

### **General Description**

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 achieve 1µA supply current with Maxim's revolutionary AutoShutdown™ feature. When the MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 do not sense a valid signal level on their receiver inputs, the on-board power supply and drivers shut down. This occurs if the RS-232 cable is disconnected or if the transmitters of the connected peripheral are turned off. The system turns on again when a valid level is applied to any RS-232 receiver input. As a result, the system saves power without changes to the existing BIOS or operating system.

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 transceivers are 3Vpowered EIA/TIA-232 and V.28/V.24 communications interfaces intended for notebook computer applications. A proprietary, high-efficiency, dual charge-pump power supply and a low-dropout transmitter combine to deliver true RS-232 performance from a single +3.0V to +5.5V supply. A guaranteed data rate of 120kbps provides compatibility with popular software for communicating with personal computers.

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 require only 0.1µF capacitors in 3.3V operation, and can operate from input voltages ranging from +3.0V to +5.5V. They are ideal for 3.3V-only systems, mixed 3.3V and 5.0V systems, or 5.0V-only systems that require true RS-232 performance.

The MAX3221 is a 1-driver/1-receiver 16-pin SSOP version of the 20-pin MAX3223 (2-driver/2-receiver). The MAX3243 3-driver/5-receiver, complete serial port is ideal for notebook or subnotebook computers. The MAX3243 includes one complementary always-active receiver. This receiver can monitor an external device (such as a modem) in shutdown, without forward biasing the protection diodes in a UART that may have VCC completely removed.

### **Selector Guide**

PART	Tx	Rx	V <sub>CC</sub> RANGE (V)	AutoShutdown
MAX3221	1	1	3.0 to 5.5	Yes
MAX3223	2	2	3.0 to 5.5	Yes
MAX3243	3	5	3.0 to 5.5	Yes

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet. Typical Operating Circuits appear at end of data sheet.

†Future product—contact factory for availability. AutoShutdown and UCSP are trademarks of Maxim Integrated

#### **Next Generation Device Features**

- **♦** For Space-Constrained Applications: MAX3228/MAX3229: +2.5V to +5.5V RS-232 Transceivers in UCSP™
- **♦** For Integrated ESD Protection: MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E\*/ MAX3246E: ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers (MAX3246E Available in UCSP Package)
- **♦** For Low-Voltage or Data Cable Applications: MAX3380E/MAX3381E: +2.5V to +5.5V,  $1\mu$ A, 2 Tx/2 Rx RS-232 Transceivers with ±15kV ESD-Protected I/O and Logic Pins

### **Applications**

Notebook, Subnotebook, and Palmtop Computers Battery-Powered Equipment Hand-Held Equipment Peripherals **Printers** 

### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3221CAE	0°C to +70°C	16 SSOP
MAX3221CUE†	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3221EAE	-40°C to +85°C	16 SSOP
MAX3221EUE†	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3223CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX3223CAP	0°C to +70°C	20 SSOP
MAX3223CUP	0°C to +70°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3223EPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX3223EAP	-40°C to +85°C	20 SSOP
MAX3223EUP	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3243CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX3243CAI	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX3243CUI	0°C to +70°C	28 TSSOP
MAX3243EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
MAX3243EAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX3243EUI	-40°C to +85°C	28 TSSOP

\* Covered by U.S. Patent numbers 4,636,930; 4,679,134; 4,777,577; 4,797,899; 4,809,152; 4,897,774; 4,999,761; and other patents pending.

NIXIN

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V <sub>C</sub> C0.3V to +6V	16-Pin
V+ (Note 1)0.3V to +7V	16-Pin
V- (Note 1)+0.3V to -7V	20-Pin
V+ + IV-I (Note 1)+13V	20-Pin
Input Voltages	20-Pin
T_IN, FORCEOFF, FORCEON, EN (MAX3223)0.3V to +6V	28-Pin
R_IN±25V	28-Pin
Output Voltages	28-Pin
T_OUT±13.2V	Operati
R_OUT, INVALID0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	MAX3
Short-Circuit Duration	MAX3
T_OUTContinuous	Storage
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)	Lead Te

