

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LCD MODULE

Module No. GB12232B

Office Address: Rm. 518,5/F., 101 Shangbu Industrial District, HuaqiangNorthRoad, Shenzhen, China TEL : (86)-755-83362489 83617492 FAX: (86)-755-83286396 83365871 E-mail: <u>sales@jhlcd.com</u>

jhlcd@21cn.com

Website: www.jhlcd.com

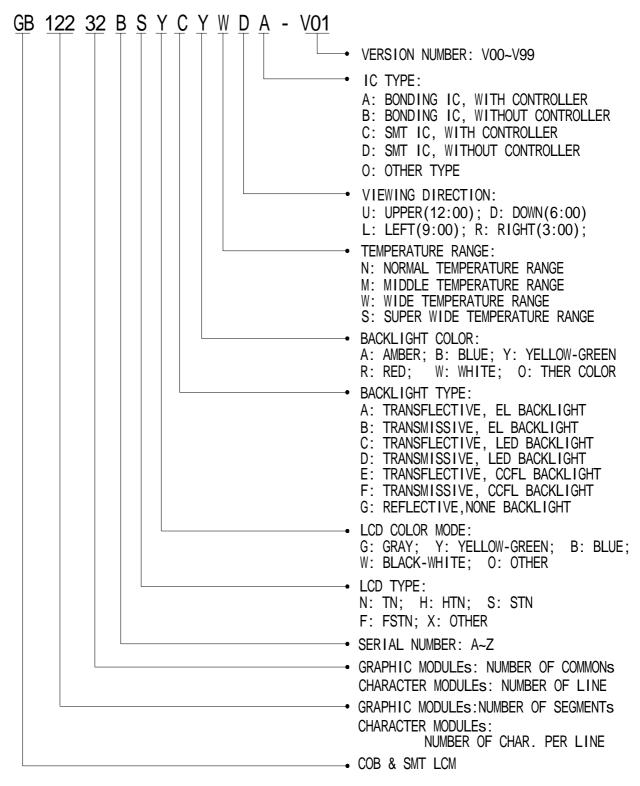


TABLE OF CONTENTS

LC	M NUMBER SYSTEM	. 2
1.	GENERAL DESCRIPTION	3
2.	FEATURES	3
3.	MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION	.3
4.	MECHANICAL DIMENSION	. 4
5.	MAXIMUM RATINGS	. 5
6.	ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS	. 5
7.	MODULE FUNCTION DESCRIPTION	. 6
8.	ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS	12
9.	RELIABILITY	16
10.	PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES	17
11.	USING LCD MODULES	19
12.	REVISION HISTORY	21
SAI	MPLE APPROVED REPORT	22

JHC JEWEL HILL ELECTRONIC CO..LTD.

LCM Number System





1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The GB12232B is a 122 x 32 Dots Graphics LCD module. It has a STN panel composed of 122 segments and 32 commons. The LCM can be easily accessed by micro-controller via parallel interface.

