

STP1612PW05

16-channel LED driver with 16-bit PWM, 8-bit gain and full LED error detection

Preliminary data

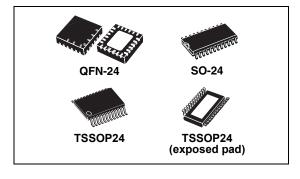
Features

- 16 constant current output channels
- Supply voltage: 3.3 V or 5 V
- Two PWM selectable counters 12/16-bit of grayscale
- Selectable enhanced PWM for ghost effect reduction
- Open and short LED detection
- 8-bit current gain control by means of 256 steps in two selectable ranges
- Single resistor to set the current from 3 mA to 60 mA
- Programmable progressive output delay
- Thermal protection and thermal flag
- UVLO
- Schmitt trigger input
- Selectable 16-bit or 256-bit serial data-in format
- Max clock frequency: 30 MHz
- ESD protection 2.5 kV HBM, 200 V MM
- Drop-in compatible with STP16CP\S\DP05 series
- Available in high thermal efficiency TSSOP exposed pad

Applications

- Video display LED panels
- RGB backlighting
- Special lighting

Table 1. Device summary



Description

The STP1612PW05 is a 16-channel constant current sink LED driver. The maximum output current value for all the 16 channels is set by a single resistor from 3 mA to 60 mA. The device features 8-bit gain (256 steps) for global LED brightness adjustment with two selectable ranges. This function is accessible via a serial interface. The device has an individual adjustable PWM brightness control for each output channel. The PWM counters are selectable via a serial interface with 4096 or 65536 steps (12 or 16 bit). The STP1612PW05 also provides enhanced pulse-width modulation counting algorithms called e-PWM to reduce flickering effects (ghost visual effects) improving the overall image quality. The device has a dual size 16-bit or 256-bit shift register. All the control and the shift register read back data are accessible via serial interface. The STP1612PW05 has the capability to detect open and short LED failure and overtemperature, reporting the status through SPI line. The device guarantees a 20 V output driving capability. allowing the user to connect more LEDs in series.

Order code	Package	Packaging
STP1612PW05QTR	QFN-24	4000 parts per reel
STP1612PW05MTR	SO-24	1000 parts per reel
STP1612PW05TTR	TSSOP24	2500 parts per reel
STP1612PW05XTTR	TSSOP24 exposed pad	2500 parts per reel

August 2009 Doc ID 15819 Rev 2 1/32

This is preliminary information on a new product now in development or undergoing evaluation. Details are subject to change without notice.

Contents STP1612PW05

Contents

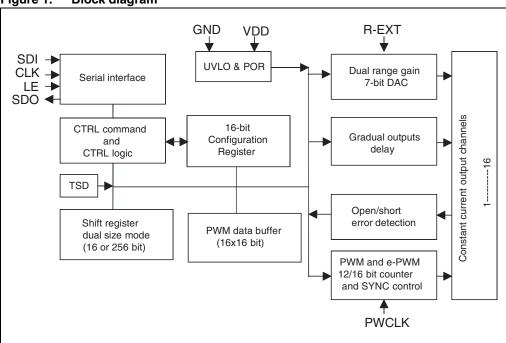
1	Block diagram4
2	Summary description 5
	2.1 Pin connection and description
3	Electrical ratings 7
	3.1 Absolute maximum ratings
	3.2 Thermal data 7
	3.3 Recommended operating conditions 8
4	Electrical characteristics9
5	Timing waveform
6	Principle of operation
7	Definition of configuration register
8	Grey scales data loading
9	Setting the PWM gray scale counter
	9.1 PWM data synchronization
	9.2 Synchronization for PWM counting
10	Error detection conditions
11	Setting output current
12	Current gain adjustment
13	Delay time of staggered output
14	Thermal protection
15	Time-out alert of GCLK disconnection
2/32	Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

STP161	12PW05	Contents
16	Package mechanical data	24
17	Revision history	31

Block diagram STP1612PW05

1 Block diagram

Figure 1. Block diagram



2 Summary description

Table 2. Typical current accuracy at 5 V

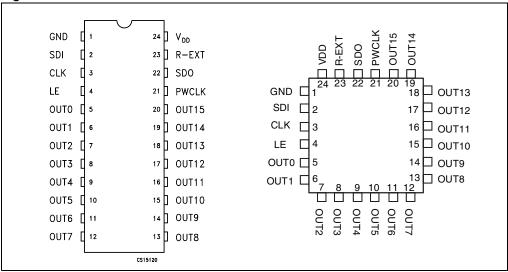
Output voltage	Current a	accuracy	Output current	V	temp.
	Between bits	Between ICs	Output current	V _{DD}	temp.
≥ 1.0	± 1.5%	± 6%	15 to 60	5 V	25 °C
≥ 0,2	± 1.5%	± 6%	3 to 15	3 v	25 0

Table 3. Typical current accuracy at 3.3 V

Output voltage	Current a	accuracy	Output current V _{DD}		temp.	
Output voitage	Between bits	Between ICs	Output current	V DD	temp.	
≥ 1.0	± 1.5%	± 6%	15 to 60	3.3 V	25 °C	
≥ 0,3	± 1.5%	± 6%	3 to 15	3.3 V	25 0	

