

6 Ω (Max) On Resistance

Rail-to-Rail Operation

2.7 V to 5.5 V Single Supply

±2.7 V to ±5.5 V Dual Supply

0.8 Ω (Max) On-Resistance Flatness

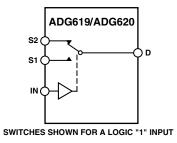
Typical Power Consumption (<0.1 μ W)

FEATURES

CMOS ± 5 V/ ± 5 V 4 Ω Single SPDT Switches

ADG619/ADG620

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



TTL/CMOS Compatible Inputs APPLICATIONS Automatic Test Equipment Power Routing Communication Systems Data Acquisition Systems Sample and Hold Systems Avionics Relay Replacement

Battery-Powered Systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG619 and the ADG620 are monolithic, CMOS SPDT (single pole, double throw) switches. Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when on.

8-Lead SOT-23 Package, 8-Lead Micro-SOIC Package

The ADG619/ADG620 offers low On-Resistance of 4 Ω , which is matched to within 0.7 Ω between channels. These switches also provide low power dissipation yet give high switching speeds.The ADG619 exhibits break-before-make switching action, thus preventing momentary shorting when switching channels. The ADG620 exhibits make-before-break action.

The ADG619/ADG620 are available in 8-lead SOT-23 packages and 8-lead Micro-SOIC packages.

Table I. Truth Table for the ADG619/ADG620

IN	Switch S1	Switch S2	
0	ON	OFF	
1	OFF	ON	

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. Low On Resistance (R_{ON}) (4 Ω typ)
- 2. Dual ± 2.7 V to ± 5.5 V or Single 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- 3. Low Power Dissipation. CMOS construction ensures low power dissipation.
- 4. Fast toN/toFF
- 5. Tiny 8-Lead SOT-23 Package and 8-Lead Micro-SOIC Package

REV.0

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ADG619/ADG620-SPECIFICATIONS

DUAL SUPPLY¹ ($V_{DD} = +5 V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = -5 V \pm 10\%$, GND = 0 V. All specifications -40°C to +85°C unless otherwise noted.)

	B Version -40°C to				
Parameter	+25°C	+85°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments	
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range		V _{SS} to V _{DD}	V	$V_{DD} = +4.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$	
On Resistance (R _{ON})	4	· 33 · · · DD	Ω typ	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{\rm S} = -10 \text{ mA},$	
	6	8	Ω max	Test Circuit 1	
On Resistance Match Between					
Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.7		Ω typ	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{\rm S} = -10 \text{ mA}$	
	1.1	1.35	Ω max		
On-Resistance Flatness (R _{FLAT(ON)})	0.7	0.8	Ω typ	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 3.3 \text{ V}, I_{\rm S} = -10 \text{ mA}$	
	••••	1.2	Ω max		
LEAKAGE CURRENTS	10.01		•	$V_{DD} = +5.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -5.5 \text{ V}$	
Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01		nA typ	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{\rm D} = \mp 4.5 \text{ V},$	
	±0.25	± 1	nA max	Test Circuit 2	
Channel ON Leakage I_D , I_S (ON)	±0.01		nA typ	$V_{\rm S} = V_{\rm D} = \pm 4.5$ V, Test Circuit 3	
	±0.25	±1	nA max		
DIGITAL INPUTS					
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}		2.4	V min		
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}		0.8	V max		
Input Current					
I _{INL} or I _{INH}	0.005		μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}	
		± 0.1	µA max		
C _{IN} , Digital Input Capacitance	2		pF typ		
	_		rJr		
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ²					
ADG619	0.0				
t _{ON}	80		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF$	
	120	155	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4	
t _{OFF}	45		ns typ	$R_{\rm L} = 300 \ \Omega, C_{\rm L} = 35 \ \rm pF$	
	75	90	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4	
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM}	40	10	ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF$	
		10	ns min	$V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, Test Circuit 5	
ADG620					
t _{ON}	40		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF$	
	65	85	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4	
t _{OFF}	200		ns typ	$R_{\rm L} = 300 \ \Omega, C_{\rm L} = 35 \ \rm pF$	
	330	400	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4	
Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB}	160		ns typ	$R_{\rm L} = 300 \ \Omega, \ C_{\rm L} = 35 \ \rm pF$	
		10	ns min	$V_{\rm S} = 0$ V, Test Circuit 6	
Charge Injection	110		pC typ	$V_S = 0 V, R_S = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 nF,$ Test Circuit 7	
Off Isolation	-67		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$, Test Circuit 8	
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-67		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$, Test Circuit 10	
Bandwidth –3 dB	190		MHz typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, Test Circuit 9	
C _s (OFF)	25		pF typ	f = 1 MHz	
$C_{\rm D}, C_{\rm S}$ (ON)	95		pF typ	f = 1 MHz	
			Pr typ		
POWER REQUIREMENTS				V_{DD} = +5.5 V, V_{SS} = -5.5 V	
I _{DD}	0.001		μA typ	Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V	
-		1.0	μA max		
I _{SS}	0.001		μA typ	Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5.5 V	
		1.0	μA max		

NOTES

¹Temperature ranges are as follows: B Version, -40°C to +85°C.

²Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

SINGLE SUPPLY¹ ($V_{DD} = +5 V \pm 10\%$, $V_{SS} = 0 V$, GND = 0 V. All specifications -40°C to +85°C unless otherwise noted.)

_	B Version -40°C to				
Parameter	+25°C	+85°C	Unit	Test Conditions/Comments	
ANALOG SWITCH					
Analog Signal Range		0 V to V _{DD}	V	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V$	
On Resistance (R _{ON})	7	DD	Ω typ	$V_{S} = 0 V \text{ to } 4.5 V, I_{S} = -10 \text{ mA},$	
	ß10	12.5	Ω max	Test Circuit 1	
On Resistance Match Between					
Channels (ΔR_{ON})	0.8		Ω typ	$V_{S} = 0 V$ to 4.5 V, $I_{S} = -10 mA$	
	1	1.2	Ω max		
On-Resistance Flatness (R _{FLAT(ON)})	0.5	0.5	Ω typ	$V_{S} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 3.3 \text{ V}, I_{S} = -10 \text{ mA}$	
On Resistance Francess (Replat(ON))	0.5	0.8	$\Omega \max$		
		0.0	32 IIIax		
LEAKAGE CURRENTS				$V_{DD} = 5.5 V$	
Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01		nA typ	$V_{\rm S} = 1 \text{ V}/4.5 \text{ V}, V_{\rm D} = 4.5 \text{ V}/1 \text{ V},$	
	±0.25	± 1	nA max	Test Circuit 2	
Channel ON Leakage I _D , I _S (ON)	±0.01		nA typ	$V_{\rm S} = V_{\rm D} = 1 \text{ V}/4.5 \text{ V},$	
2	±0.25	± 1	nA max	Test Circuit 3	
DICITAL INDUTS					
DIGITAL INPUTS Input High Voltage, V _{INH}		2.4	V min		
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}		0.8	V max		
Input Current	0.007			<u> </u>	
I _{INL} or I _{INH}	0.005		μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}	
		± 0.1	µA max		
C _{IN} , Digital Input Capacitance	2		pF typ		
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ² ADG619					
t _{ON}	120		ns typ	$R_{L} = 300 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF$	
	220	280	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4	
t _{OFF}	50		ns typ	$R_{L} = 300 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF$	
-OFF	75	110	ns max	$V_s = 3.3 \text{ V}$, Test Circuit 4	
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t _{BBM}	70		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF,$	
break before whate Thire Delay, t _{BBM}	10	10	ns min	$V_{S1} = V_{S2} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ Test Circuit 5}$	
ADG620		10		$v_{S1} = v_{S2} = 5.5 v_1$, rest circuit 5	
t _{on}	50		ns typ	$R_{L} = 300 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF$	
UN	85	110	ns max	$V_{\rm S} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, Test Circuit 4	
t	210	110		$R_{\rm L} = 300 \ \Omega, C_{\rm L} = 35 \ \text{pF}$	
t _{OFF}	340	420	ns typ		
Maka Rafara Break Time Dalar +		420	ns max	$V_{S} = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 4 $R_{L} = 300 \Omega$, $C_{L} = 35 pF$	
Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB}	170	10	ns typ		
Channes Indention		10	ns min	$V_s = 3.3 V$, Test Circuit 6	
Charge Injection	6		pC typ	$V_S = 0 V, R_S = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 nF,$	
Off Indiation	67		dD +	Test Circuit 7 $P_{r} = 5000$ C = 5 pE f = 1 MHz	
Off Isolation	-67		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$,	
	(7			Test Circuit 8	
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	-67		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$,	
	100			Test Circuit 10	
Bandwidth –3 dB	190		MHz typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, Test Circuit 9	
$C_{S}(OFF)$	25		pF typ	f = 1 MHz	
$C_D, C_S(ON)$	95		pF typ	f = 1 MHz	
POWER REQUIREMENTS				V _{DD} = 5.5 V	
I _{DD}	0.001		μA typ	Digital Inputs = $0 \text{ V or } 5.5 \text{ V}$	
עע		1.0	μA max		
		1.0	µ I IIIax		

NOTES

 1Temperature ranges are as follows: B Version, $-40\,^\circ C$ to $+85\,^\circ C.$

²Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

$(T_A = 25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise noted})$
V_{DD} to V_{SS}
V_{DD} to GND $\ldots \ldots -0.3$ V to +6.5 V
V_{SS} to GND \ldots +0.3 V to -6.5 V
Analog Inputs ² V_{SS} –0.3 V to V_{DD} +0.3 V
Digital Inputs ² $\dots \dots \dots$
30 mA, Whichever Occurs First
Peak Current, S or D 100 mA
(Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle max)
Continuous Current, S or D 50 mA
Operating Temperature Range
Industrial (B Version)40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range $\dots -65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
Junction Temperature 150°C
Micro-SOIC Package
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance
θ_{JC} Thermal Impedance
SOT-23 Package
θ_{JA} Thermal Impedance
θ_{JC} Thermal Impedance
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 seconds) 300°C
IR Reflow, Peak Temperature 220°C

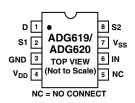
NOTES

¹Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

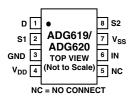
²Overvoltages at IN, S or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

8-Lead SOT-23 (RT-8)



8-Lead Micro-SOIC (RM-8)



ORDERING GUIDE

Model	Temperature Range	Branding Information*	Package Description	Package Option
ADG619BRM	–40°C to +85°C	SVB	Micro-SOIC (microSmall Outline IC)	RM-8
ADG619BRT	–40°C to +85°C	SVB	SOT-23 (Plastic Surface Mount)	RT-8
ADG620BRM	–40°C to +85°C	SWB	Micro-SOIC (microSmall Outline IC)	RM-8
ADG620BRT	-40°C to +85°C	SWB	SOT-23 (Plastic Surface Mount)	RT-8

*Branding on SOT-23 and Micro-SOIC packages is limited to three characters due to space constraints.

CAUTION -

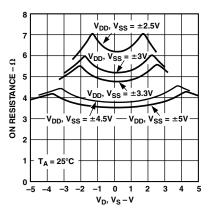
ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADG619/ADG620 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high-energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



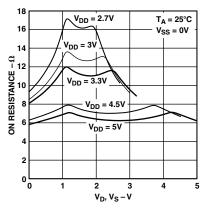
TERMINOLOGY

Mnemonic	Description
V _{DD}	Most Positive Power Supply Potential
V _{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply in a Dual Supply Application. In single supply applications, this should be
	tied to ground at the device.
GND	Ground (0 V) Reference
I _{DD}	Positive Supply Current
I _{SS}	Negative Supply Current
S	Source Terminal. May be an input or output.
D	Drain Terminal. May be an input or output.
IN	Logic Control Input
R _{ON}	Ohmic Resistance Between D and S
DR _{ON}	On Resistance Match Between Any Two Channels, i.e., R _{ON} Max – R _{ON} Min.
R _{FLAT(ON)}	Flatness is Defined as the Difference Between the Maximum and Minimum Value of On Resistance as
	Measured Over the Specified Analog Signal Range.
I _S (OFF)	Source Leakage Current With the Switch "OFF"
$I_D, I_S (ON)$	Channel Leakage Current With the Switch "ON"
$V_{\rm D}(V_{\rm S})$	Analog Voltage on Terminals D, S
V _{INL}	Maximum Input Voltage for Logic "0"
V _{INH}	Minimum Input Voltage for Logic "1"
$I_{INL}(I_{INH})$	Input Current of the Digital Input
C_{S} (OFF)	"OFF" Switch Source Capacitance
$C_D, C_S (ON)$	"ON" Switch Capacitance
t _{ON}	Delay Between Applying the Digital Control Input and the Output Switching On
t _{OFF}	Delay Between Applying the Digital Control Input and the Output Switching Off
t _{MBB}	"ON" Time, Measured Between the 80% Points of Both Switches, When Switching From One Address State to Another
+	"OFF" Time or "ON" Time Measured Between the 90% Points of Both Switches, When Switching from
t _{BBM}	One Address State to Another
Charge Injection	A Measure of the Glitch Impulse Transfered From the Digital Input to the Analog Output During Switching
Crosstalk	A Measure of Unwanted Signal that is Coupled Through From One Channel to Another as a Result of
CIUSSIAIK	Parasitic Capacitance
Off Isolation	A Measure of Unwanted Signal Coupling Through an "OFF" Switch
Bandwidth	The Frequency Response of the "ON" Switch
Insertion Loss	The Loss Due to the ON Resistance of the Switch

