FUJITSU SEMICONDUCTOR
DATA SHEET

DS04-21342-1E

ASSP

Dual Serial Input PLL Frequency Synthesizer

MB15F04

■ DESCRIPTION

The Fujitsu MB15F04 is a serial input Phase Locked Loop (PLL) frequency synthesizer with two 2.0GHz prescalers. A 64/65 or a 128/129 for both 2.0GHz prescalers can be selected that enables pulse swallow operation.

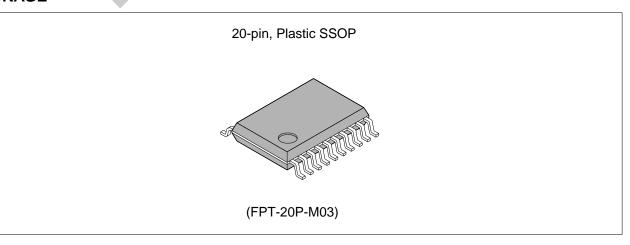
The latest BiCMOS process technology is used, resultantly a supply current is limited as low as 11.0mA typ. at a supply voltage of 3.0V.

Furthermore, a super charger circuit is included to provide a fast tuning as well as low noise performance. As a result of this, MB15F04 is ideally suitable for digital mobile communications.

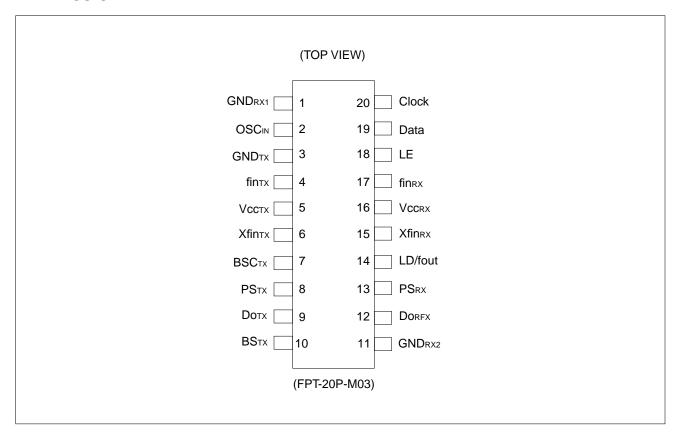
■ FEATURES

- High frequency operation
 RX synthesizer : 2.0 GHz max.
 TX synthesizer : 2.0 GHz max.
- Low power supply voltage: Vcc = 2.7 to 3.6 V
- Very Low power supply current : Icc = 11.0 mA typ. (Vcc = 3V)
- Power saving function : IPSTX = IPSTX = 10 μA max.
- Serial input 14-bit programmable reference divider: R = 5 to 16,383
- Serial input 18-bit programmable divider consisting of:
 - Binary 7-bit swallow counter: 0 to 127
 - Binary 11-bit programmable counter: 5 to 2,047
- On-chip high performance charge pump circuit and phase comparator, achieving high-speed lock-up and low phase noise
- Wide operating temperature: Ta = −40 to 85°C

