

# INTEGRATED SYMMETRICAL AND ASYMMETRICAL BIDIRECTIONAL OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTORS FOR LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES L7581/2/3 LINE CARD ACCESS SWITCHES

# TISPL758LF3D LCAS Protector

# Symmetrical and Asymmetrical Characteristics for Optimum Protection of Lucent L7581/2/3 LCAS

| Terminal Pair      | V <sub>DRM</sub><br>V | V <sub>(BO)</sub><br>V |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| T-G (SYMMETRICAL)  | ±105                  | ±130                   |
| R-G (ASYMMETRICAL) | +105, -180            | +130, -220             |

Customized versions available

### **Rated for International Surge Wave Shapes**

| Wave Shape Standard |              | I <sub>TSP</sub> |
|---------------------|--------------|------------------|
| wave Snape          | Standard     | Α                |
| 2/10 μs             | GR-1089-CORE | 175              |
| 8/20 μs             | ANSI C62.41  | 120              |
| 10/160 μs           | FCC Part 68  | 60               |
| 10/700 μs           | ITU-T K20/21 | 50               |
| 10/560 μs           | FCC Part 68  | 45               |
| 10/1000 μs          | GR-1089-CORE | 35               |

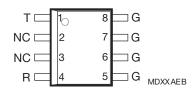
Ion-Implanted Breakdown Region

- -Precise And Stable Voltage
- —Low Voltage Overshoot Under Surge

**Planar Passivated Junctions** 

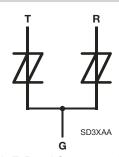
| - Low Off-State | Current | < +· | 10 | пΔ |
|-----------------|---------|------|----|----|
|                 |         |      |    |    |

## D Package (Top View)



NC - No internal connection

### **Device Symbol**



Terminals T, R and G correspond to the alternative line designators of A, B and C

.....UL Recognized Component

### **How to Order**

| Device         | Carrier          | Order As        |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| TISPL758LF3D   | Tube             | TISPL758LF3D-S  |
| TIOI E700E1 0D | Taped and reeled | TISPL758LF3DR-S |

### **Description**

The TISPL758LF3 is an integrated combination of a symmetrical bidirectional overvoltage protector and an asymmetrical bidirectional overvoltage protector. It is designed to limit the peak voltages on the line terminals of the Lucent Technologies L7581/2/3 LCAS (Line Card Access Switches). An LCAS may also be referred to as a Solid State Relay, SSR, i.e. a replacement of the conventional electro-mechanical relay.

The TISPL758LF3D voltages are chosen to give adequate LCAS protection for all switch conditions. The most potentially stressful condition is low level power cross when the LCAS switches are closed. Under this condition, the TISPL758LF3D limits the voltage and corresponding LCAS dissipation until the LCAS thermal trip operates and opens the switches.

Under open-circuit ringing conditions, the line ring (R) conductor will have high peak voltages. For battery backed ringing, the ring conductor will have a larger peak negative voltage than positive i.e. the peak voltages are asymmetric. An overvoltage protector with a similar voltage asymmetry will give the most effective protection. On a connected line, the tip (T) conductor will have much smaller voltage levels than the open-circuit ring conductor values. Here a symmetrical voltage protector gives adequate protection.

<sup>\*</sup>RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC Jan 27 2003 including Annex JANUARY 1998 – REVISED JANUARY 2007 Specifications are subject to change without notice. Customers should verify actual device performance in their specific applications.

# TISPL758LF3D LCAS Protector

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### **Description (Continued)**

Overvoltages are normally caused by a.c. power system or lightning flash disturbances which are induced or conducted on to the telephone line. These overvoltages are initially clipped by protector breakdown clamping until the voltage rises to the breakover level, which causes the device to crowbar into a low-voltage on state. This low-voltage on state causes the current resulting from the overvoltage to be safely diverted through the device. For negative surges, the high crowbar holding current prevents d.c. latchup with the SLIC current, as the surge current subsides. The TISPL758LF3 is guaranteed to voltage limit and withstand the listed international lightning surges in both polarities.

