

LD420WUB

Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- (
) Final Specification

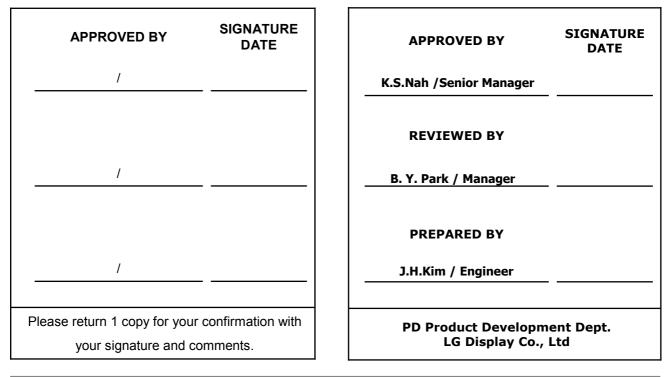
Title	
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42.0"	WUXGA	TFT LCD
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BUYER	General
MODEL	

SUPPLIER	LG DISPLAY Co., Ltd.
*MODEL	LD420WUB
SUFFIX	SCA1(RoHS Verified)

*When you obtain standard approval, please use the above model name without suffix



Ver1.1

LD420WUB

Product Specification

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RECORD OF REVISIONS

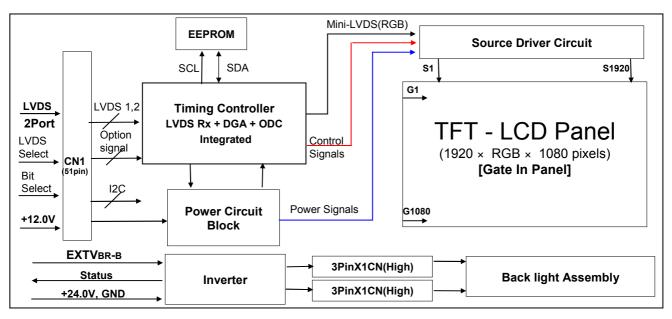
Revision No.	Revision Date	Page	Description
0.0	Jan. 15. 2010	-	Preliminary Specification
1.1	Jun. 01. 2010	-	Final Specification

1. General Description

LD420WUB is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp(CCFL) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element. It is a transmissive type display operating in the normally black mode. It has a 42 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array) Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8bit or 10-bit gray scale signal for each dot, thus presenting a palette of more than 1.06Billion of colors.

It has been designed to apply the 10-bit 2 port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Public Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast moving picture response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.02 inches(1067.31mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	956.4(H) x 549.4 (V) x 53.5 mm(D) (Typ.)
Pixel Pitch	0.4845 mm x 0.4845 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	10bit (D) , 1.06Billon colors
Luminance, White	700 cd/m ² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Typ.), U/D 178 (Typ.))
Power Consumption	Total 175.8 W (Typ.) (Logic = 7.8W, Inverter = 168W [VBR-A=1.65V])
Weight	10.5Kg (Typ.)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer(Haze10%)
Possible Display Type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled
Ver1.1	4 / 35

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

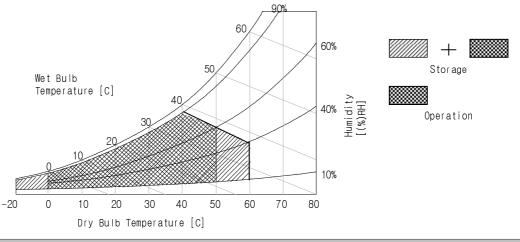
The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Deremeter		Symbol	Val	ue	Unit	Demeri	
P	Parameter		Min	Min Max		Remark	
Power	Power LCM		-0.3	+14.0	VDC	at 25 ± 2 ℃	
Input Voltage	Backlight inverter	VBL	-0.3	+27.0	VDC		
ON/OFF Co	ON/OFF Control Voltage		-0.3	+5. 5	VDC		
Brightness	Brightness Control Voltage		0	+5.0	VDC		
Operating T	Operating Temperature		0	+50	°C		
Storage Te	Storage Temperature		-20	+60	°C	Note 1	
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	NOLE	
Storage Humidity		Hs⊤	10	90	%RH		

Notes1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 \pm 2 $\,^{\mathrm{c}}$)

2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39 °C, and no condensation of water.





3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

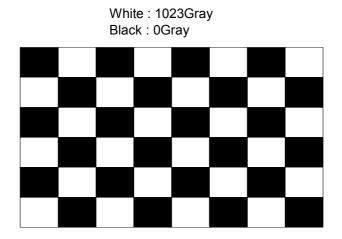
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the CCFL backlight and inverter circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
rarameter	Gymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onit	Note	
Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage	VLCD	11.4	12.0	12.6	VDC		
Dower Input Current	ILCD	455	650	845	mA	1	
Power Input Current		668	955	1242	mA	2	
Power Consumption	PLCD		7.8	10.1	Watt	1	
Rush current	Irush	-	-	5.0	А	3	

Notes : 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD}=12.0V, $25 \pm 2 \degree$ C, f_V=60Hz condition whereas mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.

- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min)



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

Parameter		Symbol		Values			Notes	
Faidifieldi			Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	noles
Inverter :								
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage		VBL	22.8	24.0	25.2	Vdc	1
Power Supply Inpu	t Voltage Rip	ple		-	-	0.5	Vp-p	1
			IBL A	-	7	8	A	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V … 1
Power Supply	After Aging		IBL_A	-	7.4	8.4	A	V _{BR-A} = 3.3V 1
Input Current	Defere Aring	IBL_B	-	8.5	9.5	A	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 2	
	Belore Ayli	Before Aging		-	9.5	10.5	A	V _{BR-A} = 3.3V 2
Power Supply Inpu	Power Supply Input Current (In-Rush)		Irush	-	-	12.0	А	V _{BL} = 22.8V V _{BR-B} = 3.3V V _{BR-A} = 1.65V
Power Consumptio	n		PBL	-	168	192	W	V _{BR-A} = 1.65V 1
	Brightness	Adjust	Vbr-a	0.0	1.65	3.3	Vdc	
Input Voltage for Control System	On/Off	On	V on	2.5	-	5.0	Vdc	
Signals	Un/Un	Off	V off	-0.3	0.0	0.8	Vdc	
Brightness Adjust		Vbr-b	0	-	3.3	V		
Lamp:	Lamp:							
Discharge Stabiliz	Discharge Stabilization Time					3	min	3
Life Time				50,000			Hrs	4

Notes :

 Electrical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 120 minutes at 25± 2 °C. The specified current and power consumption are under the typical supply Input voltage 24Vand VBR (VBR-A : 1.65V & VBR-B : 3.3V), it is total power consumption.

The ripple voltage of the power supply input voltage is under 0.5 Vp-p. LGD recommend Input Voltage is $24.0V \pm 5\%$.

2. Electrical characteristics are determined within 30 minutes at 25± 2 °C.

The specified currents are under the typical supply Input voltage 24V.

3. The brightness of the lamp after lighted for 5minutes is defined as 100%.

TS is the time required for the brightness of the center of the lamp to be not less than 95% at typical current.The screen of LCD module may be partially dark by the time the brightness of lamp is stable after turn on.4. Specified Values are for a single lamp which is aligned horizontally.

The life time is determined as the time which luminance of the lamp is 50% compared to that of initial value at the typical lamp current (VBR-A : 1.65V & VBR-B : 3.3V), on condition of continuous operating at 25 ± 2 °C

5. The duration of rush current is about 20ms.

3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs two kinds of interface connection, a 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics and Master 14-pin and Slave 12-pin connectors are used for the integral backlight system.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-R51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or KN25-51P-0.5SH(manufactured by Hirose)

- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground	27	Bit Selection	'L'=8bit,'H'=10bit (D)
2	NC	No Connection	28	RE0N	SECOND CHANNEL 0-
3	NC	No Connection	29	RE0P	SECOND CHANNEL 0+
4	NC	No Connection	30	RE1N	SECOND CHANNEL 1-
5	NC	No Connection	31	RE1P	SECOND CHANNEL 1+
6	NC	No Connection	32	RE2N	SECOND CHANNEL 2-
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' = VESA	33	RE2P	SECOND CHANNEL 2+
8	NC	No Connection	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection	35	RECLKN	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C-
10	NC	No Connection	36	RECLKP	SECOND CLOCK CHANNEL C+
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	RO0N	FIRST CHANNEL 0-	38	RE3N	SECOND CHANNEL 3-
13	RO0P	FIRST CHANNEL 0+	39	RE3P	SECOND CHANNEL 3+
14	RO1N	FIRST CHANNEL 1-	40	RE4N	SECOND CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D)
15	RO1P	FIRST CHANNEL 1+	41	RE4P	SECOND CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D)
16	RO2N	FIRST CHANNEL 2-	42	Reserved	No connection or GND
17	RO2P	FIRST CHANNEL 2+	43	Reserved	No connection or GND
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground
19	ROCLKN	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C-	45	GND	Ground
20	ROCLKP	FIRST CLOCK CHANNEL C+	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	RO3N	FIRST CHANNEL 3-	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	RO3P	FIRST CHANNEL 3+	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	RO4N	FIRST CHANNEL 4- (For 10bit D)	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	RO4P	FIRST CHANNEL 4+ (For 10bit D)	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	Reserved	No connection or GND	-	-	-

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

Notes :

1. The pin no 47 is LCD Test option. "AGP" (Auto Generation LCM operates Pattern) or "NSB" (No Signal Black) is case that LVDS signals are out of frequency or abnormal condition in spite of 12 volt power supply. LGD recommends "NSB".(AGP : "VCC" / NSB : "GND")

- 2. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metal frame.
- 3. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 4. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the IEA 664 Standard.
- 5. Specific pins(pin No. #1~#10) are used for internal data process of the LCD module. If not used, these pins are no connection.
- 6. If OPC function should be enable('H'), 10th pin must be connected to serial resistor which value is under 1k ohm.

