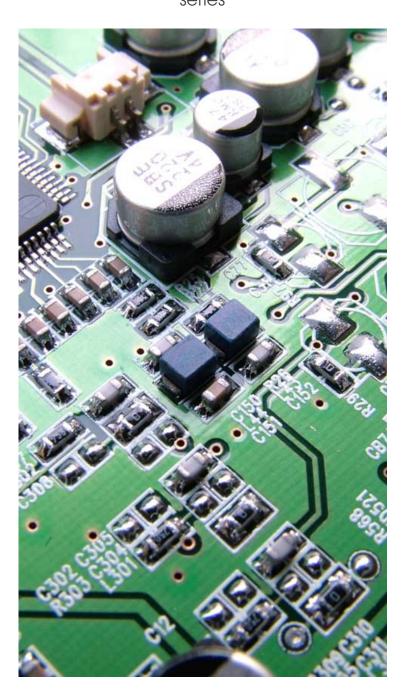
Wire-wound Surface Mount Small Inductors For Signal Lines And DC Power Lines

NL/NLV, NLC/NLCV, NLFC/NLFV



TDK CORPORATION

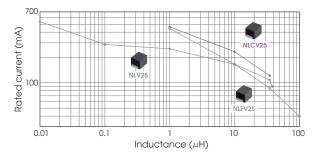
The de facto standard of wire-wound surface mount inductors





Comparison of characteristic tendencies 1

Comparative example of representative products of L $2.5\,x\,W2.0\,x\,T1.8\,mm$

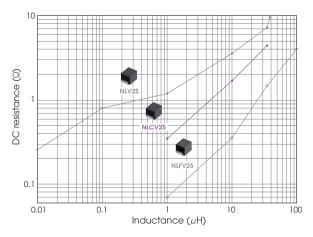


Wire-wound Surface Mount Small Inductors For Signal Lines And DC Power Lines

NL/NLV, NLC/NLCV, NLFC/NLFV series

Comparison of characteristic tendencies 2

Comparative example of representative products of L2.5 x W2.0 x T1.8 mm



* 1982.12 - 2006.12

The NL family of products have been expanded in variety through a system which quickly responds to needs since the development of NL453232 (in the year 1981), which was optimized for the filter circuits of AV devices. The family continues to improve its world-wide reputation through its cumulative production total of over 34 billion units*, with three characteristic groups and four shapes covering $0.01-10000 \mu$ H.

With its original reliability-possessing structural design, and excellent cost performance via its original, automated, mass production line – which was the world's first built line of this kind– the products' two advantages are the backbone of reliability and an outstanding adaptation achievement.

Also, in order to respond to ever-increasing global needs, the NL series continues to develop new technologies by greatly reducing Rdc and shifting to resin materials for reduced environmental burdens, or by improving production processes.

Among the following three characteristic types, the series with a "V" suffix are the latest achievements. Replacement has been underway continuously, starting from the shapes with the greatest versatility.



Three characteristic groups respond to diverse circuit design needs

NL/NLV series : A total of 155 products were made in a series of four shapes with high Q-characteristics in the high-frequency region for filtering signal lines, covering 0.01-10000 μ H, with a narrow tolerance of $\pm 5\%$ using the E12 series.

NLC/NLCV series : Developed for the chokes of DC power lines. In four shapes, a total of 97 products are lined up, achieving 1.5 - 2 times larger current capacity than the same shape NL/NLV series with the originally developed high Bs, high μ ferrite core, and optimized windings.

NLFC/NLFV series: Responding to the need for making low loss power line chokes. A great reduction of Rdc was achieved using the original magnetic mold resin mixed with ferrite particles. With three versatile shapes, a total of 48 products are included in the line.

All products conform to the RoHS Directive.**

TDK CORPORATION

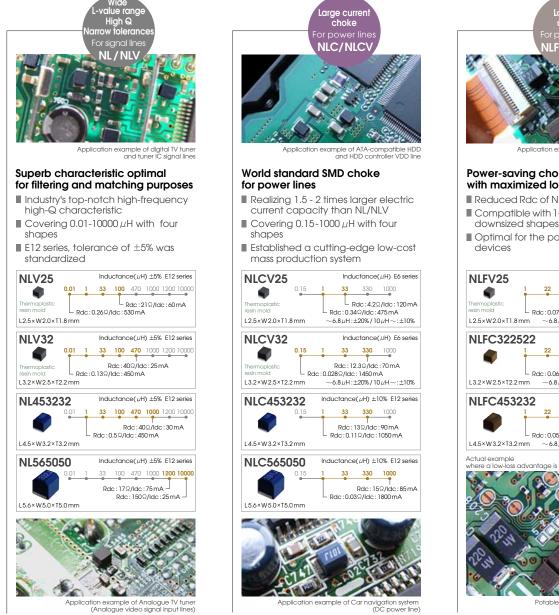
^{**} Conformity to RoHS Directive: This means that, in conformity with EU Directive 2002/95/EC, lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, and specific bromine-based flame retardants, PBB and PBDE, have not been used, except for exempted applications.

Product Update File

Three characteristic categories support the optimized design of diverse devices. The NL family's original technologies and superior advantages are incorporated in all of them.

TDK has developed super-small drum-shaped cores allowing the best balance between winding diameter and number of windings by utilizing its original magnetic path analytical simulation reinforced with significant accumulated data. In addition to this, the original high μ -high B ferrite material is used to expand the NL family of products beginning with the NL series.

The structure directly integrating ferrite cores with processed winding ends and metal terminals is another original technological advance, confirming the advantages of the family in size and low loss. Moreover, building an automated manufacturing system that can control the center location when mounting the coils



terms of power saving effect. NLFC/NLF

to metal terminals to an accuracy of \pm a several tens μ m,

a mass-production system was early established for the in-

dustry's smallest 2016 products, supporting cost-saving and

Also, to respond to the requests for battery-driven small,

mobile device designs with reduced power consumption,

the Rdc values of conventional choke products were im-

proved by as much as 50-20% using a high-efficiency closed-

magnetic path structure (practical reinforcement of μ),

where high μ ferrite particles of superior magnetic flux

convergence are spread over the mold material covering

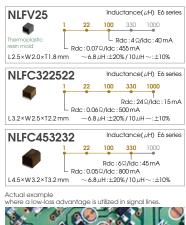
the coils. The NL family remains at the industry's top level in

the downsizing of devices.

Application example of digital still camera and Vcc line

Power-savina choke with maximized low-Rdc

- Reduced Rdc of NLC/NLCV by 50-20% Compatible with 1-1000 μ H with three
- Optimal for the power lines of handy





Potable CD player/Audio output line (Configuring LPF)

4

Wire-wound Surface Mount Small Inductors For Signal Lines And DC Power Lines

NLFC/NLFV

series

NL/NLV, NLC/NLCV, Expansion of product variety and downsizing complying with increased circuit design needs

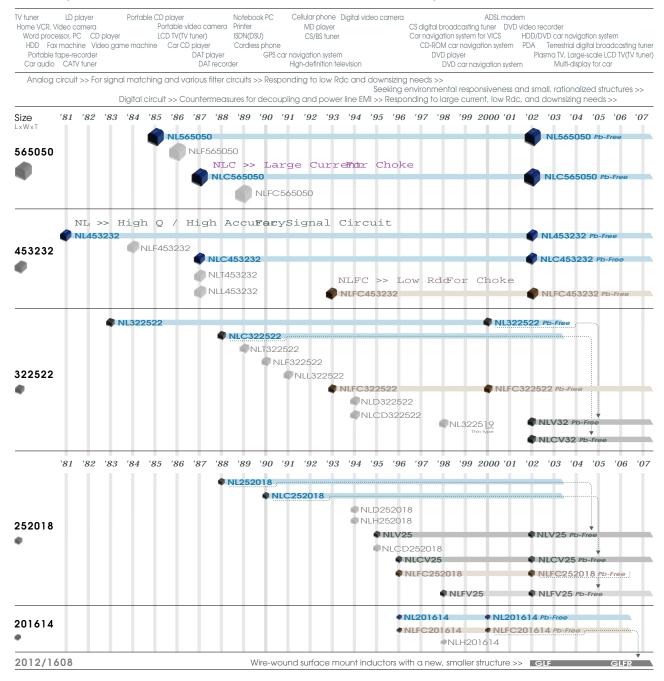


The first NL was included in a TV tuner in 1981. NL has also evolved with the remarkable technological evolution since then.

