

## LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

# HIGH PERFORMANCE **CURRENT MODE POWER** SWITCH

### DESCRIPTION

The UTC UPS703 is designed for several special enhancements to satisfy the demands, for example, Power-Saving mode for low standby power (<0.3W), Frequency Hopping , Constant Output Power Limiting , Slope Compensation ,Over Current Protection (OCP), Over Voltage Protection (OVP), Over Load Protection (OLP), Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO), Short Circuit Protection (SCP), Over Temperature Protection (OTP) etc. IC will be shutdown or can auto-restart in relative situations.

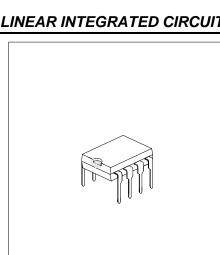
## FEATURE

- \* Low Startup Current (About 22µA)
- \* Fixed Switching Frequency(Norm. is 68KHz)
- \* Frequency Hopping For Improved EMI Performance.
- \* Lower Than 0.3W Standby Power Design
- \* Linearly Decreasing Frequency to 26KHz During Light Load
- \* Soft Start
- \* Internal Slope Compensation
- \* Constant Power Limiting For Universal AC Input Range
- \* Gate Output Maximum Voltage Clamp(15V)
- \* Max Duty Cycle 74%
- \* Over Temperature Protection
- \* Overload Protection
- \* Over Voltage Protection
- \* Leading Edge Blanking
- \* Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
- \* Under Voltage Lock Out
- \* Short Circuit Protection

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

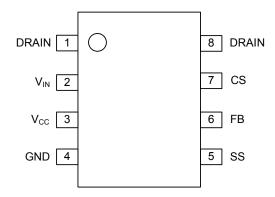
Ordering	Number	Daakaaa	Pooking		
Lead Free Halogen Free		Package	Packing		
UPS703L-D08-T	UPS703L-D08-T UPS703G-D08-T		Tube		

UPS703 <u>L-D08-T</u>	(1) Packing Type (2) Package Type (3) Lead Plating	(1) T: Tube (2) D08: DIP-8 (3) G: Halogen Free, L: Lead Free



DIP-8

## ■ PIN CONFIGURATION

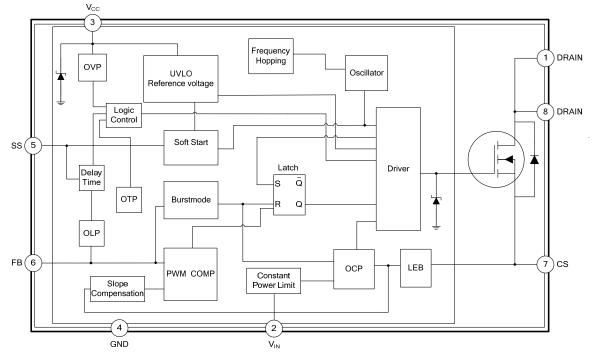


## PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	DRAIN	Power MOSFET drain
2	V <sub>IN</sub>	For startup and constant power limit, this pin is pulled to the line input via resistor
3	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage
4	GND	Ground
5	SS	Soft-start
6	FB	Feedback
7	CS	Controller current sense input
8	DRAIN	Power MOSFET drain



### BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: OLP (Over Load Protection) OVP (Over Voltage Protection) OTP (Over Temperature Protection) OCP (Over Current Protection) UVLO (Under Voltage Latch-Out) LEB (Led Edge Blanking) SS (Soft Start)



#### ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	30	V
Input Voltage to Vin Pin	Vin	30	V
Input Voltage to FB Pin	V <sub>FB</sub>	-0.3 ~ 6.2	V
Input Voltage to CS Pin	V <sub>CS</sub>	-0.3 ~ 2.8	V
Junction Temperature	TJ	150	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-50 ~ +150	°C

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device could be permanently damaged. Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	Vcc	8.6 ~ 22	V

