

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

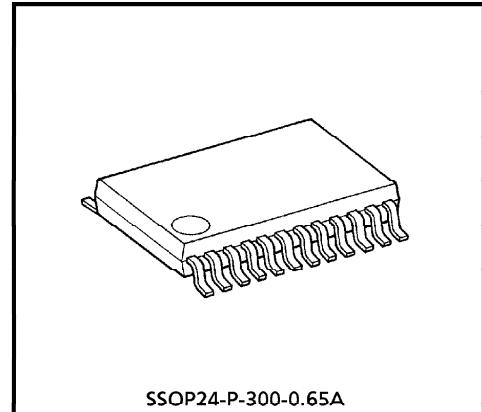
TA2056FN

1.5V CORDLESS HEADPHONE RECEIVER

The TA2056FN is an infrared ray linear audio signal receiver IC developed for IR cordless headphone systems. It is two built in FM receivers for stereo and muting function etc.

FEATURES

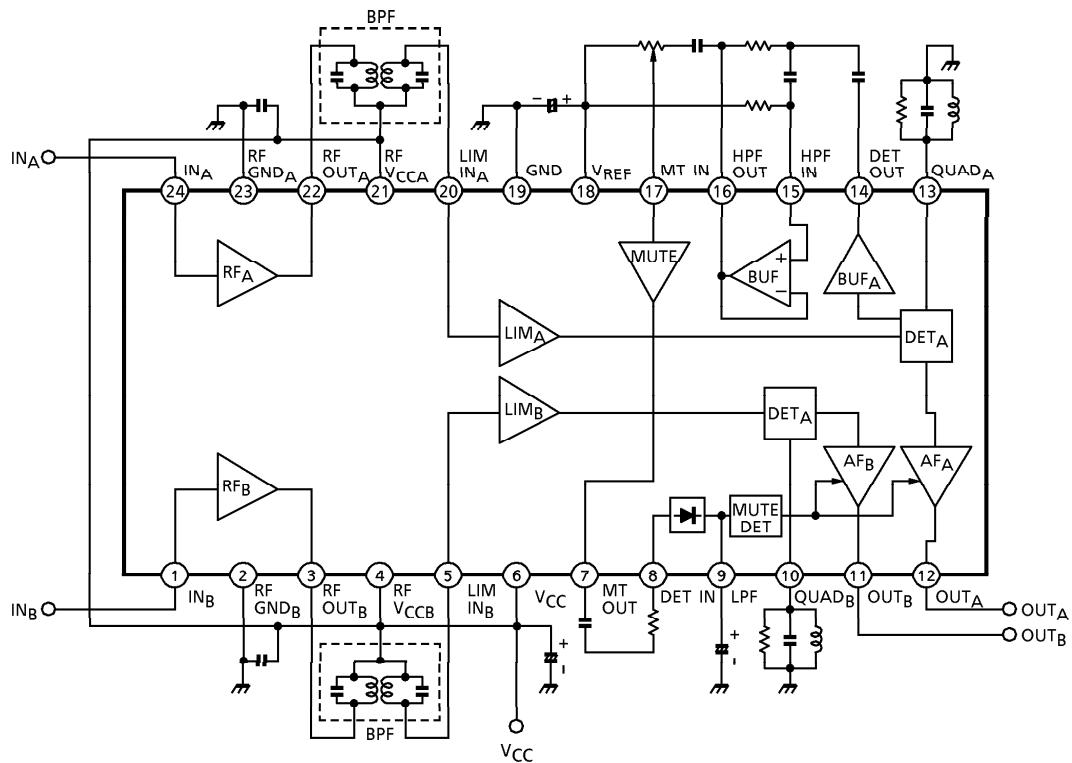
- Two built-in FM receivers for stereo ($f = 2.3 / 2.8\text{MHz}$)
 - Excellent spurious radiation by direct detection type
 - Built-in muting function (retuned noise detection type)
 - Built-in buffer amplifier for muting signal detection
 - Built-in muting amplifier
 - Built-in detector circuit
 - Muting attenuation ($V_{CC} = 1.2\text{V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
 $\text{ATT} = 65\text{dB}$ (Typ.)
 - Two built-in RF amplifiers
 - Low supply current ($V_{CC} = 1.2\text{V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
 $I_{CC} = 4.0\text{mA}$ (Typ.)
 - Operating supply voltage range ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)
 $V_{CC(\text{opr})} = 0.95 \sim 2.2\text{V}$
- (*) Handle with care to prevent devices from deterioration by static electricity.