2. FEATURES

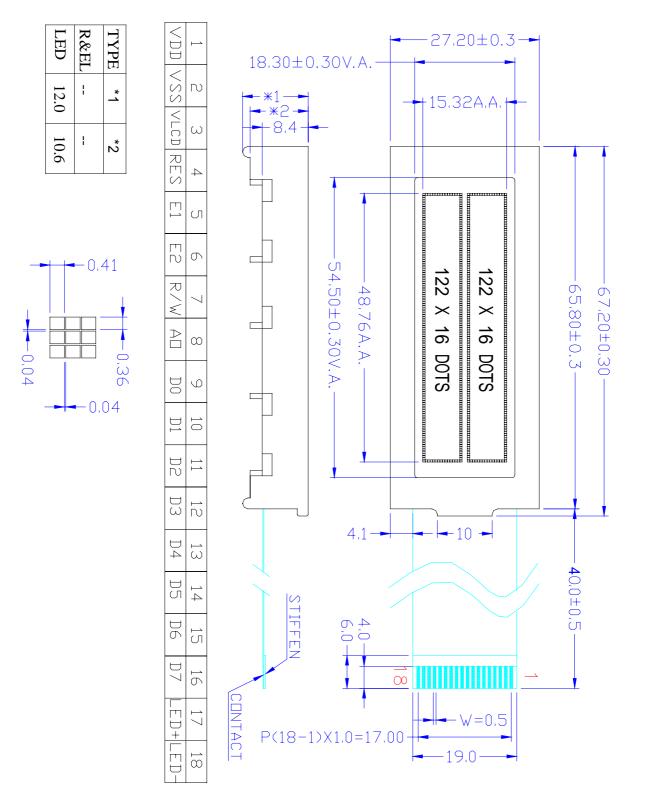
Display Made	Transflective and positive
Display Mode	STN(Yellow-Green) module
Display Format	Graphic 122 x 32 dots
Input Data	8-bit parallel data input from MPU
Multiplexing Ratio	1/32 Duty
Bias	1/6 Bias
Viewing Direction	6 O'clock
Backlight	LED(Y-G)
Driver IC	SED1520 or substitute

3. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

Item	Specifications	Unit
Dimensional outline	67.2 x27.2 x 6.0(max)	mm
Resolution	122segs x 32coms	dots
Active area	48.76(W) x 15.32(H)	mm
Dots pitch	0.4 (W)×0.45(H)	mm
Dots size	0.36(W)×0.41(H)	mm



4. MECHANICAL DIMENSION





5. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
C 1 1/	V _{DD} - Vss	-0.3	7.0	V	
Supply voltage	V_{LCD}	-0.3	13.0	V	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-10	+60	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{STR}	-20	+70	°C	
Humidity			90	%RH	

6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Logic	V_{DD}			5.0		V
Lagart Valtage	H level	\mathbf{V}_{IH}		$0.8V_{\text{DD}}$		V_{DD}	v
Input Voltage	L level	V_{IL}		V _{ss}		$0.2V_{\text{DD}}$	v
Current Consumption (LCD DRIVER)		I_{DD}	V_{DD} =5.0V; V_{LCD} =5.5V, T_{amb} =25°C;			1.0	mA
LCD Driving Voltage		V_{LCD}	Bias=1/6 VLCD=VDD-VO	5.0	5.5	6.0	v
Current Consumption (With LED BackLight)		I_{LED}	$V_{\text{DD}}=5.0V;$ $V_{\text{LED}}=4.2V, T_{\text{amb}}=25^{\circ}\text{C};$			300	mA

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7. MODULE FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

7.1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VDD	Power supply for positive (5V)
2	VSS	Power supply for Ground (0V)
3	VLCD	LCD driver voltage regulation terminal
4	RES	Reset signal input pin, Low level is active
5	E1	Read/write enable signal input nin
6	E2	-Read/write enable signal input pin
7	R/W	Read/write selection signal, R/W="H": Read; R/W="L": Write
8	A0	Data/command signed select, RS="H": Data; RS="L": Command
9	DB0	
10	DB1	
11	DB2	
12	DB3	-8-bit bi-directional data bus
13	DB4	
14	DB5	
15	DB6	
16	DB7	
17	LED+	Backlight power supply voltage for positive
18	LED-	Backlight power supply voltage for negative