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=15V, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY SECTION						
Start Up Current	I <sub>STR</sub>	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(ON)} - 0.1V$		22	45	μA
Supply Current with Switch	I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = 0, I <sub>FB</sub> = 0		6	8	mA
Supply Current with Switch	I <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = 4.8V, I <sub>FB</sub> = 0		7	9	mA
UNDER-VOLTAGE LOCKOUT SECTION				-		
Start Threshold Voltage	V <sub>THD(ON)</sub>		13.5	14.2	15	V
Min. Operating Voltage	V <sub>CC(MIN)</sub>		7.5	8.2	9	V
Hysteresis	V <sub>CC(HY)</sub>			6		V
INTERNAL VOLTAGE REFERENCE				-		
Reference Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	measured at pin V <sub>FB</sub>	6.2	6.4	6.6	V
CONTROL SECTION				-		
V <sub>FB</sub> Operating Level	V <sub>MIN</sub>		0.5			V
	V <sub>MAX</sub>				4.4	V
Burst-Mode Out FB Voltage	V <sub>FB(OUT)</sub>	V <sub>CS</sub> =0		1.7		V
Reduce-Frequency end FB Voltage	V <sub>FB(END)</sub>	V <sub>CS</sub> =0		1.6		V
Burst-Mode Enter FB Voltage	V <sub>FB(IN)</sub>	V <sub>CS</sub> =0		1.5		V
Switch Eroguepov Normal	F <sub>(SW)</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> = 4V	61	68	75	kHz
Switch Frequency Power-Saving		Before enter burst mode	20		40	kHz
Duty Cycle	D <sub>MAX</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =4.4V, V <sub>CS</sub> =0	68	74	80	%
	D <sub>MIN</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> <0.5V	0			%
Frequency Hopping	F <sub>J(SW)</sub>		±1.5	±3	±4.5	kHz
Frequency Variation VS V <sub>CC</sub> Deviation	F <sub>DV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =10 to 20V			5	%
Frequency Variation VS Temperature	F	T=-40 to 105°C			F	%
Deviation	F <sub>DT</sub>	1=-40 to 105 C			5	%
Feedback Resistor	R <sub>FB</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =0V	16	21	26	kΩ
Soft-Start Time	T <sub>ss</sub>	C <sub>SS</sub> =0.47µF	9.9	11.2	12.6	ms
PROTECTION SECTION					•	•
	V <sub>OVP1</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> <3.5V,V <sub>FB</sub> >5V		19		V
OVP Threshold	V <sub>OVP2</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> =4.8V, V <sub>FB</sub> =3V		28		V
OLP Threshold	V <sub>FB(OLP)</sub>	V <sub>CS</sub> =0, SS OPEN	4.6	4.8	5.0	V
Delay Time Of OLP	T <sub>D-OLP</sub>	C <sub>SS</sub> =0.47µF	55	62	70	ms
OTP Threshold	T <sub>(THR)</sub>		120	135	150	°C
OVP Disable Threshold	V <sub>SS(DEACT)</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> >5V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 22V	3.7	4	4.3	V
OLP Enable Threshold	V <sub>SS(ACT)</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> >5V	5	5.3	5.6	V



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## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(Cont.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
Peak Current Limitation	V <sub>CS</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =4.4V		0.85	1	V			
Threshold Voltage For I <sub>VIN</sub> =60µA	V <sub>SENSE-L</sub>	I <sub>VIN</sub> =60μA		0.76		V			
POWER MOS-TRANSISTOR SECTION									
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>D</sub> =250µA	700			V			
Turn-On Voltage between Gate and Source	V <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250µA	2		4	V			
Drain-Source Diode Continuous Source					3	^			
Current	Is				3	A			
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V,I <sub>D</sub> =1.5A		2.8	4	Ω			
Rise Time	t <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =30V, I <sub>D</sub> =1.0A		30	70	ns			
Fall Time	t <sub>F</sub>	RG=25Ω (Note 1,2)		30	70	ns			

Notes: 1. Pulse Test: Pulse width≤300µs, Duty cycle≤2%

2. Essentially independent of operating temperature



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The internal reference voltages and bias circuit work at V<sub>CC</sub>> V<sub>THD (ON)</sub>, and shutdown at V<sub>CC</sub><V<sub>CC (MIN)</sub>.

#### (1) Soft-Start

When every IC power on, driver output duty cycle will be decided by voltage V<sub>SS</sub> on soft-start capacitor and V<sub>CS</sub> on current sense resistor at beginning. After V<sub>SS</sub> reach 4.2V, the whole soft-start phase end, and driver duty cycle depend on V<sub>FB</sub> and V<sub>CS</sub>. The relation among V<sub>SS</sub>, V<sub>FB</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> as followed FIG.3.

