NON DESTRUCT BOND PULL SAMPLE | YES | YES |
| CERTIFIED OPERATORS | NO | YES |
| MIL LINE PROCESSING | YES | YES |
| MAX REWORK SPECIFIED | NO | YES |
| ENCAPSULANT | GEL COAT | SEES ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |
| PRE-CAP VISUAL | YES - INDUSTRIAL | YES - CLASS H |
| TEMP CYCLE (-55 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ TO $\left.+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | NO | YES |
| BURN-IN | NO | YES - 160 HOURS |
| ELECTRICAL TESTING | YES - $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | YES - FULL TEMP |
| EXTERNAL VISUAL | YES - SAMPLE | YES |
| XRAY | NO | NO |
| PIN FINISH | NI | NI |

NOTE: ADDITIONAL SCREENING IS AVAILABLE SUCH AS XRAY, CSAM, MECHANICAL SHOCK, ETC. CONTACT FACTORY FOR QUAL STATUS.


## ORDERING INFORMATION

MSK4853 H SCREENING

BLANK = INDUSTRIAL
H = MIL-PRF-38534 CLASS H (MODIFIED)
GENERAL PART NUMBER
THE ABOVE EXAMPLE IS A MILITARY SCREENED MODULE.

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Please visit our website for the most recent revision of this datasheet.
Contact MSK for MIL-PRF-38534 (modified) qualification status.