3-2-2. Backlight Inverter

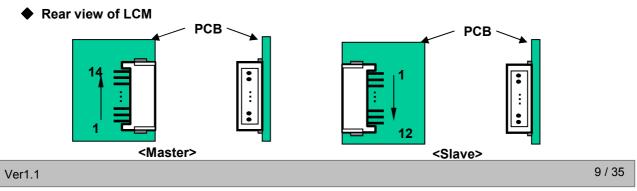
Inverter Connector : S14B-PH-SMC (manufactured by JST) or Equivalent - Mating Connector : PHR-14 or Equivalent

Table 5.	Table 5. INVERTER CONNECTOR PIN CONFIGULATION										
Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master								

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Master	Slave	Note
1	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
2	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
3	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
4	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
5	VBL	Power Supply +24.0V	VBL	VBL	
6	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
7	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
8	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	1
9	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
10	GND	Backlight Ground	GND	GND	
11	VBR-A	Analog dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V (Typ : 1.65V)	VBR-A	Don't care	2, 3
12	VON/OFF	0.0V ~ 5.0V	On/Off	Don't care	
13	Vbr-b	Burst dimming voltage DC 0.0V ~ 3.3V	VBR-B	-	3
14	Status Normal : Upper 3.0V Abnormal : Under 0.7V		Status	-	4

Notes : 1. GND should be connected to the LCD module's metal frame.

- 2. If Pin #11 is open, VBR-A = 1.65V. When apply over 1.65V(~ 3.3V) continuously, its luminance is increasing however lamp's life time is decreasing. It could be usable for boost up luminance when using DCR (=Dynamic contrast ratio) function only.
- 3. Minimum Brightness : VBR-B =0V Maximum Brightness : VBR-B = 3.3V
- 4. Even though Pin #14 is open, there is no effect on inverter operating, The output terminal of inverter...
- 5. Each impedance of pin #11,12 and 13 is $186[^{k\Omega}]$, $27.6[^{k\Omega}]$, $116[^{k\Omega}]$



3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

I	TEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note	
	Display Period	tн∨	-	960	-	tclk		
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tclk		
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2	
	Display Period	t∨∨	-	1080	-	tHP		
Vertical	Blank	tvв	11	45	69	tHP		
	Total	tvp	1091	1125	1149	tHP		
	DCLK	fclk	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2	
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	65	67.5	70	KHz		
	Vertical	f∨	57	60	63	Hz		

Table 6-1. TIMING TABLE for NTSC (DE Only Mode)

Table 6-2. TIMING TABLE for PAL (DE Only Mode)

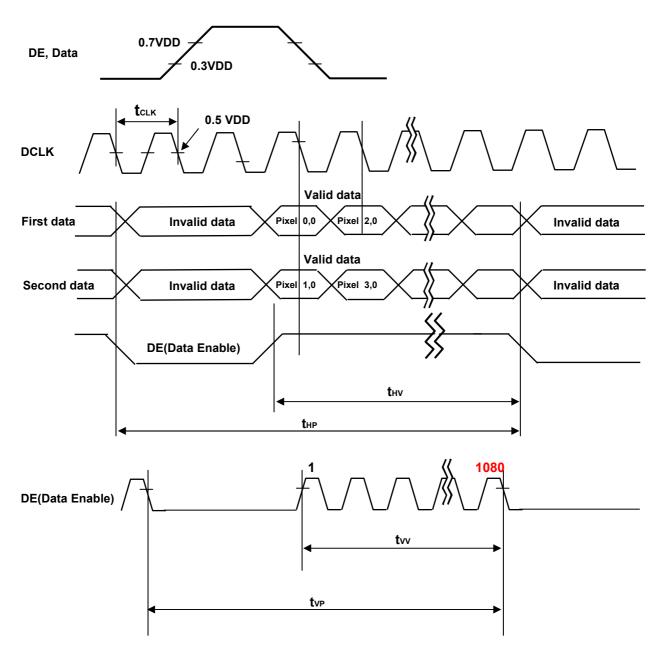
I	TEM	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Note
	Display Period	tн∨	-	960	-	tclk	
Horizontal	Blank	tнв	100	140	240	tclk	
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tclk	2200/2
	Display Period	t∨∨	-	1080	-	tHP	
Vertical	Blank	tvв	228	270	300	tHP	
	Total	tvp	1308	1350	1380	thp	
	DCLK	fclk	70	74.25	77	MHz	148.5/2
Frequency	Horizontal	fн	65	67.5	70	KHz	
	Vertical	f∨	47	50	53	Hz	

Note The Input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation(DE Only Mode). The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate.

