

EM MICROELECTRONIC-MARIN SA



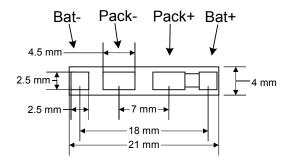
Panther Lithium Battery Protection Module

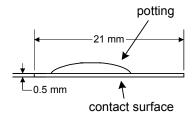
The Panther module is a Lithium battery protection circuit, which is designed to enhance the operating life of a one-cell rechargeable battery pack. Cell protection features include internally trimmed charge and discharge voltage limits as well as charge and discharge current limit detection. The voltage and current ratings are designed for the use in battery packs for portable phones, paging systems, music players and other portable equipment such as "Bluetooth" applications.

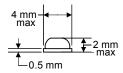
Features

- Continuous battery voltage and current monitoring
- Trimmed charge and discharge voltage limits
- · Temperature dependant charge and discharge current limit detection
- Short circuit protected
- · No external elements needed
- Low resistance power MOS switches
- Small PCB footprint
- · Very small module height due to COB and SMD assembly

Structure and Dimensions







Pad material: flash gold PCB material: FR4



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Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply voltage	V _{PACK+}	-1.3		9.0	V
Storage Temperature	T _{store}	-65		150	°C
Operating temperature	T _A	-20		80	°C

Operating Conditions

Supply voltage and current consumption

PARAMETER	Symbol	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply voltage	V_{PACK+}		1.3	3.6	8.5	V
Current consumption	I _{dd}	@ 4.0V, FET ON		10	12	μΑ
Sleep mode	I _{dd}	@ 2.2V, FET OFF		3.7	5	μΑ
Continuous current	I _{cont}	@ 20°C, -25mA/°C	2.0			Α
Current limit	I _{max}	@ 20°C, -25mA/°C	2.5	3.0	4.0	Α
Power switch on-resistance	Ri	@ I = 2A		50	65	$m\Omega$

State transitions levels

PARAMETER	Symbol	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Panther -4.25						
Overvoltage high limit	V_{ovh}	@ 20°C, +0.9mV/°C	4.20	4.25	4.30	V
Overvoltage low level	V_{ovl}		3.80	3.90	4.00	V
Undervoltage high level	V_{uvh}		3.40	3.50	3.60	V
Undervoltage low limit	V_{uvl}		2.30	2.37	2.45	V
Panther -4.35						
Overvoltage high limit	V_{ovh}	@ 20°C, +0.9mV/°C	4.30	4.35	4.40	V
Overvoltage low level	V_{ovl}		3.85	4.00	4.10	V
Undervoltage high level	V_{uvh}		3.45	3.60	3.70	V
Undervoltage low limit	V_{uvl}		2.35	2.45	2.55	V

Vdd backup duration

PARAMETER	Symbol	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Backup time of chip supply	T _{back}	C _{Backup} = 1 μF	100	200		ms

Reaction times

PARAMETER	Symbol	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Overvoltage dead time	t _{oh}		26	32	38	ms
Undervoltage dead time	t _{uv}		26	32	38	ms
Overcurrent dead time	toc		6	12	14	ms
Short-circuit dead time	t _{sh}	I > 20A		1.5	2	ms

Overcurrent protection test period

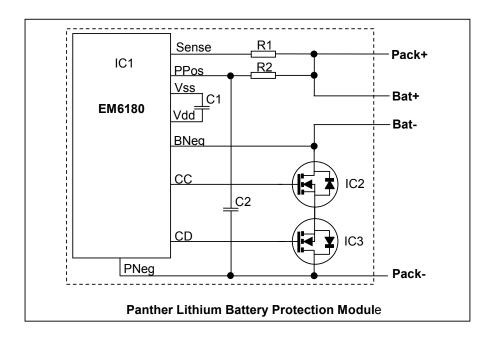
PARAMETER	Symbol	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Testperiod	T _{iover}	Charge mode		4		S
		User mode		2		
Number of tests to recover	N _{tests}	Charge mode		unlimited		
normal function		User mode		64		



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Electrical Schematic



Functional Description

Overcharge

If the battery voltage rises over the overvoltage high limit, charging is stopped by opening the power switch. The switch is closed again when:

- The battery voltage falls below overvoltage low level (self discharge of the battery).
- A discharge current is detected.

Overdischarge

If the battery voltage falls under the undervoltage low limit, discharging is stopped by opening the power switch. The switch is closed again when:

- The battery voltage rises over undervoltage high level.
- A charge current is detected.



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Charge Overcurrent

If an overcurrent is detected, charging is interrupted by opening the power switch. After 4 seconds, the switch is closed again. If an overcurrent is detected again, the power switch reopens. This process is repeated every 4 seconds until:

- The overcurrent is removed.
- · The battery voltage rises over the overcharge voltage limit.

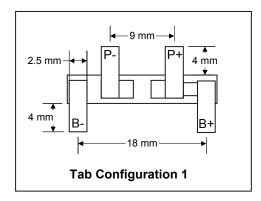
Discharge Overcurrent or short circuit

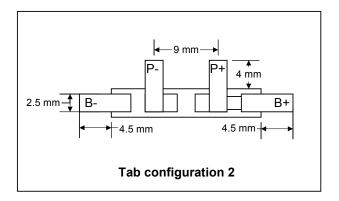
If an overcurrent is detected, discharging is interrupted by opening the power switch. The overcurrent counter is incremented. After 2 seconds the switch is closed again. If an overcurrent is detected again, the power switch reopens. This process is repeated every 2 seconds until:

- The overcurrent is removed.
- The battery voltage falls under the discharge voltage limit.
- The overcurrent still exists after 64 attempts (which corresponds to a short circuit of 2 minutes). In this case
 the power switch will be shut down permanently in order to interrupt the short circuit. The switch will be
 closed again if a charge current is detected.

Tabs

Nickel connection tabs are available to customer requirements. The following standard tab configurations exist:





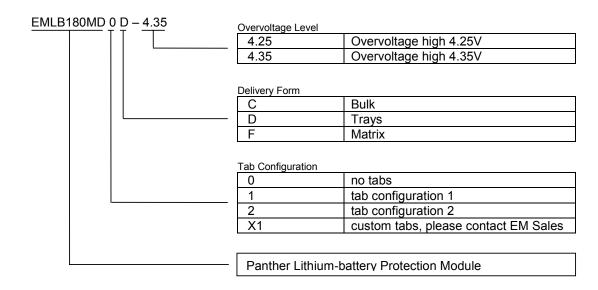
The tab material is 99% Ni, 0.1mm thick.



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Ordering Information



Updates

Date, Name	Chapter	Old Version (Text, Figure, etc.)	New Version (Text, Figure, etc.)
Version	concerned		

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