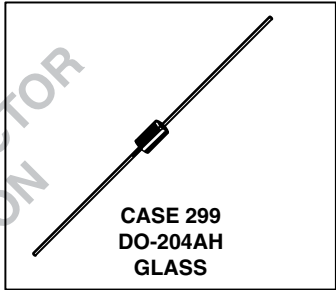


**500 mW DO-35 Glass  
Zener Voltage Regulator Diodes  
GENERAL DATA APPLICABLE TO ALL SERIES IN  
THIS GROUP  
500 Milliwatt  
Hermetically Sealed  
Glass Silicon Zener Diodes**

**MZ4614  
SERIES  
500 mW  
DO-35 GLASS**

**GLASS ZENER DIODES  
500 MILLIWATTS  
1.8-200 VOLTS**



**Specification Features:**

- Complete Voltage Range — 1.8 to 200 Volts
- DO-204AH Package — Smaller than Conventional DO-204AA Package
- Double Slug Type Construction
- Metallurgically Bonded Construction

**Mechanical Characteristics:**

**CASE:** Double slug type, hermetically sealed glass

**MAXIMUM LEAD TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:** 230°C, 1/16" from case for 10 seconds

**FINISH:** All external surfaces are corrosion resistant with readily solderable leads

**POLARITY:** Cathode indicated by color band. When operated in zener mode, cathode will be positive with respect to anode

**MOUNTING POSITION:** Any

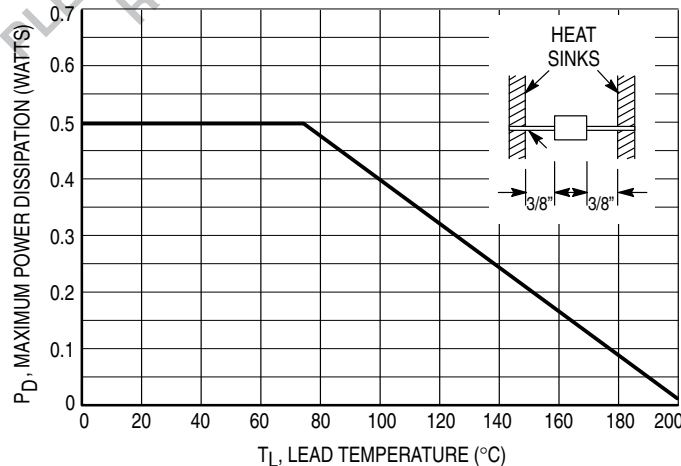
**WAFER FAB LOCATION:** Phoenix, Arizona

**ASSEMBLY/TEST LOCATION:** Seoul, Korea

**MAXIMUM RATINGS (Motorola Devices)\***

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
DC Power Dissipation and $T_L \leq 75^\circ\text{C}$ Lead Length = 3/8" Derate above $T_L = 75^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	500 4	mW mW/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{stg}$	- 65 to +200	°C

\* Some part number series have lower JEDEC registered ratings.



**Figure 1. Steady State Power Derating**

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

Designed for 250 mW applications requiring low leakage, low impedance. Same as 1N4099 through 1N4104 and 1N4614 through 1N4627 except low noise test omitted.

- Voltage Range from 1.8 to 10 Volts
- Zener Impedance and Zener Voltage Specified for Low-Level Operation at  $I_{ZT} = 250 \mu\text{A}$

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.  $I_{ZT} = 250 \mu\text{A}$  and  $V_F = 1 \text{ V Max}$  @  $I_F = 200 \text{ mA}$  for all types)

Type Number (Note 1)	Nominal Zener Voltage $V_Z$ (Note 2) (Volts)	Max Zener Impedance $Z_{ZT}$ (Note 3) (Ohms)	Max Reverse Current $I_R$ ( $\mu\text{A}$ )	@ (Note 5)	Test Voltage $V_R$ (Volts)	Max Zener Current $I_{ZM}$ (Note 4) (mA)
MZ4614	1.8	1200	7.5		1	120
MZ4619	3	1600	0.8		1	85
MZ4625	5.1	1500	10		3	55
MZ4627	6.2	1200	10		5	45

**NOTE 1. TOLERANCE AND VOLTAGE DESIGNATION**

The type numbers shown have a standard tolerance of  $\pm 5\%$  on the nominal zener voltage.

