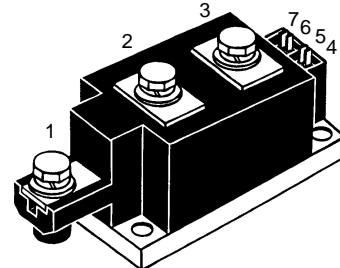
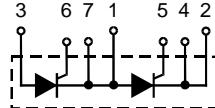


Thyristor Modules

Thyristor/Diode Modules

$I_{TRMS} = 2 \times 350 \text{ A}$
 $I_{TAVM} = 2 \times 203 \text{ A}$
 $V_{RRM} = 1200-1800 \text{ V}$

V_{RSM}	V_{RRM}	Type
V_{DSM}	V_{DRM}	
V	V	
1300	1200	MCC 170-12io1
1500	1400	MCC 170-14io1
1700	1600	MCC 170-16io1
1900	1800	MCC 170-18io1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings		
I_{TRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	350	A	
I_{TAVM}	$T_c = 85^\circ\text{C}$; 180° sine	203	A	
I_{TSM}, I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	5400 5800	A A	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	5000 5500	A A	
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	146 000 140 000	A^2s A^2s	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	125 000 126 000	A^2s A^2s	
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}$ $V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 1 \text{ A}$, $di_G/dt = 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	repetitive, $I_T = 660 \text{ A}$ non repetitive, $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	100 500	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$; $V_{DR} = 2/3 V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$; method 1 (linear voltage rise)		1000	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
P_{GM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $I_T = I_{TAVM}$	$t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}$ $t_p = 500 \mu\text{s}$	120 60 20	W W W
P_{GAV}			10	V
V_{RGM}				
T_{VJ}			-40...+130	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{VJM}			130	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}			-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3000 3600	$\text{V} \sim$ $\text{V} \sim$
M_d	Mounting torque (M6) Terminal connection torque (M8)		4.5-7/40-62 Nm/lb.in. 11-13/97-115 Nm/lb.in.	
Weight	Typical including screws		750	g

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single thyristor/diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values	
I_{RRM}, I_{DRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}; V_D = V_{DRM}$	40	mA
V_T, V_F	$I_T, I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.65	V
V_{TO}	For power-loss calculations only ($T_{VJ} = 130^\circ\text{C}$)	0.8	V
r_T		1	$\text{m}\Omega$
V_{GT}	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	2	V
I_{GT}	$V_D = 6 \text{ V}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ\text{C}$	150	mA
V_{GD}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	0.25	V
I_{GD}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	10	mA
I_L	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; t_p = 30 \mu\text{s}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}$ $I_G = 0.45 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	200	mA
I_H	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 6 \text{ V}; R_{GK} = \infty$	150	mA
t_{gd}	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}; V_D = 1/2 V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 1 \text{ A}; di_G/dt = 1 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	2	μs
t_d	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; I_T = 300 \text{ A}, t_p = 200 \mu\text{s}; -di/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_R = 100 \text{ V}; dv/dt = 50 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}; V_D = 2/3 V_{DRM}$	typ.	200 μs
Q_s	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_T, I_F = 300 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	550	μC
I_{RM}		235	A
R_{thJC}	per thyristor (diode); DC current	0.164	K/W
R_{thJK}	per module per thyristor (diode); DC current	0.082	K/W
	per module	0.204	K/W
	other values see Fig. 8/9	0.102	K/W
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	12.7	mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	9.6	mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50	m/s^2

Optional accessories for modules

Keyed Gate/Cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = yellow, cathode = red

Type **ZY 180 L** (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) } UL 758, style 1385,
Type **ZY 180 R** (R = Right for pin pair 6/7) } CSA class 5851, guide 460-1-1