Weight : 0.14g (Typ.)

- 961001EBA1
- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of a TOSHIBA product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.
 - The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws.
 - The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
 - The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



BPF

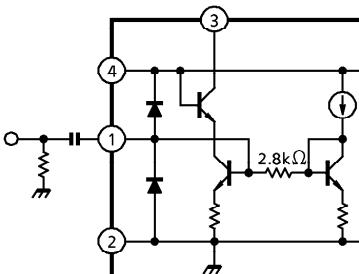
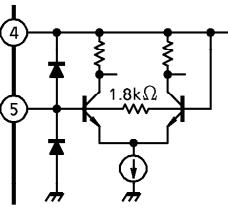
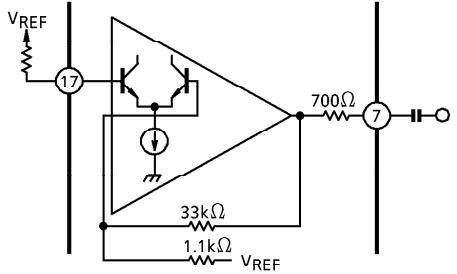
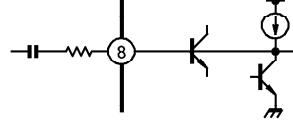
We recommended

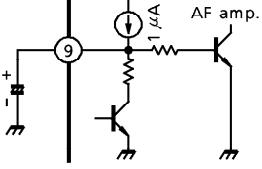
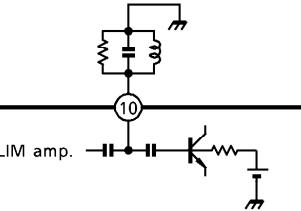
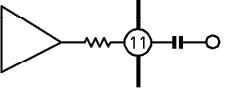
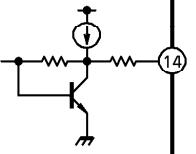
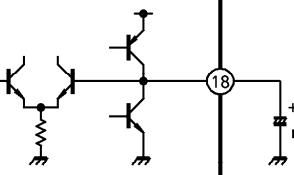
2.3MHz : TH353BFI-8300 (TOKO, INC.)

2.8MHz : TH353BFI-8301 (TOKO, INC.)

TERMINAL EXPLANATION

TERMINAL VOLTAGE : Typical voltage at no signal with test circuit ($V_{CC} = 1.2V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)

TERMINAL No.	NAME	FUNCTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT	TERMINAL VOLTAGE (V)
1	IN _B	Input of RF amplifier ● Input impedance : $3.3k\Omega$ (Typ.)		0.7
24	IN _A	A resistor ($R \leq 330\Omega$) should be connected to GND through a capacitor		
2	RF GND _B	GND of RF amplifier		0
23	RF GND _A			—
3	RF OUT _B	Output of RF amplifier		
22	RF OUT _A			—
4	RF V _{CCB}	V_{CC} for RF amplifier and part of limiter amplifier		1.2
21	RF V _{CCA}			
5	LIM IN _B	Input of limiter amplifier ● Input impedance : $1.8k\Omega$ (Typ.)		1.2
20	LIM IN _A			
6	V _{CC}	V_{CC} , except RF V_{CC}		1.2
7	MT OUT	Output of muting amplifier		0.5
17	MT IN	Input of muting amplifier It is necessary to connect a resistor between V_{REF} terminal (pin 18) and this terminal (pin 17) for bias.		0.7
8	DET IN	Input of muting detector circuit		0.7