16-Pin SSOP (derate 7.14mW/°C above +7	70°C)571mW
16-Pin TSSOP (derate 6.70mW/°C above +	-70°C)533mW
20-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11mW/°C abo	ve +70°C)889mW
20-Pin SSOP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +7	70°C)640mW
20-Pin TSSOP DIP (derate 7.00mW/°C abov	/e +70°C)559mW
28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C abov	e +70°C)1W
28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C above +7	70°C)762mW
28-Pin TSSOP (derate 8.70mW/°C above +	-70°C)696mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX32C	0°C to +70°C
MAX32E	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Note 1: V+ and V- can have maximum magnitudes of 7V, but their absolute difference cannot exceed 13V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(VCC = +3.0V to +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1μF (Note 2), TA = TMIN to TMAX, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at TA = +25°C.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DC CHARACTERISTICS							•	
Supply Current, AutoShutdown	VCC = 3.3V All R_IN ope		en, FORCEO = V <sub>CC</sub>	N = GND,		1.0	10	μΑ
Supply Current, Shutdown	or 5.0V,	FORCEOFF	= GND			1.0	10	μΑ
Supply Current, AutoShutdown Disabled	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	FORCEON no load	= FORCEOF	= V <sub>CC</sub> ,		0.3	1.0	mA
LOGIC INPUTS AND RECEIVER	OUTPUTS							
Input Logic Threshold Low	T_IN, FORCE	ON, FORCE	OFF, EN (M	AX3223)			0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High	T IN	DOLON EO		V <sub>C</sub> C = 3.3V	2.0			V
Input Logic Trieshold High	T_IN, EN, FORCEON, FORCEOF		RCEOFF	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V	2.4			] V
Input Leakage Current	T_IN, EN, FORCEON, FORCEOFF				±0.01	±1.0	μΑ	
Output Leakage Current	Receivers disabled					±0.05	±10	μΑ
Output Voltage Low	IOUT = 1.6mA					0.4	V	
Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0m	nA			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V
AUTOSHUTDOWN (FORCEON =	GND, FORCE	OFF = V <sub>CC</sub> )						
Receiver Input Thresholds to	Figure 5		Positive thr	eshold			2.7	V
Transmitters Enabled	rigule 5		Negative threshold		-2.7			]
Receiver Input Thresholds to Transmitters Disabled	1μA supply o	current, Figu	re 5		-0.3		0.3	V
INVALID Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.6mA						0.4	V
INVALID Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6			V	
Receiver Threshold to Transmitters Enabled (twu)	Figure 5				250		μs	
Receiver Positive or Negative Threshold to INVALID High (t <sub>INVH</sub> )	Figure 5				1		μs	
Receiver Positive or Negative Threshold to INVALID Low (t <sub>INVL</sub> )	Figure 5					30		μs

2 \_\_\_\_\_\_ /N/XI/M

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(VCC = +3.0V \text{ to } +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1\mu\text{F} \text{ (Note 2)}, TA = TMIN \text{ to TMAX, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at TA = +25°C.)}$ 

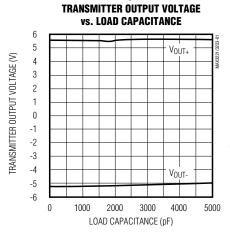
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
RECEIVER INPUTS								
Input Voltage Range						25	V	
Input Threshold Low	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		V <sub>C</sub> C = 3.3V	0.6	1.2		V	
input mreshold Low	1A = +23 C		Vcc = 5.0V	0.8	1.5		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Input Threshold High	TA = +25°C		V <sub>C</sub> C = 3.3V		1.5	2.4	V	
input mreshold riigh	1A = +23 C		V <sub>C</sub> C = 5.0V		1.8	2.4	]	
Input Hysteresis					0.3		V	
Input Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			3	5	7	kΩ	
TRANSMITTER OUTPUTS								
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter outputs lo	aded with 3kg	Ω to ground	±5.0	±5.4		V	
Output Resistance	$V_{CC} = V_{+} = V_{-} = 0V$ , tra	nsmitter outpu	ıt = ±2V	300	10M		Ω	
Output Short-Circuit Current					±35	±60	mA	
Output Leakage Current	$V_{OUT} = \pm 12V, V_{CC} = 0V$ transmitters disabled	or 3.0V to 5.5	5V,			±25	μΑ	
MOUSE DRIVEABILITY (MAX32	243)		'					
Transmitter Output Voltage	T1IN = T2IN = GND, T3IN = V <sub>CC</sub> , T3OUT loaded with 3kΩ to GND, T1OUT and ±5 T2OUT loaded with 2.5mA each						V	
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS								
Maximum Data Rate	$R_L = 3k\Omega$ , $C_L = 1000pF$	, one transmit	ter switching	120	235		kbps	
Pagaiver Propagation Daloy	Receiver input to receiv	er output,	tphL		0.3			
Receiver Propagation Delay	$C_L = 150pF$	tplh			0.3		μs	
Receiver Output Enable Time	Normal operation				200		ns	
Receiver Output Disable Time	Normal operation				200		ns	
Transmitter Skew	tphl - tplh	MAX3221/I	MAX3223		200		ns	
Transmitter onew	PAL - PLA	MAX3243			200	1000	113	
Receiver Skew	tphl - tplh	MAX3221/I	MAX3223		100		ns	
Tiedelver dikew		MAX3243			100	500	110	
Transition-Region Slew Rate	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $T_A = +25$ °C,	C <sub>L</sub> = 200pl	= to 2500pF	4	8.0	30	V/ue	
Transition-Region Slew Rate	measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V	C <sub>L</sub> = 200pl	to 1000pF	6		30	- V/µs	