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

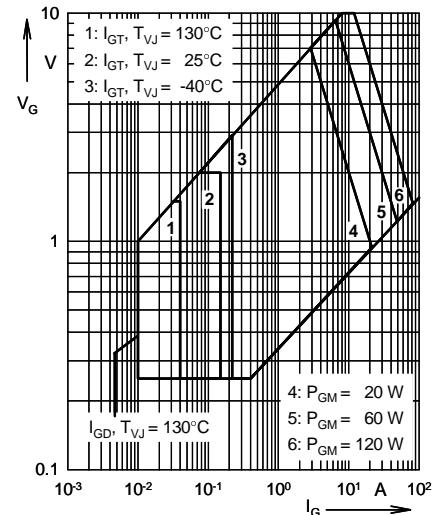
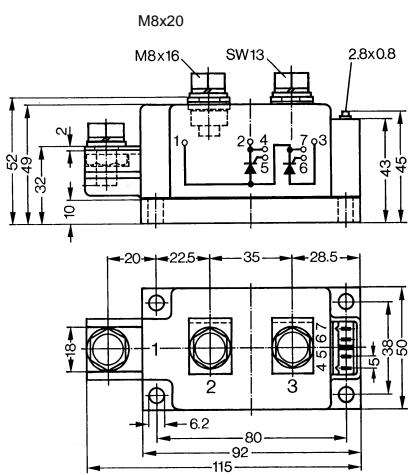


Fig. 1 Gate trigger characteristics

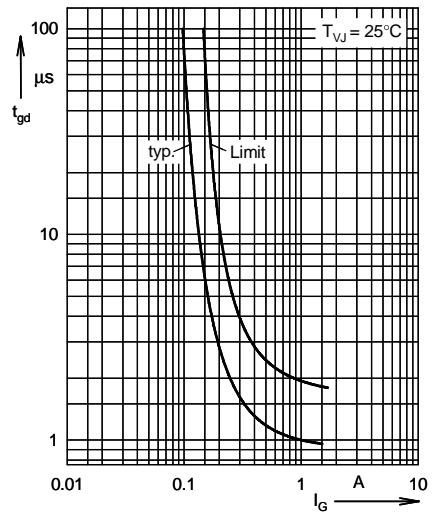


Fig. 2 Gate trigger delay time

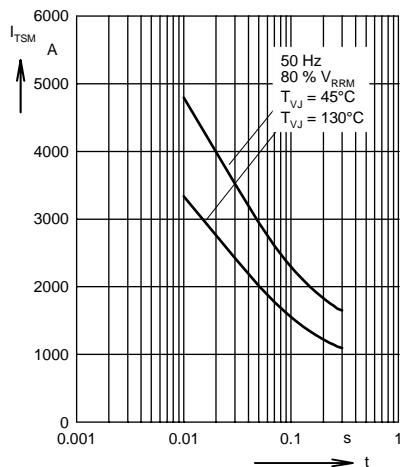


Fig. 3 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM}, I_{FSM} : Crest value, t: duration