TERMINAL No.	NAME	FUNCTION	INTERNAL CIRCUIT	TERMINAL VOLTAGE (V)
9	LPF	Smoothing circuit of muting signal		—
10	QUAD_B	QUAD detector		0
13	QUADA			
11	OUT_B	Output of audio signal ● Output impedance : 1kΩ (Typ.)		0.6
12	OUT_A			
14	DET OUT	Detector output for muting function ● This terminal is detector output of FM detector, it can be used for muting signal detection. ● Output impedance : 2kΩ (Typ.)		0.5
15	HPF IN	Input of HPF for muting signal detection		0.7
16	HPF OUT	Output of HPF for muting signal detection		
18	V _{REF}	Reference circuit		0.7
19	GND	—	—	0

APPLICATION NOTE**1. Input of RF amplifier (PIN ① / ④)**

A resistor ($R \leq 330\Omega$) should be connected to GND through a capacitor. Because input impedance of this terminal is designed for $3.3k\Omega$ (Typ.), internal circuit doesn't operate normally.

2. Muting function (Retuned noise detection type)

The muting function is operated by audio amplifier muting which is decided by noise level which is taken out by high-pass filter from recovered output voltage of channel A.

Muting signal is detected only channel A, not from channel B.

The detected noise level peaks near the input limiting voltage. Below the input limiting voltage, the noise level decreases and there is a possibility that the muting function doesn't operate normally.

Thus in case that muting sensitivity is set near the input limiting voltage, it is necessary to caution that the muting function operate normally.

3. Pattern layout

The TA2056FN has three V_{CC} and GND terminals. External parts should be connected with each V_{CC} and GND shortly, these pattern layouts should be isolated.

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| $\begin{cases} \text{RF } V_{CCA} \text{ (pin ⑪)} \\ \text{RF } V_{CCB} \text{ (pin ④)} \\ V_{CC} \text{ (pin ⑥)} \end{cases}$ | $\begin{cases} \text{RF GND}_A \text{ (pin ⑬)} \\ \text{RF GND}_B \text{ (pin ②)} \\ \text{GND (pin ⑯)} \end{cases}$ | $\begin{cases} \text{RF amp. (A-ch), part of LIM amp. (A-ch)} \\ \text{RF amp. (B-ch), part of LIM amp. (B-ch)} \\ \text{Except RF } V_{CC} \text{ and RF GND} \end{cases}$ |
|--|--|---|

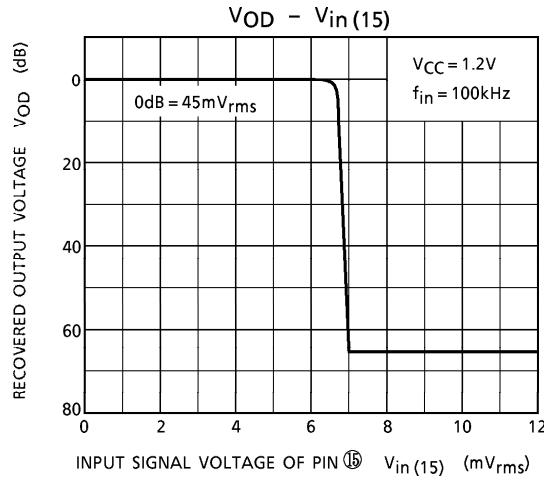


Fig. Muting sensitivity

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3	V
Power Dissipation	P_D (Note)	500	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-25~75	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55~150	°C