2.1 Pin connection and description

Figure 2. Pin connection



Note: The exposed pad is electrically not connected

Table 4. Pin description

Pin n°	Symbol	Name and function
1	GND	Ground terminal
2	SDI	Serial data input terminal
3	CLK	Clock input terminal used to shift data on rising edge and carries command information when LE is asserted.
4	LE	Data strobe terminal and controlling command with CLK
5-20	OUT 0-15	Output terminals
21	PWCLK	Gray scale clock terminal. Reference clock for grey scale PWM counter.
22	SDO	Serial data out terminal
23	R-EXT	Input terminal of an external resistor for constant current programing
24	V_{DD}	Supply voltage terminal

STP1612PW05 Electrical ratings

3 Electrical ratings

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the *Table 5* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 5. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	0 to 7	V
V _O	Output voltage	-0.5 to 20	V
Io	Output current	60	mA
V _I	Input voltage	-0.4 to V _{DD}	V
I _{GND}	GND terminal current	1300	mA
f _{CLK}	Clock frequency	50	MHz
T _J	Junction temperature range (1)	-40 to + 170	°C

^{1.} Such absolute value is based on the thermal shutdown protection.

3.2 Thermal data

Table 6. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
T _A	Operating free-air temperature rang	e	-40 to +125	°C
T _{J-OPR}	Operating thermal junction temperature range		-40 to +150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature range		-55 to +150	°C
		SO-24	42.7	°C/W
	The wood verice on an investigation	TSSOP24	55	°C/W
R _{thJA} Thermal resistance junction- ambient ⁽¹⁾	TSSOP24 ⁽²⁾ Exposed pad	37.5	°C/W	
		QSOP-24	55	°C/W

^{1.} According to Jedec standard 51-7B

^{2.} The exposed pad should be soldered directly to the PCB to realize the thermal benefits.

Electrical ratings STP1612PW05

3.3 Recommended operating conditions

Table 7. Recommended operating conditions at 25 $^{\circ}$ C, $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply voltage		3.0	-	5.5	V
V _O	Output voltage			-	20	V
I _O	Output current	OUTn	3	-	60	mA
I _{OH}	Output current	SERIAL-OUT		-	+1	mA
I _{OL}	Output current	SERIAL-OUT		-	-1	mA
V _{IH}	Input voltage		0.7 V _{DD}	-	V_{DD}	V
V _{IL}	Input voltage		GND	-	0.3 V _{DD}	٧
t _{wLAT}	LE pulse width		20	-		ns
t _{wCLK}	CLK pulse width		10	-		ns
t _{wEN}	PWCLK pulse width	V - 22 V to 5 0 V	20	-		ns
t _{SETUP(D)}	Setup time for DATA	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V to } 5.0 \text{ V}$	5	-		ns
t _{HOLD(D)}	Hold time for DATA		5	-		ns
t _{SETUP(L)}	Setup time for LATCH		5	-		ns
f _{CLK}	Clock frequency	Cascade operation (1)		-	30	MHz

If the device is connected in cascade, it may not be possible achieve the maximum data transfer. Please considered the timings carefully.

577

4 Electrical characteristics

 $T_A = 25$ °C (Unless otherwise specified)

Table 8. Electrical characteristics ($V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$)

Symbol	Characteristics	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply voltage		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Vo	Maximum output voltage	OUTO ~ OUT15			20	V
I _{OUT}		V _O = 1.2V	5		60	mA
I _{OH}	Output current	SDO, T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C			-8	mA
I _{OL}		SDO, T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C			8	mA
V _{IH}	Input voltage "H" level	T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C	0.7 * V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
V _{IL}	Input voltage "L" level	T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C	GND		0.3 * V _{DD}	V
I _{OH}	Output leakage current	V _O = 20 V			10	μА
V _{OL}	Output voltage	I _{OL} = + 1.0 mA, T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C			0.4	V
V _{OH}	SDO	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA T _A = -40 ~ 125 °C	V _{DD} - 0.4			٧
dl _{OUT1}	Current skew (Channel)	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{O} = 1.0 \text{ V}, R_{ext} = 69 \text{ k}\Omega$		± 1.5	± 3.0	%
dl _{OUT2}	Current skew (IC)	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{O} = 1.0 \text{ V}, R_{ext} = 69 \text{ k}\Omega$		± 3.0	± 6.0	%
%/dV _O	Output current vs. output voltage regulation	V_O within 1.0 V and 3.0 V, R_{ext} = 34.7 k Ω @ 20 mA		± 0.1	± 0.5	% / V
%/dV _{DD}	Output current vs. supply voltage regulation	V _{DD} within 4.5 V and 5.5 V		± 1.0	± 5.0	% / V
$V_{O,TH}$				0.15	0.20	V
R _{IN(down)}	Pull-down resistor	LE	150	200	250	kΩ
I _{DD(off)} 1		R _{ext} = Open, OUT0 ~ OUT15 = Off	7	10	13	
I _{DD(off) 2}	Supply current "Off"	$\frac{I_{O} = 20 \text{ mA},}{OUT0} \sim \frac{OUT15}{OUT15} = Off$	6.6	9.5	12	
I _{DD(off) 3}		$\frac{I_O = 60 \text{ mA},}{OUT0} \sim \frac{OUT15}{OUT15} = Off$	9	12.7	16.5	mA
I _{DD(on) 1}	Supply current	$\frac{I_O = 20 \text{ mA,}}{OUT0} \sim \frac{OUT15}{OUT15} = On$	32	45.75	60	
I _{DD(on) 2}	"On"	$\frac{I_O = 60 \text{ mA},}{OUT0} \sim \frac{OUT15}{OUT15} = On$	60	85.25	110	

