

♦STRUCTURE	Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit
♦PRODUCT	1,024 × 8 bit Electrically Erasable PROM
◇PART NUMBER	BU9832GUL-W
♦ PHYSICAL DIMENSION	Fig.1 (Plastic Mold)
♦BLOCK DIAGRAM	Fig.2
♦USE	General purpose
\$FEATURES	 1,024 words × 8 bits architecture serial EEPROM Wide operating voltage range (1.8V~5.5V) Serial Peripheral Interface (CPOL,CPHA)=(0.0),(1.1) Self-timed write cycle with automatic erase Low power consumption Write (5V) : 1.5mA (Typ.) Read (5V) : 0.5mA (Typ.) Standby (5V) : 0.1 μ A(Typ.) Auto-increment of registers address for Read mode 32 byte Page Write mode DATA security Defaults to power up with write-disabled state Software instructions for write-enable/disable Write status register protect feature (WPB pin) Block writes protection by status register Write inhibit at low VCC WL-CSP package VCSP50L2 High reliability fine pattern CMOS technology Initial data FFh in all address and 00h in status register Data retention : 40 years Endurance : 1,000,000 erase/write cycles

♦ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	mbol Rating		Unit
Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3~6.5		V
Power Dissipation	Pd	VCSP50L2	220	mW
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-65~125		°C
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40~85		°C
Terminal Voltage	_	-0.3~VCC+0.3		V

*Degradation is done at $2.2 \text{mW/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ for operation above 25°C



◇RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	1.8~5.5	V
Input Voltage	VIN	0~Vcc	V

ODC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified Ta=-40~85°C, VCC=1.8~5.5V)

Devenator	Symbol	Specification				
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	test condition
"H" Input Voltage1	VIH1	0.7×Vcc	I	Vcc+0.3	V	1.8V≦Vcc≦5.5V
"L" Input Voltage1	VIL1	-0.3	-	0.3×Vcc	v	1.8V≦Vcc≦5.5V
"L" Output Voltage1	Vol1	0	_	0.4	v	IOL=2.1mA, 2.5V≦Vcc≦5.5V
"L" Output Voltage2	Vol2	0	-	0.2	V	IOL=100μA, 1.8V≦Vcc<2.5V
"H" Output Voltage1	Vон1	Vcc-0.5	-	Vcc	V	IOH=−0.4mA (2.5V≦Vcc≦5.5V)
"H" Output Voltage2	Voh2	Vcc-0.2	-	Vcc	v	IOH=−100μA (1.8V≦Vcc<2.5V)
Input Leakage Current	Iц	-1	_	1	μA	VIN=0V~Vcc
Output Leakage Current	Ilo	-1	-	1	μA	Vout=0V~Vcc, CSB=Vcc
	Icc1	-	_	1.0	mA	Vcc=1.8V, fSCK=2MHz, tE/W=5ms Byte Write, Page Write Write Status Register
Operating Current Write	ICC2	-	_	2.0	mA	Vcc=2.5V, fSCK=5MHz, tE/W=5ms Byte Write, Page Write Write Status Register
Icc3 — —		_	3.0	mA	Vcc=5.5V, fSCK=5MHz, tE/W=5ms Byte Write, Page Write Write Status Register	
	ICC3	_	-	1.5	mA	Vcc=2.5V, fSCK=5MHz Read, Read Status Register
Operating Current Read	ICC4	-	_	2.0	mA	Vcc=5.5V, fSCK=5MHz Read, Read Status Register
Standby Current	ISB			2.0	μA	Vcc=5.5V, CS=HOLD=WP=Vcc, SCK=SI=Vcc or GND, SO=OPEN

OThis product is not designed for protection against radioactive rays.

♦ MEMORY CELL CHARACTERISTICS(Ta=25°C、Vcc=1.8~5.5V)

Demonster		11.3		
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Write/Erase Cycle ※1	1,000,000	—	-	Cycle
Data Retention	40	-	-	Year

$\bigcirc Input/Output$ Capacitance (Ta=25 $^\circ\!C$ frequency=5MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Capacitance ※1	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =GND	-	8	pF
Output Capacitance ※1	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =GND	-	8	pF
					-

※1:Not 100% Tested





Fig.1 PHYSICAL DIMENSION



♦ PIN CONFIGURATION



◇PIN CONFIGURATION





◇PIN NAME

Land No.	PIN NAME	I/O	FUNCTION			
A1	WP	IN	Write Protect Input When WPEN bit is high in status register, WP input pin become active and is able to inhibit "Write Status Register"			
A2	GND	—	Ground (0V)			
A3	SI	IN	Start Bit, Op.code, Address, Serial Data Input			
B1	SO	OUT	Serial Data Output			
B3	SCK	IN	Serial Data Clock Input			
C1	CS	IN	Chip Select Control			
C2	Vcc	_	Power Supply			
C3	HOLD	IN	Hold Input Hold Input is able to suspend data transmission for a time.			



