

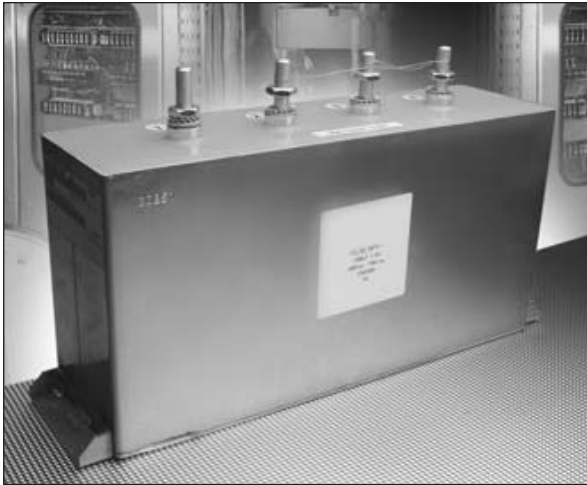
# Medium Power Film Capacitors



## FFLC Design

DC FILTERING

### DC FILTERING



### APPLICATIONS

The FFLC is specifically designed for DC filtering, low reactive power.

### PACKAGING

Rectangular resin filled aluminum case.

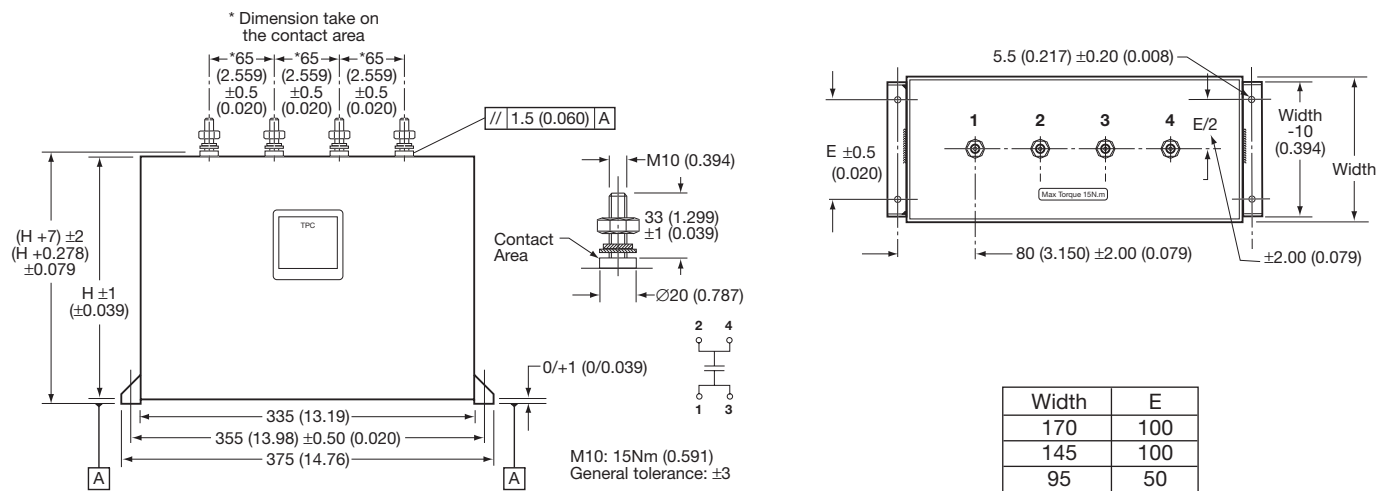
FFLC capacitors meet the level 2 requirement of the fire behavior standard NF F 16 102.

### PRESENTATION

Non-painted rectangular resin filled aluminium case

4 x M10 terminals\*

**NEW** Available with M10 X 12 female terminal upon request (last codification digit "--" become in that case "JE")



### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Climatic Category	40/85/56 (IEC 60068)
Test Voltage Between Terminals	@ 25°C: 1.5 x U <sub>N,dc</sub> during 10s
Test Voltage Between Terminals and Case (Type test for FFLB, routine test for FFLC)	@ 25°C: @ 4 kVrms @ 50Hz during 1 min.



# Medium Power Film Capacitors



## FFLC Design

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

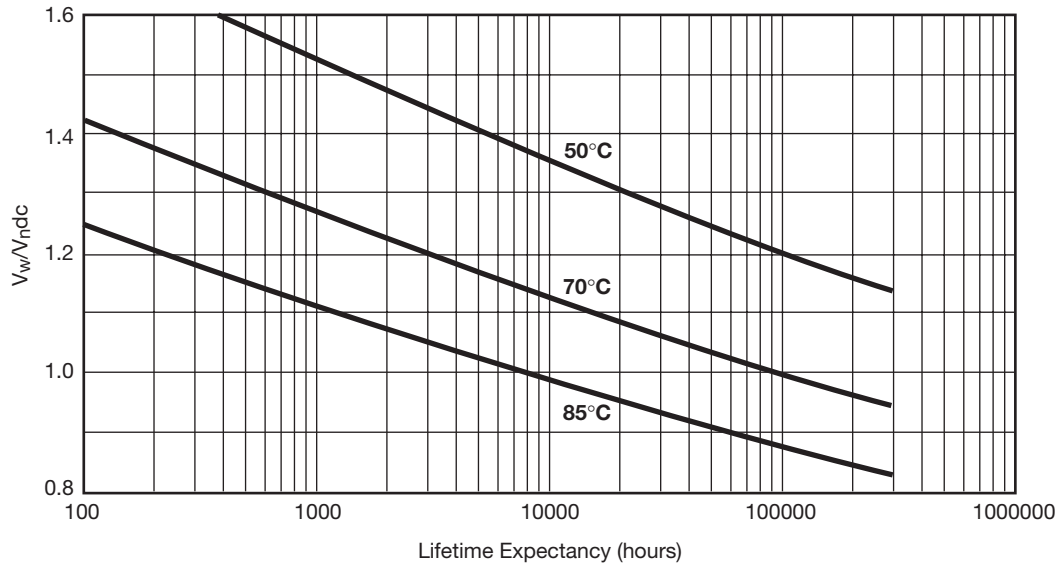
Capacitance range $C_n$	1120 $\mu$ F to 8800 $\mu$ F (other values available upon request)
Tolerance on $C_n$	$\pm 10\%$
Rated DC voltage $V_{n,dc}$	680 to 1200 V
Maximum rms current $I_{rms, max}$	140 Arms to 300 Arms
Stray inductance $L_s^*$	28 nH to 40 nH