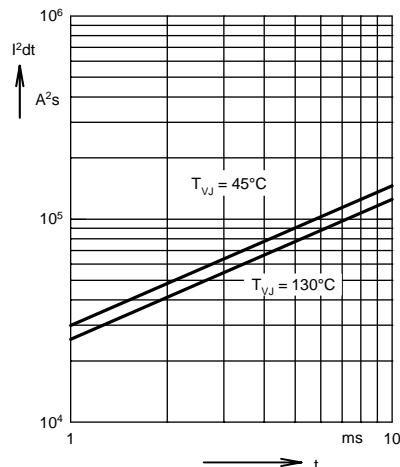


Fig. 4 $\int I^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

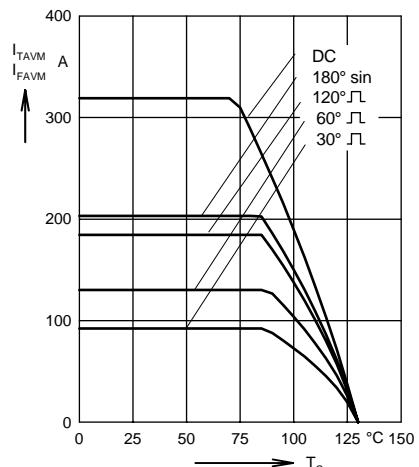


Fig. 4a Maximum forward current
at case temperature

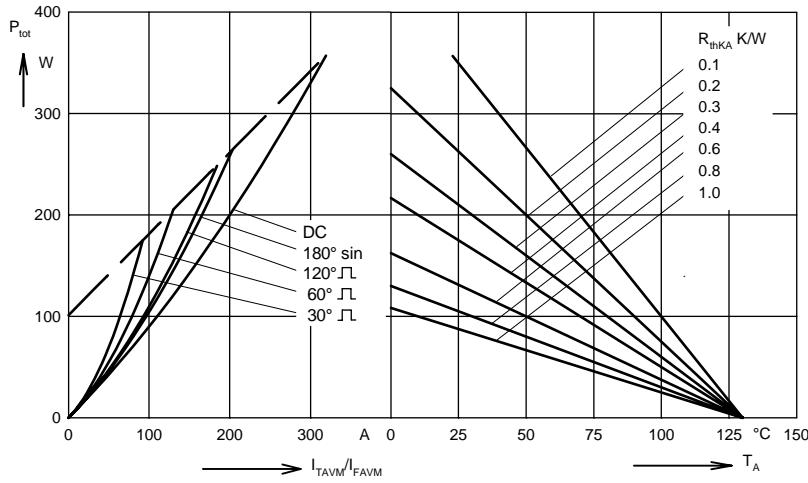


Fig. 5 Power dissipation versus on-state current and ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