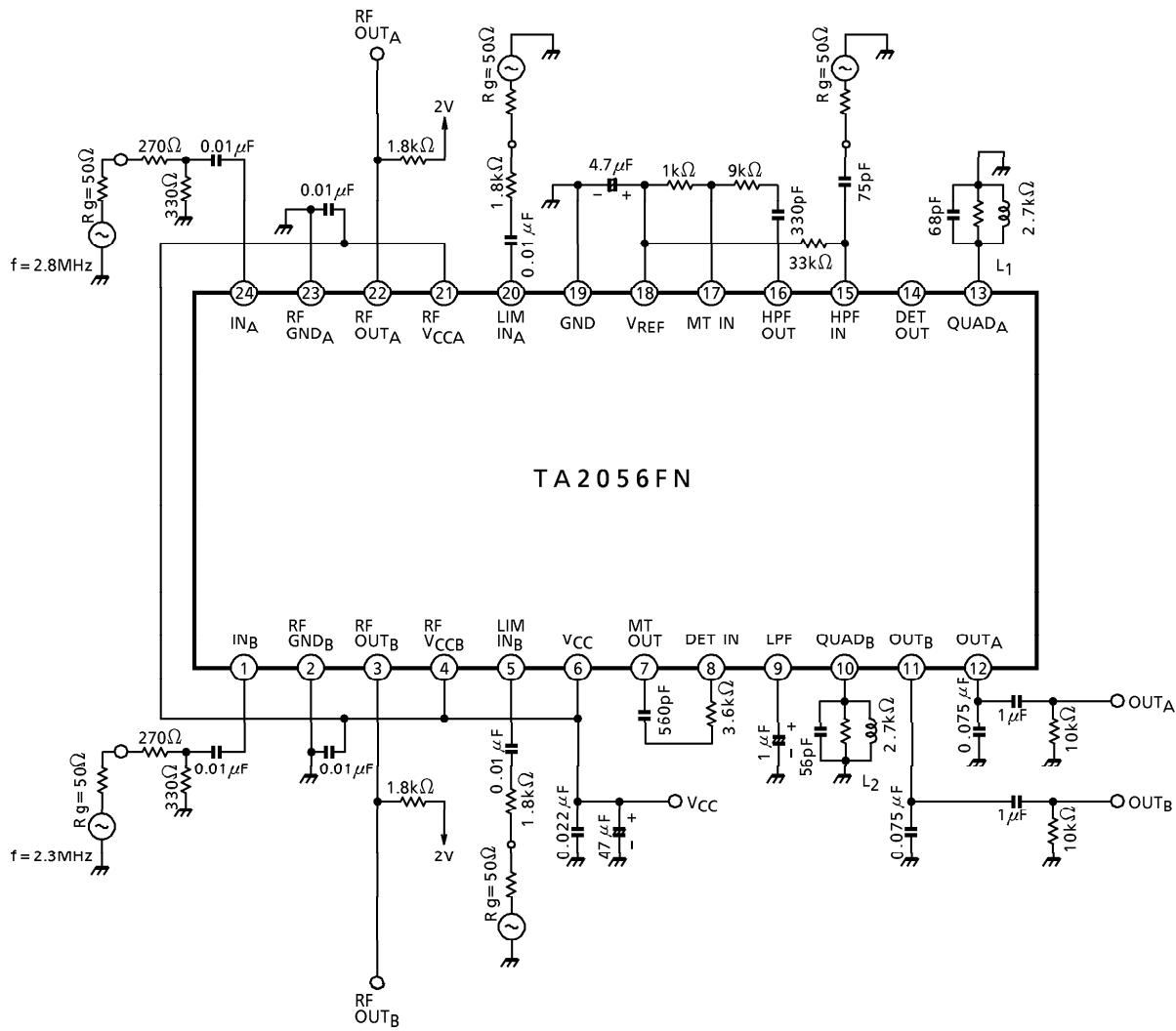
(Note) Derated above $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ in the proportion of 4mW / °C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified : $V_{CC} = 1.2\text{V}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $f = 2.3 / 2.8\text{MHz}$, $f_m = 1\text{kHz}$, $\Delta f = \pm 22.5\text{kHz}$, $V_{in} = 80\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ EMF