7.2 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

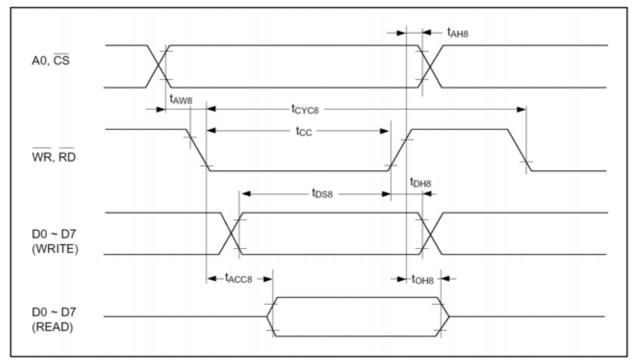
1. SYSTEM BUS READ/WRITE CHARACTERISTIC

/stem Bus Read/Write I (80-family MPU)								
Symbol	Signal	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
tan8	40 05		10	_	—	ns		
taw8	AU, CS		20	_	_	ns		
tCYC8			1000	_	—	ns		
tcc	WR, RD		200	_	—	ns		
tDS8			80	_	—	ns		
tDH8			10	_	—	ns		
tACC8	00-07	Ci = 100 pF	—	_	90	ns		
toh8		CL = 100 pF	10	_	60	ns		
	Symbol tAH8 tAW8 tCYC8 tCC tDS8 tDH8 tACC8	Symbol Signal tAH8 A0, CS tAW8 A0, CS tCYC8 WR, RD tCC URR, RD tDS8 D0 - D7 tACC8 D0 - D7	Symbol Signal Condition tAH8 A0, CS tAW8 A0, CS tCYC8 WR, RD tCC WR, RD tDH8 D0 - D7 tACC8 CL = 100 pF	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		

System Bus Read/Write I (80-family MPU)

*1 Each of the values where Vss = -3.0V is about 200% of that where Vss = -5.0V (i.e., the listed value).

*2 The rise or fall time of input signals should be less than 15 ns.



System bus read/write I (80-family MPU)



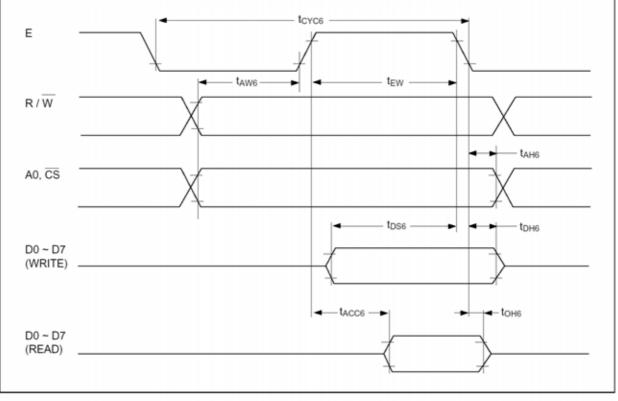
System Bus Read/Write II (68-family MPU)

System Bus Read/Write I	ystem Bus Read/Write II (68-family MPU)							
Parameter	Symbol	Signal	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
System cycle time	tCYC6 "1	A0, CS		1000	—	—	ns	
Address setup time	tAW6	R/W		20	—	—	ns	
Address hold time	tAH6			10	—	—	ns	
Data setup time	tDS6]	80	_	_	ns	
Data hold time	tDH6			10	-	-	ns	
Output disable time	tOH6	D0 – D7	CL = 100 = E	10	-	60	ns	
Access time	tACC6]	CL = 100 pF	_	_	90	ns	
Enable pulse width: Read	1000	-		100	_	-	ns	
Enable pulse width: Write	tEW	E		80	_	—	ns	

*1 torce indicates the cycle time during which CS-E = "H". It does not mean the cycle time of signal E.

*2 Each of the values where Vss = -3.0V is about 200% of that where Vss = -5.0V (i.e., the listed value).

*3 The rise or fall time of input signals should be less than 15 ns.