The onslaught of digitization coincides with the surface implementation of analog circuits. New portable devices have been repeatedly launched. Accelerated downsizing and thinning have grown. Rapidly increased powersaving needs are everywhere. There are myriad successful electronic devices for auto-mobiles. The evolution of home information appliances continues. And all of this with designs that recognize the sensitivity of the environment to the

toxicity of materials. Although these trends, in retrospect, are themselves mind-boggling technological evolutions, it was the circuit design needs that were the driving force in making the NL family what it is today.

"A product lineup that canrespond to the latest circuit design needs right away" — has been the unchanged development creed of the NL family since the commencement of its technological efforts.



Product Update File

TDK's original rational production line was the world's first. Now, the NL family is making an effort to switch to further simplification of resource-saving automated production lines.

The molding processes shown on the bottom right are the conventional processes using thermosetting resin.

A new molding process shown on the bottom left deletes processes such as "thermosetting promotion", "omitting burrs", and "smoothing processes" from these conventional processes and uses thermoplastic resin which can be collected and reused. With a process design skillfully utiliz-

Internal structure

TDK's original design know-how is integrated in the structure as well. For example, an examination of the drawing point of the windings: 360 degrees is useful. It can be drawn from any angle and inductance value configurations perfor-

much freedom and precision. Also, simple yet sophisticated original know-

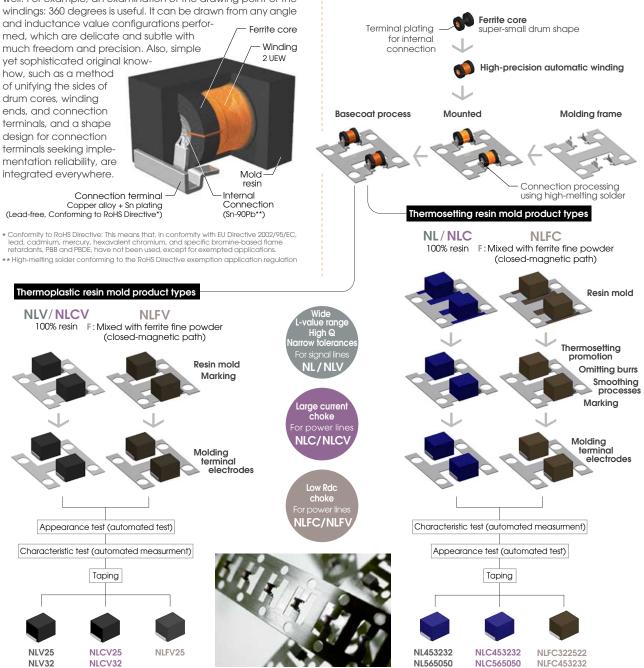
how, such as a method of unifying the sides of drum cores, winding ends, and connection terminals, and a shape design for connection terminals seeking implementation reliability, are integrated everywhere.

Copper alloy + Sn plating (Lead-free, Conforming to RoHS Directive*)

ing the physical properties of this resin, which allows the control of viscosity through temperature control, a fully automated production line was built.

The series with the "V" suffix in its title is the new product type from this line. Shifting to the new product type is underway in order to respond to cost-saving needs and for maximized environmental conservation.

Production process



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6

Wire-wound Surface Mount Small Inductors For Signal Lines And DC Power Lines

NL/NLV, NLC/NLCV,

NI FC/NI F\

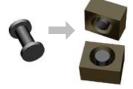
Latest series development concept Industry's first efforts



Original low-Rdc structure using magnetic particle compound resin



For the NLFC series, which responds to low-Rdc needs with unprecedented effectiveness, TDK's original inductance characteristic reinforcement measure is taken where mixing ferrite particles with formed mold resin optimizes the material properties and shapes of the drum-shaped cores.



Forming closed magnetic path structures equivalent to those of the pot-shaped cores

Adding ferrite particles, a magnetic element, to the mold resin adhering to both sides of the drum core, and covering the whole coil body, a closed magnetic path structure equivalent to the coil with the pot-shaped core was realized. As a result, the magnetic flux occurring on the coil is reinforced, offering a similar inductance value to the same shape conventional product molded with non-magnetic resin, without enlarging its core shape in a coil of a larger diameter (smaller number of windings).

Establishing the industry's first resource-saving and waste-free consistent production line

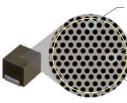
NLV, NLCV, NLFV series

Thermosetting resin, which has been widely used, has the disadvantage of generating unrecycleable waste materials (runners, burrs on the gates, etc.) resulting from pro-

duction processes. These have been collected and disposed of, so creating an environmental burden.

On the other hand, thermoplastic resin, because of its physical properties, is easy to collect and reuse, allowing recycling of all runner parts, which comprises a large quantity of the material, eradicating unwanted burrs by optimizing viscosity control. Also, by skillfully utilizing the advantages of thermoplastic resin, allowing reversible control of viscosity through temperature control, the leadtimes of conventional production lines can be greatly reduced when thermosetting resin is used.

In developing the NLV, NLCV, and NLFV series, new processing methods and process control technologies were developed to make full use of the advantages of thermoplastic resin. A high efficiency, consistent, production line was built which permitted a great reduction in production leadtime and increased power-saving, not to mention the ability to recycle the runner part.



Reinforcing effective permeability and magnetic flux

- Optimizing particle diameters

: Thermoplastic mold resin

 Sophisticated uniform decentralization and optimization of content ration

Also, as shown in the model above, for the NLFV series, characteristic improvements, such as magnetic characteristic reinforcement of ferrite particles, and optimization of particle diameter and mix ratio, were promoted, realizing further reduction of Rdc while maintaining compatibility with the early series (NLFC) in major characteristics and shape.

Comparison of mold resins

Series	NL NLC	NLV NLCV	NLFC	NLFV						
Mold resin	Thermosetting resin	Thermoplastic resin	Thermosetting resin + Ferrite particles	Thermoplastic resin +Ferrite particles						
Resin color	Blue	Black	Brown	Dark brown						
Marking	Print	Laser print or no print	Print	No print						

Structural common specification

Core material : Ferrite
Winding : 2 UEW
Internal connection : Soldering (Sn-90Pb*)
Connection terminals : Copper alloy
Coating of connection terminals : Sn (lead-free)
Characteristic measurement : Automated total measurement
Appearance test : Visual examination (total inspection)

 \star High-melting solder conforming to the RoHS Directive exemption application regulation)

Product Update File

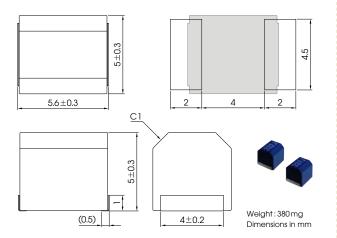
NL's four shapes are virtually the de facto standard of resin mold fixed small inductors.

Although the shape design is the de facto standard, TDK's original technologies and know-how are integrated in the internal structure. In short, inductance ranges configured for each three characteristic groups are available in the industry's smallest class shapes. Smaller shapes and better frequency characteristics than competitors' products are found when used with the same inductance value.