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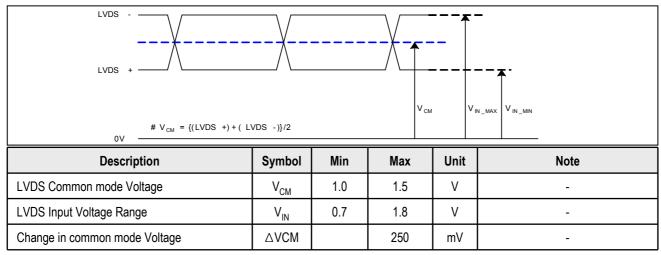
3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram

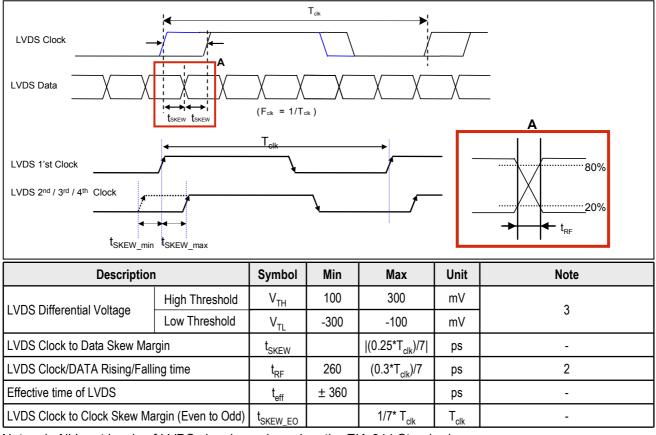


3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



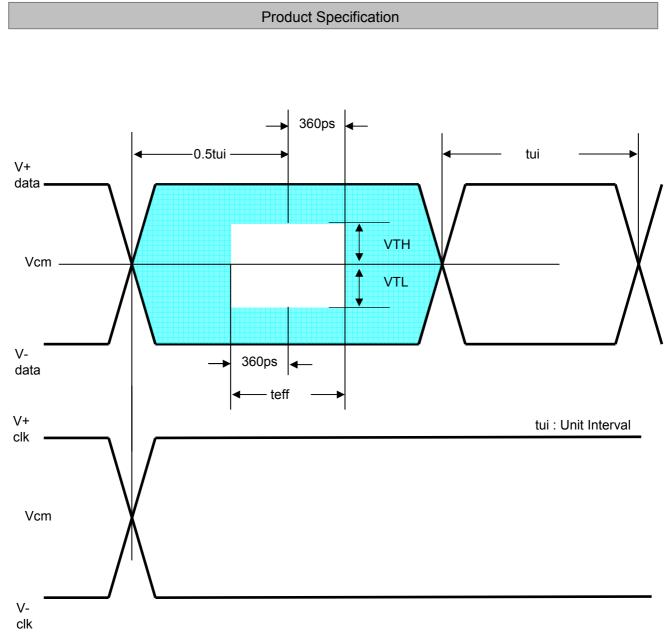
2) AC Specification



Note 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

- 2. If t_{RF} isn't enough, t_{eff} should be meet the range. 3. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within t_{eff}

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 8 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 8. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

														١n	рu	ut (Col	or	Da	ita												
Со	lor	MSB				RE	Đ		L	SB		MS	В				GRE	EN				_SB	MS	В			BI	UE			LS	В
	1	R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G9	G8	3 G	7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	Β4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (1023)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0		о. С	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	··· 1	••••	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	••• 1	•••	1	1	 1				1	1	1						1	1		1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED			•••	• • •	••••			•••	•••	•••		1	••		•••		•••	•••	•••			••••		•••	•••	•••	••••	•••	•••	••••	• • •	• • • •
	RED (1022)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0))	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (1023)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0))	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. ()	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN			•••	• • •	••••	••••	••••	•••	• • •	•••		1	••	•••	•••					• • •				•••		• • •	•••	•••	•••	••••	•••	
	GREEN (1022)	0	0	 0	0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	0	1	1	 I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	 0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0	0
	GREEN (1023)	0	 0	 0	0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	0	1	1	 I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0	 0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	. (C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	 0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	· · 0))	0	 0	 0	 0	 0		0		 0	 0	 0		 0	 0	0	0	1
BLUE			•••	• • •	••••	• • • •	••••			•••			••	•••	••		•••	•••									••••			••••	• • •	
	BLUE (1022)	 0	 0	 0	0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0))	0	 0	 0	 0	 0		 0	· 1			 1	 1	1	 1	1	 1	0
	BLUE (1023)	 0	0	 0	0	0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	0	 0)	0	 0	 0	 0	 0		0	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	 1	1		 1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

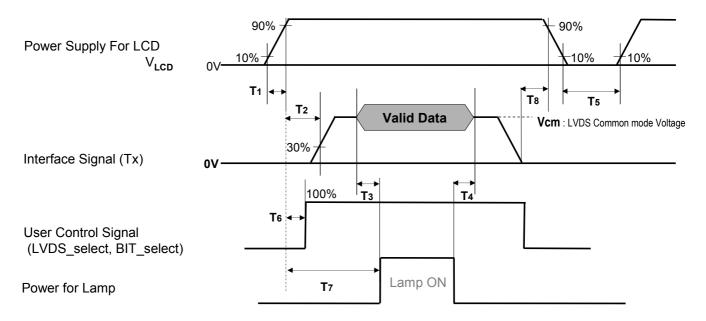


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

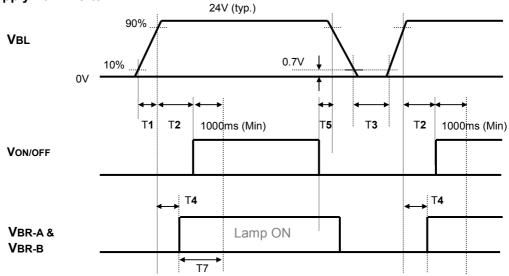
Deremeter		Unit	Notes		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	
T2	0	-	-	ms	4
Т3	200	-	-	ms	3
T4	200	-	-	ms	3
T5	1.0	-	-	S	5
T6	-	-	T2	ms	4
T7	0.5	-	-	S	
Т8	100	-	-	ms	6