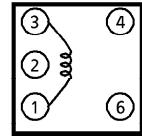
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Current	I_{CC}	—	$V_{in} = 0$	—	4.0	6.0	mA
Reference Voltage	V_{REF}	—		0.65	0.75	0.85	V
Receiver Stage	RF Amp. Voltage Gain	G_V	— $V_{in} = 10\text{mV}_{rms}$	—	8	—	dB
	Recovered Output Voltage 1	V_{OD1}	— $f = 2.8\text{MHz}$	27	45	63	mV_{rms}
	Recovered Output Voltage 2	V_{OD2}	— $f = 2.3\text{MHz}$	—	42	—	mV_{rms}
	V_{OD} Channel Balance	CB	— $V_{OD1} - V_{OD2}$	-1.4	+0.6	+2.6	dB
	Input Limiting Voltage	V_{in} (lim)	— -3dB limiting point	40	45	50	$\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ EMF
	Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	—	—	0.2	—	%
	Signal to Noise Ratio	S/N	— $\Delta f = \pm 22.5\text{kHz} \rightarrow 0$	—	56	—	dB
	AM Rejection Ratio	AMR	— MOD = 30%	—	45	—	dB
Muting Stage	Cross Talk	CT	—	—	55	—	dB
	Muting Circuit Off Voltage	MT (OFF)	— $f = 100\text{kHz}$, $V_{OD} > -3\text{dB}$	—	—	2	mV_{rms}
	Muting Circuit On Voltage	MT (ON)	— $f = 100\text{kHz}$, $V_{OD} < -40\text{dB}$	12	—	—	mV_{rms}
	Muting Attenuation	ATT	—	—	65	—	dB