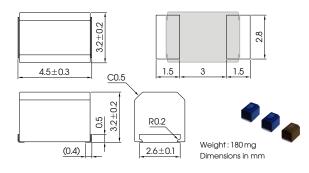
All products are also compatible with flow processes at 260°C peak temperatures, not to mention the lead-free high-temperature reflow process, achieving the industry's top level in terms of implementation reliability.

Shapes and dimensions Recommende PC board pattern

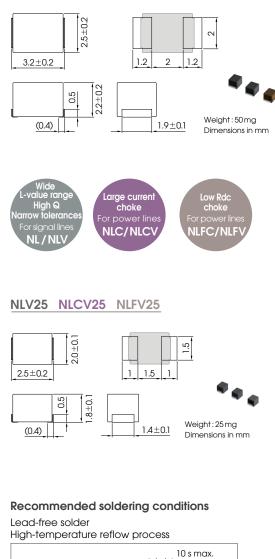
NL565050 NLC565050

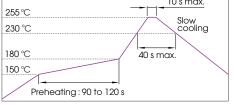


NL453232 NLC453232 NLFC453232



NLV32 NLCV32 NLFC322522



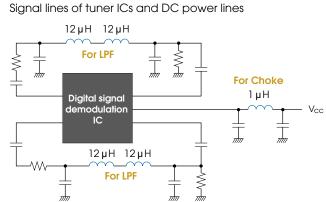




Application examples

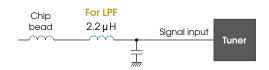


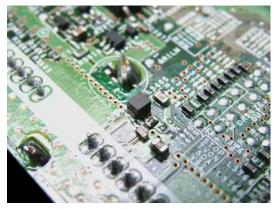
DIGITAL TV TUNER

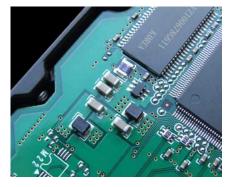


ANALOGUE TV TUNER

Analogue video signal input lines

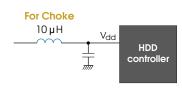




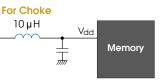


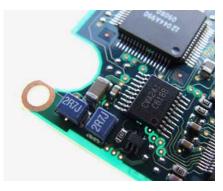
ATA-COMPATIBLE HDD

DC power lines of HDD controllers



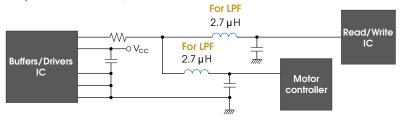
DC power lines of memories



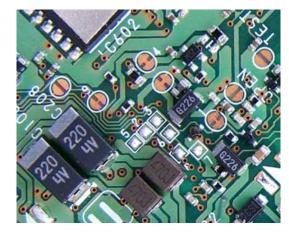


BUILT-IN HDD OF LAPTOP PC

Autput lines of buffers/drivers Ics

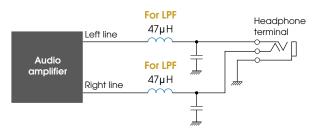


Application examples

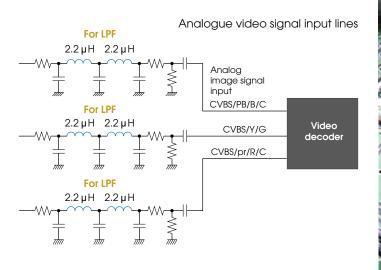


PORTABLE CD PLAYER

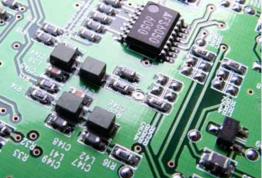
Audio output lines

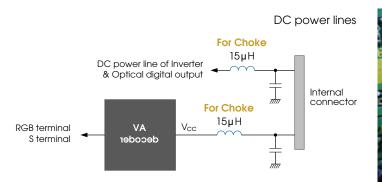


PORTABLE DVD PLAYER





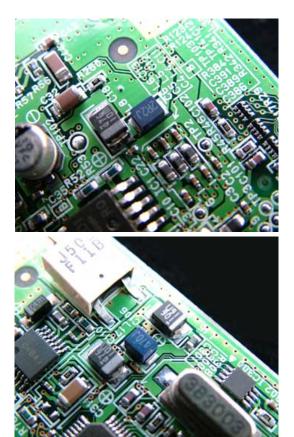






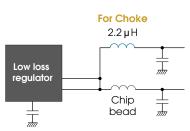
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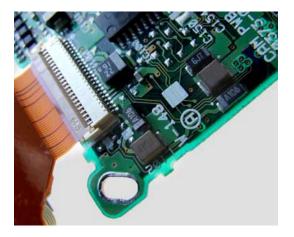




MULTI DISPLAY FOR AUTOMOBILES

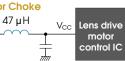
Voltage control circuits

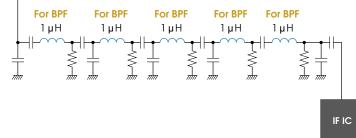




DIGITAL STILL CAMERA

DC power lines 47 µH Vcc tignal processor For Choke 47 µH





ETC ON-BOARD UNIT

Receiving circuit IF signal lines



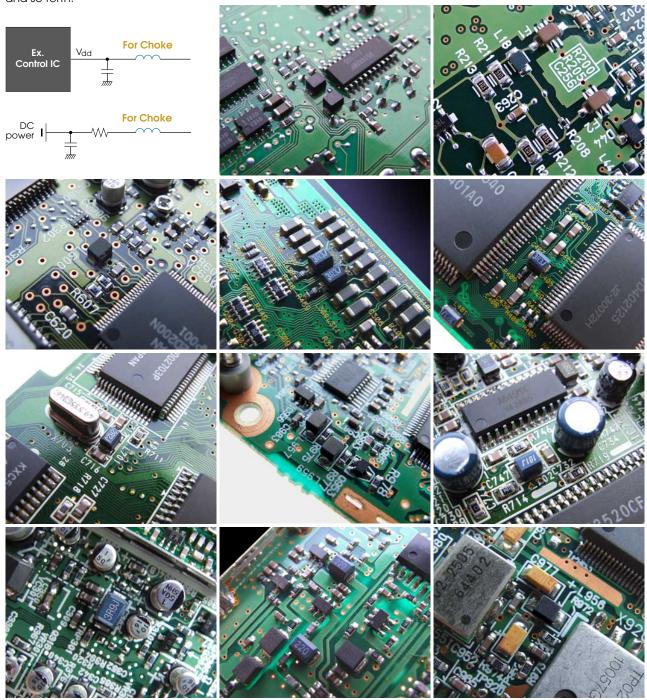
RF Module

Application examples

CAR NAVIGATION SYSTEM

Power supply circuit DC power line GPS receiving circuit Digital TV tuner Video signal processing circuit and so forth.