**NOTE 2. ZENER VOLTAGE ( $V_Z$ ) MEASUREMENT**

Nominal Zener Voltage is measured with the device junction in the thermal equilibrium with ambient temperature of  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

**NOTE 3. ZENER IMPEDANCE ( $Z_{ZT}$ ) DERIVATION**

The zener impedance is derived from the 60 cycle ac voltage, which results when an ac current having an rms value equal to 10% of the dc zener current ( $I_{ZT}$ ) is superimposed on  $I_{ZT}$ .

**NOTE 4. MAXIMUM ZENER CURRENT RATINGS ( $I_{ZM}$ )**

Maximum zener current ratings are based on maximum zener voltage of the individual units.

**NOTE 5. REVERSE LEAKAGE CURRENT  $I_R$**

Reverse leakage currents are guaranteed and are measured at  $V_R$  as shown on the table.

**NOTE 6. SPECIAL SELECTORS AVAILABLE INCLUDE:**

- A) Tighter voltage tolerances. Contact your nearest Motorola representative for more information.

OBSOLETE

THIS DEVICE IS OBSOLETE. PLEASE CONTACT YOUR SEMICONDUCTOR REPRESENTATIVE FOR INFORMATION.

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

## APPLICATION NOTE — ZENER VOLTAGE

Since the actual voltage available from a given zener diode is temperature dependent, it is necessary to determine junction temperature under any set of operating conditions in order to calculate its value. The following procedure is recommended:

Lead Temperature,  $T_L$ , should be determined from:

$$T_L = \theta_{LA} P_D + T_A$$

$\theta_{LA}$  is the lead-to-ambient thermal resistance ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$ ) and  $P_D$  is the power dissipation. The value for  $\theta_{LA}$  will vary and depends on the device mounting method.  $\theta_{LA}$  is generally 30 to  $40^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$  for the various clips and tie points in common use and for printed circuit board wiring.

The temperature of the lead can also be measured using a thermocouple placed on the lead as close as possible to the tie point. The thermal mass connected to the tie point is normally large enough so that it will not significantly respond to heat surges generated in the diode as a result of pulsed operation once steady-state conditions are achieved. Using the measured value of  $T_L$ , the junction temperature may be determined by:

$$T_J = T_L + \Delta T_{JL}$$

$\Delta T_{JL}$  is the increase in junction temperature above the lead temperature and may be found from Figure 2 for dc power:

$$\Delta T_{JL} = \theta_{JL} P_D$$

For worst-case design, using expected limits of  $I_Z$ , limits of  $P_D$  and the extremes of  $T_J$  ( $\Delta T_J$ ) may be estimated. Changes in voltage,  $V_Z$ , can then be found from:

$$\Delta V = \theta_{VZ} T_J$$

$\theta_{VZ}$ , the zener voltage temperature coefficient, is found from Figures 4 and 5.

Under high power-pulse operation, the zener voltage will vary with time and may also be affected significantly by the zener resistance. For best regulation, keep current excursions as low as possible.

Surge limitations are given in Figure 7. They are lower than would be expected by considering only junction temperature, as current crowding effects cause temperatures to be extremely high in small spots, resulting in device degradation should the limits of Figure 7 be exceeded.