**Note 2:** C1–C4 =  $0.1\mu$ F, tested at  $3.3V \pm 10\%$ . C1 =  $0.047\mu$ F, C2–C4 =  $0.33\mu$ F, tested at  $5.0V \pm 10\%$ .

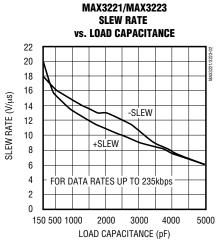


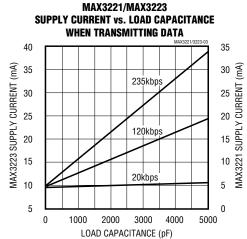
### Typical Operating Characteristics

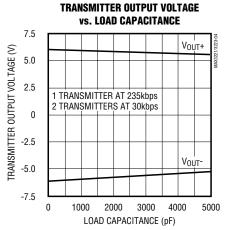
 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 235 \text{kbps})$  data rate, 0.1µF capacitors, all transmitters loaded with 3k $\Omega$ , TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)



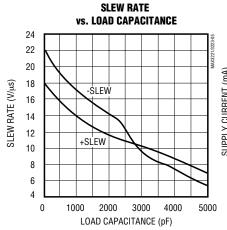
MAX3221/MAX3223



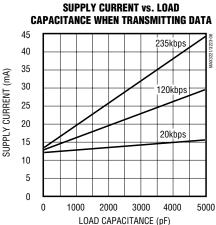




**MAX3243** 



**MAX3243** 



### Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION		
MAX3221	MAX3223	MAX3243	NAME	FUNCTION	
1	1	_	ĒN	Receiver Enable Control. Drive low for normal operation. Drive high to force the receiver outputs into a high-Z state.	
5	5	1	C2+	Positive terminal of inverting charge-pump capacitor	
6	6	2	C2-	Negative terminal of inverting charge-pump capacitor	
7	7	3	V-	-5.5V generated by the charge pump	
8	9, 16	4–8	R_IN	RS-232 Receiver Inputs	
13	8, 17	9, 10, 11	T_OUT	RS-232 Transmitter Outputs	
11	12, 13	12, 13, 14	T_IN	TTL/CMOS Transmitter Inputs	
9	10, 15	15–19	R_OUT	TTL/CMOS Receiver Outputs	
_	_	20	R2OUTB	Noninverting Receiver Output—active in shutdown	
10	11	21	ĪNVALĪD	Output of the valid signal detector. Indicates if a valid RS-232 level is present on receiver inputs logic "1".	
16	20	22	FORCEOFF	Drive low to shut down transmitters and on-board power supply. This over- rides all automatic circuitry and FORCEON (Table 1).	
12	14	23	FORCEON	Drive high to override automatic circuitry keeping transmitters on (FORCEOFF must be high) (Table 1).	
4	4	24	C1-	Negative terminal of the voltage doubler charge-pump capacitor	
14	18	25	GND	Ground	
15	19	26	Vcc	+3.0V to +5.5V Supply Voltage	
3	3	27	V+	+5.5V generated by the charge pump	
2	2	28	C1+	Positive terminal of the voltage doubler charge-pump capacitor	

### **Detailed Description**

#### **Dual Charge-Pump Voltage Converter**

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243's internal power supply consists of a regulated dual charge pump that provides output voltages of +5.5V (doubling charge pump) and -5.5V (inverting charge pump), regardless of the input voltage (VCC) over the +3.0V to +5.5V range. The charge pumps operate in a discontinuous mode: if the output voltages are less than 5.5V, the charge pumps are enabled; if the output voltages exceed 5.5V, the charge pumps are disabled. Each charge pump requires a flying capacitor (C1, C2) and a reservoir capacitor (C3, C4) to generate the V+ and V- supplies.