♦ SYNCHRONOUS DATA TIMING



SI data is latched into the chip at the rising edge of SCK clock. Address and data must be transferred from MSB.



Fig.5 INPUT AND OUTPUT TIMING

SO data toggles at the falling edge of SCK clock. Output data toggles from MSB.



AC Condition

Devemeter	Construct		l loit		
Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
Load Capacitance 1	CL1	-	-	100	pF
Load Capacitance 2	CL2	-	-	30	pF
Input Rise times	_	-	-	50	ns
Input Fall times	-	-	-	50	ns
Input Pulse Voltage	-		V		
Input and Output			0.2\/aa/0.7\/aa		V
Timing Reference Voltages	-	0.3Vcc/0.7Vcc			



AC OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=-40~85°C) *Load capacitance1 C_{L1}=100pF

Demonstern	Course la cl	1.8≦	≦Vcc<:	2.5V	2.5≦	≦Vcc≦	l loit	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
SCK clock Frequency	fSCK	-	-	2	-	-	5	MHz
SCK High Time	tSCKWH	200	-	-	85	-	-	ns
SCK Low Time	tSCKWL	200	-	-	85	-	-	ns
CS High Time	tCS	200	1	-	85	-	1	ns
CS Setup Time	tCSS	200	I	-	90	-	I	ns
CS Hold Time	tCSH	200	I	1	85	I	I	ns
SCK Setup Time	tSCKS	200	-	-	90	-	-	ns
SCK Hold Time	tSCKH	200	-	-	90	-	-	ns
SI Setup Time	tDIS	40	1	-	20	-	1	ns
SI Hold Time	tDIH	50	I	I	40	I	I	ns
Output Data Delay Time1	tPD1	-	-	150	-	-	70	ns
Output Data Delay Time2 (CL2=30pF)	tPD2	-	-	145	-	-	55	ns
Output Hold Time	tOH	0	-	-	0	-	-	ns
Output Disable Time	tOZ	-	-	250	-	-	100	ns
Clock High Setup Time before HOLD Active.	tHFS	120	-	-	60	-	-	ns
Clock Low Hold Time after HOLD Active.	tHFH	90	_	_	40	-	-	ns
Clock High Setup Time before HOLD not Active.	tHRS	120	_	_	60	_	_	ns
Clock Low Hold Time after HOLD not Active.	tHRH	140	-	-	70	-	-	ns
HOLD to Output High–Z	tHOZ	-	-	250	-	-	100	ns
HOLD to Output Valid	tHPD	-	-	150	-	-	70	ns
SCK Rise Time *1	tRC	_	-	1	_	_	1	μs
SCK Fall Time *1	tFC	_	_	1	-	_	1	μs
Output Rise Time *1	tRO	-	-	100	-	-	50	ns
Output Fall Time *1	tFO	_	_	100	_	_	50	ns
Write Cycle Time	tE/W	_	-	5	-	_	5	ms

*1 Not 100% TESTED



♦ Functional Description

OStatus Register

The device has status register.

Status register consists of 8bits and is shown following parameters.

3bits(WPEN, BP0 and BP1) are set by "Write Status Register" commands, which are non-volatile.

Specification of endurance and data retention are as well as memory array.

WEN bit is set by "Write enable" and "Write Disable" commands. After power become on, the device is disable mode. \overline{R}/B bit is a read-only and status bit. The device is clocked out value of the

status register by "Read Status Register" command input.

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
WPEN	0	0	0	BP1	BP0	WEN	R ∕B
						V	Den't

Bit	Definition					
WPEN	WP pin ENABLE Bit WPEN=0 : no use WPEN=1 Protect					
BP0/BP1	Block write protection for memory array (EEPROM)					
WEN	Write enable/disable state bit WEN=0 : write disable WEN=1 : write enable					
	READY / BUSY status bit $\overline{R}/B=0$: READY $\overline{R}/B=1$: BUSY					

Table1. Status Register

BP1	BP0	Block Write Protection
0	0	None
0	1	300h-3FFh
1	0	200h-3FFh
1	1	000h-3FFh

Table2. Block Write Protection

OWP pin

The device inhibits to write the data into status register during \overline{WP} is low. WPEN bit in status register needs to be high to enable \overline{WP} pin function.