■ PACKAGE



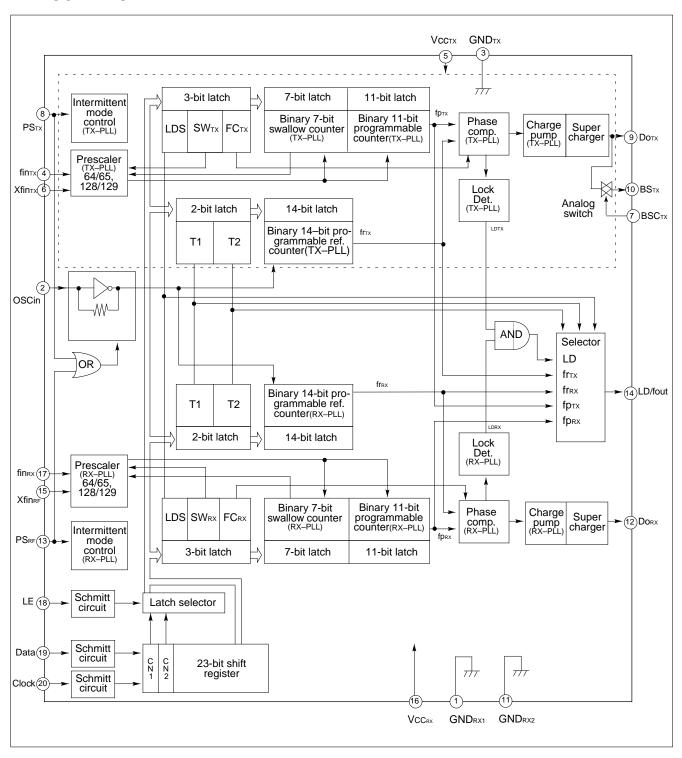
■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin No.	Pin name	I/O	Descriptions
1	GND _{RX1}	_	Ground for RX–PLL section.
2	OSCin	I	The programmable reference divider input. TCXO should be connected with a AC coupling capacitor.
3	GND _{TX}	_	Ground for the TX-PLL section.
4	fin⊤x	I	Prescaler input pin for the TX-PLL. The connection with VCO should be AC coupling.
5	Vсстх	_	Power supply voltage input pin for the TX-PLL section. When power is OFF, latched data of TX-PLL is cancelled.
6	Xfin⊤x	I	Prescaler complimentary input for the TX-PLL section. This pin should be grounded via a capacitor.
7	ВЅСтх	I	Analog switch output (BSTX) control for the TX section. Always pull-down the BSCTX pin when not using BSTX. (Do not leave open.) BSCTX = "H"; outputs the DoTX state. BSCTX = "L"; goes to high impedance.
8	PS _{TX}	I	Power saving mode control for the TX-PLL section. This pin must be set at "L" Power-ON. (Open is prohibited.) PSTX = "H"; Normal mode PSTX= "L"; Power saving mode
9	Do тx	0	Charge pump output for the TX-PLL section. Phase characteristics of the phase detector can be reversed by FC-bit.
10	ВЅтх	0	Analog switch output for the TX selection.
11	GND _{RX2}	_	Ground 2 for the RX section.
12	Dorx	0	Charge pump output for the RX-PLL section. Phase characteristics of the phase detector can be reversed by FC-bit.
13	PS _{RX}	I	Power saving mode control for the RX-PLL section. This pin must be set at "L" Power-ON. (Open is prohibited.) PSRX = "H"; Normal mode PSRX = "L"; Power saving mode
14	LD/fout	0	Lock detect signal output (LD) / phase comparator monitoring output (fout) The output signal is selected by a LDS bit in a serial data. LDS bit = "H"; outputs fout signal LDS bit = "L"; outputs LD signal
15	Xfin _{RX}	I	Prescaler complimentary input for the RX-PLL section. This pin should be grounded via a capacitor.
16	Vccrx	_	Power supply voltage input pin for the RX-PLL section. When power is OFF, latched data of RX-PLL is cancelled.
17	fin _{RX}	I	Prescaler input pin for the RX-PLL. The connection with VCO should be AC coupling.
18	LE	I	Load enable signal input (with the schmitt trigger circuit.) When LE is "H", data in the shift register is transferred to the corresponding latch according to the control bit in a serial data.
19	Data	I	Serial data input (with the schmitt trigger circuit.) A data is transferred to the corresponding latch (TX-ref counter, TX-Prog. counter, RX-ref. counter, RX-prog. counter) according to the control bit in a serial data.
20	Clock	I	Clock input for the 23-bit shift register (with the schmitt trigger circuit.) One bit data is shifted into the shift register on a rising edge of the clock.

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (See WARNING)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remark
Power supply voltage	Vcc	-0.5 to +4.0	V	
Input voltage	Vı	−0.5 to Vcc +0.5	V	
Output voltage	Vo	−0.5 to Vcc +0.5	V	
Output current	lo	-10 to +10	mA	
Storage temperature	Тѕтс	−55 to +125	°C	

WARNING: Permanent device damage may occur if the above Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
raiailletei	Syllibol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note
Power supply voltage	Vcc	2.7	3.0	3.6	V	Vcctx = Vccrx
Input voltage	Vi	GND	_	Vcc	V	
Operating temperature	Та	-40	_	+85	°C	

Handling Precautions

- This device should be transported and stored in anti-static containers.
- This is a static-sensitive device; take proper anti-ESD precautions. Ensure that personnel and equipment are properly grounded. Cover workbenches with grounded conductive mats.
- Always turn the power supply off before inserting or removing the device from its socket.
- Protect leads with a conductive sheet when handling or transporting PC boards with devices.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{ Ta} = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