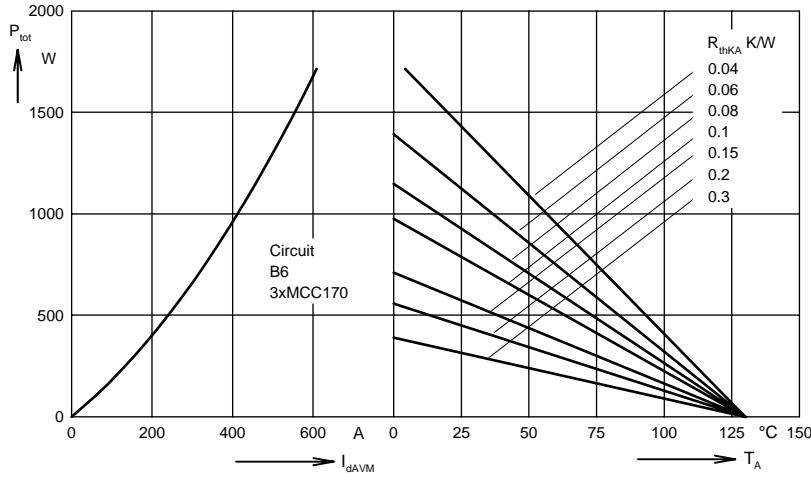


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

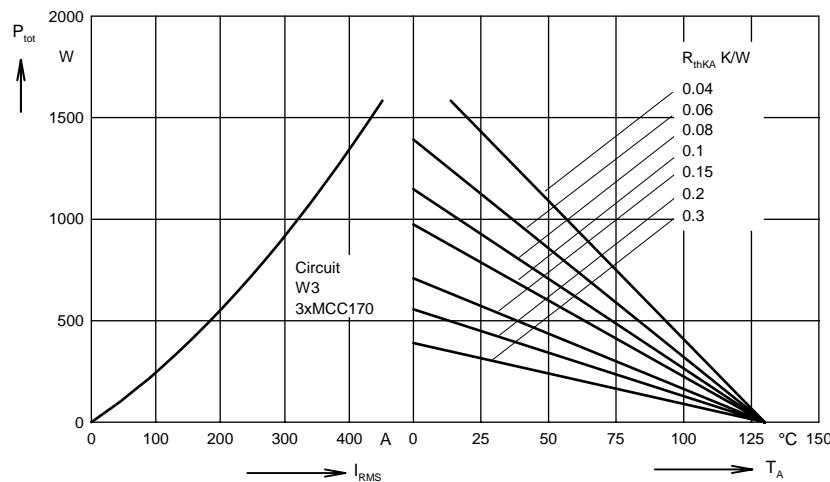


Fig. 7 Three phase AC-controller:
Power dissipation versus RMS
output current and ambient
temperature

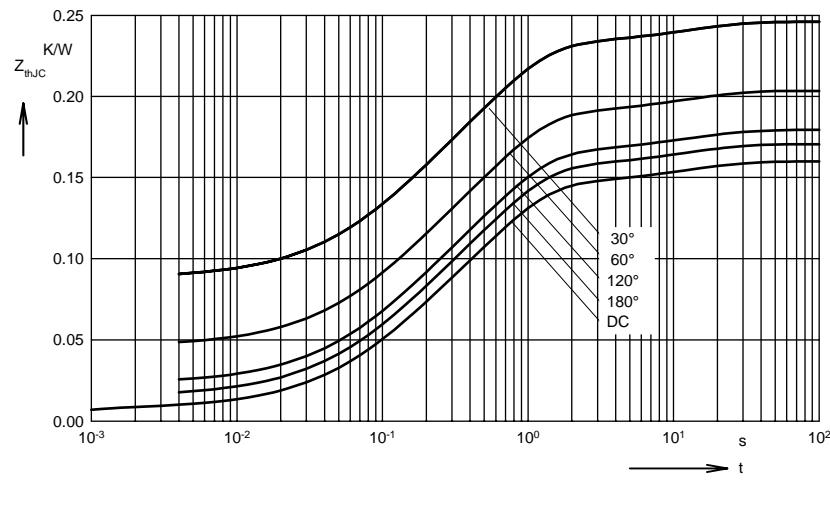


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per thyristor or
diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.160
180°	0.171
120°	0.180
60°	0.203
30°	0.247

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0077	0.00054
2	0.0413	0.098
3	0.096	0.54
4	0.0149	12

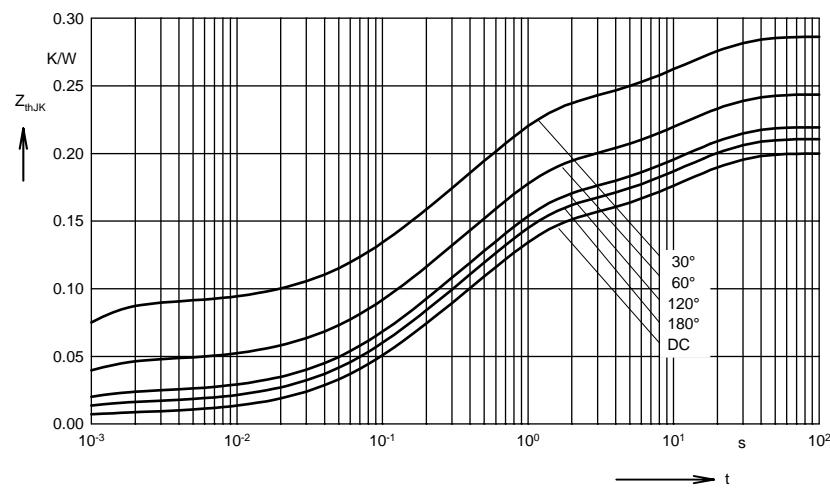


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per thyristor
or diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.200
180°	0.211
120°	0.220
60°	0.243
30°	0.287

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0077	0.00054
2	0.0413	0.098
3	0.096	0.54
4	0.0149	12
5	0.04	12