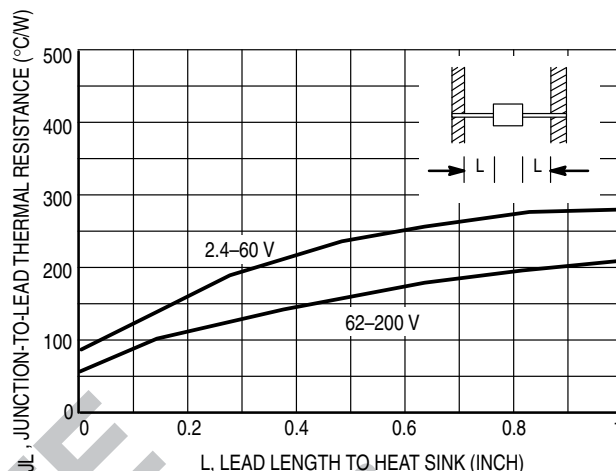


Figure 2. Typical Thermal Resistance

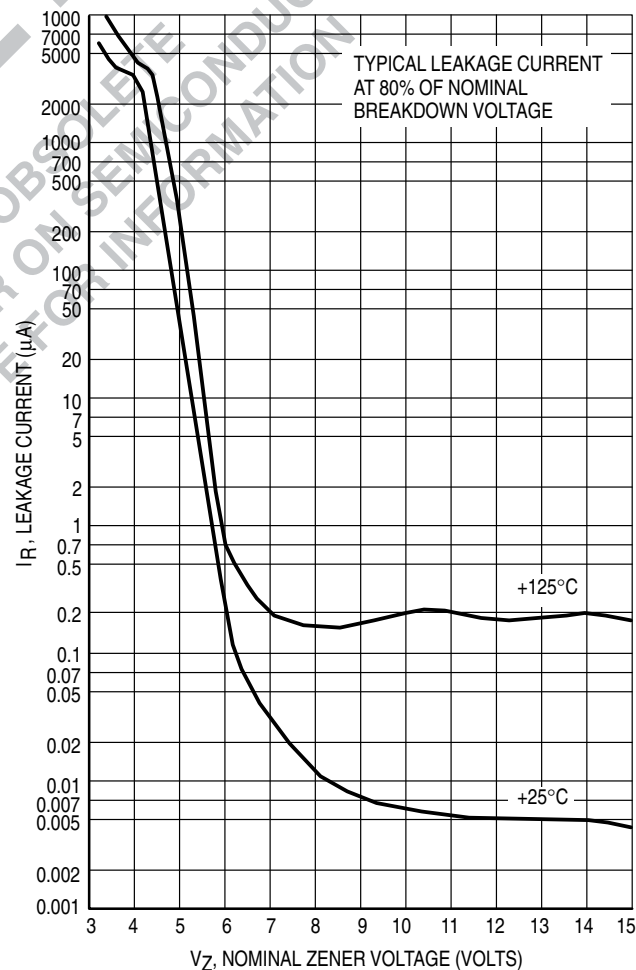


Figure 3. Typical Leakage Current

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

## TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS

(-55°C to +150°C temperature range; 90% of the units are in the ranges indicated.)