- Note : 1. Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
 - 2. When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.
 - 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
 - 4. If the on time of signals(Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power(V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When **T6** is NC status, **T6** doesn't need to be measured.
 - 5. **T5** should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
 - 6. It is recommendation specification that **T8** has to be 100ms as a minimum value.

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3-6-2. Sequence for Inverter





3-6-3. Deep condition for Inverter

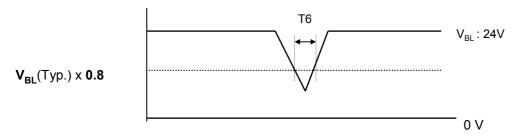


Table 12. Power Sequence for Inverter

Parameter		Values		Units	Remarks	
Falameter	Min Typ Max		Units	Remains		
T1	20	-	-	ms	1	
T2	500	-	-	ms		
Т3	200	-	-	ms		
T4	0		-	ms	2	
T5	10	-	-	ms		
Т6	-	-	10	ms	V_{BL} (Тур) х 0.8	
T7	1000	-	-	ms	3	

Notes : 1. T1 describes rising time of 0V to 24V and this parameter does not applied at restarting time.

2. T4(max) is less than T2.

3. In T7 section, VBR-B is recommended 3.3V.

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at 25 ± 2 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 °.

FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

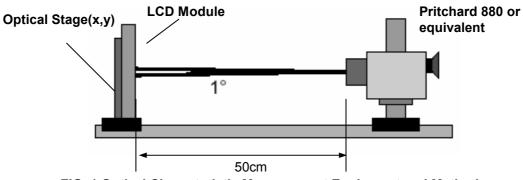


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 11. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= 25± 2 °C, V_{LCD}=12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=148.5MHz VBR_A=1.65V, VBR_B=3.3V

			202				
Par	ameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
i ait	ameter	Gymbol	Min	Тур	Max	Onic	NOLE
Contrast Ratio		CR	-	1200	-		1
Surface Lumina	nce, white	L _{WH}	550	700	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Varia	ation	δ _{WHITE} 5P	-	-	1.3		3
Response Time	Gray-to-Gray	G to G	-	9	15	ms	4,5
	RED	Rx		0.636			
	RED	Ry		0.335	Тур +0.03		
	GREEN	Gx		0.294			
Color Coordinate	es	Gy	Тур	0.601			
[CIE1931]	BLUE	Bx	-0.03	0.146			
	BLUE	Ву		0.061			
	WHITE	Wx		0.279			
	VUILE	Wy		0.292			
Viewing Angle (CR>10)						
Ха	axis, right(φ=0°)	θr	89	-	-		
xa	axis, left (φ=180°)	θΙ	89	-	-	1	0
y a	y axis, up (φ=90 °)		89	-	-	degree	6
y axis, down (φ=270 °)		θd	89	-	-		
Gray Scale			-	-	-		7

LD420WUB

Product Specification

Notes :1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :

- CR(Contrast Ratio) = Maximum CRn (n=1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
 - CRn = Surface Luminance at position n with all white pixels
 - Surface Luminance at position n with all black pixels
 - n = the Position number (1, 2, 3, 4, 5). For more information, see FIG 2.
 - Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 60min after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at 25± 2 °C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 2.
 - 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : δ WHITE(5P) = Maximum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5}) / Minimum(L_{on1},L_{on2}, L_{on3}, L_{on4}, L_{on5})

Where $\rm L_{on1}$ to $\rm L_{on5}$ are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 5 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 2.

- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from G(N) to G(M) (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from G(M) to G(N) (Decay Time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 3. (N<M)
- 5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 4.
- 6. Gray scale specification Gamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 12.

Luminance [%] (Typ.)
0.07
0.27
1.04
2.49
4.68
7.66
11.5
16.1
21.6
28.1
35.4
43.7
53.0
63.2
74.5
86.7
100

Table 12. GRAY SCALE SPECIFICATION

Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.

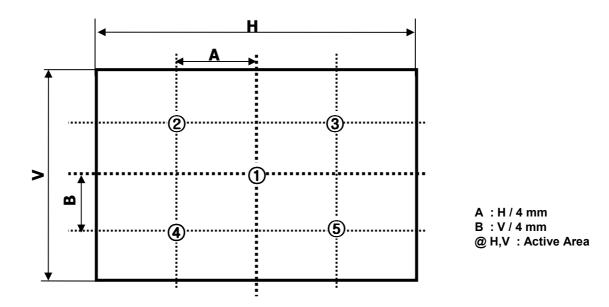


FIG. 2 5 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Gray(M)".

