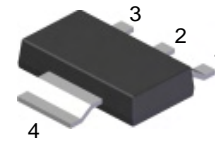


## Features

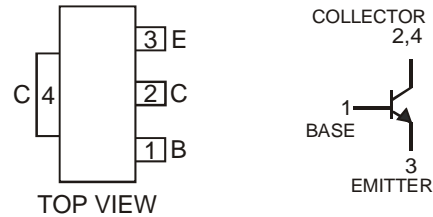
- Epitaxial Planar Die Construction
- Complementary PNP Type Available (DZT2907A)
- Ideally Suited for Automated Assembly Processes
- Ideal for Medium Power Switching or Amplification Applications
- **Lead Free By Design/RoHS Compliant (Note 1)**
- **"Green" Device (Note 2)**



SOT-223

## Mechanical Data

- Case: SOT-223
- Case Material: Molded Plastic, "Green" Molding Compound. UL Flammability Classification Rating 94V-0
- Moisture Sensitivity: Level 1 per J-STD-020C
- Terminals: Finish - Matte Tin annealed over Copper Leadframe (Lead Free Plating). Solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Marking Information: See Page 4
- Ordering Information: See Page 4
- Weight: 0.115 grams (approximate)



Schematic and Pin Configuration

## Maximum Ratings @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	75	V
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6	V
Collector Continuous Current	$I_C$	600	mA

## Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)	$P_d$	1	W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Air (Note 3) @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	125	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	$T_j, T_{STG}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- Notes:
1. No purposefully added lead.
  2. Diodes Inc.'s "Green" policy can be found on our website at [http://www.diodes.com/products/lead\\_free/index.php](http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free/index.php).
  3. Device mounted on FR-4 PCB pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf>.

## Electrical Characteristics @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b>					
Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	75	—	V	$I_C = 10\mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	40	—	V	$I_C = 10\text{mA}, I_B = 0$
Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6	—	V	$I_E = 10\mu\text{A}, I_C = 0$
Collector Cut-Off Current	$I_{CBO}$	—	10	nA	$V_{CB} = 50\text{V}, I_E = 0$
Emitter Cut-Off Current	$I_{EBO}$	—	10	nA	$V_{EB} = 3\text{V}, I_C = 0$
Collector-Emitter Cut-Off Current	$I_{CEX}$	—	10	nA	$V_{CE} = 60\text{V}, V_{EB(off)} = 3\text{V}$
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4)</b>					
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(SAT)}$	—	0.3	V	$I_C = 150\text{mA}, I_B = 15\text{mA}$
		—	1.0	V	$I_C = 500\text{mA}, I_B = 50\text{mA}$
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{BE(SAT)}$	0.6	1.2	V	$I_C = 150\text{mA}, I_B = 15\text{mA}$
		—	2.0	V	$I_C = 500\text{mA}, I_B = 50\text{mA}$
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	35	—	V	$I_C = 0.1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		50	—		$I_C = 1\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		75	—		$I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		35	—		$I_C = 10\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$
		100	300		$I_C = 150\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
		50	—		$I_C = 150\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 1\text{V}$
		40	—		$I_C = 500\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
<b>SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Transition Frequency	$f_T$	300	—	MHz	$I_C = 20\text{mA}, V_{CE} = 20\text{V}, f = 100\text{MHz}$
Output Capacitance	$C_{obo}$	—	8	pF	$V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, I_E = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
Input Capacitance	$C_{ibo}$	—	25	pF	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}, I_C = 0, f = 1\text{MHz}$
<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS</b>					
Delay Time	$t_d$	—	10	ns	$V_{CE} = 30\text{V}, V_{EB(off)} = 0.5\text{V}, I_C = 150\text{mA}, I_{B1} = 15\text{mA}$
Rise Time	$t_r$	—	25	ns	
Storage Time	$t_s$	—	225	ns	$V_{CE} = 30\text{V}, I_C = 150\text{mA}, I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15\text{mA}$
Fall Time	$t_f$	—	60	ns	

Notes: 4. Measured under pulsed conditions. Pulse width = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ . Duty Cycle,  $d < = 2\%$ .