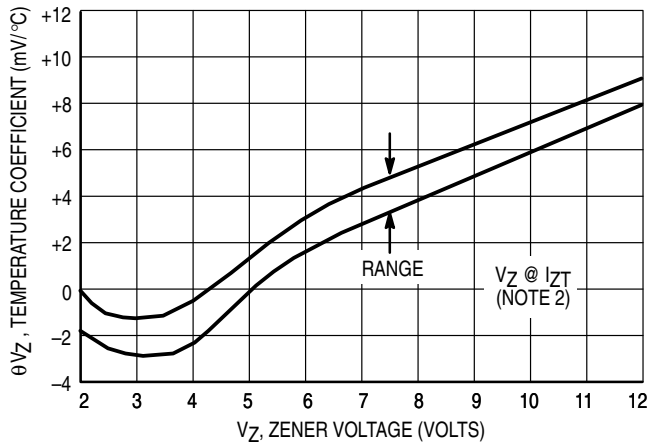


Figure 4a. Range for Units to 12 Volts

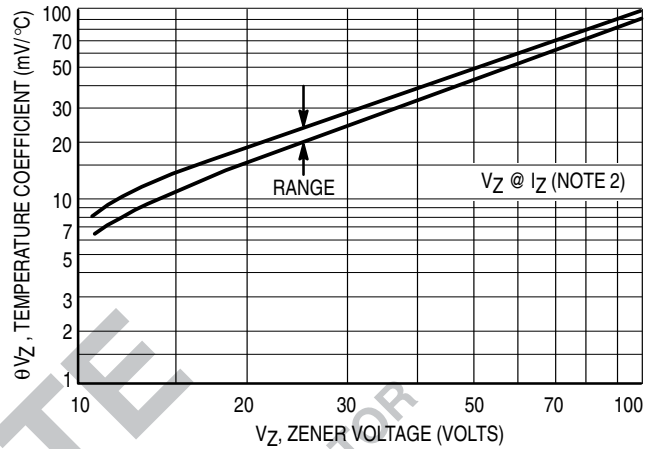


Figure 4b. Range for Units 12 to 100 Volts

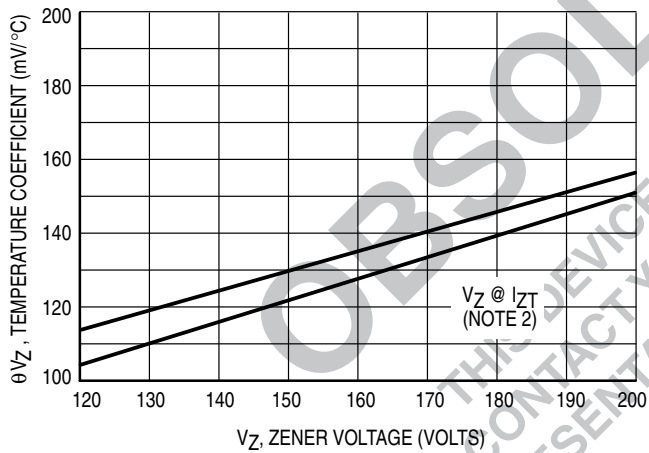


Figure 4c. Range for Units 120 to 200 Volts

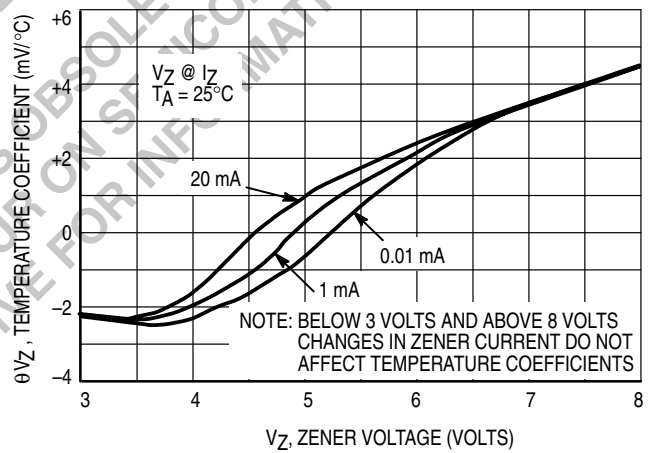


Figure 5. Effect of Zener Current

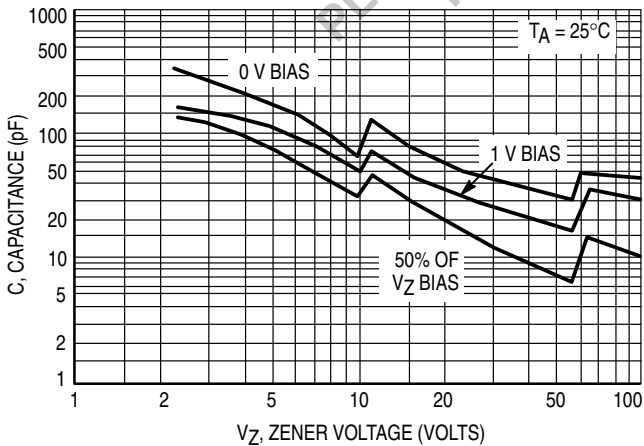


Figure 6a. Typical Capacitance 2.4-100 Volts

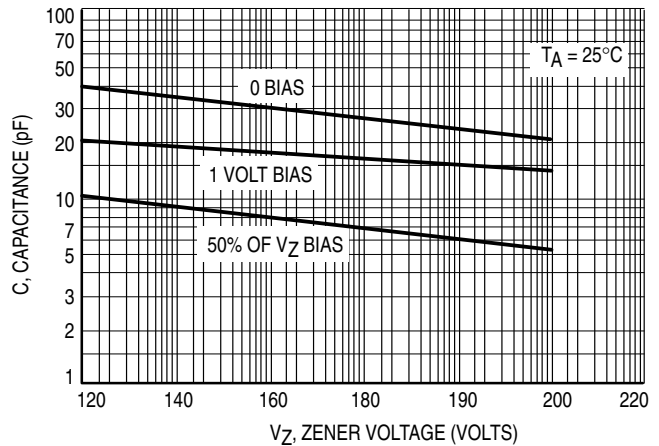


Figure 6b. Typical Capacitance 120-200 Volts

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