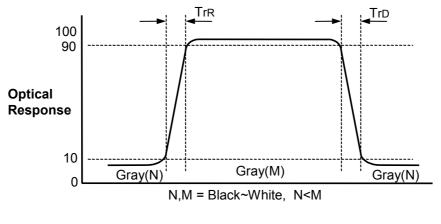
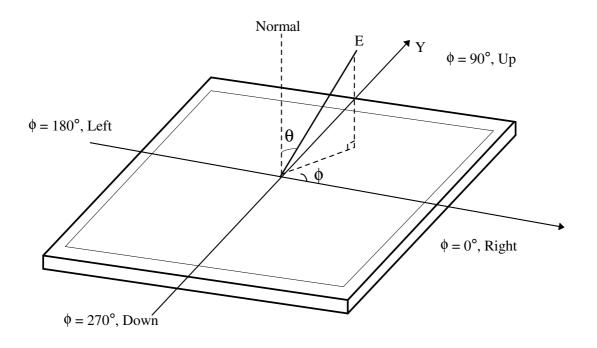


FIG. 3 Response Time

Dimension of viewing angle range





5. Mechanical Characteristics

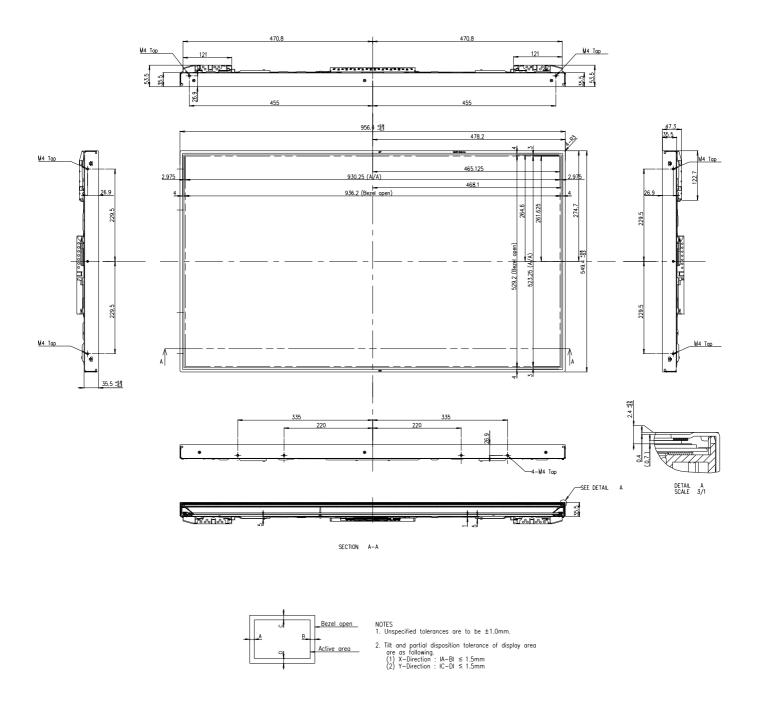
Table 13 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 13.	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS
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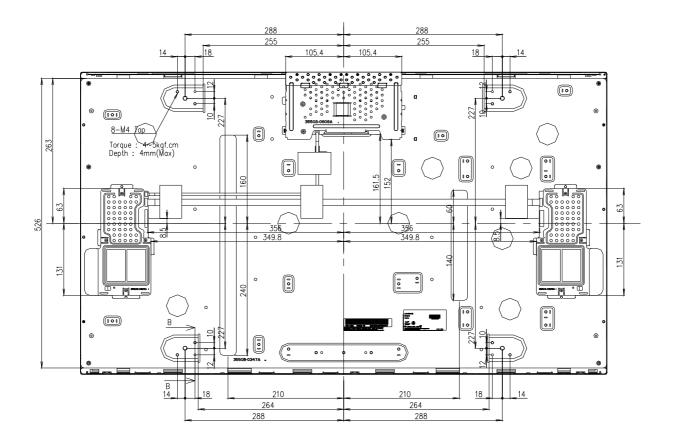
Item	Value					
	Horizontal	956.4 mm				
Outline Dimension	Vertical	549.4 mm				
	Depth	53.5 mm				
Derel Area	Horizontal	936.2 mm				
Bezel Area	Vertical	529.2 mm				
Active Display Area	Horizontal	930.25 mm				
Active Display Area	Vertical	523.25 mm				
Weight	10.5 Kg (Typ.) , 11.5Kg (Max.)					