#### **RS-232 Transmitters**

The transmitters are inverting level translators that convert CMOS-logic levels to 5.0V EIA/TIA-232 levels. They guarantee a 120kbps data rate with worst-case loads of  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 1000pF, providing compatibility with PC-to-PC communication software (such as Laplink<sup>TM</sup>). Typically, the MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 can operate at data rates of 235kbps. Transmitters can be paralleled to drive multiple receivers or mice (MAX3243). Figure 1 shows a complete system connection.

When FORCEOFF is driven to ground, or the Auto-Shutdown circuitry senses invalid voltage levels at all receiver inputs, the transmitters are disabled and the outputs are forced into a high-impedance state.

LapLink is a trademark of Traveling Software.

MIXIM

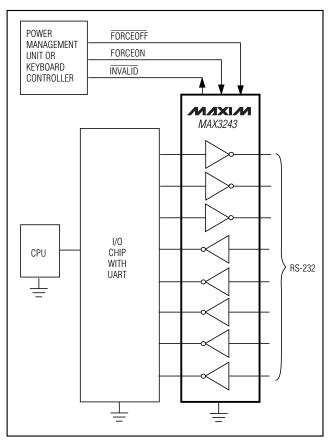


Figure 1. Interface Under Control of PMU

#### **RS-232 Receivers**

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243's receivers convert RS-232 signals to CMOS-logic output levels. All receivers have one inverting three-state output. In shutdown (FORCEOFF = low) or in AutoShutdown, the MAX3221/MAX3223's receivers are active (Table 1). Driving EN high places the receiver(s) in a high-impedance state. The MAX3243's receivers are high impedance when the part is shut down.

The MAX3243 has an always-active complementary output (R2OUTB). R2OUTB is an extra output that monitors receiver activity while the other receivers are high impedance. This allows Ring Indicator to be monitored without forward biasing other devices connected to the receiver outputs. This is ideal for systems where VCC is set to 0V in shutdown to accommodate peripherals, such as UARTs (Figure 2).

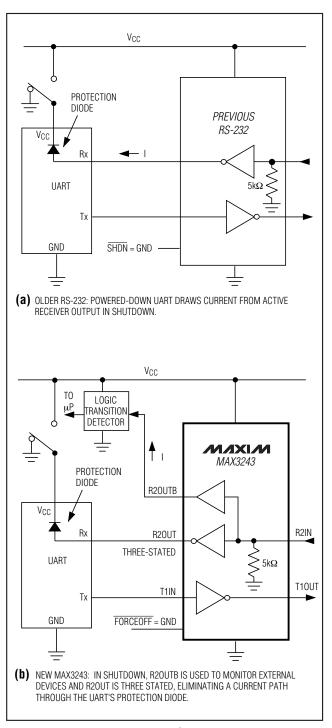


Figure 2. The MAX3243 detects RS-232 activity when the UART and interface are shut down.

## Table 1a. MAX3221/MAX3223 FORCEOFF and Enable Control Truth Table

FORCEOFF	EN	T_OUT	R_OUT
0	0	High-Z	Active
0	1	High-Z	High-Z
1	0	Active*	Active
1	1	Active*	High-Z

## Table 1b. MAX3243 FORCEOFF Control Truth Table

FORCEOFF	T_OUT	R_OUT	R2OUTB
0	High-Z	High-Z	Active
1	Active*	Active*	Active

\*Note: If the part is in AutoShutdown mode (FORCEOFF = V<sub>CC</sub>, FORCEON = GND), it is shut down if no valid RS-232 levels are present on all receiver inputs.

#### **AutoShutdown**

A 1µA supply current is achieved with Maxim's new AutoShutdown feature, which operates when FORCEON is low and FORCEOFF is high. When the MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 sense no valid signal levels on all receiver inputs for 30µs, the on-board power supply and drivers are shut off, reducing supply current to 1µA. This occurs if the RS-232 cable is disconnected or the connected peripheral transmitters are turned off. The system turns on again when a valid level is applied to any RS-232 receiver input. As a result, the system saves power without changes to the existing BIOS or operating system. When using AutoShutdown, the INVALID output is high when the device is on and low when the device is shut down. Because INVALID indicates the receiver inputs' condition, it can be used in any mode (Figure 3).