47/

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

9/32

Table 9. Electrical characteristics ($V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$)

Symbol	Characteristics	Test conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply voltage		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
V _O	Sustaining voltage at OUT Ports	OUT0 ~ OUT15			20	V
I _{OUT}		V _O = 1.2 V	5		60	mA
I _{OH}	Output current	SDO, T _A = -40 ~ 125 °C			-1.0	mA
l _{OL}		SDO T _A = -40 ~ 125 °C			1.0	mA
V_{IH}	Input voltage "H" level	T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C	0.7 * V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
V_{IL}	Input voltage "L" level	T _A = - 40 ~ 125 °C	GND		0.3 * V _{DD}	V
I _{OH}	Output leakage current	V _O = 17.0 V			0.5	μА
V_{OL}	Output voltage SDO	I _{OL} = +1.0 mA, T _A = -40 ~ 125 °C			0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output voltage SDO	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA T _A = -40 ~ 125 °C	2.9			V
dl _{OUT1}	Current skew (channel)	$I_{OUT} = 10.5 \text{ mA},$ $V_{O} = 1.0 \text{ V},$ $R_{ext} = 69 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ at } 10 \text{ mA}$		± 1.5	± 3.0	%
dl _{OUT2}	Current skew (IC)	I_{OUT} = 10.8 mA, V_{O} = 1.0 V, R_{ext} = 69 k Ω at 10 mA		± 3.0	± 6.0	%
%/dV _O	Output current vs. output voltage regulation	V_O within 1.0 V and 3.0 V, R_{ext} = 34.7 k Ω at 20 mA		± 0.1	± 0.5	%/V
%/dV _{DD}	Output current vs. supply voltage regulation	V _{DD} within 3.0 V and 3.6 V		± 1.0	± 5.0	%/V
R _{IN(down)}	Pull-down resistor	LE	150	200	250	kΩ
I _{DD(off) 1}		$\frac{R_{ext} = Open,}{OUT0} \sim \frac{OUT15}{OUT15} = Off$		7.2	9.3	
I _{DD(off) 2}	Supply current "OFF"	I _O = 20 mA, OUT0 ~ OUT15 = Off		8.6	11	
I _{DD(off) 3}		$\frac{I_O = 60 \text{ mA},}{OUT0} \sim \overline{OUT15} = Off$		11.7	15.2	mA
I _{DD(on) 1}	Supply ourrent "ON"	$\frac{I_O = 20 \text{ mA},}{OUT0} \sim \overline{OUT15} = On$		29	37.7	
I _{DD(on) 2}	Supply current "ON"	I _O = 60 mA, OUT0 ~ OUT15 = On		31.2	40	

Function
Generator

Logic input waveform

V_{IH}=V_{DD}

Logic input waveform

V_{IL}=GND

Figure 3. Test circuit for electrical characteristics

Table 10. Switching characteristics ($V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$) $T_A = -40 \sim 125 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Symbol	Characteristics	Condition	ons	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{SU0}		SDI - CLK↑		1			ns
t _{SU1}	Setup time	LE ↑ – DCLK ↑		1			ns
t _{SU2}		LE ↓ – DCLK ↑		5			ns
t _{H0}	Hold time	CLK ↑ - SDI		3			ns
t _{H1}	Hold tillle	CLK↑-LE↓		7			ns
t _{PD0}		CLK - SDO	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		30	40	ns
t _{PD1}	Propagation delay time	PWCLK-OUTn4 (1)	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ $V_{IL} = GND$		100		ns
t _{PD2}	delay liftle	LE – SDO ⁽²⁾	$R_{\rm ext} = 460 \Omega$		30	40	ns
t _{DL1}		OUTn4 + 1 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{LED} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ $R_L = 152 \Omega$		40		ns
t _{DL2}	Stagger delay time	OUTn4 + 2 ⁽¹⁾	CL = 10 pF		80		ns
t _{DL3}		OUTn4 +3 ⁽¹⁾	C1 = 100 nF C2 = 10 μF		120		ns
t _{w(L)}		LE	I _O = 20 mA	5			ns
t _{w(CLK)}	Pulse width	CLK		20			ns
t _{w(PWCLK)}		PWCLK		20			ns
t _{ON}	Output rise time of	of output ports			10		ns
t _{OFF}	Output fall time of	output ports			6		ns
t _{EDD}	Error detection m	inimum duration ⁽³⁾			1		μs

^{1.} Refer to the timing waveform, where n = 0, 1, 2, 3.

477

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

In timing of "read configuration" and "read error status code", the next CLK rising edge should be t_{PD2} after the falling edge of LE.

^{3.} Refer to Figure 5 on page 13.