				(Vcc		5 V, Ta = −40°C	to +85°C)	
Paramete	er	Symbol	Condition		Value		Unit	
		Oymbo.		Min.	Тур.	Max.	- Cinc	
Power supply cur	rent*1	Ісстх	TX	_	5.0	_	mA	
1 Ower Supply cui	TOTAL	Iccrx	RX	_	6.0	_	1117 (
Power saving cur	rent*2	I PSTX	PSTX ="L"	-	0.1*2	10	μΑ	
1 Ower Saving Cur	ient	IPSRX	PSTX/RX ="L"	-	0.1*2	10	μΛ	
· ·	fin⊤x	fin⊤x*³	TX	100	_	2000		
Operating frequency	fin _{RX}	fin _{RX} *3	RX	100	-	2000	MHz	
	OSCin	fosc	_	3	-	40		
	fin⊤x	Vfin⊤x	TX-PLL, 50Ω load (See TEST CIRCUIT)	-10	_	+2	dBm	
Input sensitivity	fin _{RX}	Vfin _{RX}	RX-PLL, 50Ω load (See TEST CIRCUIT)	-10	_	+2	dBm	
	OSCin	Vosc	_	500	-	Vcc	mVp-p	
	Data,	Vıн	Schmitt trigger input	Vccx0.7+0.4	_	_		
	Clock, LE	VIL	Schmitt trigger input	_	_	Vccx0.3-0.4	V	
Input voltage	PSTX,	ViH	_	Vccx0.7	_	_	V	
	PS _{RX} , BSC _{TX} V _{IL}		_	_	_	Vccx0.3		
Data Clock LE,		Iıн*⁴	-	-1.0		+1.0	^	
Input current	PSTX, PSRX, BSCTX	Iı∟*⁴	_	-1.0	-	+1.0	μΑ	
	000:-	Ін	_	0	_	+100		
	OSCin	Iı∟*4	_	-100	_	0	μΑ	
	1.0%	Vон	Vcc = 3.0V, $IoH = -1.0 mA$	Vcc-0.4	_	_	.,	
	LD/fout	Vol	Vcc = 3.0V, $IoL = 1.0 mA$	-	_	0.4	V	
Output voltage	Doif,	VDOH	$V_{CC} = 3.0V,$ $I_{DOH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$	Vcc-0.4	_	_	V	
	DORF, BSTX	VDOL	Vcc = 3.0V, IDOL = 1.0 mA	_	_	0.4	V	
High impedance cutoff current	Dotx/RX, BStx	loff	Vcc = 3.0V, Voff = GND to Vcc	_	_	1.1	μΑ	
	L D/fout	І он*4	Vcc = 3.0V	_	-	-1.0	- mA	
	LD/fout loL		Vcc = 3.0V	1.0	-	_		
Output current	· DOIX,		Vcc = 3.0V, Vдон = 2.0V, Ta = +25°C	-11	-	-6	m^	
Dorx, BSTX		Idol	Vcc = 3.0V, Vdol = 1.0V, Ta = +25°C	8	_	15	mA	
Analog switch on resistance	ВЅтх	Ron	-	_	50	_	Ω	

^{*1:} Conditions; fin TX/RX = 2000 MHz, fosc = 12 MHz, VCCTX/RF = 3.0 V, Ta = +25°C, in locking state.

^{*2:} Conditions; $V_{CCTX/RX} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, fosc = 12.8 MHz, $T_a = +25^{\circ}C$

^{*3:} AC coupling. The minimum operating frequency is specified with a coupling capacitor 1000 pF connected.

^{*4:} The symbol "-" (minus) means direction of current flow.

■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTIONS

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

 $f_{VCO} = \{(P \times N) + A\} \times f_{OSC} \div R \quad (A < N)$

fvco: Output frequency of external voltage controlled ocillator (VCO)

P: Preset divide ratio of dual modulus prescaler (64 or 128)

N: Preset divide ratio of binary 11-bit programmable counter (5 to 2,047)

A: Preset divide ratio of binary 7-bit swallow counter ($0 \le A \le 127$)

fosc: Reference oscillation frequency

R: Preset divide ratio of binary 14-bit programmable reference counter (5 to 16,383)

Serial Data Input

Serial data is entered using three pins, Data pin, Clock pin, and LE pin. Programmable dividers of TX/RX-PLL sections, programmable reference dividers of TX/RX PLL sections are controlled individually.

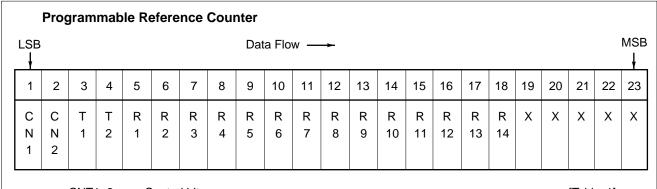
Serial data of binary data is entered through Data pin.

