

LTC1727/LTC1728

Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitors in 8-Lead MSOP and 5-Lead SOT-23 Packages

DESCRIPTION

The LTC[®]1727 is a triple supply monitor intended for systems with multiple supply voltages. Each supply monitor has its own open-drain output for individual supply monitoring. A common open-drain reset output remains low until all three supplies have been in compliance for 200ms. Tight 1.5% accuracy specifications and glitch immunity ensure reliable reset operation without false triggering.

The LTC1728 is functionally identical to the LTC1727 without the individual monitor outputs.

The RST output is guaranteed to be in the correct state for $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$ or V_{CC3} down to 1V. The LTC1727/ LTC1728 may also be configured to monitor any one or two V_{CC} inputs instead of three, depending on system requirements.

Very low ($10\mu A$ typical) supply current makes the LTC1727/ LTC1728 ideal for power conscious systems.

The LTC1727 is available in an 8-lead MSOP or SO package and the LTC1728 is available in a 5-lead SOT-23 package.

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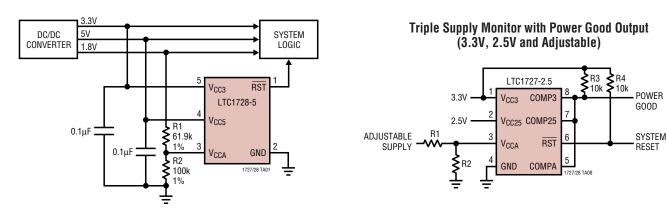
FEATURES

- Monitors Three Inputs Simultaneously LTC1727-5: 5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1727-2.5: 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-5: 5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-2.5: 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-1.8: 3V, 1.8V and ADJ LTC1728-3.3: 3.3V, 1.8V and ADJ
- **±1.5%** Threshold Accuracy Over Temperature
- Very Low Supply Current: 10μA Typ
- 200ms Reset Time Delay
- Active Low RESET Output
- Power Supply Glitch Immunity
- Guaranteed RESET for V_{CC3} ≥ 1V or V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} ≥ 1V
- LTC1727 Includes Monitor Output for Each Supply
- LTC1727: 8-Lead MSOP and SO Packages
- LTC1728: 5-Lead SOT-23 Package

APPLICATIONS

- Desktop Computers
- Notebook Computers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Network Servers

TYPICAL APPLICATION





LTC1727/LTC1728

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Notes 1, 2)

$\underline{V_{CC3}}, \underline{V_{CC5}}/\underline{V_{CC25}}/\underline{V_{CC18}}, \underline{V_{CCA}}$	
RST	-0.3V to 7V
COMPA, COMP3, COMP25/COMP5	
(MS8 and SO-8 Only)	-0.3V to 7V

Operating	Temperature	Range
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LTC1727/LTC1728E (Note 3)	. −40°C to 85°C
LTC1728H	-40°C to 125°C
LTC17271	−40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

V _{CC5} /V _{CC25} 2 7 CC V _{CC3} 3 7 CC GND 4 7 S MS8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP	1 0 8 COMP3 VCC5/ 2 7 COMP25/ 125 2 7 COMP25/COMP5 VCCA 3 126 7 COMP25/COMP5 VCCA 3 127 1 1 1 1 128 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 129 1 1 1 1 140 1 1 1 1 141 1 1 1 1 141 1 1 1 1 141		TOP VIEW RST 1 5 V _{CC3} GND 2 V _{CC5} / V _{CC4} 3 V _{CC5} / V _{CC18} S5 PACKAGE 5-LEAD PLASTIC SOT-23 T _{JMAX} = 125°C, θ_{JA} = 250°C/W		
ORDER PART NUMBER PART	MS8 T MARKING	ORDER PART NUMBER	S8 PART MARKING	ORDER PART NUMBER	S5 PART MARKING
LTC1727EMS8-2.5 LTC1727EMS8-5	LTHY LTHX	LTC1727ES8-2.5 LTC1727IS8-2.5 LTC1727ES8-5 LTC1727IS8-5	172725 727125 17275 172715	LTC1728ES5-1.8 LTC1728ES5-2.5 LTC1728ES5-3.3 LTC1728ES5-5 LTC1728HS5-5	LTPH LTIA LTYP LTHZ LTHZ