TEST CIRCUIT



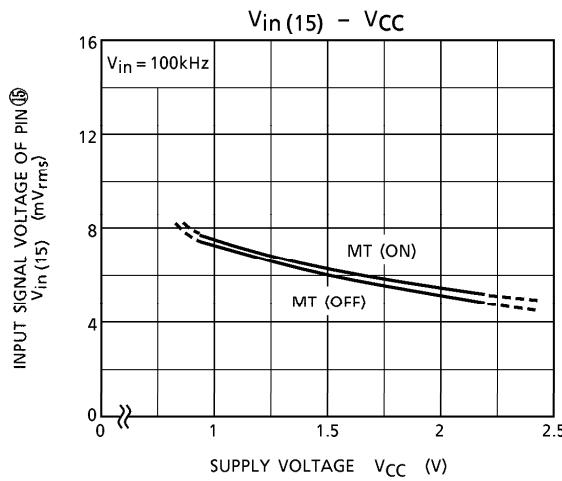
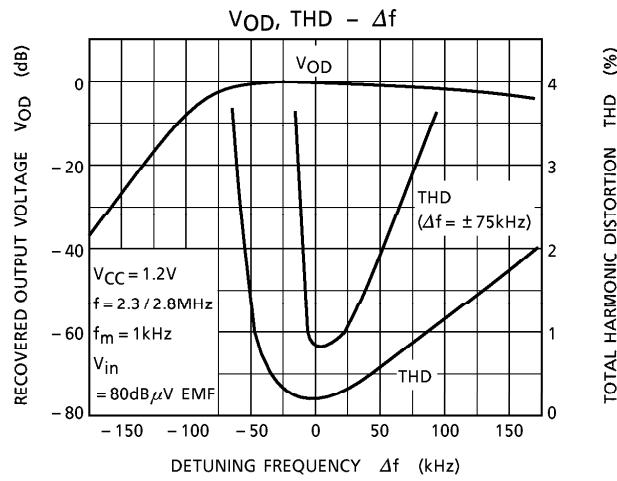
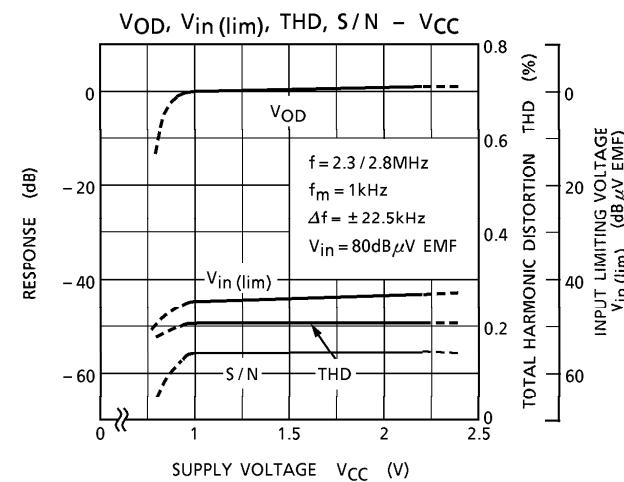
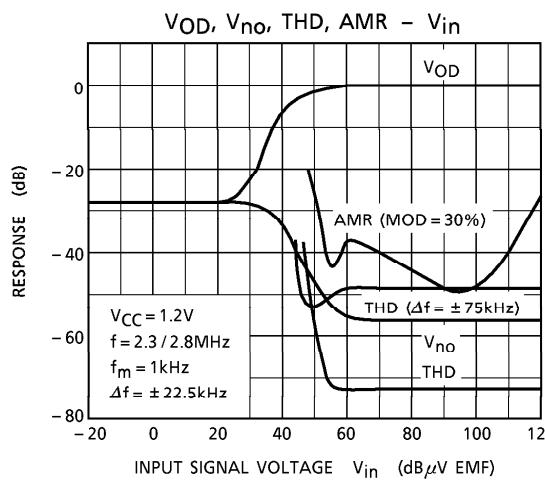
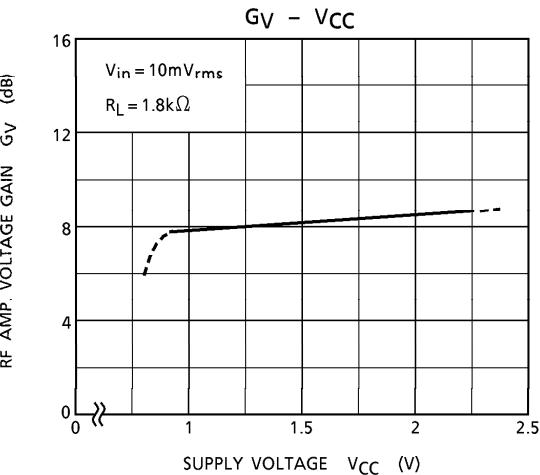
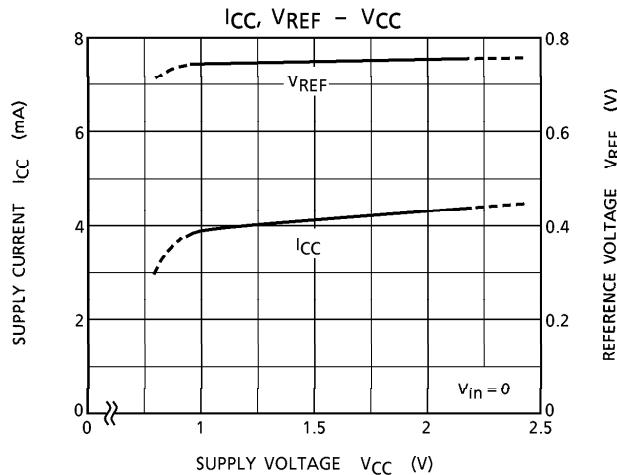
COIL DATA (Test circuit)