On rising edge of clock, one bit of serial data is transferred into the shift register. When load enable signal is high, the data stored in the shift register is transferred to one of latch of them depending upon the control bit data setting.

Table1. Control Bit

Conf	trol bit	Destination of serial data
CN1	CN2	Destination of Serial data
L	L	The programmable reference counter for the TX-PLL.
Н	L	The programmable reference counter for the RX-PLL.
L	Н	The programmable counter and the swallow counter for the TX-PLL
Н	Н	The programmable counter and the swallow counter for the RX-PLL

Shift Register Configuration



CNT1, 2 : Control bit [Table. 1]
R1 to R14 : Divide ratio setting bits for the programmable reference counter (5 to 16,383) [Table. 2]

T1, 2 : Test purpose bit [Table. 3]

 \times : Dummy bit (set to either 0 or 1)

NOTE: Data input with MSB first.

.SB ↓								Dat	ta Flo	w —												MS ↓
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
С	С	L	s	F	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
N	N	D	w	С	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	2	S	TX/ RX	TX/ RX																		
		CNT	1, 2	: C	Contro	ol bit														[Tabl	le. 1]	
		N1 to	N14			ratio 2,047)		ng bits	s for t	he TX	(sect	ion or	RXs	ectio	n pro	gramı	mable	e cou	nter	[Tabl	le. 4]	
		A1 to	A7	: E	Divide 0 to 1	ratio 27)	settir	ng bits	s for t	he TX	sect)	ion or	RXs	ectio	n swa	allow	coun	ter		[Tabl	le. 5]	
		SWT	X/RX	: C	Divide	ratio	settir	ng bit	for th	e pre	scale	r (TX	sectio	on : S	W _{TX} ,	RX se	ection	n: SW	rx)	[Tabl	le. 6]	
		FCTX	/RX	: F	hase	cont	rol bit	for th	ne pha	ase d	etecto	or (TX	secti	ion : F	ЕСтх,	RX s	ectio	ո : FC	CRX)	[Tabl	le. 7]	
		LDS		: L	D/fou	ıt siar	nal se	lect b	oit											[Tabl	le. 8]	

Table2. Binary 14-bit Programmable Reference Counter Data Setting

Divide ratio (R)	R 14	R 13	R 12	R 11	R 10	R 9	R 8	R 7	R 6	R 5	R 4	R 3	R 2	R 1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
16383	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 5 is prohibited.

Table.3 Test Purpose Bit Setting

T 1	T 2	LD/fout pin state
L	L	Outputs fr _{TX}
Н	L	Outputs fr _{RX}
L	Н	Outputs fp⊤x
Н	Н	Outputs fp _{RX}

Table.4 Binary 11-bit Programmable Counter Data Setting

Divide ratio (N)	N 11	N 10	N 9	N 8	N 7	N 6	N 5	N 4	N 3	N 2	N 1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
			•				•				
2047	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio less than 5 is prohibited.

Table.5 Binary 7-bit Swallow Counter Data Setting

Divide ratio (A)	A 7	A 6	A 5	A 4	A 3	A 2	A 1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
		•					
127	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note: Divide ratio (A) range = 0 to 127

Table. 6 Prescaler Data Setting

		SW = "H"	SW = "L"
Prescaler	TX-PLL	64/65	128/129
divide ratio	RX-PLL	64/65	128/129

Table. 7 Phase Comparator Phase Switching Data Setting

	FC = H	FC = L
fr > fp	Н	L
fr = fp	Z	Z
fr < fp	L	Н
VCO polarity	(1)	(2)

Note: • Z = High-impedance • Depending upon the VCO and LPF polarity, FC bit should be set.

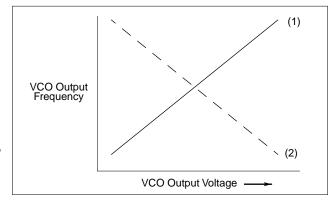
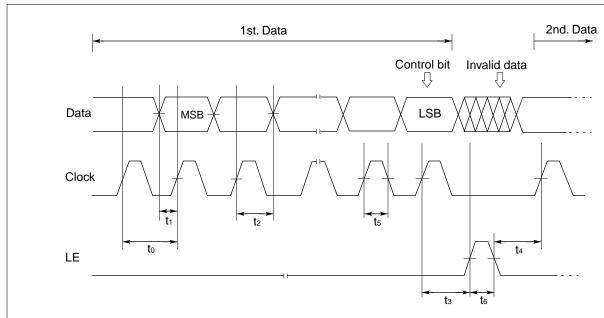