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS All except LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3. The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. V_{CC3} = 3.3V, V_{CC5} = 5V, V_{CC25} = 2.5V, V_{CC4} = V_{CC3} unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{RT3}	Reset Threshold V _{CC3}	V _{CC3} Input Threshold		3.036	3.086	3.135	V
V _{RT5}	Reset Threshold V _{CC5}	V _{CC5} Input Threshold (5V Version)	٠	4.600	4.675	4.750	V
V _{RT25}	Reset Threshold V _{CC25}	V _{CC25} Input Threshold (2.5V Version)	٠	2.300	2.338	2.375	V
V _{RTA}	Reset Threshold V _{CCA}	V _{CCA} Input Threshold		0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V _{CCOP}	V _{CC3} , V _{CC5} /V _{CC25} Operating Voltage	RST, COMP3, COMP5, COMP25 in Correct Logic State	٠	1		7	V
V _{CCOPA}	$V_{CC3},V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}$ Operating Voltage	Minimum Supply Voltage to Guarantee COMPA in Correct Logic State	•		2	2.3	V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS All except LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3. The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. V_{CC3} = 3.3V, V_{CC5} = 5V, V_{CC25} = 2.5V, V_{CC4} = V_{CC3} unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
I _{VCC3}	V _{CC3} Supply Current	$V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} > V_{CC3}$ $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} < V_{CC3}$, $V_{CC3} = 3.3V$ (Note 4)	•		1 10	2 20	μΑ μΑ
I _{VCC25}	V _{CC25} Supply Current	V _{CC25} < V _{CC3} , V _{CC25} = 2.5V (Note 4)			1	2	μA
Ι _{VCC5} μΑ	V _{CC5} Supply Current	$V_{CC5} = 5V, V_{CC3} < V_{CC5}$		•		10	20
I _{VCCA}	V _{CCA} Input Current	$V_{CCA} = 1V$ -40°C < T _A < 125°C	•	-15 -50	0 0	15 50	nA nA
t _{RST}	Reset Pulse Width	$$\overline{\text{RST}}$$ Low with 10k Pull-Up to V_{CC3} (Note 5) $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < 125^\circ\text{C}$	•	140 140	200	280 350	ms ms
t _{UV}	V _{CC} Undervoltage Detect to RST or COMPX	V _{CC5} , V _{CC25} , V _{CC3} or V _{CCA} Less Than Reset Threshold V _{RT} by More Than 1% (Note 5)			110		μs
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low, RST, COMPX	$ I_{SINK} = 2.5mA, V_{CC3} = 3V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 0V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_{CC5}/V_{CC5}/V_{CC5} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC5}/V_$	• • •		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High, RST, COMPX (Note 6)	I _{SOURCE} = 1μA	•	V _{CC3} – 1			V
LTC1727-	5/LTC1728-5 Only	•					
V _{OVR}	V _{CC5} Reset Override Voltage (Note 7)	Override V _{CC5} Ability to Assert RST		V	/ _{CC3} ±0.02	5	V

LTC1728-1.8 The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_{CC3} = 3V$, $V_{CC18} = 1.8V$, $V_{CC4} = V_{CC3}$ unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{RT3}	Reset Threshold V _{CC3}	V _{CC3} Input Threshold	•	2.760	2.805	2.850	V
V _{RT18}	Reset Threshold V _{CC18}	V _{CC18} Input Threshold	•	1.656	1.683	1.710	V
V _{RTA}	Reset Threshold V _{CCA}	V _{CCA} Input Threshold	•	0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V _{CCOP}	V _{CC3} , V _{CC18} Operating Voltage	RST in Correct Logic State	•	1		7	V
I _{VCC3}	V _{CC3} Supply Current	V _{CC18} > V _{CC3} V _{CC18} < V _{CC3} , V _{CC3} = 3V (Note 4)	•		1 10	2 20	μΑ μΑ
I _{VCC18}	V _{CC18} Supply Current	V _{CC18} < V _{CC3} , V _{CC18} = 1.8V (Note 4)	•		1	2	μA
I _{VCCA}	V _{CCA} Input Current	V _{CCA} = 1V	•	-15	0	15	nA
t _{RST}	Reset Pulse Width	RST Low (Note 5)	•	140	200	280	ms
t _{UV}	V _{CC} Undervoltage Detect to RST	V_{CC18}, V_{CC3} or V_{CCA} Less Than Reset (Note 5) Threshold V_{RT} by More Than 1%			110		μs
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low, RST	$ \begin{array}{l} I_{SINK} = 2.5mA, V_{CC3} = 3V, V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A, V_{CC3} = 0V, V_{CC18} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC18} = 1V \end{array} $	•		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High, RST	I _{SOURCE} = 1μA (Note 6)		V _{CC3} – 1			V



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LTC1728-3.3 The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T_A = 25°C. V_{CC3} = 3.3V, V_{CC18} = 1.8V, V_{CC4} = V_{CC3} unless otherwise noted.