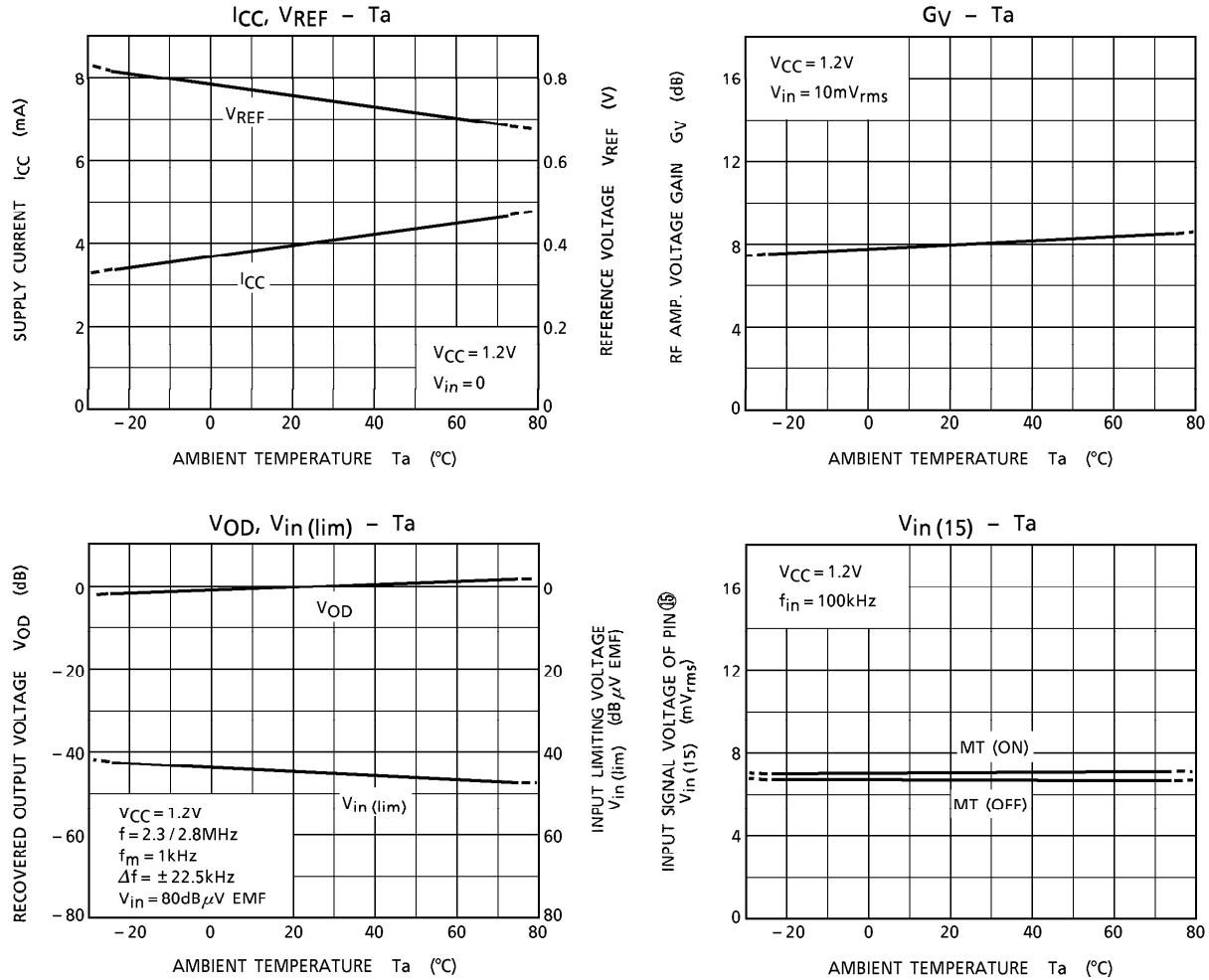
COIL NAME	TEST FREQ.	L (μ H)	Q ₀	TURNS		WIRE (mm ϕ)	REFERENCE
				1-3	4-5		
L ₁ DET	2.52MHz	35	70	59	0.06UEW	⑤4165-JPS-047-6	
L ₂ DET	2.52MHz	60	65	74	0.06UEW	⑤4165-JPS-047-11	

L₁, L₂

(BOTTOM VIEW)

⑤ : SUMIDA ELECTRIC Co., LTD.