Support from the Microelectronics Group of Lucent Technologies Inc. is gratefully acknowledged in the definition of the TISPL758LF3D voltage levels and for performing TISPL758LF3D evaluations.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C (Unless Otherwise Noted)

| Rating  | Symbol           | Value       | Unit |
|---|------------------|-------------|------|
| Repetitive peak off-state voltage R-G terminals   | V                | -180, +105  | V    |
| T-G terminals   | $V_{DRM}$        | -105, +105  | V    |
| Non-repetitive peak on-state pulse current (see Notes 1, 2 and 3)                             |                  |             |      |
| 2/10 μs (GR-1089-CORE, 2/10 μs voltage wave shape)  |                  | 175         |      |
| 8/20 μs (ANSI C62.41, 1.2/50 μs voltage wave shape)   |                  | 120         |      |
| 10/160 μs (FCC Part 68, 10/160 μs voltage wave shape)   |                  | 60          |      |
| 5/200 μs (VDE 0433, 2.0 kV, 10/700 μs voltage wave shape)                                     |                  | 50          | ^    |
| 0.2/310 μs (l3124, 2.0 kV, 0.5/700 μs voltage wave shape)                                     | I <sub>TSP</sub> | 50          | Α    |
| 5/310 μs (ITU-T K20/21, 2.0 kV, 10/700 μs voltage wave shape)                                 |                  | 50          |      |
| 5/310 μs (FTZ R12, 2.0 kV, 10/700 μs voltage wave shape)                                      |                  | 50          |      |
| 10/560 μs (FCC Part 68, 10/560 μs voltage wave shape)   |                  | 45          |      |
| 10/1000 μs (GR-1089-CORE, 10/1000 μs voltage wave shape)                                      |                  | 35          |      |
| Non-repetitive peak on-state current (see Notes 1, 2 and 3)                                   |                  |             |      |
| full sine wave 50 Hz  |                  | 16          | А    |
| 60 Hz   | I <sub>TSM</sub> | 20          | A    |
| Repetitive peak on-state current, 50/60 Hz, (see Notes 2 and 3)                               |                  | 2x1         | Α    |
| Initial rate of rise of on-state current, Exponential current ramp, Maximum ramp value < 70 A |                  | 150         | A/μs |
| Junction temperature  |                  | -40 to +150 | °C   |
| Storage temperature range   | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40 to +150 | °C   |

NOTES: 1. Above the maximum specified temperature, derate linearly to zero at 150 °C lead temperature.

- 2. Initially the TISPL758LF3 must be in thermal equilibrium with 0  $^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{J}} < 70 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}.$
- 3. The surge may be repeated after the TISPL758LF3 returns to its initial conditions.

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

|     | Component                        |   | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|
| R1  | Series Resistor for GR-1089-CORE | first-level surge, operational pass (4.5.7) | 20  |     |     | Ω    |
|     | Series Resistor for FCC Part 68  | 10/160 non-operational pass                 | 0   |     |     |      |
| R1  |                                  | 10/160 operational pass                     | 18  |     |     | Ω    |
| n i |                                  | 10/560 non-operational pass                 | 0   |     |     | 52   |
|     |                                  | 10/560 operational pass                     | 10  |     |     |      |
| R1  | Series Resistor for ITU-T K20/21 | 10/700, < 2 kV, operational pass            | 0   |     |     | Ω    |
| n i |                                  | 10/700, 4 kV, operational pass              | 40  |     |     | 52   |

# TISPL758LF3D LCAS Protector

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# Electrical Characteristics for the T-G and R-G Terminal Pairs, T<sub>J</sub> = 25 °C (Unless Otherwise Noted)

|                                     | Parameter Test Conditions                                |   | Value         |      | Unit |      |       |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|---------------|------|------|------|-------|
|                                     | raiailletei  | lest Conditions -   |               | Min  | Тур  | Max  | Ollit |
| I <sub>DRM</sub>                    | Repetitive peak off-<br>state current                    | $V_D = \pm V_{DRM}$ , (See Note 4)  |               |      |      | ±10  | μΑ    |
| \/                                  | Breakover voltage  | dv/dt = +250 \//ms  | R-G terminals | -220 |      | +130 | V     |
| V <sub>(BO)</sub> Breakover voltage | $dv/dt = \pm 250 \text{ V/ms},  R_{SOURCE} = 300 \Omega$ | T-G terminals   | -130          |      | +130 | v    |       |
| \/                                  | Impulse breakover  | Rated impulse conditions with operational pass  | R-G terminals | -240 |      | +140 | V     |
| V <sub>(BO)</sub>                   | voltage  | series resistor   | T-G terminals | -140 |      | +140 | v     |
| 1                                   | Holding current  | di/dt = -30 mA/ms   |               | +100 |      |      | mA    |
| IH                                  | riolaling current  | di/dt = +30 mA/ms   |               | -150 |      |      | ША    |
| I <sub>D</sub>                      | Off-state current  | $0 < V_D < \pm 50 \text{ V}, T_J = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$                                 |               |      |      | ±10  | μΑ    |
| C <sub>TG</sub>                     | Off-state capacitance                                    | $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_d = 1 \text{ V rms}$ $V_{TG} = -5 \text{ V}$ , (See Note 5)  |               |      | 18   | 36   | рF    |
| C <sub>RG</sub>                     | Off-state capacitance                                    | $f = 100 \text{ kHz}$ , $V_d = 1 \text{ V rms}$ $V_{TG} = -50 \text{ V}$ , (See Note 5) |               |      | 10   | 20   | рF    |