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{RT3}	Reset Threshold V _{CC3}	V _{CC3} Input Threshold		3.036	3.086	3.135	V
V _{RT18}	Reset Threshold V _{CC18}	V _{CC18} Input Threshold	•	1.656	1.683	1.710	V
V _{RTA}	Reset Threshold V _{CCA}	V _{CCA} Input Threshold	•	0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V _{CCOP}	V _{CC3} , V _{CC18} Operating Voltage	RST in Correct Logic State	•	1		7	V
I _{VCC3}	V _{CC3} Supply Current	V _{CC18} > V _{CC3} V _{CC18} < V _{CC3} , V _{CC3} = 3.3V (Note 4)	•		1 10	2 20	μA μA
I _{VCC18}	V _{CC18} Supply Current	V _{CC18} < V _{CC3} , V _{CC18} = 1.8V (Note 4)	•		1	2	μA
IVCCA	V _{CCA} Input Current	V _{CCA} = 1V		-15	0	15	nA
t _{RST}	Reset Pulse Width	RST Low (Note 5)	٠	140	200	280	ms
t _{UV}	V_{CC} Undervoltage Detect to \overline{RST}	$V_{\rm CC18}, V_{\rm CC3}$ or $V_{\rm CCA}$ Less Than Reset (Note 5) Threshold $V_{\rm RT}$ by More Than 1%			110		μS
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Low, RST	$ \begin{array}{l} I_{SINK} = 2.5mA, V_{CC3} = 3.3V, V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\mu A, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\mu A, V_{CC3} = 0V, V_{CC18} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100\mu A, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC18} = 1V \end{array} $	• • •		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V _{OH}	Output Voltage High, RST	I _{SOURCE} = 1µA (Note 6)	•	V _{CC3} – 1			V

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: All voltage values are with respect to GND.

Note 3: The LTC1727E/LTC1728E are guaranteed to meet specified performance from 0°C to 70°C and are designed, characterized and assured to meet the extended temperature limits of -40°C to 85°C but are not tested at these temperatures.

Note 4: Both V_{CC3} and $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$ can act as the supply depending on which pin has the greatest potential.

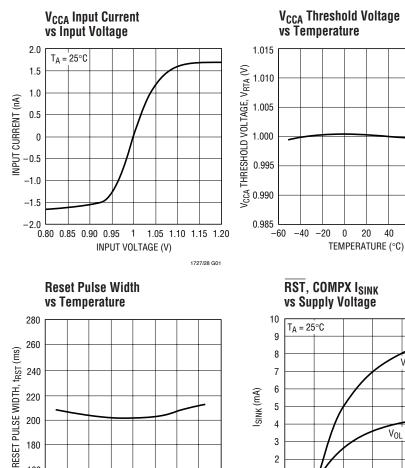
Note 5: Measured from when input passes through the input threshold (V_{RTX}) until RST or COMPX passes through 1.5V.

Note 6: The output pins RST and COMPX have internal pull-ups to V_{CC3} of typically 6µA. However, external pull-up resistors may be used when faster rise times are required or for V_{OH} voltages greater than V_{CC3}.

Note 7: The V_{CC5} reset override voltage is valid for an operating range less than approximately 4.15V. Above this point the override is turned off and the V_{CC5} pin functions normally.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



40

TEMPERATURE (°C)

IVCC3 vs Temperature (LTC1727-2.5/

60 80 100

1727/28 G04

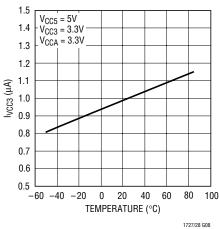
1727/28 G07

 $V_{OL} = 0.4V$ V_{OL} = 0.2V 3 2 1 0 3 5 0 1 2 4 6 V_{CC3} OR V_{CC5} (V) 1727/28 G05

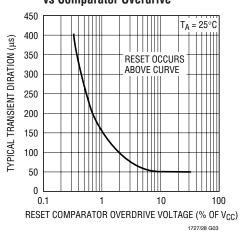
40 60 80 100

1727/28 G02

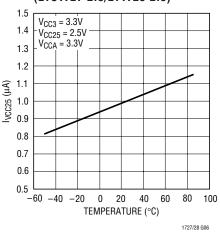




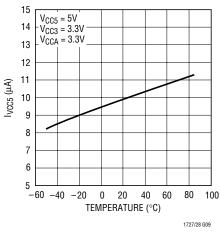
Typical Transient Duration vs Comparator Overdrive



I_{VCC25} vs Temperature (LTC1727-2.5/LT1728-2.5)