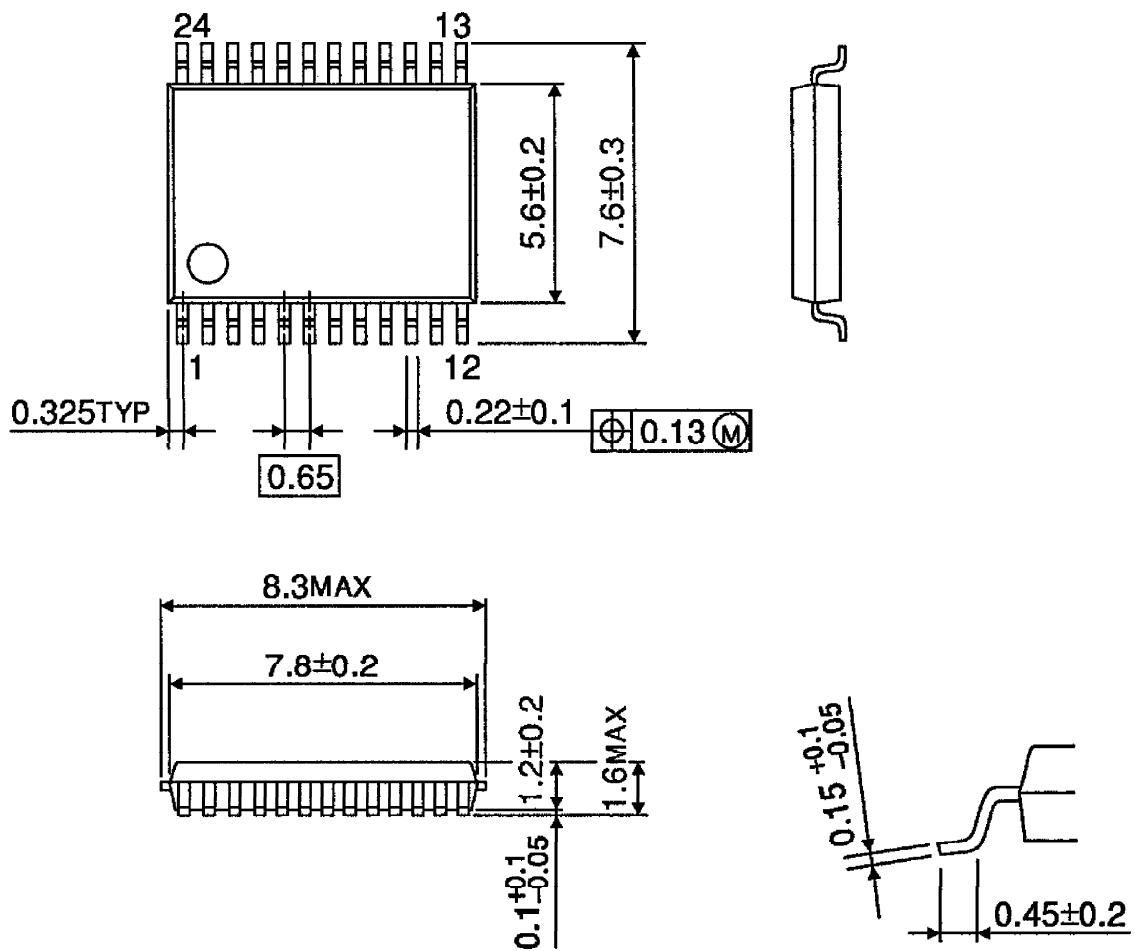




OUTLINE DRAWING

SSOP24-P-300-0.65A

Unit : mm



Weight : 0.14g (Typ.)