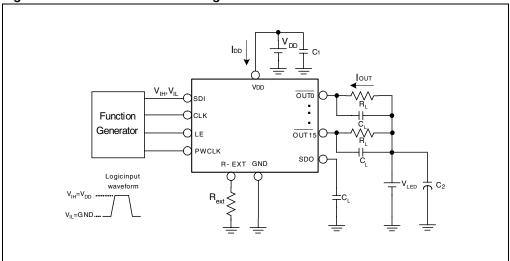
Electrical characteristics STP1612PW05

Table 11. Switching characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.3 V)

Symbol	Characteristics	Condition	ons	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
t _{SU0}		SDI - DCLK↑		1			ns
t _{SU1}	Setup time	LE↑-DCLK↑		1			ns
t _{SU2}	-	LE ↓ – DCLK ↑		5			ns
t _{H0}	- Hold time	CLK ↑ - SDI		3			ns
t _{H1}	- Hold tille	CLK↑-LE↓		7			ns
t _{PD0}		CLK - SDO	V _{DD} = 3.3 V		45	40	ns
t _{PD1}	Propagation delay time	PWCLK-OUTn4 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$ $V_{IL} = GND$		120		ns
t _{PD2}		LE – SDO ⁽²⁾	$R_{\text{ext}} = 460 \Omega$		45	40	ns
t _{DL1}		OUTn4 + 1 ⁽¹⁾	$V_{LED} = 4.5 \text{ V}$		40		ns
t _{DL2}	Stagger delay time	OUTn4 + 2 ⁽¹⁾	$R_L = 152 \Omega$ CL = 10 pF		80		ns
t _{DL3}		OUTn4 +3 (1)	C1 = 100 nF		120		ns
t _{w(L)}		LE	C2 = 10 μF	5			ns
t _{w(CLK)}	Pulse width	CLK		20			ns
t _{w(PWCLK)}		PWCLK		20			ns
t _{ON}	Output rise time of	output ports			11.6		ns
t _{OFF}	Output fall time of	output ports			7		ns
t _{DEC}	Error detection dur	ation			0.5	1	μS

^{1.} Refer to the timing waveform *Figure 4*, where n = 0, 1, 2, 3.

Figure 4. Test circuit for switching characteristics

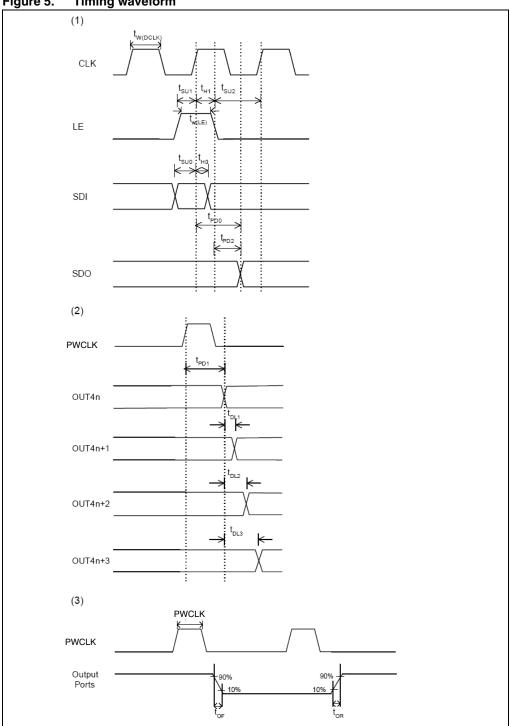


In timing of "read configuration" and "read error status code", the next CLK rising edge should be t_{PD2} after the falling edge of LE.

STP1612PW05 Timing waveform

5 Timing waveform





577

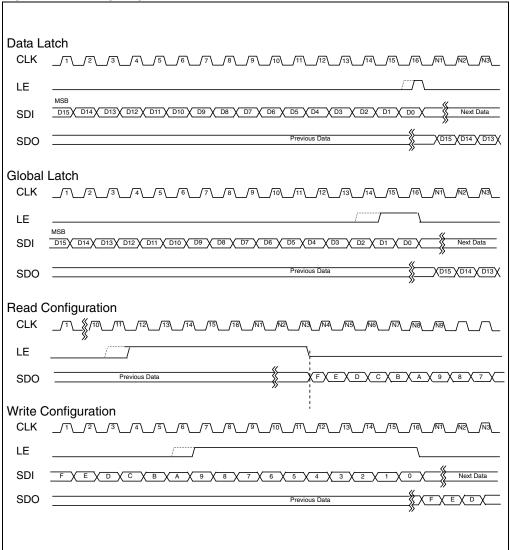
Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

6 Principle of operation

Table 12. Control command

	Signa	ls combination	Description
Command name	LE	Number of CLK rising edge when LE is asserted	The action after a falling edge of LE
Data latch	High	1	Serial data are transferred to the buffers
Global latch	High	2 or 3	Buffer data are transferred to the comparators
Read configuration	High	4 or 5	Move out "configuration register" to the shift register
Enable "error detection"	High	6 or 7	Detect the status of each output's LED
Read "error status code"	High	8 or 9	Move out "error status code" of 16 outputs to the shift registers
Write configuration	High	10 or 11	Serial data are transferred to the "configuration register"
Reset to 16-bit shift register length	High	12 or 13	Set to 16-bit the shift register length



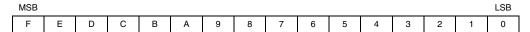


57

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

7 Definition of configuration register

Configuration register



Default value

MSB															LSB
F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	0	1	1	1	1	8'b10101011						0	0		