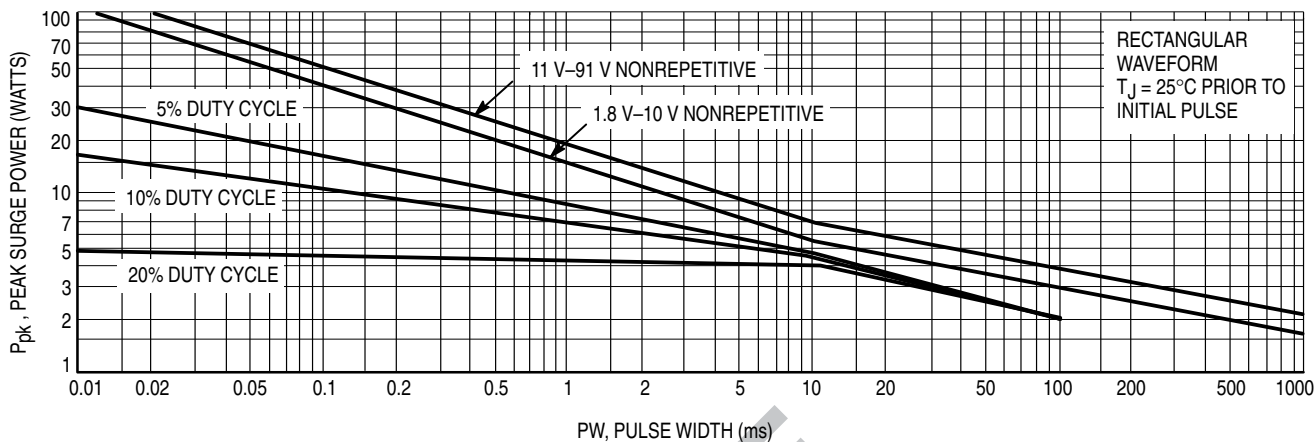


Figure 7a. Maximum Surge Power 1.8-91 Volts

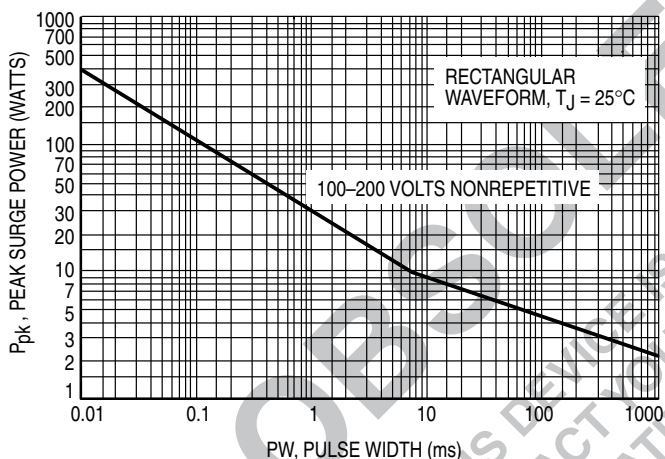


Figure 7b. Maximum Surge Power DO-204AH 100-200 Volts

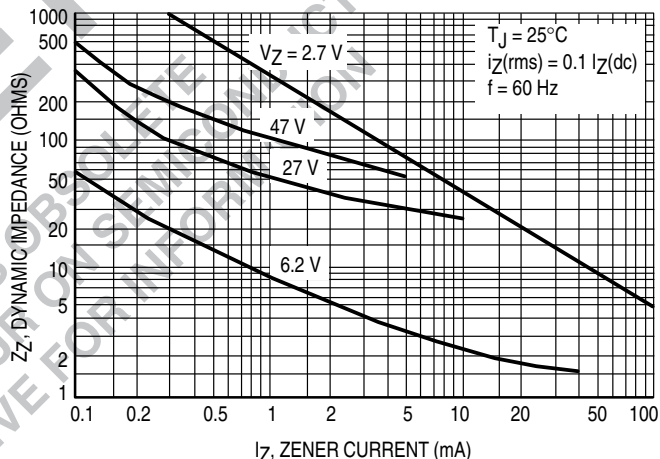


Figure 8. Effect of Zener Current on Zener Impedance

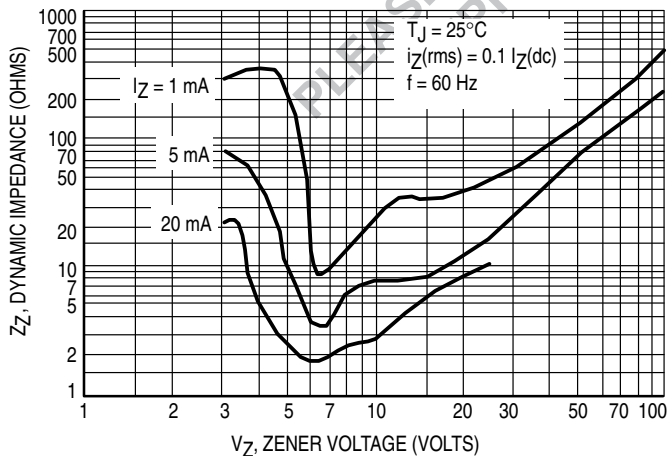


Figure 9. Effect of Zener Voltage on Zener Impedance

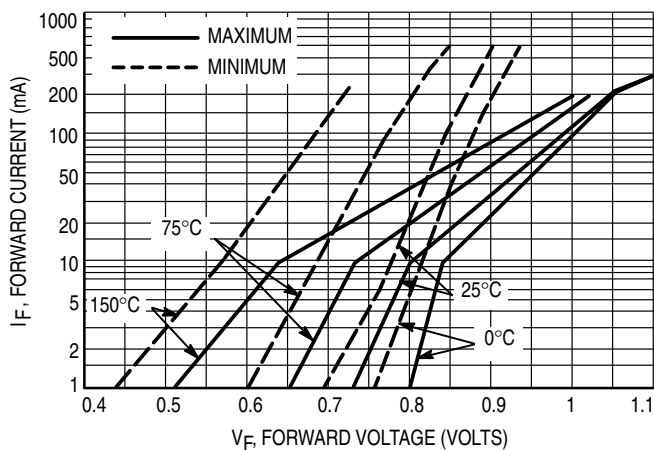


Figure 10. Typical Forward Characteristics

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

