## NL7SZ97

## Configurable Multifunction Gate

The NL7SZ97 is an advanced high-speed CMOS multifunction gate. The device allows the user to choose logic functions MUX, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, INVERT and BUFFER. The device has Schmitt-trigger inputs, thereby enhancing noise immunity.

The NL7SZ97 input and output structures provide protection when voltages up to 7.0 V are applied, irregardless of the supply voltage.

## Features

- High Speed: $t_{\text {PD }}=3.3 \mathrm{~ns}$ (Typ) @ $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}$
- Low Power Dissipation: $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CC}}=1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (Maximum) at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Power Down Protection Provided on inputs
- Balanced Propagation Delays
- Overvoltage Tolerant (OVT) Input and Output Pins
- Ultra-Small Package
- This is a Pb-Free Device

ON Semiconductor ${ }^{\circledR}$
http://onsemi.com

SC-88 (SOT-363)
CASE 419B
MARKING DIAGRAM


MF = Specific Device Code
M = Date Code

- $\quad=$ Pb-Free Package
(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

PIN ASSIGNMENTS


ORDERING INFORMATION
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 7 of this data sheet.


Figure 1. Function Diagram
PIN ASSIGNMENT

| 1 | IN B |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | GND |
| 3 | IN A |
| 4 | OUT Y |
| 5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| 6 | IN C |

FUNCTION TABLE*

| Input |  |  | Output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | B | C | Y |
| L | L | L | L |
| L | L | H | L |
| L | H | L | H |
| L | H | H | L |
| H | L | L | L |
| H | L | H | H |
| H | H | L | H |
| H | H | H | H |

*To select a logic function, please refer to "Logic Configurations section".

## LOGIC CONFIGURATIONS



Figure 2. 2-Input MUX
Figure 3. 2-Input AND (When B = "L")

$A-T$
$C \rightarrow I$
$C$


Figure 4. 2-Input OR with Input C Inverted (When B = "H")



Figure 6. 2-Input OR (When A ="H")

Figure 5. 2-Input AND with Input C Inverted (When A = "L")




Figure 7. Inverter (When A = "L" and B = "H")

B




Figure 8. Buffer (When A = C = "L")

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | DC Supply Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ | DC Input Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ | DC Output Voltage | -0.5 to +7.0 | V |
| $\mathrm{IIK}^{\prime}$ | DC Input Diode Current $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}<$ GND | -50 | mA |
| lok | DC Output Diode Current $\quad \mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}<$ GND | -50 | mA |
| Io | DC Output Source/Sink Current | $\pm 50$ | mA |
| ICC | DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\text {GND }}$ | DC Ground Current per Ground Pin | $\pm 100$ | mA |
| TSTG | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\mathrm{T}_{J}$ | Junction Temperature Under Bias | +150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ | Thermal Resistance (Note 1) SC-88 | 350 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}$ | Power Dissipation in Still Air at $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad$ SC-88 | 200 | mW |
| MSL | Moisture Sensitivity | Level 1 |  |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | Flammability Rating Oxygen Index: 28 to 34 | UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ESD }}$ | ESD Withstand VoltageHuman Body Mode (Note 2) <br> Machine Model (Note 3) <br> Charged Device Model (Note 4) | $\begin{gathered} >2000 \\ >200 \\ \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A} \end{gathered}$ | V |
| l LATCHUP | Latchup Performance Above $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ and Below GND at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (Note 5) | $\pm 500$ | mA |

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. Measured with minimum pad spacing on an FR4 board, using 10 mmeby己1 inch, 2 ounce copper trace no air flow.
2. Tested to EIA/JESD22-A114-A.
3. Tested to EIA/JESD22-A115-A.
4. Tested to JESD22-C101-A.
5. Tested to EIA/JESD78.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | Positive DC Supply Voltage | 1.65 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ | Digital Input Voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{OUT}}$ | Output Voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating Free-Air Temperature | -55 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | Input Transition Rise or Fail Rate |  | 0 | 20 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{nS} / \mathrm{V}$ |  |
|  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 | 10 |  |