Table. 8 LD/fout Output Select Data Setting

LDS	LD/fout output signal		
Н	fout (frtx/Rx, fptx/Rx) signals		
L	LD signal		

Serial Data Input Timing

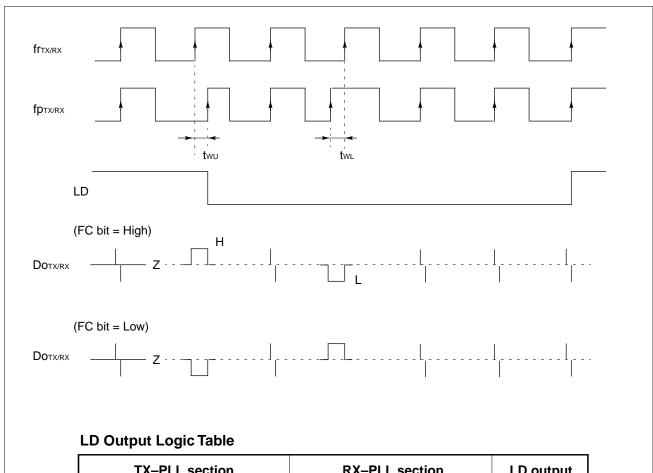


On rising edge of the clock, one bit of the data is transferred into the shift register.

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t 1	20	_	_	ns
t ₂	20	_	_	ns
t 3	30	_	_	ns
t ₄	20	-	_	ns

Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t 5	30	_	_	ns
t ₆	100	_	_	ns
t 7	100	_	_	ns

■ PHASE DETECTOR OUTPUT WAVEFORM



TX-PLL section	RX-PLL section	LD output
Locking state / Power saving state	Locking state / Power saving state	Н
Locking state / Power saving state	Unlocking state	L
Unlocking state	Locking state / Power saving state	L
Unlocking state	Unlocking state	L

Note: • Phase error detection range = -2π to $+2\pi$

- Pulses on Dotx/RX signals are output to prevent dead zone.
- LD output becomes low when phase error is two or more.
- LD output becomes high when phase error is twl or less and continues to be so for three cycles or more.
- twu and twL depend on OSCin input frequency as follows.
 twu ≥ 8/fosc: i.e. twu ≥ 625ns when foscin = 12.8 MHz
 twL ≤ 16/fosc: i.e. twL ≤ 1250ns when foscin = 12.8 MHz

■ POWER SAVING MODE (Intermittent Mode Control Circuit)

Setting a PS_{TX(RX)} pin to Low, TX-PLL (RX-PLL) enters into power saving mode resultant current consumption can be limited to 0.1 μ A (typ.). Setting PS pin to High, power saving mode is released so that the device works normally. In addition, the intermittent operation control circuit is included which helps smooth start up from stand by mode. In general, the power consumption can be saved by the intermittent operation that powering down or waking up the synthesizer. Such case, if the PLL is powered up uncontrolled, the resulting phase comparator output signal is unpredictable due to an undefined phase relation between reference frequency (fr) and comparison frequency (fp) and may in the worst case take longer time for lock up of the loop.

To prevent this, the intermittent operation control circuit enforces a limited error signal output of the phase detector during power up. Thus keeping the loop locked.

PS pin must be set "L" at Power-ON.

Allow 1 µs after frequency stabilization on power-up for exiting the power saving mode (PS: L to H)

Serial data can be entered during the power saving mode.

During the power saving mode, the corresponding section except for indispensable circuit for the power saving function stops working, then current consumption is reduced to 10μ A per one PLL section.

At that time, the Do and LD become the same state as when a loop is locking. That is, the Do becomes high impedance.

A VCO control voltage is naturally kept at the locking voltage which defined by a LPF's time constant. As a result of this, VCO's frequency is kept at the locking frequency.