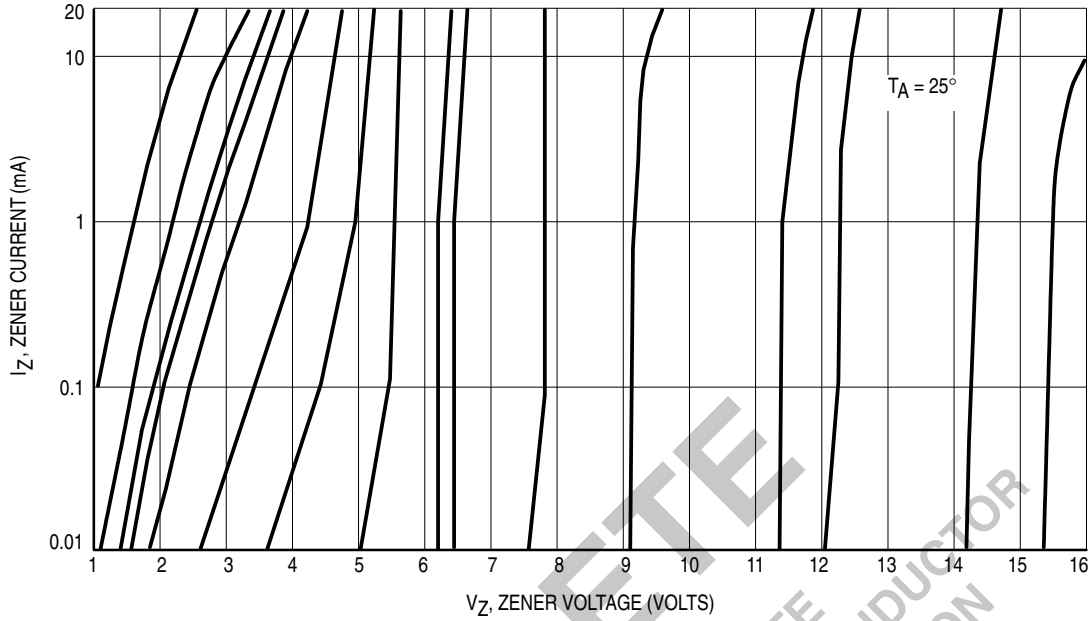


Figure 11. Zener Voltage versus Zener Current —  $V_Z = 1$  thru 16 Volts

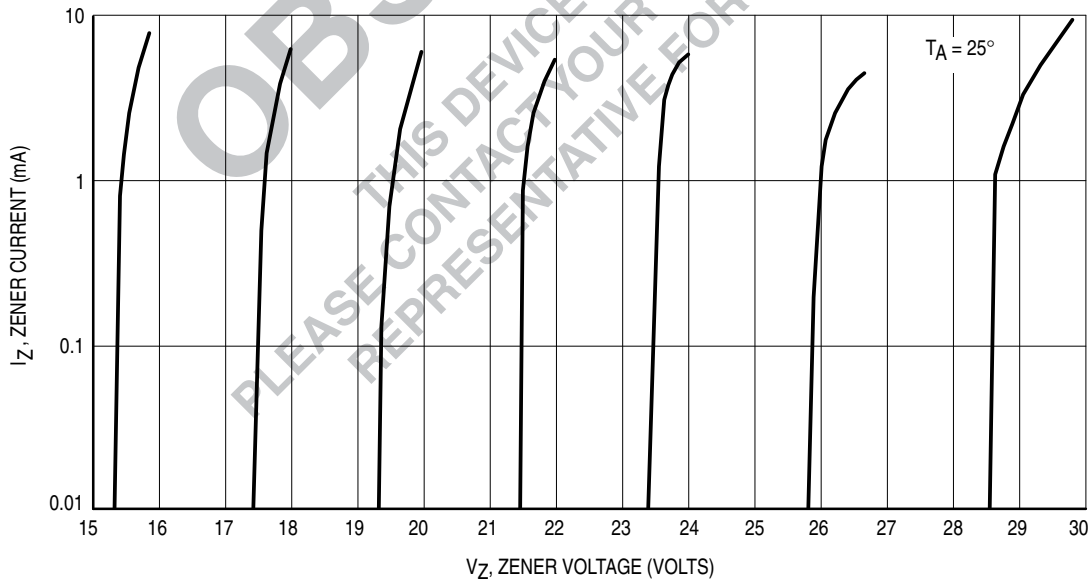


Figure 12. Zener Voltage versus Zener Current —  $V_Z = 15$  thru 30 Volts

# GENERAL DATA — 500 mW DO-35 GLASS

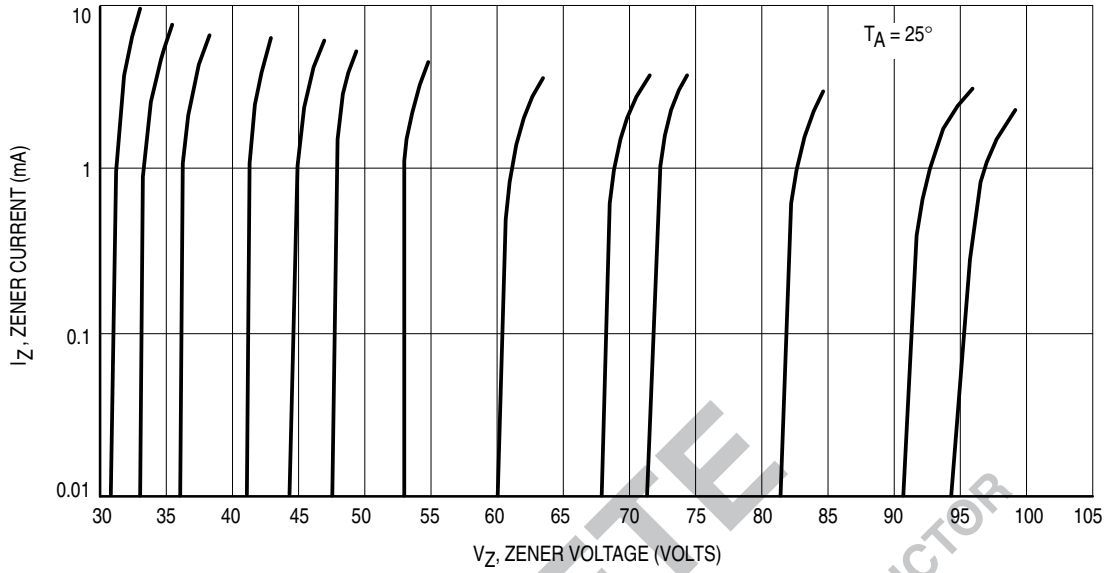


Figure 13. Zener Voltage versus Zener Current —  $V_Z = 30$  thru 105 Volts

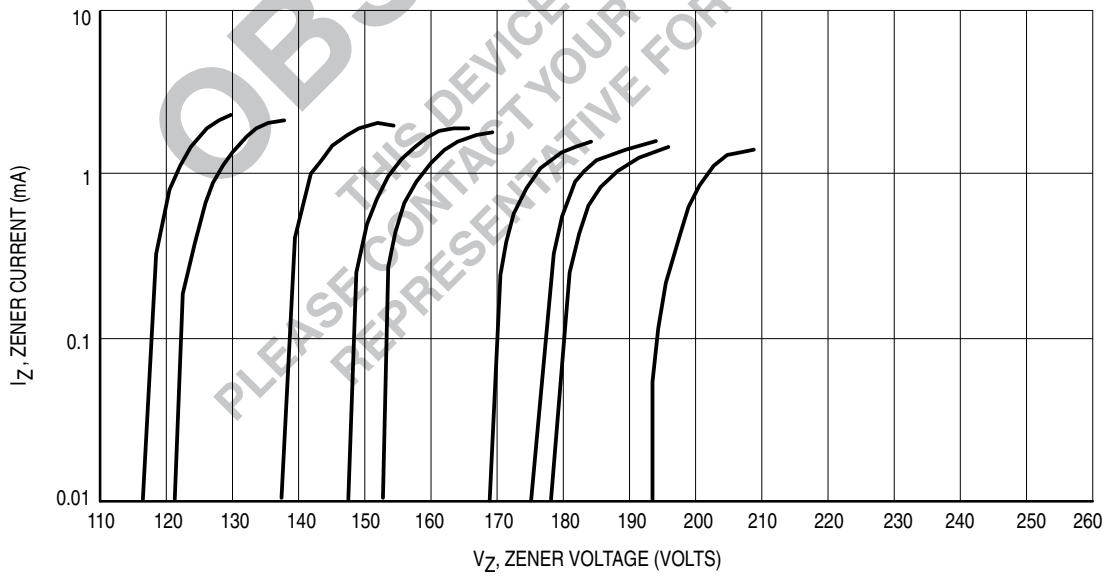
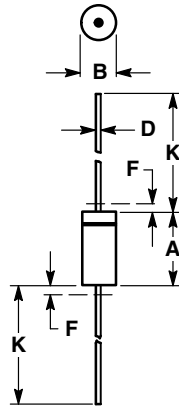


Figure 14. Zener Voltage versus Zener Current —  $V_Z = 110$  thru 220 Volts