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | $\mathrm{v}_{\mathrm{cc}}$(V) | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} & =-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to } \\ & +125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {T+ }}$ | Positive Threshold Voltage |  | 1.65 | 0.79 |  | 1.16 |  | 1.16 |  | 1.16 | V |
|  |  |  | 2.3 | 1.11 |  | 1.56 |  | 1.56 |  | 1.56 |  |
|  |  |  | 3.0 | 1.5 |  | 1.87 |  | 1.87 |  | 1.87 |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 | 2.16 |  | 2.74 |  | 2.74 |  | 2.74 |  |
|  |  |  | 5.5 | 2.61 |  | 3.33 |  | 3.33 |  | 3.33 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T} \text { - }}$ | Negative Threshold Voltage |  | 1.65 | 0.35 |  | 0.62 | 0.35 |  | 0.35 |  | V |
|  |  |  | 2.3 | 0.58 |  | 0.87 | 0.58 |  | 0.58 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3.0 | 0.84 |  | 1.19 | 0.84 |  | 0.84 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 | 1.41 |  | 1.9 | 1.41 |  | 1.41 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5.5 | 1.78 |  | 2.29 | 1.78 |  | 1.78 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Hysteresis Voltage |  | 1.65 | 0.30 |  | 0.62 | 0.30 | 0.62 | 0.30 | 0.62 | V |
|  |  |  | 2.3 | 0.40 |  | 0.8 | 0.40 | 0.8 | 0.40 | 0.8 |  |
|  |  |  | 3.0 | 0.53 |  | 0.87 | 0.53 | 0.87 | 0.53 | 0.87 |  |
|  |  |  | 4.5 | 0.71 |  | 1.04 | 0.71 | 1.04 | 0.71 | 1.04 |  |
|  |  |  | 5.5 | 0.8 |  | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.2 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | Minimum <br> High-Level Output Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}-\mathrm{MIN}} \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-50 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.65- \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} V_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ -0.1 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline V_{c c} \\ & -0.1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \\ & -0.1 \end{aligned}$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\text {T-MIN }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.65 | 1.2 |  |  | 1.2 |  | 1.2 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-8 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.3 | 1.9 |  |  | 1.9 |  | 1.9 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-16 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 | 2.4 |  |  | 2.4 |  | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 | 2.3 |  |  | 2.3 |  | 2.3 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-32 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.5 | 3.8 |  |  | 3.8 |  | 3.8 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | Maximum <br> Low-Level Output Voltage | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\mathrm{IN}^{2}} \geq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{MAX}} \\ & \mathrm{IOL}=50 \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.65- \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ |  |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=4 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 1.65 |  |  | 0.45 |  | 0.45 |  | 0.45 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 2.3 |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 |  | 0.3 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=16 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  | 0.4 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 3.0 |  |  | 0.55 |  | 0.55 |  | 0.55 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{OL}}=32 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 4.5 |  |  | 0.55 |  | 0.55 |  | 0.55 |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | Input Leakage Current | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}} \leq \\ & 5.5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0 \text { to } \\ 5.5 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\pm 0.1$ |  | $\pm 1.0$ |  | $\pm 1.0$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| ICC | Quiescent Supply Current | $0 \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 5.5 |  |  | 1.0 |  | 10 |  | 10 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Input $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}=\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}=3.0 \mathrm{~ns}$ )

| Symbol | Parameter | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cc}}(\mathrm{V})$ | Test Condition | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}} \leq+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { to }+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { tpLH, } \\ & t_{\text {PHHL }} \end{aligned}$ | Propagation Delay, Any Input to Output Y (See Test Circuit) | 1.65-1.95 |  | 3.2 | 8.6 | 14.4 | 3.2 | 14.4 | 3.2 | 14.4 | ns |
|  |  | 2.3-2.7 |  | 2.0 | 5.1 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 8.3 |  |
|  |  | 3.0-3.6 |  | 1.5 | 3.9 | 6.3 | 1.5 | 6.3 | 1.5 | 6.3 |  |
|  |  | 4.5-5.5 |  | 1.1 | 3.3 | 5.1 | 1.1 | 5.1 | 1.1 | 5.1 |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {IN }}$ | Input Capacitance |  |  |  | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  | pF |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {PD }}$ | Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 6) | 5.0 | $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  | pF |

6. $\mathrm{C}_{P D}$ is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the dynamic operating current consumption without load. Average operating current can be obtained by the equation $I_{C C}(O P R)=C_{P D} \bullet V_{C C} \bullet f_{i n}+I_{C C}$. $C_{P D}$ is used to determine the no-load dynamic power consumption: $P_{D}=C_{P D} \bullet V_{C C}{ }^{2} \bullet f_{i n}+I_{C C} \bullet V_{C C}$.

## TEST CIRCUIT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS



Figure 9. Load Circuit

| $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C C}}$ | Inputs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{I}}$ | $\mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{r}} / \mathbf{t}_{\mathbf{f}}$ |  | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ | $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{L}}$ | $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{\Delta}}$ |
| $1.8 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.15 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\leq 2 \mathrm{~ns}$ |  | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 30 pF | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 0.15 V |
| $2.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\leq 2 \mathrm{~ns}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2$ | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 30 pF | $500 \Omega$ | 0.15 V |
| $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3 V | $\leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ | 1.5 V | 6 V | 50 pF | $500 \Omega$ | 0.3 V |
| $5.5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | $\leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$ | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}} / 2$ | $2 \times \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 50 pF | $500 \Omega$ | 0.3 V |



Figure 10. Voltage Waveforms Pulse Duration


Figure 12. Voltage Waveforms Propagation Delay Times Inverting and Noninverting Outputs


Figure 11. Voltage Waveforms Setup and Hold Times


Figure 13. Voltage Waveforms Enable and Disable Times Low- and High-Level Enabling
7. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control.
8. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control
9. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR $\leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega$.
10. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
11. All parameters are waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Shipping $^{\dagger}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NL7SZ97DFT2G | SC-88 <br> (Pb-Free) | $3000 /$ Tape \& Reel |

$\dagger$ For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

## NL7SZ97

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

## SC-88/SC70-6/SOT-363 <br> CASE 419B-02 <br> ISSUE W


*For additional information on our Pb -Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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## PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

## LITERATURE FULFILLMENT

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