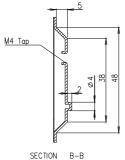
Note : Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

<FRONT VIEW>



<REAR VIEW>





6. Reliability

Table 14. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition						
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 60 ℃ 240h						
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -20℃ 240h						
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 50 ℃ 50%RH 240h						
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= 0 ℃ 240h						
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0Grms Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration : X,Y,Z, 30 min One time each direction						
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level : 50G Waveform : half sine wave, 11ms Direction : $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$ One time each direction						
7	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 ℃ ,90%RH						
8	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 - 15,000 ft 0 - 40,000 ft						

Note : Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2, No. 60950-1-03 1st Ed. April 1, 2003, Canadian Standards Association, Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- c) EN 60950-1:2001, First Edition, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization(CENELEC) European Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.
- d) IEC 60950-1:2001, First Edition, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment.

7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHZ to 40GHz. "American National Standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) CISPR13 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 CISPR22 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" International Special Committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN55013 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Sound and Television broadcast receivers and associated equipment"
 EN55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio interference characteristics of Information Technology Equipment" European Committee for Electro Technical Standardization.(CENELEC), 1988(Including A1:2000)

8. Packing

8-1. Information of LCM Label

a) Lot Mark



A,B,C : SIZE(INCH)

D : YEAR

F: PANEL CODE

H : ASSEMBLY CODE

E : MONTH G : FACTORY CODE I,J,K,L,M : SERIAL NO.

Note 1 YEAR

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Mark	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0

2. MONTH

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Mark	1	2	4	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С

b) Location of Lot Mark

Serial NO. is printed on the label. The label is attached to the backside of the LCD module. This is subject to change without prior notice.

8-2. Packing Form

- a) Package quantity in one Pallet : 12 pcs
- b) Pallet Size : 1140 mm X 990 mm X 810 mm.

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.
- Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth.(Some cosmetics are detrimental)

to the polarizer.)

- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer. * There is no problem of Panel crack under 5kgf / \$\op\$10mm
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage : V=± 200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (2) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (3) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.)
- And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (4) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change.Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (5) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (6) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (7) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (8) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (9) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (10) It is recommended to avoid the signal cable and conductive material over the inverter transformer for it can cause the abnormal display and temperature rising.
- (11) Partial darkness may happen during 3~5 minutes when LCM is operated initially in condition that luminance is under 40% at low temperature (under 5°C). This phenomenon which disappears naturally after 3~5 minutes is not a problem about reliability but LCD characteristic

Ver1.1

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5℃ and 35℃ at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ionblown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Public Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).

Accordingly, a long-term display like in Public Display (PD) application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.

- 1. Normal operating condition
 - Temperature: 0 ~ 40 °C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity : 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)

Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.

- 2. Operating usages under abnormal condition1
- a. Ambient condition
 - Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up PD system.
- b. Power and screen save
 - Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.

- 3. Operating usages to protect against image sticking due to long-term static display
- a. Suitable operating time: under 18 hours a day.
- b. Static information display recommended to use with moving image.
- Cycling display between 5 minutes' information(static) display and 10 seconds' moving image.
- c. Background and character (image) color change
- Use different colors for background and character, respectively.
- Change colors themselves periodically.
- d. Avoid combination of background and character with large different luminance.
- 1) Abnormal condition just means conditions except normal condition.
- 2) Black image or moving image is strongly recommended as a screen save.
- 4. Lifetime in this spec. is guaranteed only when PD is used according to operating usages.

APPENDIX-I-1

■ REQUIRED SIGNAL ASSIGNMENT FOR LVDS TRANSMITTER (Pin7="L or NC")

Host System 24 Bit	THC63LVD823 or Compatible	FI-R51S-HF	Timing Controller
R10/R20 R11/R21 R12/R22 R13/R23 R14/R24 R15/R25	51/79 52/80 <u>4</u> 53/81 TA1-TA1+ <u>3</u> 53/81 TA1-TA1+ <u>3</u> 54/82 TB1-/TB1+ <u>3</u> 57/83 <u>3</u> 58/84 TC1-/TC1+ <u>3</u>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RO0N RO0P RO1N RO1P RO2N RO2N
R16/R26 R17/R27 G10/G20 G11/G21	59/85 TCLK1-3 60/86 TCLK1+3 61/89 TD1-/TD1+2 62/90 22	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RO2P ROCLKN ROCLKP RO3N RO3P RO4N
G12/G22 G13/G23 G14/G24 G15/G25	63/91 TE1-/TE1+2 64/92 65/93 24 66/94 TA2-/TA2+2	4 3 28 100Ω ≶	RO4P RE0N RE0P
G16/G26 G17/G27 B10/B20 B11/B21	67/95 TB2-/TB2+ 2 68/96 2 69/97 TC2-/TC2+ 1 70/98 TCLK2 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RE1N RE1P RE2N RE2P RECLKN
B12/B22 B13/B23 B14/B24 B15/B25	73/99 TCLK2+ 1 74/100 TD2-/TD2+ 1 75/1 12	$3 38 100 \Omega \leq 2$	RECLKP RE3N RE3P RE4N
B15/B25 B16/B26 B17/B27 Hsync	76/2 TE2-/TE2+ <u>1</u> 77/5 78/6 7		RE4P VESA / JEIDA
Vsync Data Enable CLOCK	8 9 10		lodule

- Notes :1. The LCD module uses a 100 Ohm[Ω] resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
 - 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
 - 3. '9' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