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NLFC/NLFV

series

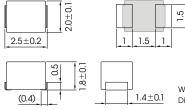


NLV25

series

Product type data

Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern







0.01 to $2.7\mu H$ Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
0.01	±5	15	100	2150	0.26	530	NLV25T-010J-PF
0.012	±5	15	100	2050	0.27	500	NLV25T-012J-PF
0.015	±5	15	100	2000	0.29	480	NLV25T-015J-PF
0.018	±5	15	100	1850	0.31	450	NLV25T-018J-PF
0.022	±5	15	100	1650	0.37	420	NLV25T-022J-PF
0.027	±5	15	100	1550	0.4	410	NLV25T-027J-PF
0.033	±5	20	100	1450	0.42	400	NLV25T-033J-PF
0.039	±5	20	100	1350	0.45	380	NLV25T-039J-PF
0.047	±5	20	100	1200	0.5	360	NLV25T-047J-PF
0.056	±5	20	100	1100	0.6	340	NLV25T-056J-PF
0.068	±5	20	100	1050	0.65	320	NLV25T-068J-PF
0.082	±5	20	100	900	0.75	300	NLV25T-082J-PF
0.1	±5	20	100	800	0.8	280	NLV25T-R10J-PF
0.12	±5	30	25.2	700	0.3	550	NLV25T-R12J-PF
0.15	±5	30	25.2	550	0.35	500	NLV25T-R15J-PF
0.18	±5	30	25.2	500	0.4	460	NLV25T-R18J-PF
0.22	±5	30	25.2	450	0.5	430	NLV25T-R22J-PF
0.27	±5	30	25.2	425	0.55	420	NLV25T-R27J-PF
0.33	±5	30	25.2	400	0.6	400	NLV25T-R33J-PF
0.39	±5	30	25.2	375	0.65	375	NLV25T-R39J-PF
0.47	±5	30	25.2	350	0.68	350	NLV25T-R47J-PF
0.56	±5	30	25.2	325	0.75	325	NLV25T-R56J-PF
0.68	±5	30	25.2	300	0.85	300	NLV25T-R68J-PF
0.82	±5	30	25.2	260	1	260	NLV25T-R82J-PF
1	±5	30	7.96	245	1.1	245	NLV25T-1R0J-PF
1.2	±5	30	7.96	230	1.2	230	NLV25T-1R2J-PF
1.5	±5	30	7.96	182	1.3	220	NLV25T-1R5J-PF
1.8	±5	30	7.96	135	1.45	210	NLV25T-1R8J-PF
2.2	±5	30	7.96	105	1.55	200	NLV25T-2R2J-PF
2.7	±5	30	7.96	70	1.7	195	NLV25T-2R7J-PF

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

 $L, Q(L 0.1 \mu H)$: HP4191A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer (16092A) $L, Q(L 0.12 \mu H)$: HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer (16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF : HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc : MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



3.3 to $100\mu H$ Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
3.3	±5	30	7.96	55	1.9	185	NLV25T-3R3J-PF
3.9	±5	30	7.96	48	2.1	180	NLV25T-3R9J-PF
4.7	±5	30	7.96	43	2.3	175	NLV25T-4R7J-PF
5.6	±5	25	7.96	42	2.5	170	NLV25T-5R6J-PF
6.8	±5	25	7.96	39	2.7	165	NLV25T-6R8J-PF
8.2	±5	25	7.96	36	3.05	160	NLV25T-8R2J-PF
10	± 5	25	2.52	33	3.5	155	NLV25T-100J-PF
12	± 5	25	2.52	30	3.8	150	NLV25T-120J-PF
15	±5	25	2.52	26	4.4	140	NLV25T-150J-PF
18	<u>±</u> 5	25	2.52	24	4.8	130	NLV25T-180J-PF
22	± 5	25	2.52	22	5.5	125	NLV25T-220J-PF
27	± 5	25	2.52	21	6.3	115	NLV25T-270J-PF
33	±5	25	2.52	20	7.1	110	NLV25T-330J-PF
39	± 5	20	2.52	18	9.5	90	NLV25T-390J-PF
47	± 5	20	2.52	17	11.1	80	NLV25T-470J-PF
56	±5	20	2.52	16	12.1	75	NLV25T-560J-PF
68	±5	20	2.52	15	16.6	70	NLV25T-680J-PF
82	± 5	20	2.52	13	19	66	NLV25T-820J-PF
100	±5	15	0.796	12	21	60	NLV25T-101J-PF

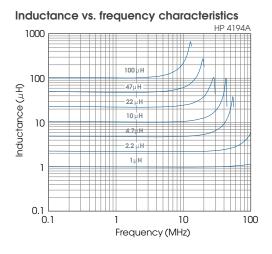
* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

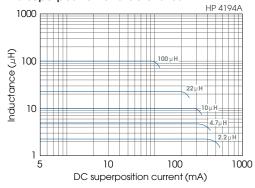
L, Q : HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer (16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF : HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc : MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



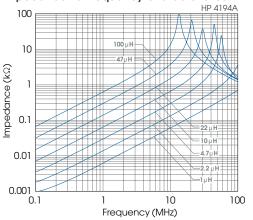


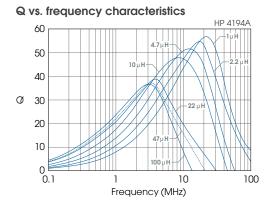


Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics

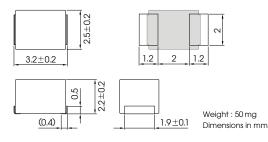


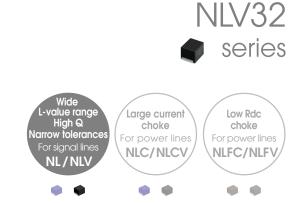






Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





0.01 to $0.82\,\mu\text{H}$

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
0.01	±5	15	100	2500	0.13	450	NLV32T-010J-PF
0.012	±5	17	100	2300	0.14	450	NLV32T-012J-PF
0.015	±5	19	100	2100	0.16	450	NLV32T-015J-PF
0.018	±5	21	100	1900	0.18	450	NLV32T-018J-PF
0.022	±5	23	100	1700	0.2	450	NLV32T-022J-PF
0.027	±5	23	100	1500	0.22	450	NLV32T-027J-PF
0.033	±5	25	100	1400	0.24	450	NLV32T-033J-PF
0.039	±5	25	100	1300	0.27	450	NLV32T-039J-PF
0.047	±5	26	100	1200	0.3	450	NLV32T-047J-PF
0.056	±5	26	100	1100	0.33	450	NLV32T-056J-PF
0.068	±5	27	100	1000	0.36	450	NLV32T-068J-PF
0.082	±5	27	100	900	0.4	450	NLV32T-082J-PF
0.1	±5	28	100	700	0.44	450	NLV32T-R10J-PF
0.12	±5	30	25.2	500	0.22	450	NLV32T-R12J-PF
0.15	±5	30	25.2	450	0.25	450	NLV32T-R15J-PF
0.18	±5	30	25.2	400	0.28	450	NLV32T-R18J-PF
0.22	±5	30	25.2	350	0.32	450	NLV32T-R22J-PF
0.27	±5	30	25.2	320	0.36	450	NLV32T-R27J-PF
0.33	±5	30	25.2	300	0.4	450	NLV32T-R33J-PF
0.39	±5	30	25.2	250	0.45	450	NLV32T-R39J-PF
0.47	±5	30	25.2	220	0.5	450	NLV32T-R47J-PF
0.56	±5	30	25.2	180	0.55	450	NLV32T-R56J-PF
0.68	<u>±5</u>	30	25.2	160	0.6	450	NLV32T-R68J-PF
0.00							

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

 $L_Q(L 0.1 \mu H): HP4191A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16092A) \ L_Q(L 0.12 \mu H): HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) \\ SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter$