OHOLD pin

HOLD pin is able to suspend data transmission for a time (Hold state). HOLD pin is normally high for transmission of the data. SCK and SI input are "Don't Care" and SO output state is

Hi-Z for hold state.

After HOLD pin is brought high to release hold state during SCK is low, the device resumes to transfer the data. For example, in case the device is hold state after A5 (the address data) input in read command, to resume the data transmission enable starting A4 (the address data) input

after hold state is release. When \overline{CS} is brought high with hold state, the device is reset and cannot resume the data transmission.



♦INSTRUCTION CODE

Instruction	Operation	Op.Code	Address
WREN	Write enable	0000 0110	_
WRDI	Write disable	0000 0100	_
READ	Read data from memory array	0000 0011	A9 ~ A0
WRITE	Write data to memory array	0000 0010	A9 ~ A0
RDSR	Read status register	0000 0101	-
WRSR	Write status register	0000 0001	_



♦TIMING CHART

1.WREN (WRITE ENABLE)



Fig.8 WRITE DISABLE CYCLE TIMING

2.WRDI (WRITE DISABLE)

The device has both of the enable and disable mode. After "Write Enable" is executed, the device becomes in the enable mode. After "Write Disable" is executed, the device becomes in the disable mode. After \overline{CS} goes low, each of Op.code is recognized at the rising edge of 7th clock. Each of instructions is effective inputting seven or more SCK clocks.

This "Write Enable" instruction must be proceeded before the any write commands.

The device ignores inputting the any write commands in the disable mode.

Once the any write commands is executed in the enable mode, the device becomes the disable mode.

After the power become on, the device is in the disable mode.



3.READ



Fig.9 READ CYCLE TIMING

The data stored in the memory are clocked out after "Read" instruction is received.

After $\overline{\text{CS}}$ goes low, the address need to be sent following by Op.code of "Read".

The data at the address specified are clocked out from D7 to D0, which is start at the falling edge of 23th clock.

This device has the auto-increment feature that provides the whole data of the memory array with one read command, outputs the next address data following the addressed 8bits of data by keeping SCK clocking. When the highest address is reached, the address counter rolls over to the lowest address allowing the continuous read cycle.



4.WRITE



Fig.10 WRITE CYCLE TIMING

This "Write" command writes 8bits of data into the specified address. After \overline{CS} goes low,the address need to be sent following by Op.code of "Write". Between the rising edge of the 31th clock and it of the 32th clock, the rising edge of \overline{CS} initiates high voltage cycle, which writes the data into non-volatile memory array, but the command is cancelled if \overline{CS} is high except that period. It takes maximum 5ms in high voltage cycle (tE/W). The device does not receive any command except for "Read Status Register" command during this high voltage cycle.

This device is capable of writing the data of maximum 32byte into memory array at the same time, which keep inputting two or more byte data with $\overline{\text{CS}}$ "L"after 8bits of data input.

For this Page Write commands, the six higher order bits of address are set, the four low order address bits are internally incremented by 5bits of data input.

If more than 32 words, are transmitted the address counter "roll over", and the previous transmitted data is overwritten.



5. RDSR (READ STATUS REGISTER)



Fig.11 READ STATUS REGISTER CYCLE TIMING

The data stored in the status register is clocked out after "Read Status Register" instruction is received.

After CS goes low, Op.code of "Read Status Register" need to sent.

The data stored in the status register is clocked out of the device on the falling edge of 7th clock. Bit6, Bit5 and Bit4 in the status register are read as 0.

This device has the auto-increment feature as well as "Read" that outputs the 8bits of the same data following it to keep SCK clocking.

It is possible to see ready and busy state by executing this command during tE/W.



5.WRSR (WRITE STATUS RESISTER)



Fig.12 WRITE STATUS REGISTER WRITE CYCLE TIMING

This "Write Status Register" command writes the data, two (BP1, BP0) of the eight bits, into the status register. Write protection is set by BP1 and BP0 bits.

After CS goes low, Op.code of "Read Status Register" need to sent. Between the rising edge of the 15th clock and it of the 16th clock, the rising edge of \overline{CS} initiates high voltage cycle, which writes the data into non-volatile memory array, but the command is cancelled if \overline{CS} is high exceptthat period. It takes maximum 5ms in high voltage cycle (tE/W) as well as "Write".Block write protection is determined by BP1 and BP0 bits, which is selected from quarter, half and the entire memory array. (See Table2 BLOCK WRITE PROTECTION.)

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