Table 2 and Figure 3c summarize the MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 operating modes. FORCEON and FORCEOFF override the automatic circuitry and force the transceiver into its normal operating state or into its low-power standby state. When neither control is asserted, the IC selects between these states automatically based on receiver input levels. Figures 3a, 3b, and 5a depict valid and invalid RS-232 receiver levels.

A mouse or other system with AutoShutdown may need time to wake up. Figure 4 shows a circuit that forces the transmitters on for 100ms, allowing enough time for the

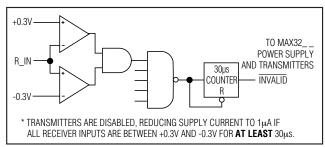


Figure 3a. MAX32\_ \_ Entering 1µA Supply Mode via AutoShutdown

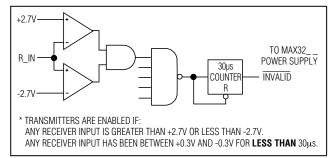


Figure 3b. MAX32\_ with Transmitters Enabled Using AutoShutdown

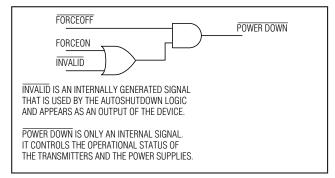


Figure 3c. AutoShutdown Logic

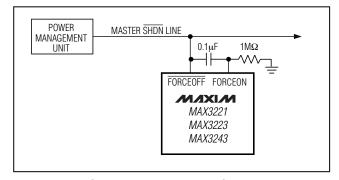


Figure 4. AutoShutdown with Initial Turn-On to Wake Up a Mouse or Another System



#### Table 2. AutoShutdown Logic

RS-232 SIGNAL PRESENT AT RECEIVER INPUT	FORCEOFF INPUT	FORCEON INPUT	INVALID OUTPUT	TRANSCEIVER STATUS
Yes	Н	Х	Н	Normal Operation
No	Н	Н	L	Normal Operation (Forced On)
No	Н	L	L	Shutdown (AutoShutdown)
Yes	L	X	Н	Shutdown (Forced Off)
No	L	Х	L	Shutdown (Forced Off)

other system to realize that the MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 is awake. If the other system outputs valid RS-232 signals within that time, the RS-232 ports on both systems remain enabled.

When shut down, the device's charge pumps are turned off, V+ decays to VCC, V- decays to ground, and the transmitter outputs are disabled (high impedance). The time required to exit shutdown is typically 100µs (Figure 5b).

#### **Software-Controlled Shutdown**

If direct software control is desired, INVALID can be used to indicate DTR or Ring Indicator signal. Tie FORCEOFF and FORCEON together to bypass Auto-Shutdown so the line acts like a SHDN input.

## \_Applications Information

### **Capacitor Selection**

The capacitor type used for C1–C4 is not critical for proper operation; either polarized or nonpolarized capacitors may be used. The charge pump requires 0.1µF capacitors for 3.3V operation. For other supply voltages, refer to Table 3 for required capacitor values. Do not use values smaller than those listed in Table 3. Increasing the capacitor values (e.g., by a factor of 2) reduces ripple on the transmitter outputs and slightly reduces power consumption. C2, C3, and C4 can be increased without changing C1's value. However, do not increase C1 without also increasing the values of C2, C3, and C4 to maintain the proper ratios (C1 to the other capacitors).

When using the minimum required capacitor values, make sure the capacitor value does not degrade excessively with temperature. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger nominal value. The capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR) usually rises at low temperatures and influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V-.

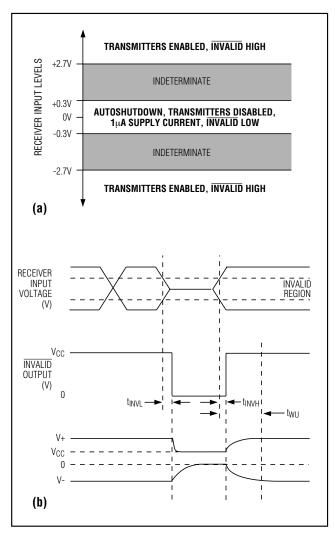


Figure 5. AutoShutdown Trip Levels

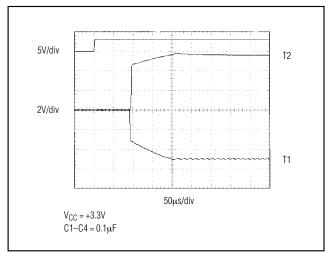


Figure 6. Transmitter Outputs when Exiting Shutdown or Powering Up

#### 6 5 FRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 4 Vour+ $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ 3 2 1 $V_{OUT}$ + 0 -1 -2 Volit -3 -4 Vout -5 -6 LOAD CURRENT PER TRANSMITTER (mA)