NLV32 series

1 to $470 \mu H$ Electrical characteristics

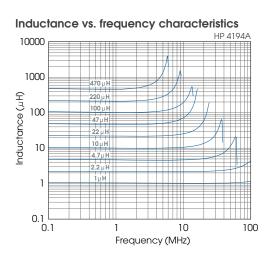
Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±5	30	7.96	120	0.7	400	NLV32T-1R0J-PF
1.2	±5	30	7.96	100	0.75	390	NLV32T-1R2J-PF
1.5	±5	30	7.96	85	0.85	370	NLV32T-1R5J-PF
1.8	±5	30	7.96	80	0.9	350	NLV32T-1R8J-PF
2.2	±5	30	7.96	75	1	320	NLV32T-2R2J-PF
2.7	±5	30	7.96	70	1.1	290	NLV32T-2R7J-PF
3.3	±5	30	7.96	60	1.2	260	NLV32T-3R3J-PF
3.9	±5	30	7.96	55	1.3	250	NLV32T-3R9J-PF
4.7	±5	30	7.96	50	1.5	220	NLV32T-4R7J-PF
5.6	±5	30	7.96	45	1.6	200	NLV32T-5R6J-PF
6.8	±5	30	7.96	40	1.8	180	NLV32T-6R8J-PF
8.2	±5	30	7.96	35	2	170	NLV32T-8R2J-PF
10	±5	30	2.52	30	2.1	150	NLV32T-100J-PF
12	±5	30	2.52	20	2.5	140	NLV32T-120J-PF
15	±5	30	2.52	20	2.8	130	NLV32T-150J-PF
18	±5	30	2.52	20	3.3	120	NLV32T-180J-PF
22	±5	30	2.52	20	3.7	110	NLV32T-220J-PF
27	±5	30	2.52	20	5	80	NLV32T-270J-PF
33	±5	30	2.52	17	5.6	70	NLV32T-330J-PF
39	±5	30	2.52	16	6.4	65	NLV32T-390J-PF
47	±5	30	2.52	15	7	60	NLV32T-470J-PF
56	±5	30	2.52	13	8	55	NLV32T-560J-PF
68	±5	30	2.52	12	9	50	NLV32T-680J-PF
82	±5	30	2.52	11	10	45	NLV32T-820J-PF
100	±5	20	0.796	10	10	40	NLV32T-101J-PF
120	±5	20	0.796	10	11	70	NLV32T-121J-PF
150	±5	20	0.796	8	15	65	NLV32T-151J-PF
180	±5	20	0.796	7	17	60	NLV32T-181J-PF
220	±5	20	0.796	7	21	50	NLV32T-221J-PF
270	±5	20	0.796	6	28	45	NLV32T-271J-PF
330	±5	20	0.796	5	34	40	NLV32T-331J-PF
390	±5	20	0.796	5	36	35	NLV32T-391J-PF
470	±5	20	0.796	4	40	25	NLV32T-471J-PF

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

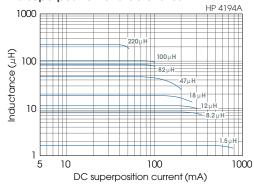
Measuring Instruments

L, Q:HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF:HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc:MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter

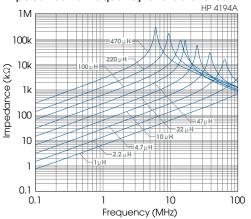


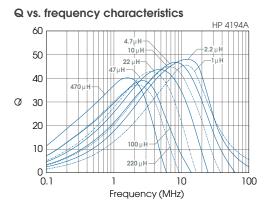






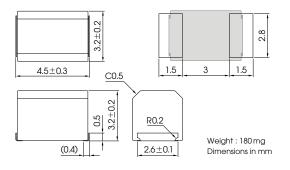
Impedance vs. frequency characteristics







Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





1 to $100 \mu H$ Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±5	50	7.96	100	0.5	450	NL453232T-1R0J-PF
1.2	±5	50	7.96	80	0.55	430	NL453232T-1R2J-PF
1.5	±5	50	7.96	70	0.6	410	NL453232T-1R5J-PF
1.8	±5	50	7.96	60	0.65	390	NL453232T-1R8J-PF
2.2	±5	50	7.96	55	0.7	380	NL453232T-2R2J-PF
2.7	<u>±</u> 5	50	7.96	50	0.75	370	NL453232T-2R7J-PF
3.3	±5	50	7.96	45	0.8	355	NL453232T-3R3J-PF
3.9	±5	50	7.96	40	0.9	330	NL453232T-3R9J-PF
4.7	±5	50	7.96	35	1	315	NL453232T-4R7J-PF
5.6	±5	50	7.96	33	1.1	300	NL453232T-5R6J-PF
6.8	±5	50	7.96	27	1.2	285	NL453232T-6R8J-PF
8.2	±5	50	7.96	25	1.4	270	NL453232T-8R2J-PF
10	±5	50	2.52	20	1.6	250	NL453232T-100J-PF
12	±5	50	2.52	18	2	225	NL453232T-120J-PF
15	±5	50	2.52	17	2.5	200	NL453232T-150J-PF
18	±5	50	2.52	15	2.8	190	NL453232T-180J-PF
22	±5	50	2.52	13	3.2	180	NL453232T-220J-PF
27	±5	50	2.52	12	3.6	170	NL453232T-270J-PF
33	±5	50	2.52	11	4	160	NL453232T-330J-PF
39	±5	50	2.52	10	4.5	150	NL453232T-390J-PF
47	±5	50	2.52	10	5	140	NL453232T-470J-PF
56	±5	50	2.52	9	5.5	135	NL453232T-560J-PF
68	±5	50	2.52	9	6	130	NL453232T-680J-PF
82	±5	50	2.52	8	7	120	NL453232T-820J-PF
100	±5	40	0.796	8	8	110	NL453232T-101J-PF

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

L, Q:HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1)

SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer (Zin=Zout=50) Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



120 to 1000 µH **Electrical characteristics**

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
120	±5	40	0.796	6	8	110	NL453232T-121J-PF
150	±5	40	0.796	5	9	105	NL453232T-151J-PF
180	±5	40	0.796	5	9.5	102	NL453232T-181J-PF
220	<u>±</u> 5	40	0.796	4	10	100	NL453232T-221J-PF
270	±5	40	0.796	4	12	92	NL453232T-271J-PF
330	±5	40	0.796	3.5	14	85	NL453232T-331J-PF
390	±5	40	0.796	3	16	80	NL453232T-391J-PF
470	<u>±</u> 5	40	0.796	3	26	62	NL453232T-471J-PF
560	±5	30	0.796	3	30	50	NL453232T-561J-PF
680	±5	30	0.796	3	30	50	NL453232T-681J-PF
820	±5	30	0.796	2.5	35	30	NL453232T-821J-PF
1000	±5	30	0.252	2.5	40	30	NL453232T-102J-PF

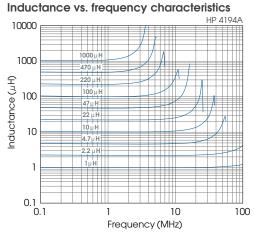
* Rated current : The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

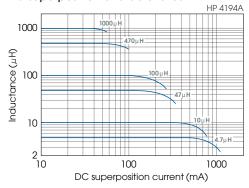
L, Q : HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF : HP8753C Network analyzer (Zin=Zout=50) Rdc : MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



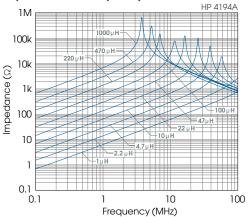


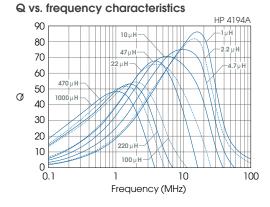


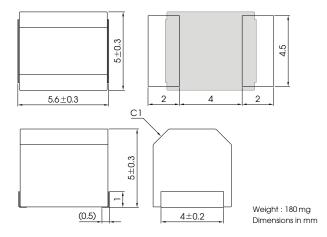
Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics



Impedance vs. frequency characteristics







Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern



Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance(%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1200	±5	30	0.252	1.5	17	75	NL565050T-122J-PF
1500	±5	30	0.252	1.4	20	70	NL565050T-152J-PF
1800	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	1.3	30	60	NL565050T-182J-PF
2200	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	1.2	35	55	NL565050T-222J-PF
2700	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	1.1	55	45	NL565050T-272J-PF
3300	±5	30	0.252	1	60	40	NL565050T-332J-PF
3900	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	1	70	38	NL565050T-392J-PF
4700	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	0.9	78	36	NL565050T-472J-PF
5600	<u>±</u> 5	30	0.252	0.8	85	33	NL565050T-562J-PF
6800	±5	30	0.252	0.7	110	30	NL565050T-682J-PF
8200	±5	30	0.252	0.6	125	28	NL565050T-822J-PF
10000	<u>±</u> 5	20	0.0796	0.5	150	25	NL565050T-103J-PF