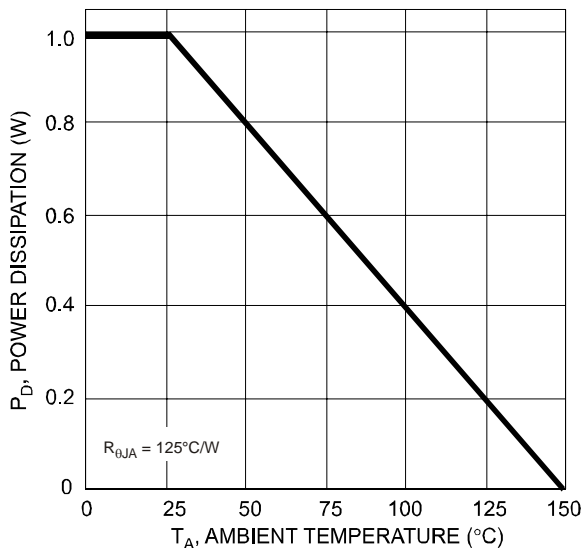


Fig. 1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

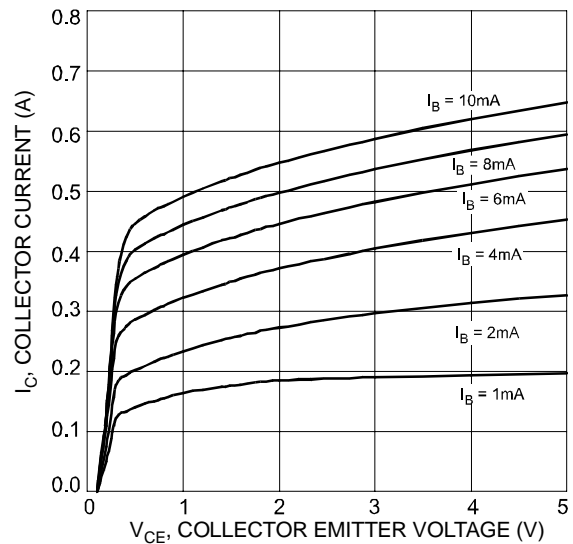


Fig. 2 Typical Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

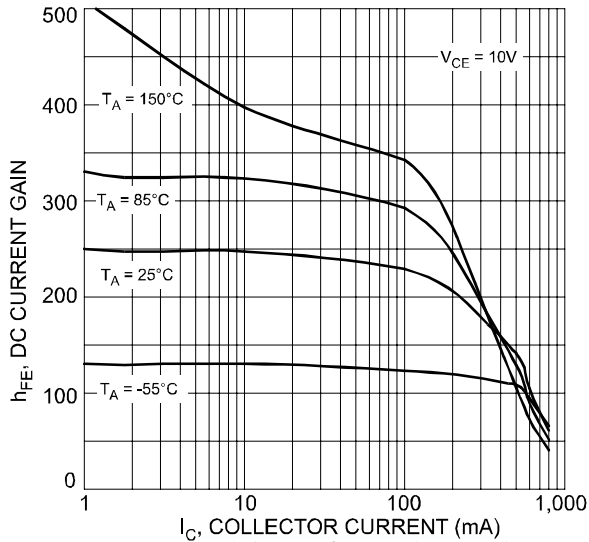


Fig. 3 Typical DC Current Gain vs. Collector Current

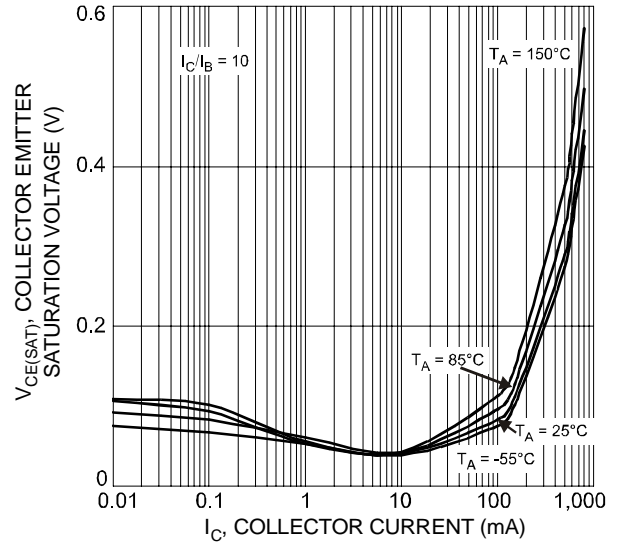


Fig. 4 Typical Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

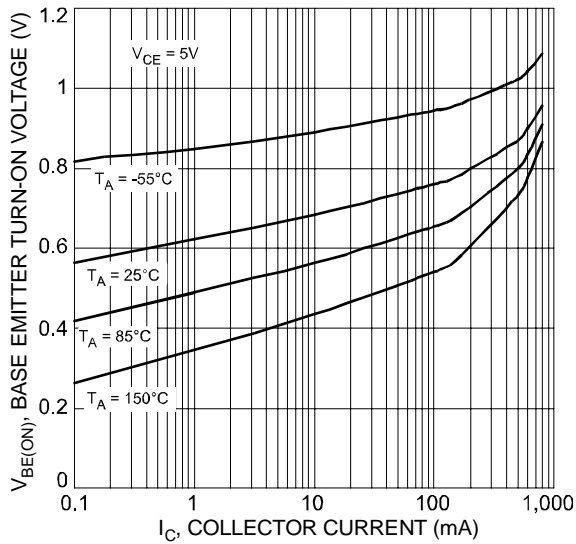


Fig. 5 Typical Base Emitter Turn-On Voltage vs. Collector Current

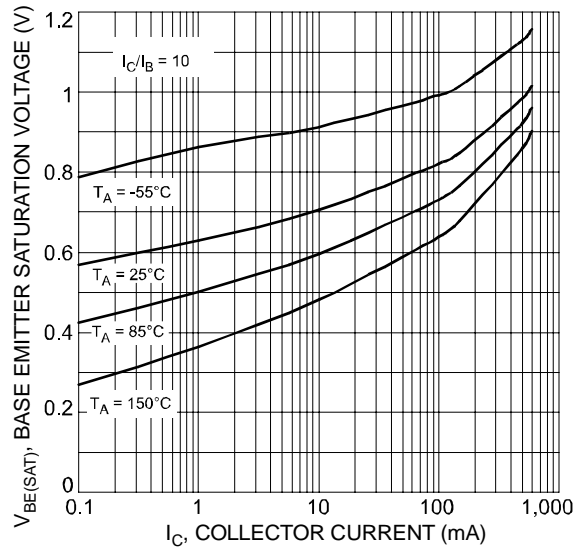