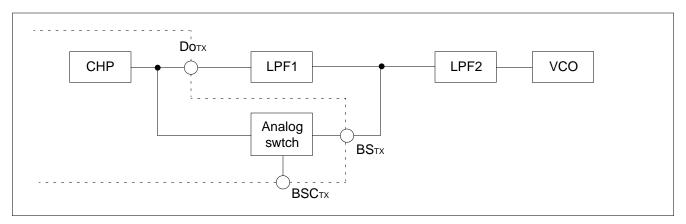
РSтх	PS _{RX}	TX-PLL counters	RX-PLL counters	OSC input buffer
L	L	OFF	OFF	OFF
Н	L	ON	OFF	ON
L	Н	OFF	ON	ON
Н	Н	ON	ON	ON

■ ANALOG SWITCH (BSC_{TX} Pin)

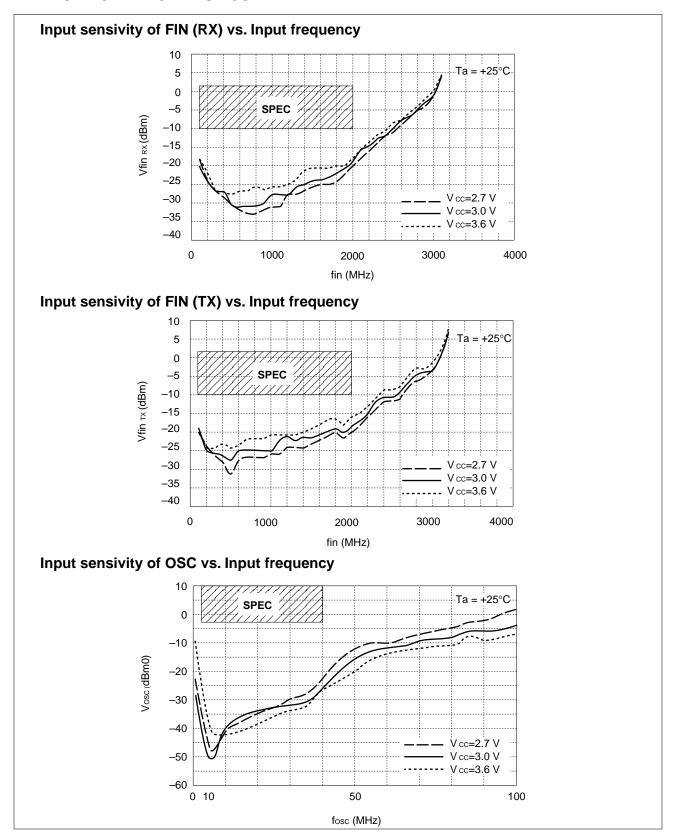
The analog switch is set on or off by the BSC_{TX} input. When the switch is on, the output of the charge pump (Do_{TX}) is output from the BS_{TX} pin. (The pin goes to high impedance when the switch is off.)