# Zener Voltage Regulator Diodes — Axial Led

## 500 mW DO-35 Glass



- NOTES:
1. PACKAGE CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN A AND B HEAT SLUGS, IF ANY, SHALL BE INCLUDED WITHIN THIS CYLINDER, BUT NOT SUBJECT TO THE MINIMUM LIMIT OF B.
  2. LEAD DIAMETER NOT CONTROLLED IN ZONE F TO ALLOW FOR FLASH, LEAD FINISH BUILDUP AND MINOR IRREGULARITIES OTHER THAN HEAT SLUGS.
  3. POLARITY DENOTED BY CATHODE BAND.
  4. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	3.05	5.08	0.120	0.200
B	1.52	2.29	0.060	0.090
D	0.46	0.56	0.018	0.022
F	—	1.27	—	0.050
K	25.40	38.10	1.000	1.500

All JEDEC dimensions and notes apply.

CASE 299-02  
DO-204AH  
GLASS

(Refer to Section 10 for Surface Mount, Thermal Data and Footprint Information.)

### MULTIPLE PACKAGE QUANTITY (MPQ) REQUIREMENTS

Package Option	Type No. Suffix	MPQ (Units)
Tape and Reel	RL, RL2(1)	5K
Tape and Ammo	TA, TA2(1)	5K

- NOTES: 1. The "2" suffix refers to 26 mm tape spacing.  
2. Radial Tape and Reel may be available. Please contact your Motorola representative.

Refer to Section 10 for more information on Packaging Specifications.