- NOTES: 4. Positive and negative values of  $\rm V_{DRM}$  are not equal. See ratings table.
  - 5. These capacitance measurements employ a three terminal capacitance bridge incorporating a guard circuit. The third terminal is connected to the guard terminal of the bridge.

# **Thermal Characteristics**

| Parameter  | Test Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| R <sub>θJA</sub> Junction to free air thermal resistance |                 |     |     | 160 | °C/W |

# **Parameter Measurement Information**

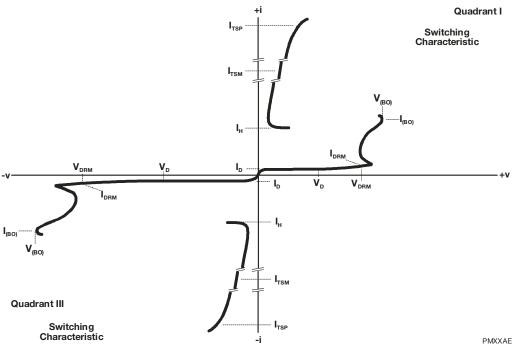


Figure 1. Asymmetrical Voltage-Current Characteristic for R-G Terminal Pair

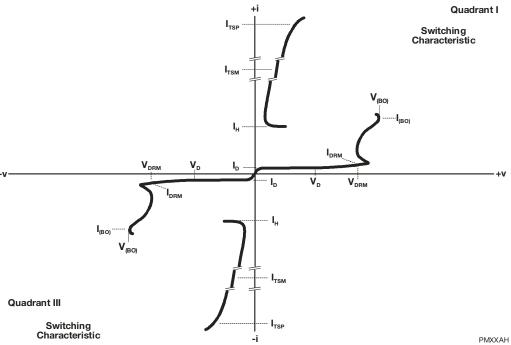
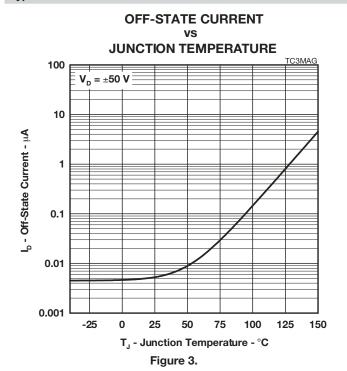


Figure 2. Symmetrical Voltage-current Characteristic for T-G Terminal Pair

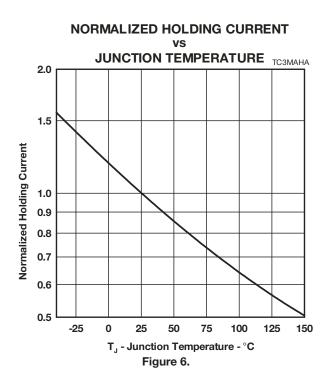
### **Typical Characteristics**



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# NORMALIZED BREAKDOWN VOLTAGES VS JUNCTION TEMPERATURE TC3MAJA V(BO) VDRM VDRM VDRM TJ - Junction Temperature - °C

Figure 4.



JANUARY 1998 – REVISED JANUARY 2007 Specifications are subject to change without notice. Customers should verify actual device performance in their specific applications.

Figure 5.

# **Applications Information**

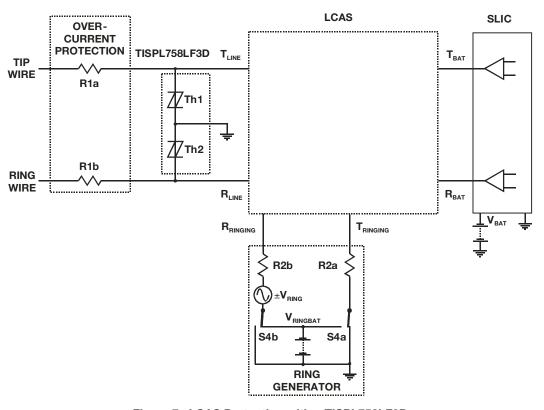


Figure 7. LCAS Protection with a TISPL758LF3D

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