Fig. 6 Typical Base Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

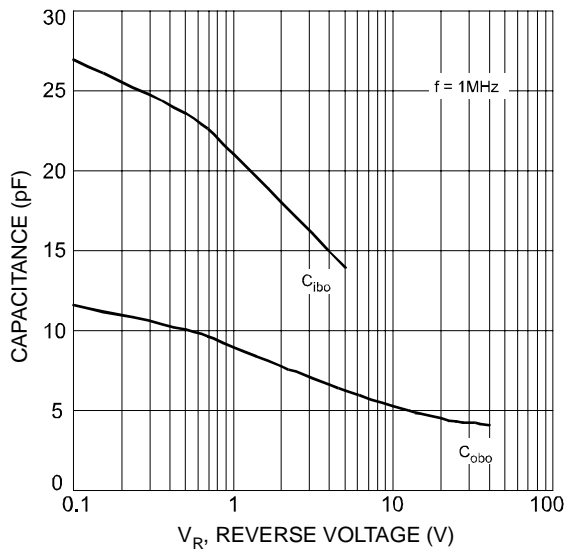


Fig. 7 Typical Capacitance Characteristics

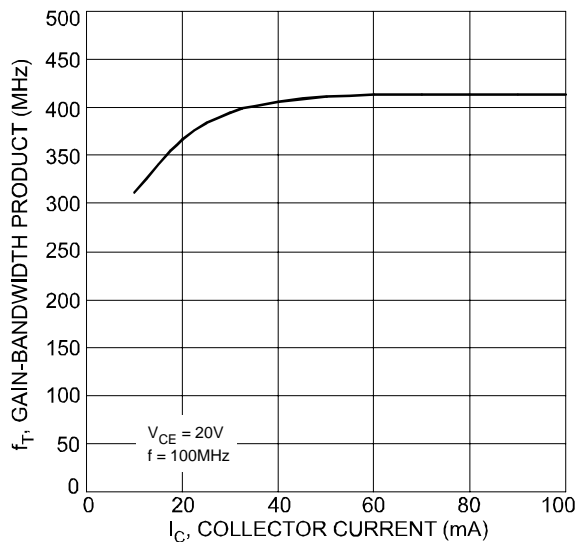


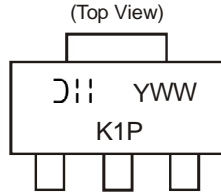
Fig. 8 Typical Gain-Bandwidth Product vs. Collector Current

## Ordering Information (Note 5)

Device	Packaging	Shipping
DZT2222A-13	SOT-223	2500/Tape & Reel

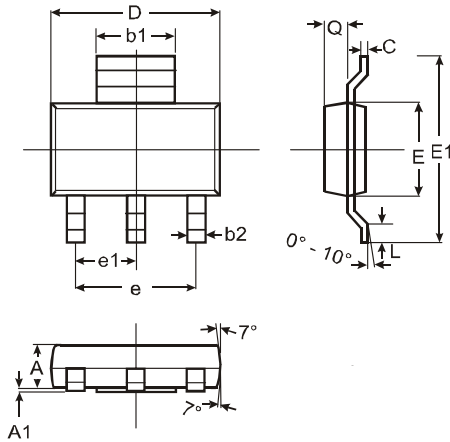
Notes: 5. For packaging details, go to our website at <http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf>.