Figure 7a. MAX3243 Transmitter Output Voltage vs. Load Current per Transmitter

#### **Power-Supply Decoupling**

In most circumstances a  $0.1\mu F$  bypass capacitor is adequate. In applications that are sensitive to power-supply noise, decouple V<sub>CC</sub> to ground with a capacitor of the same value as the charge-pump capacitor C1. Connect bypass capacitors as close to the IC as possible.

## Transmitter Outputs when Exiting Shutdown

Figure 6 shows two transmitter outputs when exiting shutdown mode. As they become active, the two transmitter outputs are shown going to opposite RS-232 levels. Each transmitter is loaded with  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 2500pF. The transmitter outputs display no ringing or undesirable transients as they come out of shutdown. Note that the transmitters are enabled only when the magnitude of V- exceeds approximately 3V. Figure 7a shows the MAX3243's transmitter output voltage vs. current per transmitter. Figure 7b is a mouse driver test circuit.

#### Mouse Driveability (MAX3243)

The MAX3243 has been specifically designed to power serial mice while operating from low-voltage power supplies. It has been tested with samples of ten major mouse models from six manufacturers including the leading three: Logitech (5 models), Mouse Systems, and

Microsoft. The MAX3243 successfully drove all serial mice and met their respective current and voltage requirements. Figure 7a shows the transmitter outputs under increasing load current. The MAX3243's switching regulator ensures the transmitters will supply at least ±5V during worst-case conditions. The AutoShutdown feature does not work with a mouse, so FORCEOFF and FORCEON should be connected to VCC.

#### **High Data Rates**

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 maintain the RS-232 ±5.0V minimum transmitter output voltage even at high data rates. Figure 8 shows a transmitter loopback test circuit. Figure 9 shows a loopback test result at 120kbps, and Figure 10 shows the same test at 235kbps. For Figure 9, all three transmitters were driven simultaneously at 120kbps into RS-232 loads in parallel with 1000pF. For Figure 10, a single transmitter was driven at 235kbps, but all three transmitters were loaded with an RS-232 receiver in parallel with 1000pF.

#### Interconnection with 3V and 5V Logic

The MAX3221/MAX3223/MAX3243 can directly interface with various 5V logic families, including ACT and HCT CMOS. See Table 4 for more information on possible combinations of interconnections.