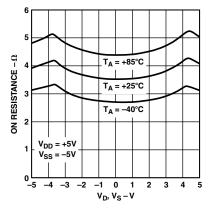
Typical Performance Characteristics



TPC 1. On Resistance vs. $V_D(V_S)$ – Dual Supply

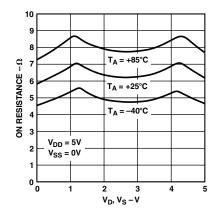


TPC 2. On Resistance vs. $V_D(V_S)$ – Single Supply

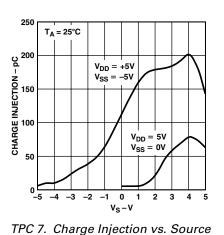


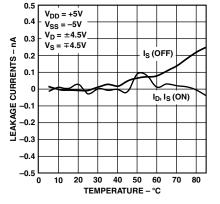
TPC 3. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures – Dual Supply

ADG619/ADG620–Typical Performance Characteristics

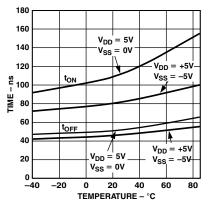


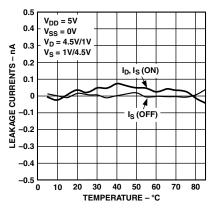
TPC 4. On Resistance vs. V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures – Single Supply



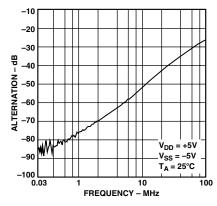


TPC 5. Leakage Currents vs. Temperature – Dual Supply

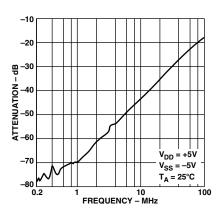




TPC 6. Leakage Currents vs. Temperature – Single Supply



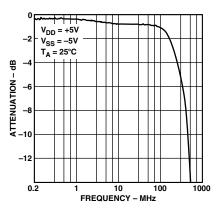
TPC 9. Off Isolation vs. Frequency



Voltage

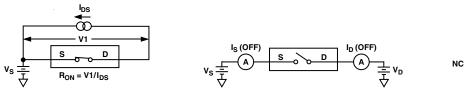
TPC 10. Crosstalk vs. Frequency

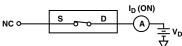
TPC 8. t_{ON}/t_{OFF} Times vs. Temperature



TPC 11. On Response vs. Frequency

TEST CIRCUITS

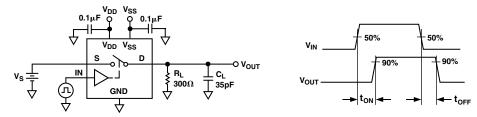




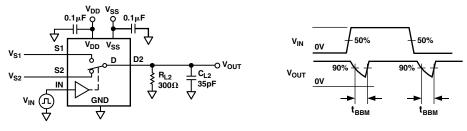
Test Circuit 1. On Resistance

Test Circuit 2. Off Leakage

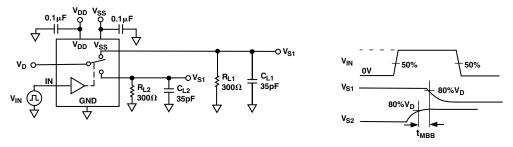
Test Circuit 3. On Leakage



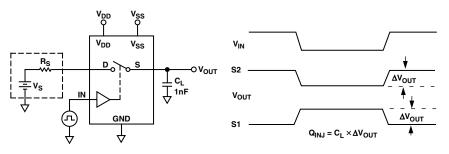
Test Circuit 4. Switching Times



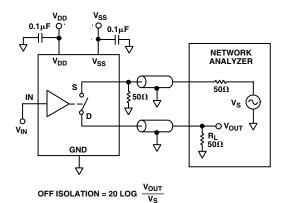
Test Circuit 5. Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t_{BBM} (ADG619 Only)



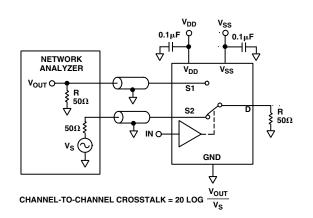
Test Circuit 6. Make-Before-Break Time Delay, t_{MBB} (ADG620 Only)



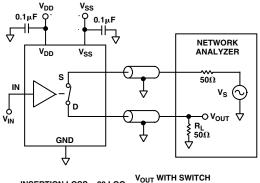
Test Circuit 7. Charge Injection



Test Circuit 8. Off Isolation



Test Circuit 10. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

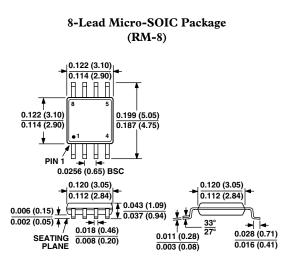


INSERTION LOSS = 20 LOG $\frac{V_{OUT} \text{ WITH SWITCH}}{V_{S} \text{ WITHOUT SWITCH}}$

Test Circuit 9. Bandwidth



Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).



8-Lead Plastic Surface Mount Package (RT-8)