Table 13. Configuration register

Bit	Attribute	Definition	Value	Function
F	Read/Write	Shift register length	0 (default)	Shift register length 0 = 16-bit,1 = 256-bit
Е	Read	Thermal error	0 (default)	Safe (OK)
_	neau	flag	1	Over temperature (>150 °C typ.)
D	Read/Write	PWM counter: 16-bit or 12-bit	0 (default)	To set the gray scale mode (PWM): 0 = 12-bit 1 = 16-bit
С			00	64 times of MSB ⁽¹⁾ 6-bit PWM counting plus once of LSB ⁽¹⁾ 6-bit PWM counting
	Read/Write	PWM counting mode selection	01	16 times of MSB 6-bit PWM counting by 1/4 PWCLK plus once of LSB 6-bit PWM counting
В		mode selection		4 times of MSB 6-bit PWM counting by 1/16 PWCLK plus once of LSB 6-bit PWM counting
			11 (default)	PWM counting
	D	PWM data	0	Auto-synchronization
Α	Read/Write	synchronization mode	1 (default)	Manual synchronization
9~2	Read/Write	Current gain adjustment	00000000 ~ 111111111	8'b10101011 (default)
		TSD thermal	0 (default)	Disable
1	Read/Write	shutdown	1	Enable $^{(2)}$ the output channel turn OFF if T _{TF} > 150 °C
	D	Time-out alert of	0 (default)	Enable (3)
0	Read/Write	PWCLK disconnection	1	Disable

- 1. Please refer to "setting the PWM counting mode" section.
- 2. Please refer to "TSD" thermal error flag and thermal shutdown "section.
- 3. Please refer to "time-out alert of PWCLK disconnection" section.

577

8 Grey scales data loading

The STP1612PW05 is able to manage a gray-scale depth of 12 or 16 bits for each output, exploiting an e-PWM algorithm.

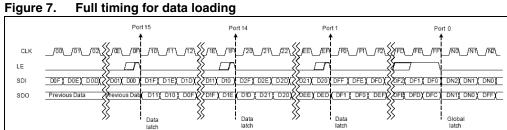
The bit D of the configuration register is used to select the grey-scale loading. Its value can be set to "0" for 12 bits or "1" for 16 bits. By default, D is set to "0".

Loading of the data is performed through the serial input on a dedicated buffer and two different methods can be used.

With both methods, the first incoming data packet is relative to the output 15; the following packet is relative to the output 14 and so on up to the output 0.

If F="0", when a data packet has been loaded, the latch signal (LE) must become active for one CLK cycle (data latch). When the last data packet, relative to the output 0, has been loaded, the latch signal must be active for two CLK cycles (global latch) and all the data will be transferred to the e-PWM registers starting from the MSB.

If F="1" all data packets (12 or 16 bits x16) are loaded and then the global latch signal must be active and all the data will be transferred to the e-PWM registers starting from the MSB.

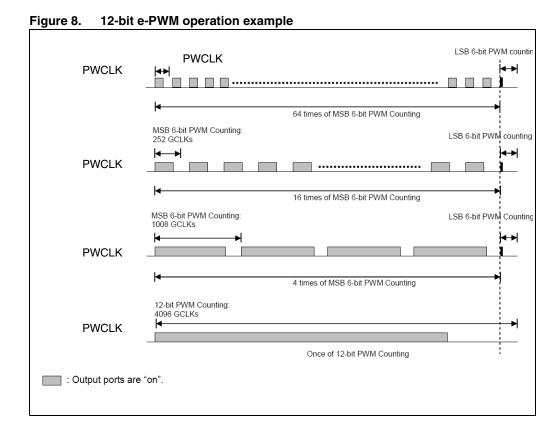


9 Setting the PWM gray scale counter

STP1612PW05 provides a 12-bit or 16-bit PWM color depth. Each serial data input will be implemented according to the e-PWM algorithm.

9.1 PWM data synchronization

STP1612PW05 defines the different counting algorithms that support e-PWM, technology, (scrambled PWM). With e-PWM, the total PWM cycles can be broken down into MSB (most significant bits) and LSB (least significant bits) of gray scale cycles, and the MSB information can be dithered across many refresh cycles to achieve overall same high bit resolution. STP1612PW05 also allows changing different counting algorithms and provides the best output linearity when there are fewer transitions of output.



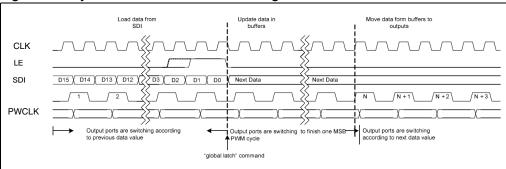
9.2 Synchronization for PWM counting

The data synchronization between the incoming data flow and the output channels is managed through the bit A within the configuration register.

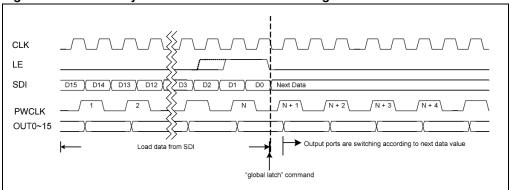
If the bit A is set to "0" the device performs itself the data synchronization: when all the new data are loaded with a "global latch", the device wait until all the PWM counter completes the counting cycle before updating them with the new data, at the next CLK rising edge.