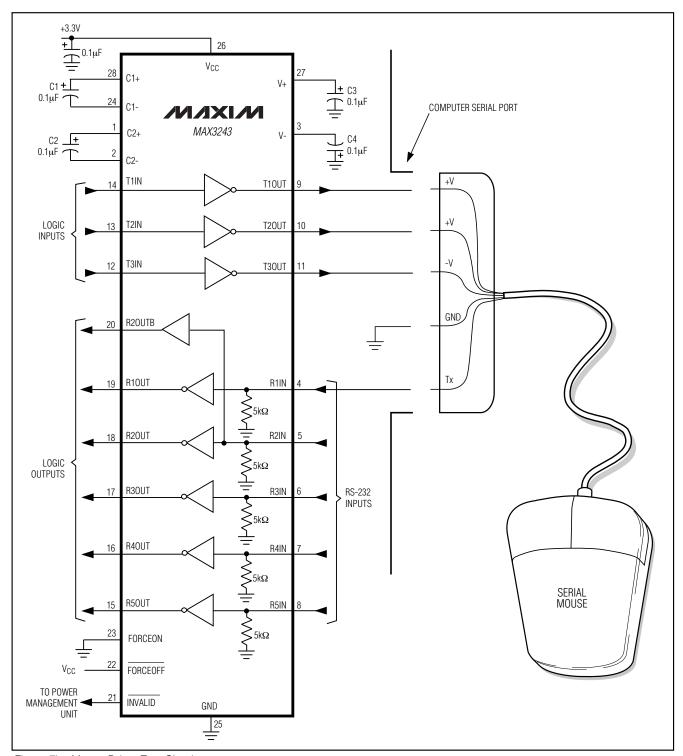


Figure 7b. Mouse Driver Test Circuit

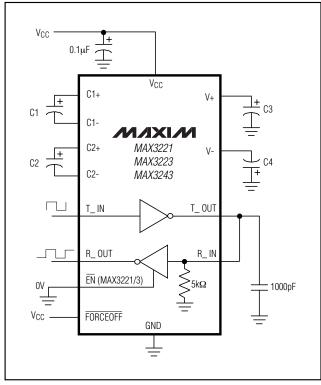


Figure 8. Loopback Test Circuit

### **Table 3. Required Capacitor Values**

V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	C1 (μF)	C2, C3, C4 (μF)
3.0 to 3.6	0.1	0.1
4.5 to 5.5	0.047	0.33
3.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.47

Table 4. Logic Family Compatibility with Various Supply Voltages

SYSTEM POWER- SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	V <sub>CC</sub> SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	COMPATIBILITY
3.3	3.3	Compatible with all CMOS families.
5	5	Compatible with all TTL and CMOS-logic families.
5	3.3	Compatible with ACT and HCT CMOS, and with TTL. Incompatible with AC, HC, or CD4000 CMOS.

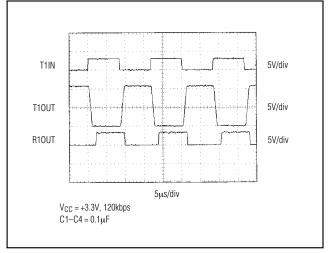


Figure 9. Loopback Test Result at 120kbps

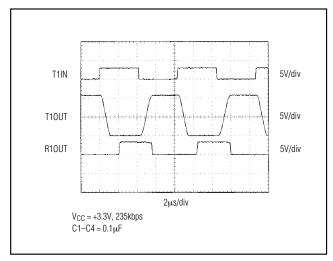
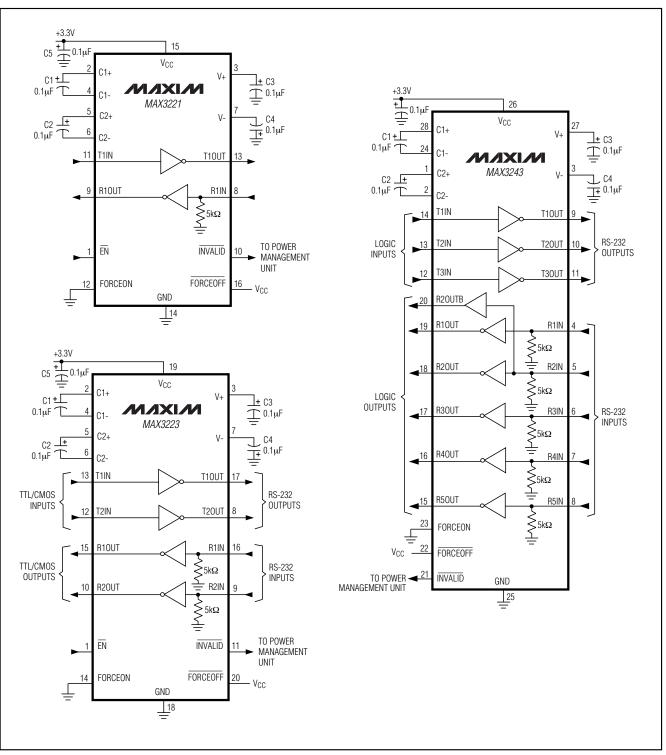


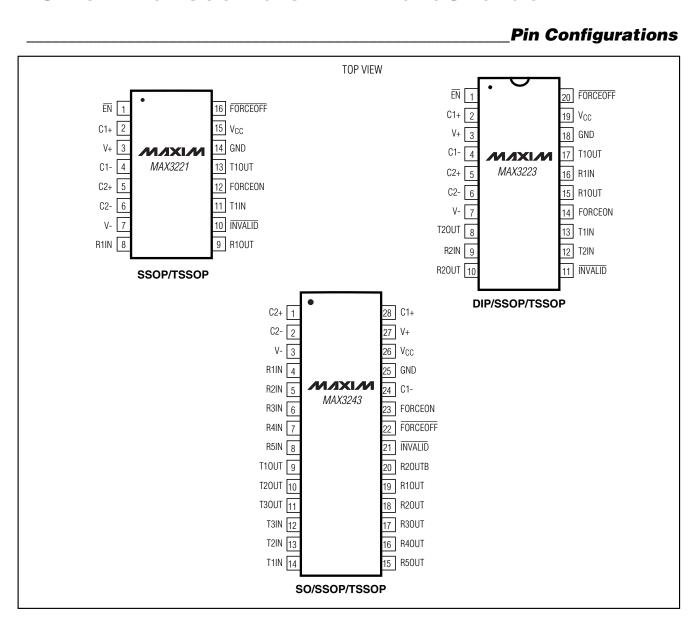
Figure 10. Loopback Test Result at 235kbps