## Marking Information



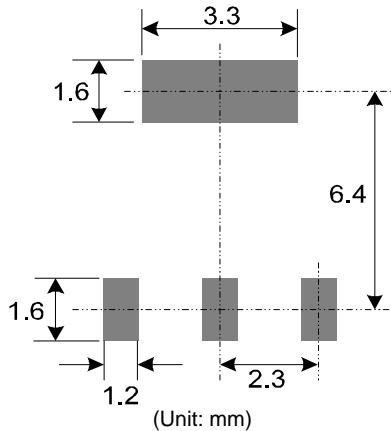
K1P = Product Type Marking Code  
 YWW = Date Code Marking  
 Y = Last Digit of Year ex: 7 = 2007  
 WW = Week Code 01-52

## Package Outline Dimensions



SOT-223			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	1.55	1.65	1.60
A1	0.010	0.15	0.05
b1	2.90	3.10	3.00
b2	0.60	0.80	0.70
C	0.20	0.30	0.25
D	6.45	6.55	6.50
E	3.45	3.55	3.50
E1	6.90	7.10	7.00
e	—	—	4.60
e1	—	—	2.30
L	0.55	0.75	0.65
Q	0.84	0.94	0.89
All Dimensions in mm			

## Suggested Pad Layout: (Based on IPC-SM-782)



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