Conversely, if bit A is set to "1" (default), the data synchronization is not performed by the device and is managed by the microcontroller, which has to take care of the data and signals. If this is not done, there might be artefacts on the output image.

Figure 9. Synchronization for PWM counting







10 Error detection conditions

The STP1612PW05 can detect open channels (OD) and LED short-circuits (SD).

The detection circuitry performs open- and short-circuit detection simultaneously and the image quality will not be impacted since the test duration is short (0.5 μ s typ).

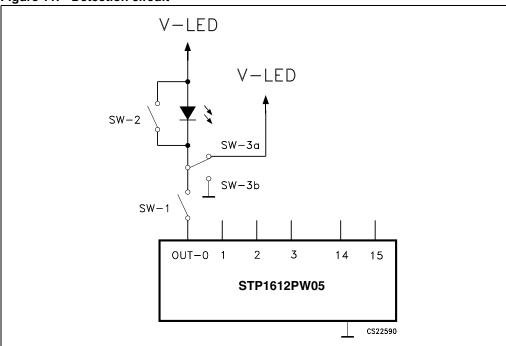
To perform the open-circuit, short-circuit error detection a channel must be on, the command "enable error detection" starts the detection. After 0.5 μ s (typ) the command "read error status code" allows to get the status from the serial output (SDO).

Table 14. Detection conditions ($V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ to } 5 \text{ V temp. range -40 to } 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$)

SW-1 or SW-3b	Open line or output short to GND detected	==> I _{ODEC} ≤ 0.5 x I _O
SW-2 or SW-3a	Short on LED or short to V-LED detected	==> V _O ≥ 2.3 V

Note: Where: I_O = the output current programmed by the R_{EXT}, I_{ODEC} = the detected output current in detection mode

Figure 11. Detection circuit



11 Setting output current

The output current (IOUT) is set by an external resistor, Rext.

It is calculated from the equation:

$$V_{R-EXT} = 1.24 \text{ x G}; I_{OUT} = (V_{R-EXT}/R_{ext}) \text{ x } 15.5$$

Whereas R_{ext} is the resistance of the external resistor connected to R-EXT terminal and $V_{R\text{-EXT}}$ is its voltage. G is the digital current gain, which is set by the bit9 – bit2 of the configuration register. The default value of G is 1. For your information, the output current is about 20 mA when R_{ext} = 34.70 k Ω and 10 mA when R_{ext} = 69.6 k Ω if G is set to default value 1. The formula and setting for G are described in next section.

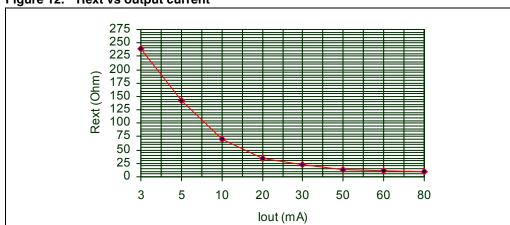


Figure 12. Rext vs output current

Table 15. Rext vs output current (1)

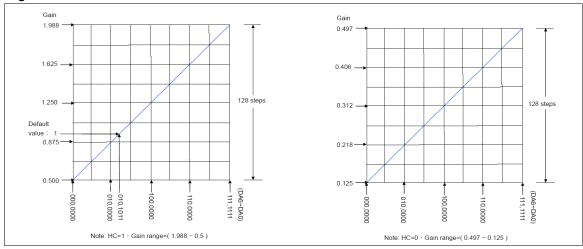
lout (mA)	Rext (kΩ)
3	238.2
5	142.2
10	69.6
20	34.70
30	22.94
50	13.72
60	11.40
80	8.63

1. $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{dd} = 3.3$ V; 5.0 V, $V_{Led} = 3.0$ V, $V_{drop} = 1.5$ V, HC = 0101011 (default)

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2 21/32

12 Current gain adjustment

Figure 13. Gain vs DA6 - DA0



The bit 9 to bit 2 of the configuration register set the gain of output current, i.e., G. Being 8-bit in total, ranging from 8'b00000000 to 8'b111111111, these bits allow the user to set the output current gain up to 256 levels. These bits can be further defined in the configuration register as follows:

Configuration register

MSB											LSB				
F	Е	D	С	В	Α	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	-	-	-	-	-	HC	DA6	DA5	DA4	DA3	DA2	DA1	DA0	-	-

- 1. Bit 9 is HC bit. The setting is in the low current range when HC=0, and in the high current range when HC=1.
- 2. Bit 8 to bit 2 are DA6 ~ DA0.

The relationship between these bits and current gain G is:

$$HC = 1, D = (256G-128)/3$$

$$HC = 0$$
, $D = (1024G-128)/3$

and D in the above decimal numeration can be converted to its equivalent in binary form by the following equation:

$$D = DA6x2^6 + DA5x2^5 + DA4x2^4 + DA3x2^3 + DA2x2^2 + DA1x2^1 + DA0x2^0$$

In other words, these bits can be looked as a floating number with 1-bit exponent HC and 7-bit mantissa DA6~DA0.