Furthermore, soft-start phase should end before  $V_{CC}$  reach  $V_{CC (MIN)}$  during  $V_{CC}$  power on. Otherwise, if soft-start phase remain not end before  $V_{CC}$  reach  $V_{CC (MIN)}$  during  $V_{CC}$  power on, IC will enter auto-restart phase and not set up  $V_{OUT}$ . So the value of  $C_{SS}$  should be between 0.1µFand 4.7µF.

Finally soft-start also set OVP1 active phase. OVP1 active phase between 0 and  $V_{SS(DEACT)}$ , OVP1 will not be sensed after  $V_{SS}$  reach  $V_{SS(DEACT)}$ . The Soft-start phase  $T_{SS}$ :  $T_{SS}$  = 23.8×C<sub>SS</sub> (ms) (Example:  $C_{SS}$ =0.47µF, then  $T_{SS}$ =23.8×0.47=11.2ms).

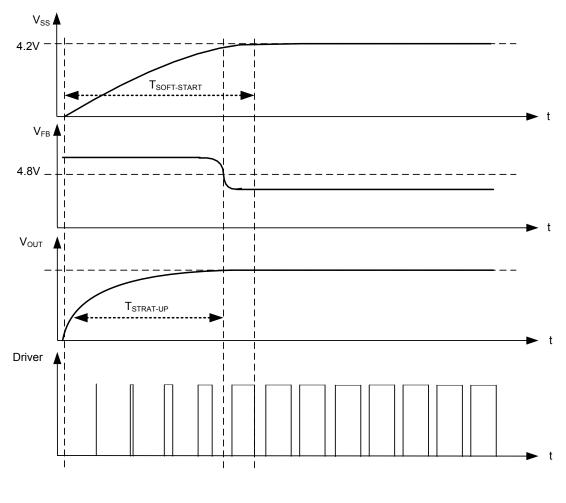


Fig.3 Soft-start phase



#### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION(Cont.)

#### (2) Switch Frequency Set

The maximum switch frequency is set to 68kHz. Switch frequency is modulated by output power  $P_{OUT}$  during IC operating. At no load or light load condition, most of the power dissipation in a switching mode power supply is from switching loss on the MOSFET transistor, the core loss of the transformer and the loss on the subber circuit. The magnitude of power loss is in proportion to the number of switching events within a fixed period of time. So lower switch frequency at lower load, which more and more improve IC's efficiency at light load. At from no load to light load condition, The IC will operate at from Burst mode to Reducing Frequency Mode. The relation curve between  $f_{SW}$  and  $P_{OUT}/P_{OUT}$  (MAX) as followed FIG.4.

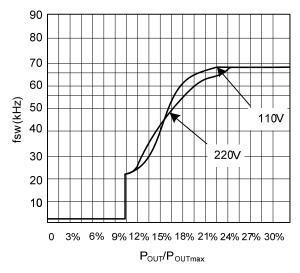


FIG.4 The relation curve between f<sub>SW</sub> and relative output power POUT/ POUT (MAX)

#### (3) Internal Synchronized Slope Compensation

Built-in slope compensation circuit adds voltage ramp onto the current sense input voltage for PWM generation, this greatly improves the close loop stability at CCM and prevents the sub-harmonic oscillation and thus reduces the output ripple voltage.

#### (4) Frequency Hopping For EMI Improvement

The Frequency hopping is implemented in the IC; there are two oscillators built-in the IC. The first oscillator is to set the normal switching frequency; the switching frequency is modulated with a period signal generated by the 2nd oscillator. The relation between the first oscillator and the 2nd oscillator as followed FIG.5. So the tone energy is evenly spread out, the spread spectrum minimizes the conduction band EMI and therefore eases the system design in meeting stringent EMI requirement.

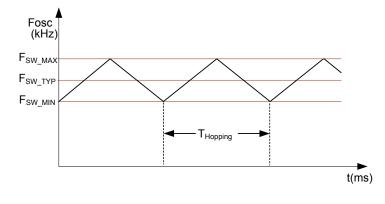


FIG.5 Frequency Hopping



### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION(Cont.)