### **Typical Operating Circuits**



### 3V-Powered EIA/TIA-232 and EIA/TIA-562 Transceivers from Maxim

PART	POWER- SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	No. OF TRANSMITTERS/ RECEIVERS	No. OF RECEIVERS ACTIVE IN SHUTDOWN	GUAR- ANTEED DATA RATE (kbps)	EIA/TIA- 232 OR 562	FEATURES
MAX212	3.0 to 3.6	3/5	5	120	232	Drives mice
MAX218	1.8 to 4.25	2/2	2	120	232	Operates directly from batteries without a voltage regulator
MAX562	2.7 to 5.25	3/5	5	230	562	230kbps guaranteed data rate
MAX563	3.0 to 3.6	2/2	2	120	562	0.1μF capacitors
MAX3212	2.7 to 3.6	3/5	5	235	232	AutoShutdown, complementary receiver, drives mice, transient detection
MAX3221	3.0 to 5.5	1/1	1	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, 16-pin SSOP
MAX3222	3.0 to 5.5	2/2	2	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, MAX242 pinout
MAX3223	3.0 to 5.5	2/2	2	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, AutoShutdown
MAX3232	3.0 to 5.5	2/2	N/A	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, MAX232 pinout
MAX3241	3.0 to 5.5	3/5	5	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, 2 complementary receivers, drives mice
MAX3243	3.0 to 5.5	3/5	1	120	232	0.1µF capacitors, AutoShutdown complementary receiver, drives mice



### \_Chip Information

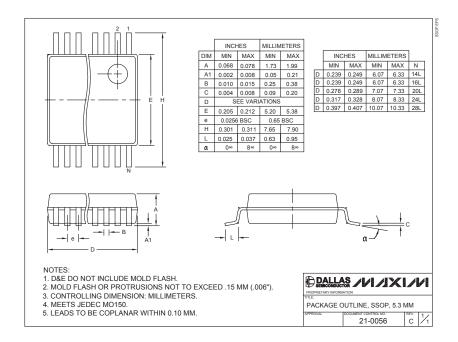
MAX3221 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 269

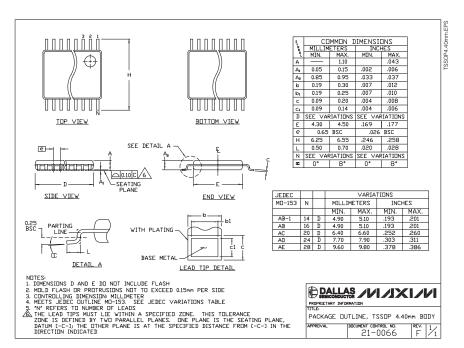
MAX3223 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 339

MAX3243 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 476

### Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)

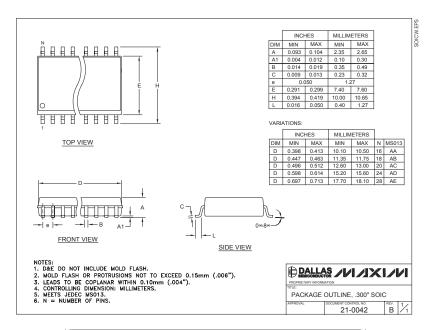


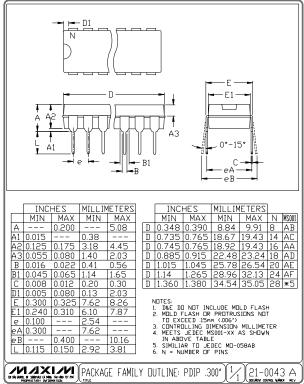




### Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)





Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

16 \_\_\_\_\_\_Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

© 2003 Maxim Integrated Products

Printed USA

is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.