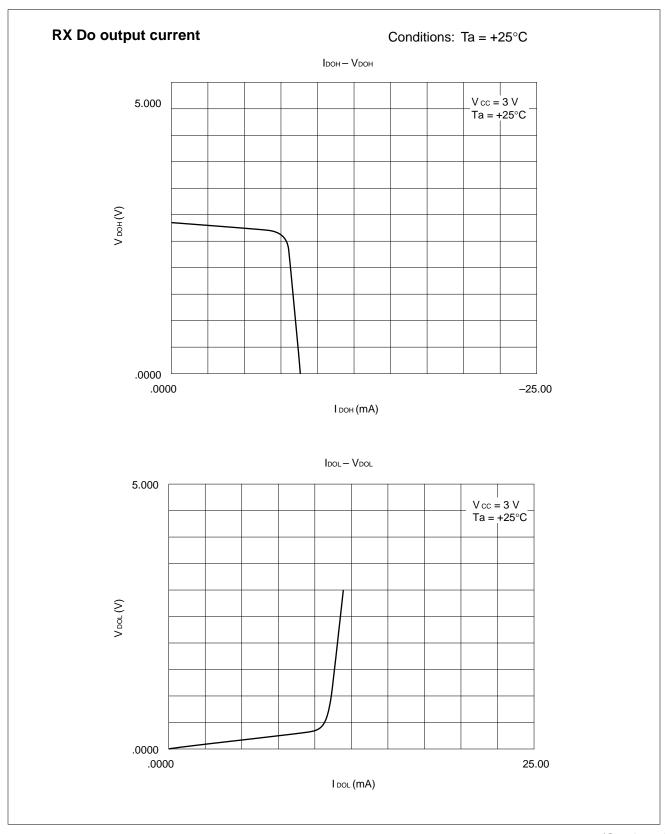
Analog switch	BSCTX
ON	Н
OFF	L

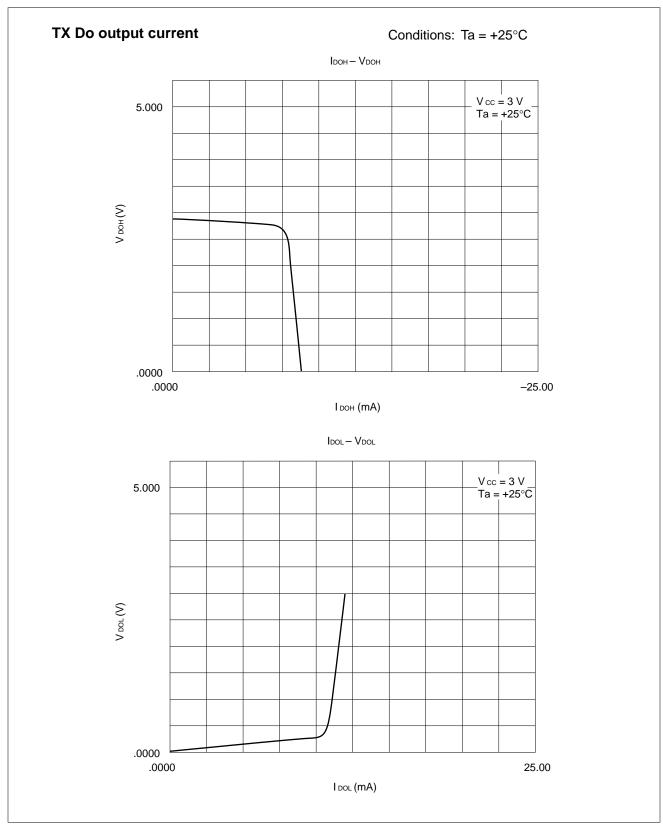
As in the example shown in the figure below, placing the analog switch midway through the LPF (LPF1 + LPF2) allows the LPF time constant to be reduced during PLL channel switching so as to speed up the lock up time.

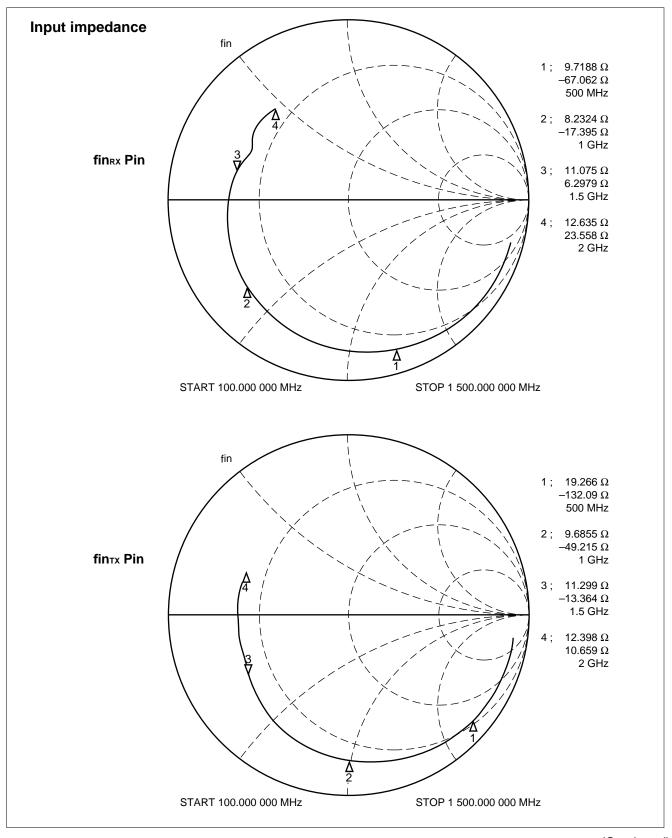


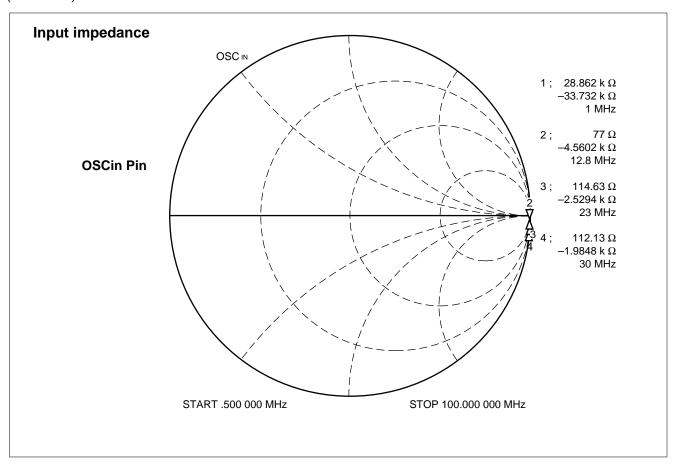
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