#### (5) Constant Output Power Limit

When the SENSE voltage, across the sense resistor  $R_S$ , reaches the threshold voltage, around 0.8V, the output GATE drive will be turned off after a small propagation delay  $t_D$ . This propagation delay will introduce an additional current proportional to  $t_a \times V_{IN}/L_D$ . Since the propagation delay is nearly constant regardless of the input line voltage  $V_{IN}$ . Higher input line voltage will result in a larger additional current and hence the output power limit is also higher than that under low input line voltage. To compensate this variation for wide AC input range, the threshold voltage is adjusted by the  $V_{IN}$  current. Since  $V_{IN}$  pin is connected to the rectified input line voltage through a resistor  $R_{VIN}$ , a higher line voltage will generate higher  $V_{IN}$  current into the  $V_{IN}$  pin. The threshold voltage is decreased if the  $V_{IN}$  current is increased. Smaller threshold voltage, forces the output GATE drive to terminate earlier, thus reduce the total PWM turn-on time and make the output power equal to that of low line input. This proprietary internal compensation ensures a constant output power limit for wide AC input voltage from 90VAC to 264VAC.

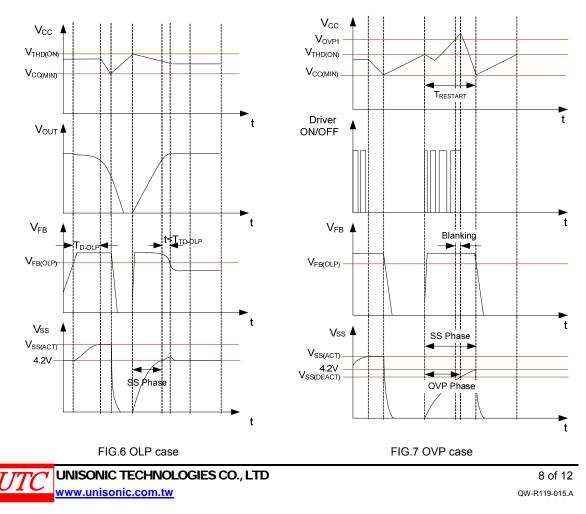
#### (6) Protection section

The IC takes on more protection functions such as OLP, OVP and OTP etc. In case of those failure modes for continual blanking time, the driver is shut down. At the same time, IC enters auto-restart,  $V_{CC}$  power on and driver is reset after  $V_{CC}$  power on again.

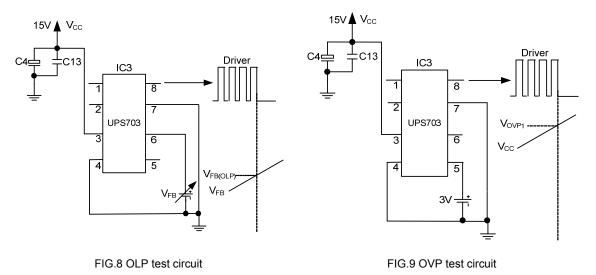
#### OLP

After soft-start phase end, IC will shutdown driver if over load state occurs for continual  $T_{D-OLP}$ . OLP function will not inactive during soft-start phase. OLP case as followed FIG. 6. The test circuit as followed FIG.8.  $T_{D-OLP}$ =5.53× $T_{SS.}$  OVP

There are two kinds of OVP circuits, the first OVP function are enabled only when  $V_{SS} < V_{SS (DEACT)} \& V_{FB} > V_{FB}$ (OLP) during soft-start phase. During above condition, driver will be shutdown if over voltage state occurs ( $V_{CC} > V_{OVP1}$ ) for continual a blanking time. The first OVP function will not inactive after soft-start phase. The second OVP will shutdown the switching of the power MOSFET whenever  $V_{CC} > V_{OVP2}$ . The first OVP case as followed FIG.7. The test circuit as followed FIG.9.



### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION(Cont.)



#### ΟΤΡ

OTP will shut down driver when junction temperature T<sub>J</sub>>T (THR) for continual a blanking time.