System bus read/write II (68-family MPU)



2. DISPLAY CONTROL OUTPUT TIMING

Input Timing

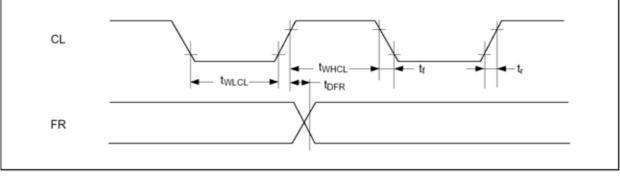
Input Timing	Ta =	Ta = -20 to 75°C, Vss = -5.0V $\pm 10\%$					
Parameter	Symbol	Signal	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Low level pulse width	twlcl			35	—	—	μs
High level pulse width	tWHCL	CL		35	—	—	μs
Rise time	tr			—	30	150	ns
Fall time	tf]		—	30	150	ns
FR delay time	t DFR	FR]	-2.0	0.2	2.0	μs

Output Timing

Output Timing $T_a = -20 \text{ to } 75^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Vss} = -5.0\text{V} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$										
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit				
FR delay time	t DFR	FR	CL = 100 pF	—	0.2	0.4	μs			

*1. The listed FR input delay time applies to the SED1521 and 1520 (slave). The listed FR output delay time applies to the SED1520 (master).

*2. Each of the values where Vss = -3.0V is about 200% of that where Vss = -5.0V (i.e., the listed value).

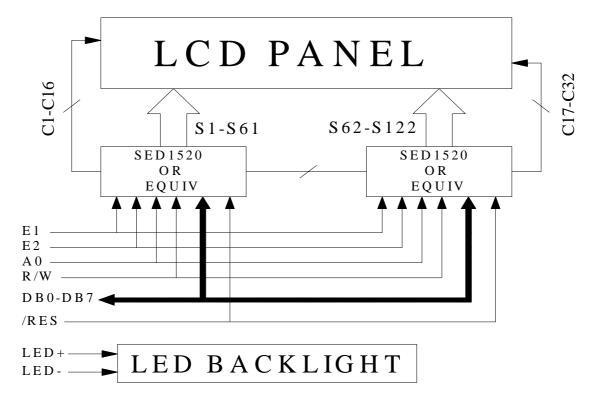


Display control timing

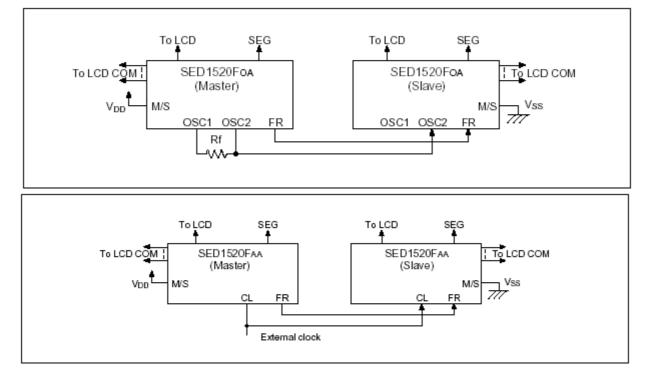


7.3 APPLICATION OF LCM

Circuit Block Diagram



■Reference circuit





7.4 TABLE OF COMMAND

Table lists the commands used with the SED1520. This LSI uses a combination of A0, R/W, (RD, WR) to identify a data bus signal. Interpretation and execution of a command depends not on external clock but on internal timing alone. Therefore, a command can be executed so fast that no busy check is needed.

