

## OPE5394WK

The **OPE5394WK** is GaAlAs infrared emitting diode that is designed for high radiant intensity and low forward voltage. This device is optimized for efficiency at emission wavelength 940nm and has a high radiant efficiency over a wide range of forward current. This device is packaged T1-3/4 plastic package and has suitable beam angle with lensed package and cup frame.

### FEATURES

- High-output power
- Suitable beam angle
- Available for pulse operating

### APPLICATIONS

- Optical emitters
- Optical switches
- Smoke sensors
- IR remote control
- IR sound transmission

### STORAGE

- Condition : 5°C~35°C, R.H.60%
  - Terms : within 3 months from production date
  - Remark : Once the package is opened, the products should be used within a day.  
Otherwise, it should be keeping in a damp proof box with desiccants.
- \* Please take proper steps in order to secure reliability and safety in required conditions and environments for this device.

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	150	mW
Forward current	I <sub>F</sub>	100	mA
Pulse forward current <sup>*1</sup>	I <sub>FP</sub>	1.0	A
Reverse voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5.0	V
Operating temp.	T <sub>opr.</sub>	-25~+85	°C
Soldering temp. <sup>*2</sup>	T <sub>sol.</sub>	260.	°C

<sup>\*1</sup>.Duty ratio = 1/100, pulse width=0.1ms.

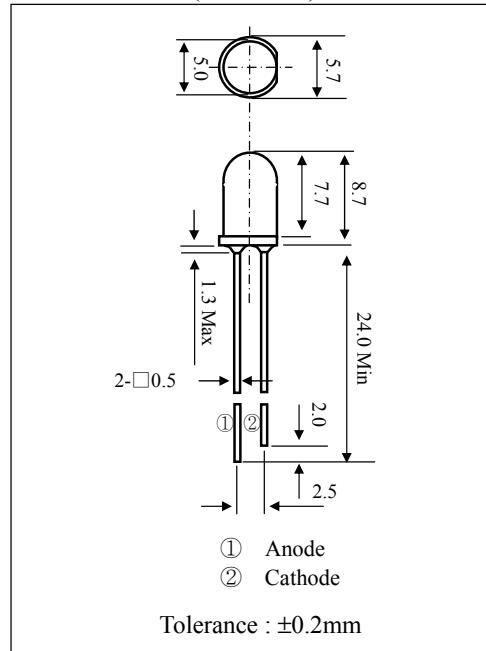
<sup>\*2</sup>.Lead Soldering Temperature (2mm from case for 5sec.).

### ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C)

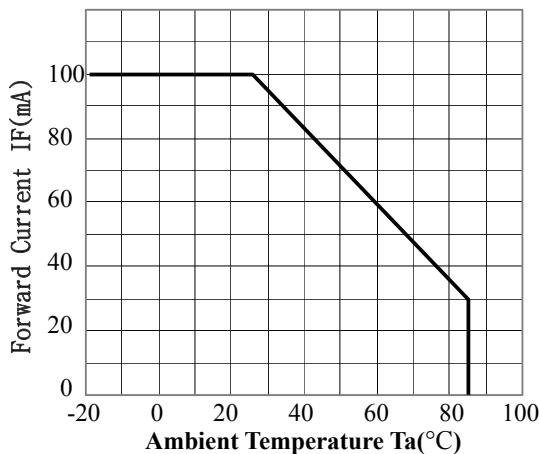
Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA		1.4	1.7	V
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V			10	μA
Capacitance	C <sub>t</sub>	f = 1MHz		20		pF
Radiant intensity	I <sub>e</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA		60		mW/sr
Peak emission wavelength	λ <sub>p</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA		940		nm
Spectral bandwidth 50%	Δλ	I <sub>F</sub> = 50mA		45		nm
Half angle	Δθ	I <sub>F</sub> =100mA		±15		deg.

### DIMENSIONS (Unit : mm)

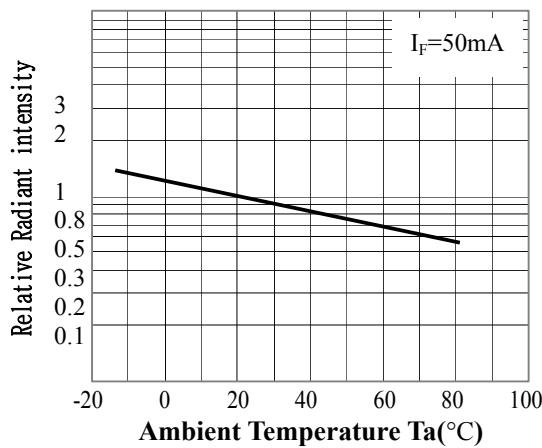


Tolerance : ±0.2mm

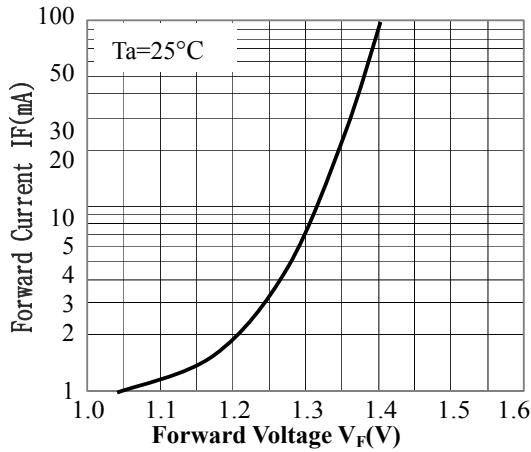
- FORWARD CURRENT Vs. AMBIENT TEMP.



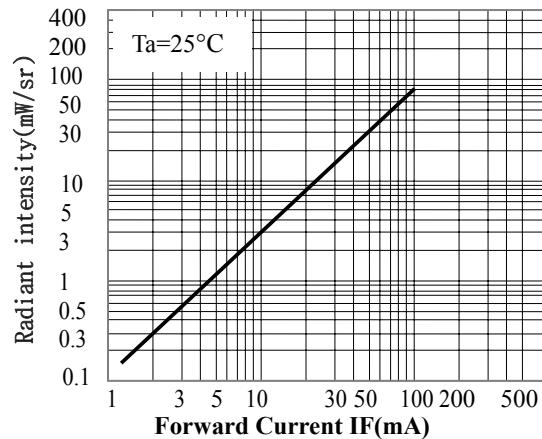
- RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY Vs. AMBIENT TEMP.



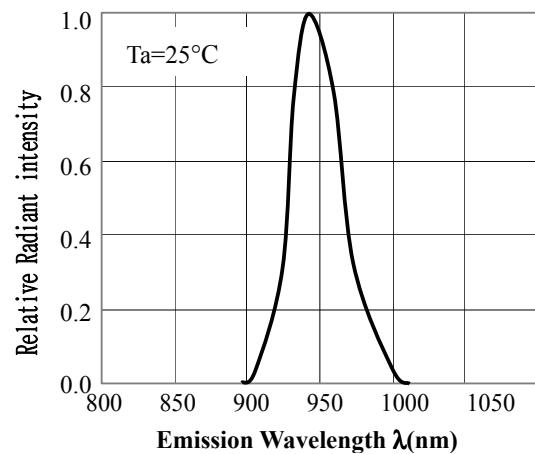
- FORWARD CURRENT Vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE



- RADIANT INTENSITY Vs. FORWARD CURRENT.



- RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY Vs. EMISSION WAVELENGTH.



- ANGULAR DISPLACEMENT Vs. RELATIVE RADIANT INTENSITY