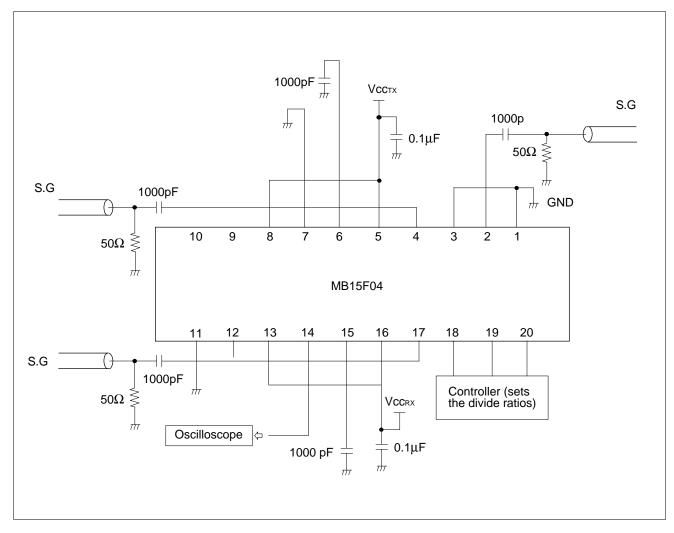




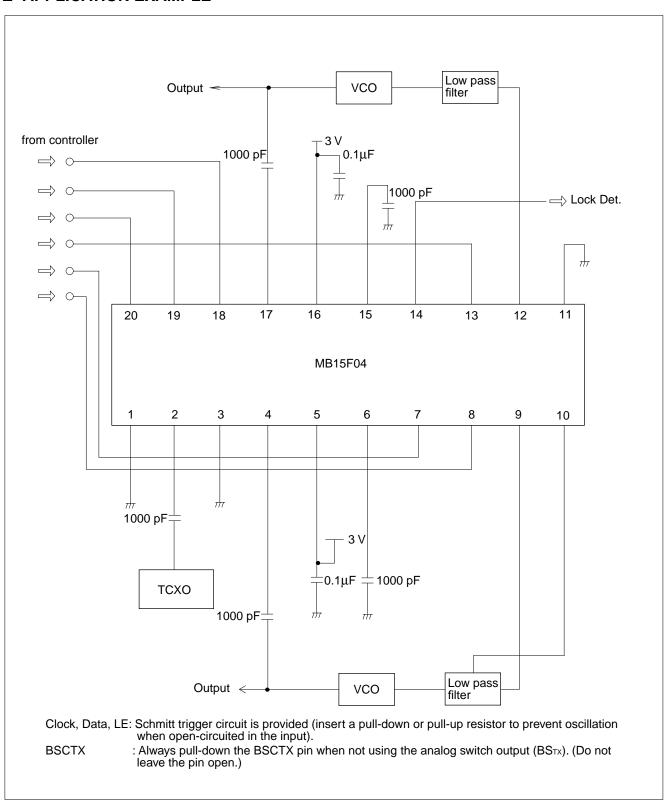




■ TEST CIRCUIT (Prescaler Input/Programmable Reference Divider Input Sensitivity Test)



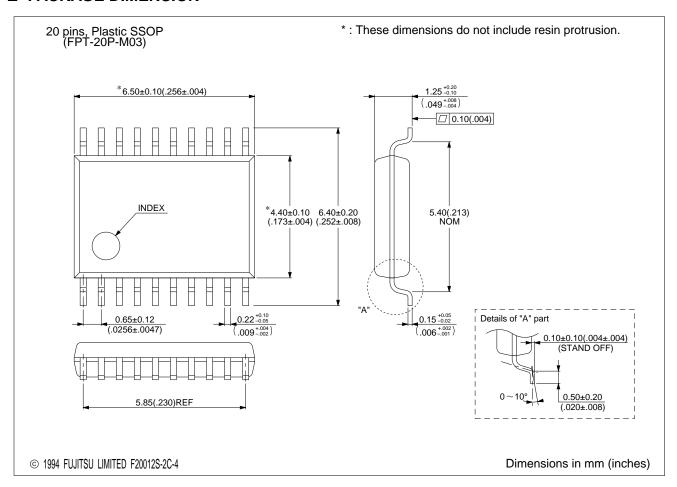
■ APPLICATION EXAMPLE



■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB15F04 PFV	20pin, Plastic SSOP (FPT-20P-M03)	

■ PACKAGE DIMENSION



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