Table Commands

	Command					(Code	9					Function		
	Command	A0	RD	WR	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Function		
(1)	Display ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0/1	Turns all display on or off, independently of display RAM data or internal status.		
													1: ON 0: OFF (Power-saving mode with static drive on)*		
(2)	Display Start Line	0	1	0	1	1	0	А	Disp ddre	olay S ss (C			Specifies RAM line corresponding to uppermost line (COM0) of display.		
(3)	Set Page Address	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0		(0-3)	Sets display RAM page in page address register.		
(4)	Set Column (Segment) Address	0	1	0	0	(Colui	mn A	ddre	ies (0)_79)	Sets display RAM column address in column address register.		
(5)	Read Status	0	0	1	Busy	ADC	ONOFF	RESET	0	0	0	0	Reads the following status: BUSY 1: Internal operation 0: Ready ADC 1: CW output (forward) 0: CCW output (reverse) ON/OFF 1: Display off 0: Display on RESET 1: Being reset 0: Normal		
(6)	Write Display Data	1	1	0		Write Data							Writes data from data Display RAM locati bus into display RAM. whose address has be		
(7)	Read Display Data	1	0	1			F	Read	l Dat	a			Reads data from display RAM onto data bus.		
(8)	Select ADC	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0/1	Used to invert relationship of assignment between display RAM column addresses and segment driver outputs.		
													0: CW output (forward) 1: CCW output (reverse)		
(9)	Static Drive ON/OFF	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0/1	Selects normal display or static driving operation.		
													1: Static drive (power-saving mode) 0: Normal driving		
(10)	Select Duty	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0/1	Selects LCD cell driving duty		
													1: 1/32 0: 1/16		
(11)	Read Modify Write	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Increments column address counter by 1 when display data is written. (This is not done when data is read.)		
(12)	End	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	Clears read modify write mode.		
(13)	Reset	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Sets display start line register on the first line. Also sets column address counter and page address counter to 0.		

* With display off (command (1)), static drive going on (9) invokes power-saving mode.

A detailed description of all the commands follows.



8. ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

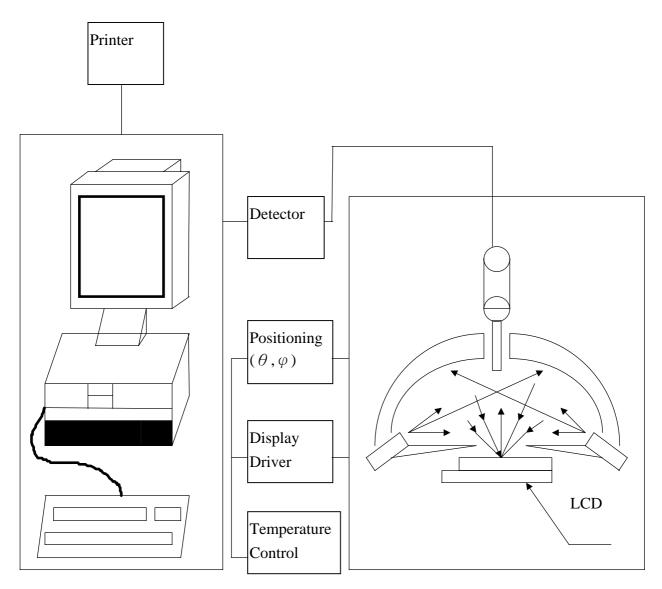
Item	Symbol	Condition	Temp	Min	Тур.	Max	Units	Note						
			0°C	5.4	5.7	6.0								
LCD driving	VLCD	$\theta = \phi = 0$	25°C	5.2	5.5	5.8	V	NOTE1						
voltage			50°C	5.0	5.3	5.6								
	Rise Time (Tr)		0°C											
	Decay Time (Tf)	$\theta = \phi = 0$	$\theta = \phi = 0$		00									
D	Rise Time (Tr)			25° C		225	340							
Response Time	Decay Time (Tf)			$\theta = \phi = 0$	25°C		240	360	msec					
	Rise Time (Tr)		50° C											
	Decay Time (Tf)		50°C											
Contrast Ratio	Cr	$\theta = \phi = 0$	25°C	5	10			NOTE4						

Viewing Angle Range	$\theta (\phi = 0^{\circ})$ (6")	$\phi = 90^{\circ}$ (3")	$\phi = 180^{\circ}$ (12")	ψ=270° (9")	備註
θ (25°C) CR≥2	45	35	30	20	Deg NOTE3

• For panel only



• Electro-Optical Characteristics Measuring Equipment(DMS501)