### FFLC

Part Number	Capacitance ( $\mu$ F)	Height mm (in)	Width mm (in)	$I_{rms}$ (A)	$L_s^*$ (nH)	$R_s$ (m $\Omega$ )	$R_{th}$ ( $^{\circ}$ C/W)	Weight (kg)
<b><math>U_N</math> dc: 680 V</b>								
FFLC6A8807K--	8800	240 (9.449)	170 (6.693)	220	40	0.58	1.2	18
FFLC6A7157K--	7150	240 (9.449)	145 (5.709)	230	38	0.50	1.2	13.2
FFLC6A6507K--	6500	240 (9.449)	145 (5.709)	210	38	0.55	1.3	15.5
FFLC6A5607K--	5600	170 (6.693)	170 (6.693)	140	35	0.88	1.8	15.5
FFLC6A4557K--	4550	170 (6.693)	145 (5.709)	150	30	0.77	1.8	11.3
FFLC6A4187K--	4180	240 (9.449)	95 (3.740)	300	35	0.34	1.0	10.3
FFLC6A2667K--	2660	170 (6.693)	95 (3.740)	170	28	0.49	1.6	7.3
<b><math>U_N</math> dc: 1000 V</b>								
FFLC6L5067K--	5060	240 (9.449)	170 (6.693)	250	40	0.61	1.2	17.2
FFLC6L3207K--	3200	170 (6.693)	170 (6.693)	150	35	0.89	1.9	12.4
FFLC6L4307K--	4300	240 (9.449)	145 (5.709)	300	38	0.52	1.1	15.5
FFLC6L2737K--	2730	170 (6.693)	145 (5.709)	170	30	0.75	1.6	11.3
FFLC6L2537K--	2530	240 (9.449)	95 (3.740)	300	35	0.36	0.8	10.3
FFLC6L1607K--	1600	170 (6.693)	95 (3.740)	170	28	0.51	1.2	7.3
<b><math>U_N</math> dc : 1200 V</b>								
FFLC6U3527K--	3520	240 (9.449)	170 (6.693)	250	40	0.71	1.2	18.8
FFLC6U2247K--	2240	170 (6.693)	170 (6.693)	150	35	1.1	1.9	12.7
FFLC6U3007K--	3000	240 (9.449)	145 (5.709)	300	38	0.60	1.1	15.5
FFLC6U1907K--	1900	170 (6.693)	145 (5.709)	170	30	0.87	1.6	11.3
FFLC6U1757K--	1750	240 (9.449)	95 (3.740)	300	35	0.41	0.8	10.3
FFLC6U1127K--	1120	170 (6.693)	95 (3.740)	170	28	0.59	1.2	7.3

\*Very low stray inductance for high frequency applications on request.

### LIFETIME EXPECTANCY vs HOT SPOT TEMPERATURE AND VOLTAGE



$V_w$ : permanent working or operating DC-voltage.

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Climatic category 40/85/56 (IEC 60068)

FFLC overvoltage: ( $V_s$ ):  $V_s = 2 V_{ndc}$  and limited at 2100V

Maximum overvoltage	Peak value	Maximum duration
	1.67 $V_{ndc}$	100 ms 1 time per week
	1.25 $V_{ndc}$	100 ms 1 time per day
	1.1 $V_{ndc}$	1 min 1 time per day

Test voltage between terminals @ 25°C  
1.5 x  $V_{ndc}$  for 10s

Test voltage between terminals and case @ 25°C  
@ 4 kVrms @ 50 Hz for 1 min.

### STANDARDS

- IEC 61071-1: Power electronic capacitors
- IEC 61071-2: Power electronic capacitors
- IEC 60068-1: Environmental testing
  - IEC 60077: Rules for electric traction equipment
  - UL 94: Fire requirements
- NF F 16-101
- NF F 16-102: Fire and smoke requirements
- IEC 61881: Railway applications, rolling stock equipment, capacitors for power electronics

### HOT SPOT CALCULATION

$$\theta_{\text{hot spot}} = \theta_{\text{ambient}} + (P_d + P_t) \times R_{th}$$

with  $P_d$  (Dielectric losses) =  $Q \times \text{tg}\delta_0$   
 $\Rightarrow [ \frac{1}{2} \times C_n \times (V_{\text{peak to peak}})^2 \times f ] \times (2 \times 10^{-4})$   
 $P_t$  (Thermal losses) =  $R_s \times (I_{rms})^2$

where  $C_n$  in Farad       $I_{rms}$  in Ampere       $f$  in Hertz  
 $V$  in Volt               $R_s$  in Ohm               $\theta$  in °C  
 $R_{th}$  in °C/W