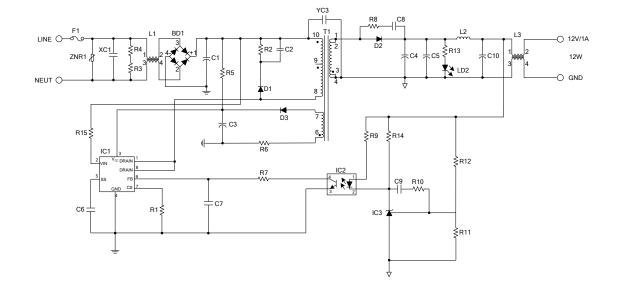
#### (7) Driver Output Section

The driver-stage drives the gate of the MOSFET and is optimized to minimize EMI and to provide high circuit efficiency. This is done by reducing the switch on slope when reaching the MOSFET threshold. This is achieved by a slope control of the rising edge at the driver's output. The output driver is clamped by an internal 15V Zener diode in order to protect power MOSFET transistors against undesirable gate over voltage.

#### (8) Inside power switch MOS transistor

Specific power MOS transistor parameter is as "POWER MOS TRANSISTOR SECTION" in **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** table.





## **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT**



DESIGNATOR	PART TYPE	DESIGNATOR	PART TYPE	DESIGNATOR	PART TYPE
C1	22µF	R1	1.3Ω	D1	FR107
C2	102P	R2	68KΩ	D2	SB3100
C3	22µF	R3	2.2MΩ	D3	US1D
C4	470µF	R4	2.2MΩ	IC1	UPS703

#### Table1. Components reference description for UPS703 application circuit

C2	102P	R2	68KΩ	D2	SB3100
C3	22µF	R3	2.2MΩ	D3	US1D
C4	470µF	R4	2.2MΩ	IC1	UPS703
C5	470µF	R5	1MΩ	IC2	PC-817
C6	104P	R6	0Ω	IC3	TL431
C7	103P	R7	0Ω	T1	EE22
C8	102	R8	15Ω	L1	UU9.8
C9	104	R9	560Ω	L2	2µH
C10	220µF	R10	1ΚΩ	L3	Ring Choke
		R11	3.9KΩ	LD2	LED
		R12	15ΚΩ	F1	1.0A/250V
		R13	5.1KΩ	ZNR1	7D471K
		R14	1.8KΩ	XC1	154P/275V
		R15	1.5MΩ~4.0 MΩ	BD1	B6S
				YC3	222



## LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS Feedback Voltage During Loadjump From 10% Up To 100% Load (V<sub>AC</sub>=90V) 12V 10V 8V 6V 4V 2V 0 -2V 0 2000 4000 Time (400µs/div) Startup With Full Load Condition at $\dot{V}_{AC}$ =90V, $V_{SS}$ and $V_{OUT}$ 8V 6V 4V 2V $V_{SS}$ 0 10V 5V VOUT 0 0 50 100 Time (10ms/div) Startup Behavior At Nominal Load Condition V<sub>AC</sub>=90V 8V 6V 4V 2V $V_{SS}$ 0 4V 2V $V_{FB}$ 0

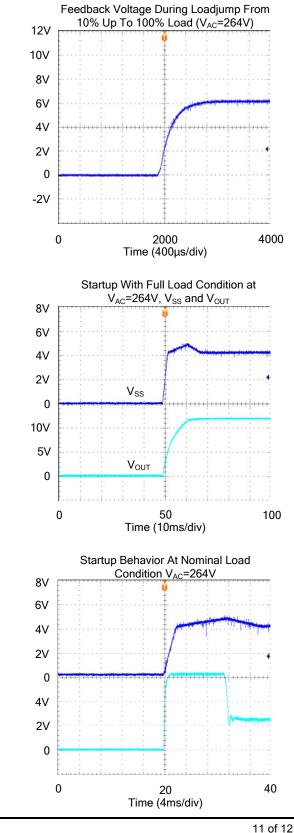
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Time (4ms/div)

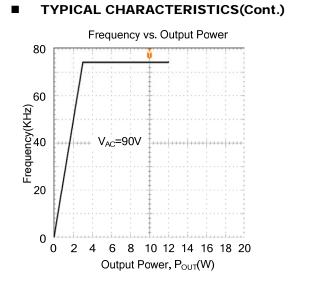
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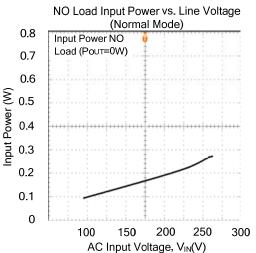
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