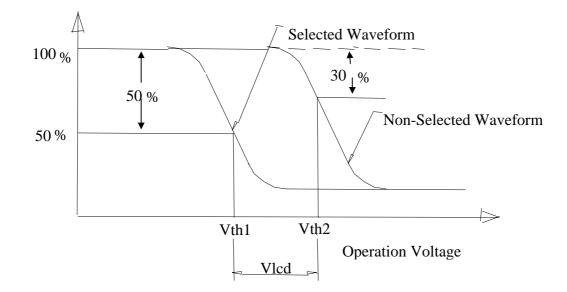


System

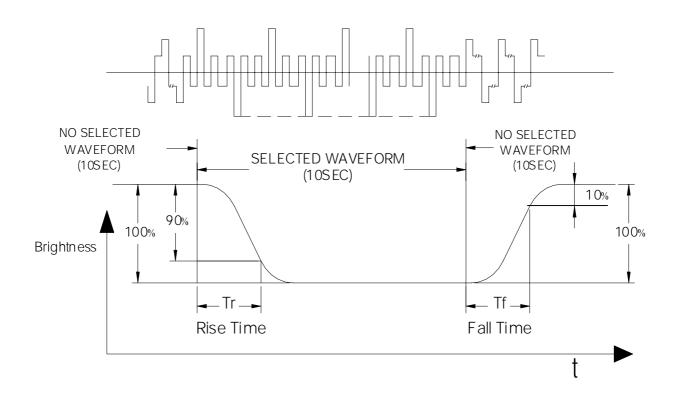
Illumination (D65)



• Note 1. Definition of Driving Voltage(Vlcd) :

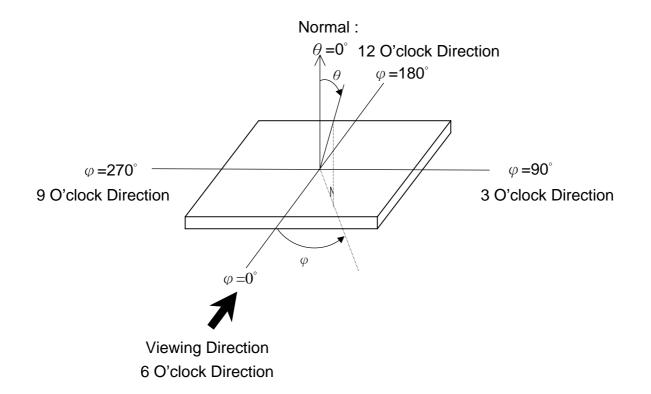


• Note 2. Definition of Optical Response Time :

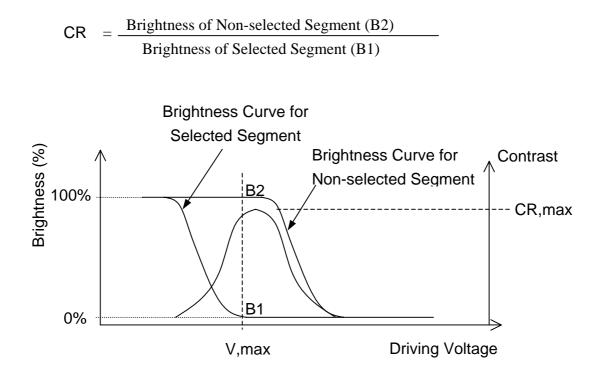




• Note 3. Definition of Viewing Angle θ and ϕ :



• Note 4. Definition of Contrast ratio(CR) :





9. RELIABILITY

9.1. MTBF

The LCD module shall be designed to meet a minimum MTBF value of 50000 hours with normal. (25°C in the room without sunlight)

9.2. TESTS

NO.	ITEM	CONDITION	CRITERION
1	High Temperature Operating	60°C 120Hrs	 No Defect Of Operational Function In Room Temperature Are
2	Low Temperature Operating	-10°C 120Hrs	Allowable. • IDD of LCM in
3	High Temperature/ Humidity Non-Operating	60°C,90%RH,120 Hrs	Pre-and post-test should follow specification
4	High Temperature Non-Operating	70°C 120Hrs	
5	Low Temperature Non-Operating	-20°C 120Hrs	
6	Temperature Cycling Non-Operating	-10°C (30Min)↔ 60°C (30Min) 10 CYCLES	

Notes: Judgments should be mode after exposure in room temperature for two hours.



10. PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

10.1. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock or impact by dropping it.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten a cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol
- (6) Solvents other than those above mentioned may damage the polarizer.

Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents
- (7) Extra care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment accelerates corrosion of the electrode.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD Module, make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD Module.
- (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Be sure to ground the body when handling he LCD Module.
 - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
 - -To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.



-The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

10.2. STORAGE CONDITIONS

When storing, avoid the LCD module to be exposed to direct sunlight of fluorescent lamps. For stability, to keep it away form high temperature and high humidity environment (The best condition is : $23\pm5^{\circ}$ C, $45\pm20\%$ RH). ESD protection is necessary for long-term storage also.

10.3. OTHERS

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD Module have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be recovered by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD Module resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc. exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.



11. Using LCD modules

11.1 LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY MODULES

LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

- (1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- (2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than a HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc).
- (3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances, which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, toluene, ethanol and isopropyl alcohol.
- (4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum ether. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
- (6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- (9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degrade insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinate to the polarizers).
- (10)As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

11.2 INSTALLING LCD MODULE

Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

- (1) Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.
- (2) When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be ± 0.1 mm.

11.3 ELECTRO-STATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid for electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.



- (1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- (2) Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- (3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- (4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- (5) As far as possible, make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the workbenches to the ground potential.
- (6) To reduce the generation of electro-static discharge, be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

11.4 PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATION

- (1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (Vo). Adjust Vo to show the best contrast.
- (2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit will shorten its lifetime.
- (3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.
- (4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then on.
- (5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, this product must be used and stored within the specified condition of $23\pm5^{\circ}$ C, $45\pm20\%$ RH.
- (6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

11.5 SAFETY

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.



12. REVISION HISTORY

Version	Revise record	Date
1.0	Original version	05-01-01
2.0	Change LCM interface	05-05-20
3.0	Change specification format	05-11-20
4.0	Change contact mode	06-08-01



SAMPLE APPROVED REPORT (样品确认单)

SAMPLE MODEL NO. (样品型号)	GB12232B			
SAMPLE SERIES NUMBER NO. (样品序号)				
SAMPLE QUANTITY (样品数量)				
COLOR/TYPE (底色/类型)				
VIEWING DIRECTION (视角)				
DRIVING METHOD (驱动参数)	1/32Duty,			
ILOGIC VOLTAGE (IC 工作电压)	5.0V			
LCD VOP (LCD 驱动电压)				
OPERATING TEMP. (操作温度)				
STORAGE TEMP. (储存温度)				
POLARIZERFRONT (首偏光片)				
POLARIZERBACK (后偏光片)				
CONTROLLER/DRIVER IC(控制/驱动 IC)				
BACKLIGHT COLOR/TYPE (背光源类型/颜色)				
DRAWING REV/NO./QUANTITY (图纸版本/数量)				
SPECIFICATION (规格书 份数)				
REMARKS :				
(备注)				
WRIT BY : DATE : APROV BY :	DATE :			
CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL (客户确认):				
1) FUNCTION (功能): □ OK □] N.G.			
2) DRIVER CONDITION (驱动条件): □ OK	□ N.G.			
3) DISPLAY MODE (显示模式): □ OK □ N.G.				
4) VIEWING ANGLE (视角): □ OK □ N.G.				
5) BACKLIGHT (背光源): □ OK □ N.G.				
6) DISPLAYING PATTERN (显示效果): □ OK □ N.G.				
CUSTOMER'S CONCLUSIONS (客户意见):				
CUSTOMER'S SIGNATURE (客户签名): DATE (日期):				