* Rated current : The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

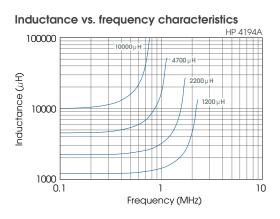
Measuring Instruments

L,Q:HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1)

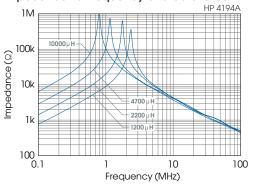
SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer (Zin=Zout=50) Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter

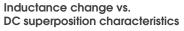


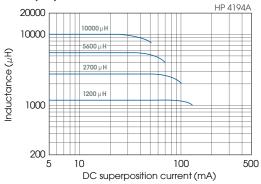




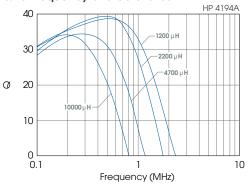
Impedance vs. frequency characteristics



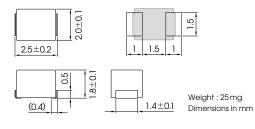


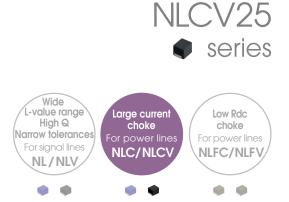






Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±20	20	7.96	200	0.34	475	NLCV25T-1R0M-PF
1.5	±20	20	7.96	165	0.42	435	NLCV25T-1R5M-PF
2.2	±20	20	7.96	95	0.5	390	NLCV25T-2R2M-PF
3.3	±20	20	7.96	55	0.65	340	NLCV25T-3R3M-PF
4.7	±20	20	7.96	43	0.8	285	NLCV25T-4R7M-PF
6.8	±20	20	7.96	39	1	275	NLCV25T-6R8M-PF
10	±10	30	2.52	32	1.69	210	NLCV25T-100K-PF
15	±10	30	2.52	21	2.2	175	NLCV25T-150K-PF
22	±10	30	2.52	18	2.8	160	NLCV25T-220K-PF
33	±10	30	2.52	16	4.2	120	NLCV25T-330K-PF
	1.10						

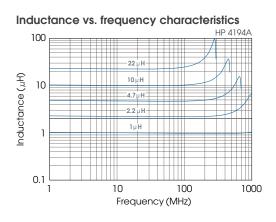
* Rated current: $Th = \frac{1}{3} H$ aller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

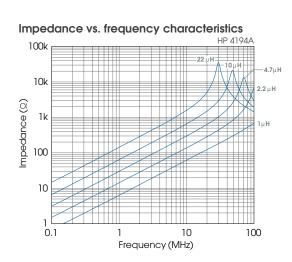
Measuring Instruments

L, Q : HPA194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF : HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc : MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter

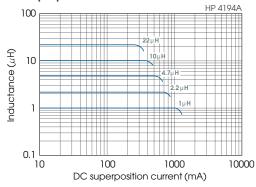


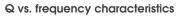


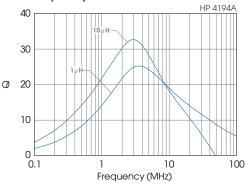




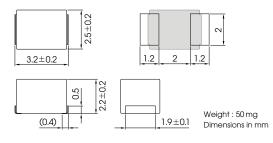
Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics

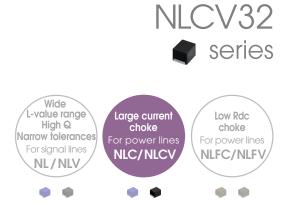






Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
0.15	±20	5	25.2	400	0.028	1450	NLCV32T-R15M-PF
0.22	±20	5	25.2	250	0.034	1250	NLCV32T-R22M-PF
0.47	±20	5	25.2	150	0.042	1100	NLCV32T-R47M-PF
1	±20	10	7.96	100	0.06	1000	NLCV32T-1R0M-PF
1.5	±20	10	7.96	80	0.11	830	NLCV32T-1R5M-PF
2.2	±20	10	7.96	68	0.13	770	NLCV32T-2R2M-PF
3.3	±20	10	7.96	54	0.16	690	NLCV32T-3R3M-PF
4.7	±20	15	7.96	46	0.2	620	NLCV32T-4R7M-PF
6.8	±20	15	7.96	38	0.27	530	NLCV32T-6R8M-PF
10	±10	15	2.52	30	0.36	450	NLCV32T-100K-PF
15	±10	15	2.52	26	0.56	370	NLCV32T-150K-PF
22	±10	15	2.52	21	0.77	300	NLCV32T-220K-PF
33	±10	15	2.52	17	1.1	240	NLCV32T-330K-PF
47	±10	15	2.52	14	1.64	180	NLCV32T-470K-PF
68	±10	15	2.52	12	2.8	140	NLCV32T-680K-PF
100	±10	15	0.796	10	3.7	120	NLCV32T-101K-PF
150	±10	20	0.796	8	6.1	100	NLCV32T-151K-PF
220	±10	20	0.796	7	8.4	80	NLCV32T-221K-PF
330	±10	20	0.796	6	12.3	70	NLCV32T-331K-PF

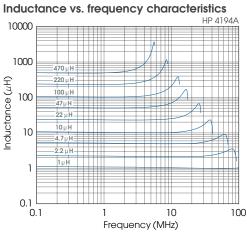
* Rated current : The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

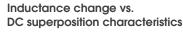
Measuring Instruments

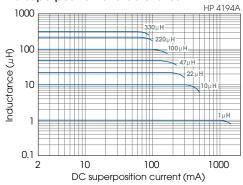
L, Q : YHP4194A Impedance analyzer +YHP16085A + YHP16093B + TF-1 SRF : HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc : MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