For example,

HC = 1, G = 1.25, D = (256x1.25-128)/3 = 64

the D in binary form would be:

 $D = 64 = 1x2^{6} + 0x2^{5} + 0x2^{4} + 0x2^{3} + 0x2^{2} + 0x2^{1} + 0x2^{0}$

The bit 9 to bit 2 of the configuration register are set to 8'b1100,0000.

13 Delay time of staggered output

This feature prevents large inrush current from the power line and reduces the bypass capacitors.

The outputs are organized in four groups OUT4n, OUT4n+1, OUTn4+2, OUT4n+3 and each group has 40 ns delay between the previous one.

E.g.: OUT4n has no delay, OUTn4+1 has 40ns delay, OUTn4+2 has 80ns delay, OUTn4+3 has 120 ns delay.

14 Thermal protection

Thermal flag provides an indication about the status of the junction temperature. When the junction temperature reaches 150 °C the bit E of the configuration register is set to "1", signaling dangerous operating condition. This flag is useful when thermal shutdown function is disabled.

The thermal shutdown function, if activated by configuration register, turns-off all output channels if the junction exceeds 150 °C. As soon as the junction temperature is below 140 °C the outputs channels will be turned ON. In thermal shutdown mode, the digital core is active and data flow is guaranteed.

15 Time-out alert of GCLK disconnection

When the PWCLK signal is disconnected for around 1 second, all output ports will be turned off automatically. This function will protect the LED display system from staying ON indefinitely and prevent excessive current from damaging the power system. The default is set to 'enable" when bit "0" is 0. When the PWCLK is active again and new serial data are moved in, the driver resumes to work after resetting the internal counters and comparators.

16 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

Table 16. TSSOP24 mechanical data

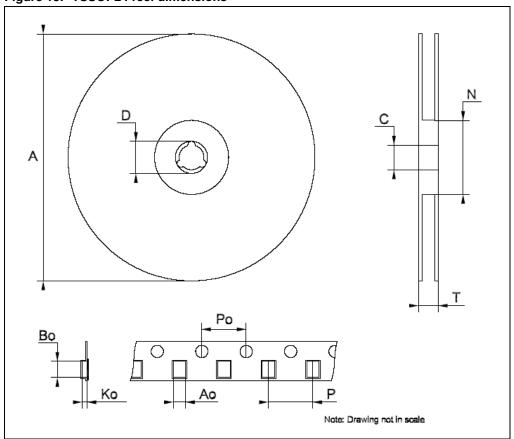
Dim.		mm.		inch				
Diiii.	Min.	Тур	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α			1.1			0.043		
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002		0.006		
A2		0.9			0.035			
b	0.19		0.30	0.0075		0.0118		
С	0.09		0.20	0.0035		0.0079		
D	7.7		7.9	0.303		0.311		
Е	4.3		4.5	0.169		0.177		
е		0.65 BSC			0.0256 BSC			
Н	6.25		6.5	0.246		0.256		
К	0°		8°	0°		8°		
L	0.50		0.70	0.020		0.028		

Figure 14. TSSOP24 package dimensions

Table 17. TSSOP24 tape and reel

Dim.		mm.		inch				
Dilli.	Min.	Тур	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α		-	330		-	12.992		
С	12.8	-	13.2	0.504	-	0.519		
D	20.2	-		0.795	-			
N	60	-		2.362	-			
Т		-	22.4		-	0.882		
Ao	6.8	-	7	0.268	-	0.276		
Во	8.2	-	8.4	0.323	-	0.331		
Ko	1.7	-	1.9	0.067	-	0.075		
Po	3.9	-	4.1	0.153	-	0.161		
Р	11.9	-	12.1	0.468	-	0.476		

Figure 15. TSSOP24 reel dimensions



577

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

25/32

Table 18. SO-24 mechanical data

Dim.		mm.		inch				
Diiii.	Min.	Тур	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α			2.65			0.104		
a1	0.1		0.2	0.004		0.008		
a2			2.45			0.096		
b	0.35		0.49	0.014		0.019		
b1	0.23		0.32	0.009		0.012		
С		0.5			0.020			
c1			45°((typ.)				
D	15.20		15.60	0.598		0.614		
Е	10.00		10.65	0.393		0.419		
е		1.27			0.050			
e3		13.97			0.550			
F	7.40		7.60	0.291		0.300		
L	0.50		1.27	0.020		0.050		
S			°(ma	ax.) 8				

Figure 16. SO-24 package dimensions

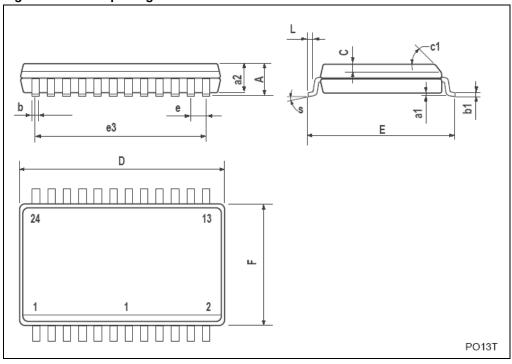
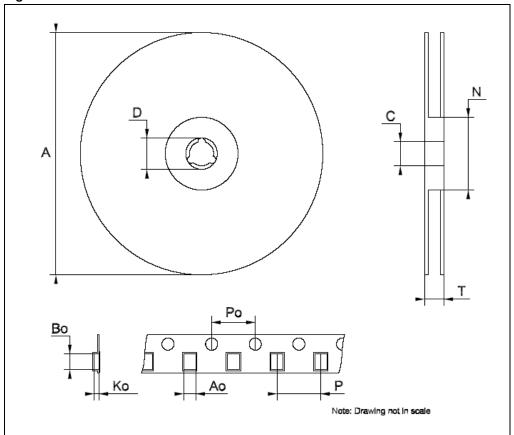