APPENDIX-I-2

Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine : THC63LVD823) Transmitter(Pin7="H")

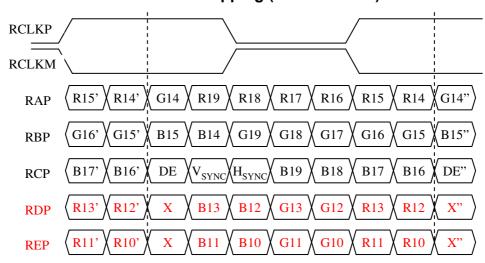
Host System	THC63LVD823		Timing
24 Bit	or Compatible	FI-R51S-HF	Controller
R10/R20	51/79		
R11/R21	52/80 4		RO0N
R12/R22	53/81 TA1-TA1+3	9 13 $1000 \le$	RO0P
R13/R23	54/82 TB1-/TB1+3	8 14 100Ω ≶	RO1N
R14/R24	57/83	15	RO1P
R15/R25	58/84 TC1-/TC1+	100 S	RO2N RO2P
R16/R26	59/85 TCLK1-3	3 10	ROCLKN
R17/R27		2 19 100 Ω ≶	ROCLKP
G10/G20	61/90 3	0 00	RO3N
G11/G21	62/90 TD1-/TD1+2		RO3P
G12/G22	63/91 TE1-/TE1+27	$\frac{24}{7}$ 100 $\Omega \leq$	RO4N
G13/G23	64/92	25	RO4P
G14/G24	65/93 24		REON
G15/G25	66/94 TA2-/TA2+ 2	<u>3 29 100 Se S</u>	RE0P
G16/G26	67/95 TB2-/TB2+ 2		RE1N
G17/G27	68/96	0 31	RE1P
B10/B20	69/97 TC2-/TC2+1	$\frac{32}{1000} \leq 1$	RE2N RE2P
B11/B21	70/98 TCLK2-1		RECLKN
B12/B22	73/99 TCLK2+ 1		RECLKP
B13/B23	74/100 TD2-/TD2+ 1	+	RE3N
B14/B24	75/1	2 39	RE3P RE4N
B15/B25	76/2 TE2-/TE2+1	<u>40</u> 100 Ω ≶	RE4N RE4P
B16/B26	77/5	41	
B17/B27	78/6	7	VESA / JEIDA
Hsync	7		
Vsync	8		
Data Enable	9		
CLOCK	10		Module

Notes:

- 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm(\Omega)$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.
- 2. Refer to LVDS transmitter data sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD823 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

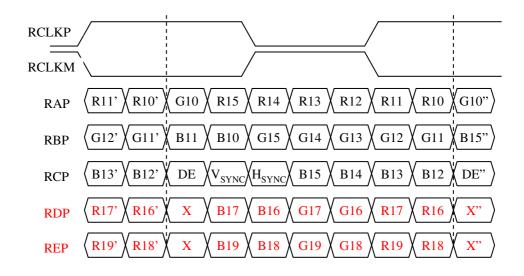
APPENDIX- II

LVDS Data-Mapping info. (10bit)



LVDS Select : "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)

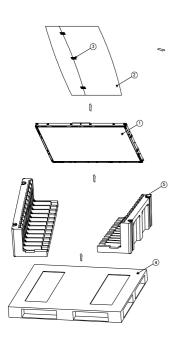
LVDS Select : "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)

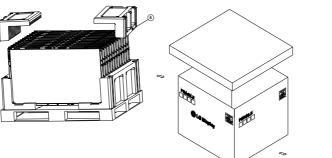


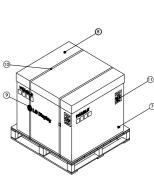
LD420WUB

Product Specification

APPENDIX-II ■ Pallet Ass'y

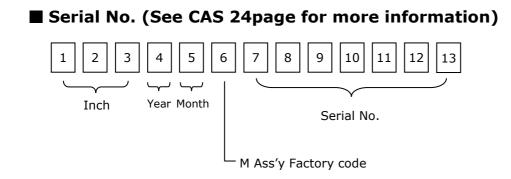






NO.	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1	LCD Module	
2	BAG	42INCH
3	TAPE	MASKING 20MMX50M
4	PALLET	PAPER 1140X990X130MM
5	PACKING,BOTTOM	EPS
6	PACKING,TOP	EPS
7	ANGLE,POST	PAPER
8	ANGLE, PACKING	PAPER
9	BAND,CLIP	STEEL
10	BAND	PP
11	LABEL	YUPO 80G 100X100

APPENDIX- III LCM Label Model LD420WUB (SC)(A1) RoHS Verified UL, TUV Marte Construction for the following LGD Logo US PATENT No. B Patent Nos. 5,041,823 ; 5,081,820 ; 5,280,371 ; 5,835,139



LD420WUB

APPENDIX- IV ■ Pallet Label

LD	LD420WUB							
	SCA1							
12 PCS	001/01-01		00.0					
MADE I								
xxxx								
6	100.0							