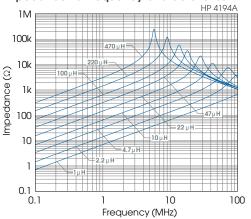


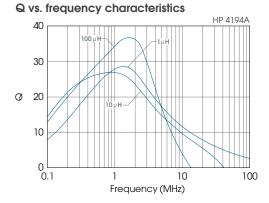




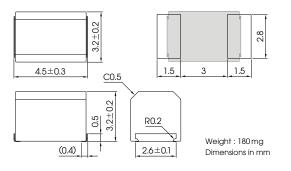


Impedance vs. frequency characteristics





Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

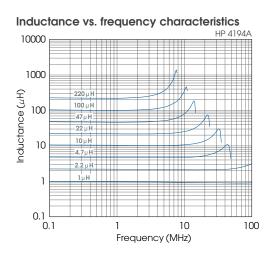
Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.		Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±10	10	7.96	200	0.11	1050	NLC453232T-1R0K-PF
1.2	±10	10	7.96	160	0.12	1000	NLC453232T-1R2K-PF
1.5	±10	10	7.96	130	0.15	950	NLC453232T-1R5K-PF
1.8	±10	10	7.96	100	0.16	900	NLC453232T-1R8K-PF
2.2	±10	10	7.96	80	0.18	850	NLC453232T-2R2K-PF
2.7	±10	10	7.96	60	0.2	800	NLC453232T-2R7K-PF
3.3	±10	10	7.96	45	0.22	750	NLC453232T-3R3K-PF
3.9	±10	10	7.96	40	0.24	700	NLC453232T-3R9K-PF
4.7	±10	10	7.96	35	0.27	650	NLC453232T-4R7K-PF
5.6	±10	10	7.96	30	0.3	650	NLC453232T-5R6K-PF
6.8	±10	10	7.96	28	0.35	600	NLC453232T-6R8K-PF
8.2	±10	10	7.96	25	0.4	600	NLC453232T-8R2K-PF
10	±10	10	2.52	22	0.5	550	NLC453232T-100K-PF
12	±10	10	2.52	21	0.6	500	NLC453232T-120K-PF
15	±10	10	2.52	20	0.7	450	NLC453232T-150K-PF
18	±10	10	2.52	19	0.8	400	NLC453232T-180K-PF
22	±10	10	2.52	18	0.9	370	NLC453232T-220K-PF
27	±10	10	2.52	16	1.2	330	NLC453232T-270K-PF
33	±10	10	2.52	14	1.4	300	NLC453232T-330K-PF
39	±10	10	2.52	12	1.6	280	NLC453232T-390K-PF
47	±10	10	2.52	11.5	1.9	260	NLC453232T-470K-PF
56	±10	10	2.52	11	2.2	240	NLC453232T-560K-PF
68	±10	10	2.52	10	2.6	220	NLC453232T-680K-PF
82	±10	10	2.52	9	3.5	200	NLC453232T-820K-PF
100	±10	20	0.796	8	4	180	NLC453232T-101K-PF
120	±10	20	0.796	7.5	4.5	160	NLC453232T-121K-PF
150	±10	20	0.796	7	6.5	140	NLC453232T-151K-PF
180	±10	20	0.796	6.5	7.5	120	NLC453232T-181K-PF
220	±10	20	0.796	5.5	9	120	NLC453232T-221K-PF
270	±10	20	0.796	5	11	100	NLC453232T-271K-PF
330	±10	20	0.796	4	13	90	NLC453232T-331K-PF

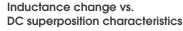
* Rated current : The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

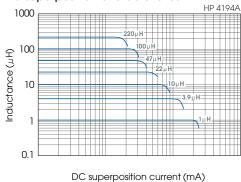
 $Measuring \ Instruments \ L, Q: HP4194A \ Impedance/gain-phase \ analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK \ TF-1) \ SRF: HP8753C \ Network \ analyzer(Zin=Zout=50) \ Rdc: MATSUSHITA \ VP-2941A \ Digital \ milliohm \ meter$



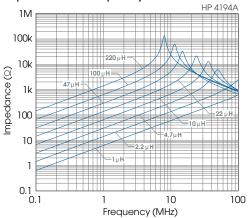


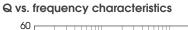


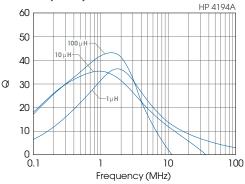


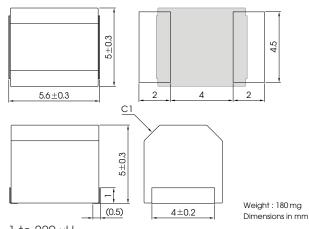


Impedance vs. frequency characteristics









Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern



1 to $220\,\mu\text{H}$ Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±10	10	7.96	95	0.03	1800	NLC565050T-1R0K-PF
1.2	±10	10	7.96	70	0.035	1700	NLC565050T-1R2K-PF
1.5	±10	10	7.96	55	0.04	1600	NLC565050T-1R5K-PF
1.8	±10	10	7.96	47	0.05	1400	NLC565050T-1R8K-PF
2.2	±10	10	7.96	42	0.06	1300	NLC565050T-2R2K-PF
2.7	±10	10	7.96	37	0.07	1200	NLC565050T-2R7K-PF
3.3	±10	10	7.96	34	0.08	1120	NLC565050T-3R3K-PF
3.9	±10	10	7.96	32	0.09	1050	NLC565050T-3R9K-PF
4.7	±10	10	7.96	29	0.11	950	NLC565050T-4R7K-PF
5.6	±10	10	7.96	26	0.13	880	NLC565050T-5R6K-PF
6.8	±10	10	7.96	24	0.15	810	NLC565050T-6R8K-PF
8.2	±10	10	7.96	22	0.18	750	NLC565050T-8R2K-PF
10	±10	10	2.52	19	0.21	690	NLC565050T-100K-PF
12	±10	10	2.52	17	0.25	630	NLC565050T-120K-PF
15	±10	10	2.52	16	0.3	580	NLC565050T-150K-PF
18	±10	10	2.52	14	0.36	530	NLC565050T-180K-PF
22	±10	10	2.52	13	0.43	480	NLC565050T-220K-PF
27	±10	10	2.52	11.5	0.52	440	NLC565050T-270K-PF
33	±10	10	2.52	10.5	0.62	400	NLC565050T-330K-PF
39	±10	10	2.52	9.5	0.72	370	NLC565050T-390K-PF
47	±10	10	2.52	8.5	0.85	340	NLC565050T-470K-PF
56	±10	10	2.52	7.8	1	310	NLC565050T-560K-PF
68	±10	10	2.52	7	1.2	290	NLC565050T-680K-PF
82	±10	10	2.52	6.4	1.4	270	NLC565050T-820K-PF
100	±10	20	0.796	6	1.6	250	NLC565050T-101K-PF
120	±10	20	0.796	5.4	1.9	230	NLC565050T-121K-PF
150	±10	20	0.796	4.8	2.2	210	NLC565050T-151K-PF
180	±10	20	0.796	4.4	2.8	190	NLC565050T-181K-PF
220	±10	20	0.796	3.9	3.4	170	NLC565050T-221K-PF

* Rated current : The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

 $Measuring \ Instruments \ L, Q: HP4194A \ Impedance/gain-phase \ analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK \ TF-1) \ SRF: HP8753C \ Network \ analyzer(Zin=Zout=50) \ Rdc: MATSUSHITA \ VP-2941A \ Digital \ milliohm \ meter$

30





270 to 1000 μH Electrical characteristics

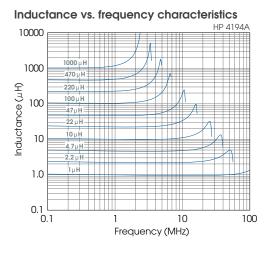
Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
270	±10	20	0.796	3.6	4.2	155	NLC565050T-271K-PF
330	±10	20	0.796	3.2	4.9	140	NLC565050T-331K-PF
390	±10	20	0.796	2.9	5.8	130	NLC565050T-391K-PF
470	±10	20	0.796	2.6	7	120	NLC565050T-471K-PF
560	±10	20	0.796	2.4	8.5	110	NLC565050T-561K-PF
680	±10	20	0.796	2.2	10	100	NLC565050T-681K-PF
820	±10	20	0.796	2	13	90	NLC565050T-821K-PF
1000	±10	20	0.252	1.8	15	85	NLC565050T-102K-PF

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

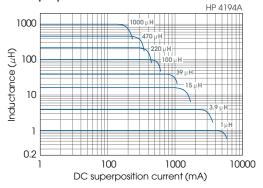
Measuring Instruments

 $L,Q:HP4194A \ \ Impedance/gain-phase \ analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK \ TF-1) \ \ SRF:HP8753C \ Network \ analyzer(Zin=Zout=50) \ \)$

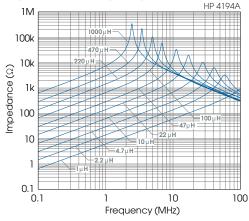
Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



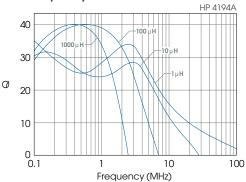
Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics



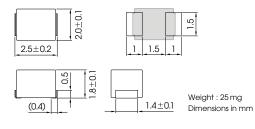
Impedance vs. frequency characteristics

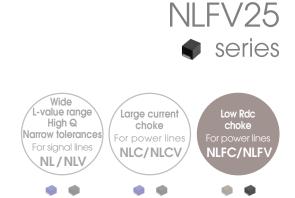


Q vs. frequency characteristics



Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±20	5	7.96	100	0.07	455	NLFV25T-1R0M-PF
1.5	±20	5	7.96	80	0.09	350	NLFV25T-1R5M-PF
2.2	±20	5	7.96	70	0.1	315	NLFV25T-2R2M-PF
3.3	±20	5	7.96	55	0.2	280	NLFV25T-3R3M-PF
4.7	±20	5	7.96	45	0.24	210	NLFV25T-4R7M-PF
6.8	±20	5	7.96	38	0.29	175	NLFV25T-6R8M-PF
10	±10	10	2.52	32	0.36	155	NLFV25T-100K-PF
15	±10	10	2.52	28	0.75	130	NLFV25T-150K-PF
22	±10	10	2.52	16	1	105	NLFV25T-220K-PF
33	±10	10	2.52	14	1.4	85	NLFV25T-330K-PF
47	±10	10	2.52	11	1.7	60	NLFV25T-470K-PF
68	±10	10	2.52	10	3.3	50	NLFV25T-680K-PF
100	±10	10	0.796	8	4	40	NLFV25T-101K-PF

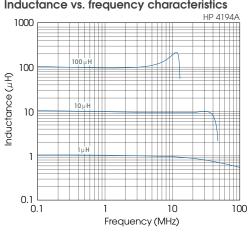
* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20° C temperature rise by self-heating).

Measuring Instruments

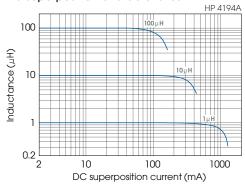
L, Q: HPP194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1) SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



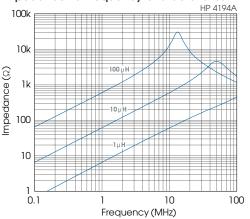


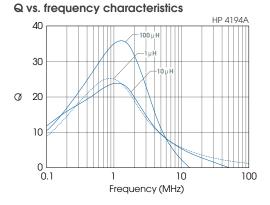


Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics



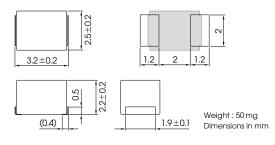
Impedance vs. frequency characteristics





Inductance vs. frequency characteristics

Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance (%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±20	5	7.96	100	0.06	500	NLFC322522T-1R0M-PF
1.5	±20	5	7.96	80	0.08	400	NLFC322522T-1R5M-PF
2.2	±20	5	7.96	68	0.09	340	NLFC322522T-2R2M-PF
3.3	±20	5	7.96	54	0.11	270	NLFC322522T-3R3M-PF
4.7	±20	5	7.96	46	0.13	240	NLFC322522T-4R7M-PF
6.8	±20	5	7.96	38	0.17	195	NLFC322522T-6R8M-PF
10	±10	10	2.52	30	0.26	165	NLFC322522T-100K-PF
15	±10	10	2.52	26	0.32	145	NLFC322522T-150K-PF
22	±10	10	2.52	21	0.5	115	NLFC322522T-220K-PF
33	±10	10	2.52	17	0.75	95	NLFC322522T-330K-PF
47	±10	10	2.52	14	0.95	85	NLFC322522T-470K-PF
68	±10	10	2.52	12	1.5	70	NLFC322522T-680K-PF
100	±10	10	0.796	10	2.5	55	NLFC322522T-101K-PF
150	±10	10	0.796	8	3.2	45	NLFC322522T-151K-PF
220	±10	10	0.796	7	5.4	35	NLFC322522T-221K-PF
330	±10	10	0.796	5	7	30	NLFC322522T-331K-PF
470	±10	10	0.796	4	16	25	NLFC322522T-471K-PF
680	±10	10	0.796	3	20	20	NLFC322522T-681K-PF
1000	±10	10	0.252	2.4	24	15	NLFC322522T-102K-PF

* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

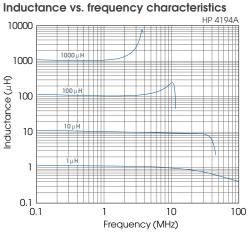
Measuring Instruments

L,Q:HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1)

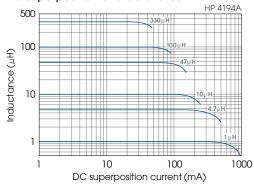
SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer (Zin=Zout=50) Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter



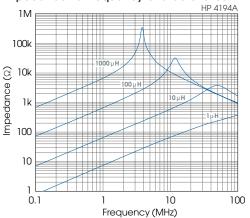


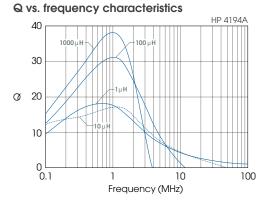


Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics

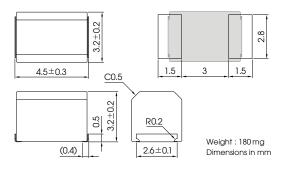


Impedance vs. frequency characteristics





Shapes and dimensions / Recommended PC board pattern





Electrical characteristics

Inductance (µH)	Inductance tolerance(%)	Q min.	L, Q test frequency (MHz)	Self-resonance frequency (MHz) min.	DC resistance (Ω) max.	Rated current* (mA) max.	Part No.
1	±20	10	7.96	200	0.05	800	NLFC453232T-1R0M-PF
1.5	±20	10	7.96	130	0.06	700	NLFC453232T-1R5M-PF
2.2	±20	10	7.96	80	0.07	600	NLFC453232T-2R2M-PF
3.3	±20	10	7.96	45	0.09	460	NLFC453232T-3R3M-PF
4.7	±20	10	7.96	35	0.1	400	NLFC453232T-4R7M-PF
6.8	±20	10	7.96	28	0.14	300	NLFC453232T-6R8M-PF
10	±10	10	2.52	22	0.21	250	NLFC453232T-100K-PF
15	±10	10	2.52	20	0.3	200	NLFC453232T-150K-PF
22	±10	10	2.52	18	0.46	170	NLFC453232T-220K-PF
33	±10	10	2.52	14	0.63	140	NLFC453232T-330K-PF
47	±10	10	2.52	11.5	0.85	120	NLFC453232T-470K-PF
68	±10	10	2.52	10	1.2	100	NLFC453232T-680K-PF
100	±10	10	0.796	8	1.	90	NLFC453232T-101K-PF
150	±10	10	0.796	7	2.3	65	NLFC453232T-151K-PF
220	±10	10	0.796	5.5	3.8	55	NLFC453232T-221K-PF
330	±10	10	0.796	4	6	45	NLFC453232T-331K-PF

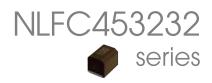
* Rated current: The smaller value is applied between the values based on inductance change rate (decreased by 10% compared to the nominal inductance value) and the one based on temperature rise (20°C temperature rise by self-heating).

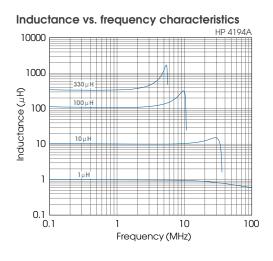
Measuring Instruments

L,Q:HP4194A Impedance/gain-phase analyzer(16085A+16093B+TDK TF-1)

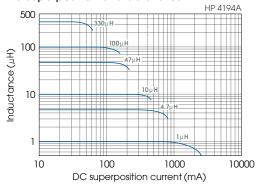
SRF: HP8753C Network analyzer (Zin=Zout=50) Rdc: MATSUSHITA VP-2941A Digital milliohm meter







Inductance change vs. DC superposition characteristics



Impedance vs. frequency characteristics