Table 19. SO-24 tape and reel

Dim.		mm.		inch				
Dilli.	Min.	Тур	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α		-	330		-	12.992		
С	12.8	-	13.2	0.504	-	0.519		
D	20.2	-		0.795	-			
N	60	-		2.362	-			
Т		-	30.4		-	1.197		
Ao	10.8	-	11.0	0.425	-	0.433		
Во	15.7	-	15.9	0.618	-	0.626		
Ko	2.9	-	3.1	0.114	-	0.122		
Po	3.9	-	4.1	0.153	-	0.161		
Р	11.9	-	12.1	0.468	-	0.476		

Figure 17. SO-24 reel dimensions



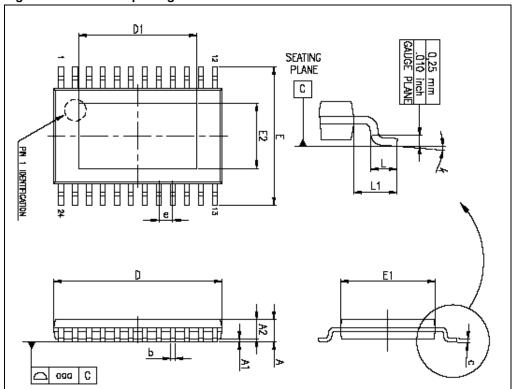
577

Doc ID 15819 Rev 2

Table 20. TSSOP24 exposed-pad

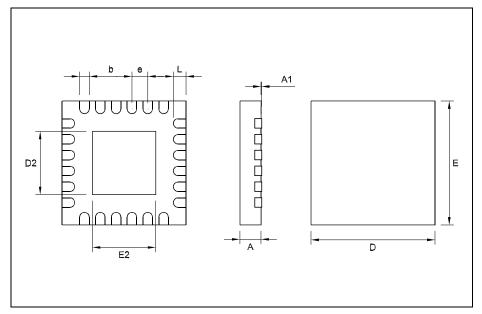
Dim.		mm		inch				
Diiii.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
Α			1.2			0.047		
A1			0.15		0.004	0.006		
A2	0.8	1	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041		
b	0.19		0.30	0.007		0.012		
С	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.0089		
D	7.7	7.8	7.9	0.303	0.307	0.311		
D1	4.7	5.0	5.3	0.185	0.197	0.209		
Е	6.2	6.4	6.6	0.244	0.252	0.260		
E1	4.3	4.4	4.5	0.169	0.173	0.177		
E2	2.9	3.2	3.5	0.114	0.126	0.138		
е		0.65			0.0256			
К	0°		8°	0°		8°		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030		

Figure 18. TSSOP24 package dimensions



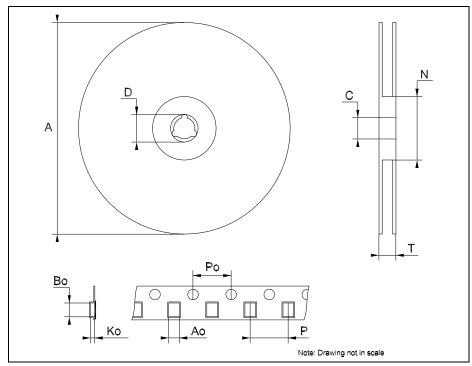
QFN24 (4x4) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			mils		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А			1.00			39.4
A1	0.00		0.05	0.0		2.0
b	0.18		0.30	7.1		11.8
D	3.9		4.1	153.5		161.4
D2	1.95		2.25	76.8		88.6
E	3.9		4.1	153.5		161.4
E2	1.95		2.25	76.8		88.6
е		0.50			19.7	
L	0.40		0.60	15.7		23.6



Tape & Reel QFNxx/DFNxx (4x4) MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm.			inch		
	MIN.	TYP	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
Α			330			12.992
С	12.8		13.2	0.504		0.519
D	20.2			0.795		
N	99		101	3.898		3.976
Т			14.4			0.567
Ao		4.35			0.171	
Во		4.35			0.171	
Ko		1.1			0.043	
Po		4			0.157	
Р		8			0.315	



577

STP1612PW05 Revision history

17 Revision history

Table 21. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
17-Jun-2009	1	Initial release.
10-Aug-2009	2	Updated Section 9.2 on page 19 and Table 12 on page 14

Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and services described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION). OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY APPROVED IN WRITING BY AN AUTHORIZED ST REPRESENTATIVE, ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN MILITARY, AIR CRAFT, SPACE, LIFE SAVING, OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, NOR IN PRODUCTS OR SYSTEMS WHERE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. ST PRODUCTS WHICH ARE NOT SPECIFIED AS "AUTOMOTIVE GRADE" MAY ONLY BE USED IN AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS AT USER'S OWN RISK.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of ST.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2009 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Philippines - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com