IVCC5 vs Temperature (LTC1727-5/LTC1728-5)



17278fb



160

140

15

14

13

12

11

10

9

8 7

6

5

-60

-40 -20

0 20 40 60 80 100

TEMPERATURE (°C)

lvcc3 (µA)

-60 -40 -20

 $V_{CC3} = 3.3V$

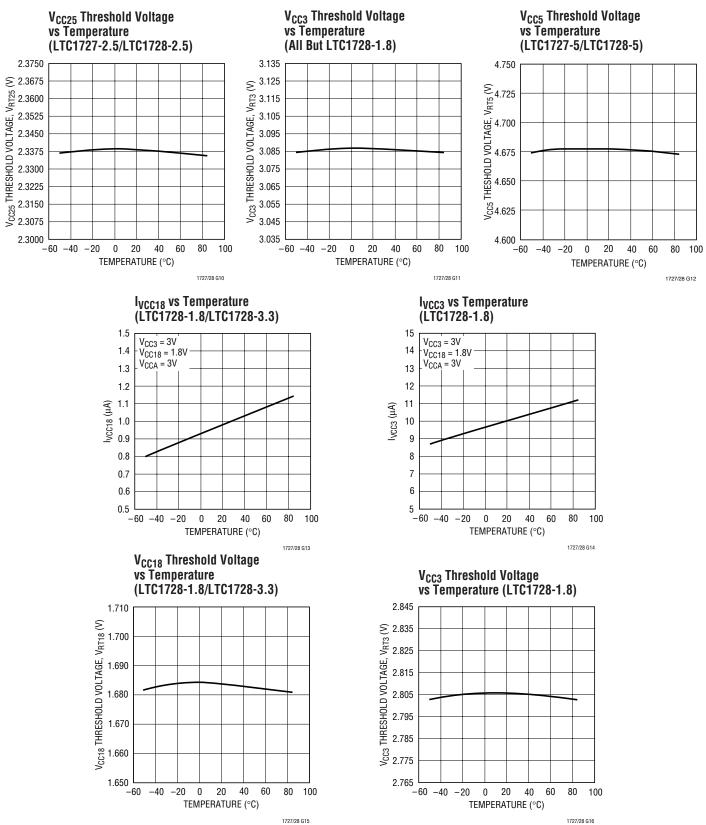
 $V_{CC25} = 2.5V$

 $V_{CCA} = 3.3V$

0 20

LTC1728-2.5/LTC1728-3.3)

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





PIN FUNCTIONS (LTC1727/LTC1728)

 V_{CC3} (Pin 1/Pin 5): 3.3V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. (3V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin for LTC1728-1.8.) This pin provides power to the part when the voltage on V_{CC3} is greater than the voltage on V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}. Bypass to ground with a ≥0.1µF ceramic capacitor.

V_{CC5} (Pin 2/Pin 4): 5V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1727-5/LTC1728-5 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V_{CC5} is greater than the voltage on V_{CC3}. Bypass to ground with $a \ge 0.1 \mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

V_{CC25} (Pin 2/Pin 4): 2.5V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1727-2.5/LTC1728-2.5 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V_{CC25} is greater than the voltage on V_{CC3}. Bypass to ground with $a \ge 0.1 \mu F$ ceramic capacitor.

V_{CC18} (Pin 2/Pin 4): 1.8V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V_{CC18} is greater than the voltage on V_{CC3}. Bypass to ground with $a \ge 0.1 \mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

 V_{CCA} (Pin 3/Pin 3): 1V Sense, High Impedance Input. If unused, it can be tied to either V_{CC3} or $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$.

GND (Pin 4/Pin 2): Ground.

COMPA (Pin 5): V_{CCA} Comparator Output for the LTC1727. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to V_{CC3} . Asserted when V_{CCA} is above V_{RTA} . Deasserted when V_{CC4} is below V_{RTA} or if both the V_{CC3} and V_{CC5} supply pins are too low to power the internal bandgap reference (typically <2.0V). Can be pulled greater than V_{CC3} using an external pull-up.

RST (Pin 6/Pin 1): Reset Logic Output. Active low, opendrain logic output with weak pull-up to V_{CC3} . Can be pulled up greater than V_{CC3} when interfacing to 5V logic. Asserted when one or all of the supplies are below trip thresholds and held for 200ms after all supplies become valid.

COMP5 (Pin 7): V_{CC5} Comparator Output for the LTC1727-5. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to V_{CC3} . Asserted when V_{CC5} is above V_{RT5} . Can be pulled greater than V_{CC3} using an external pull-up.

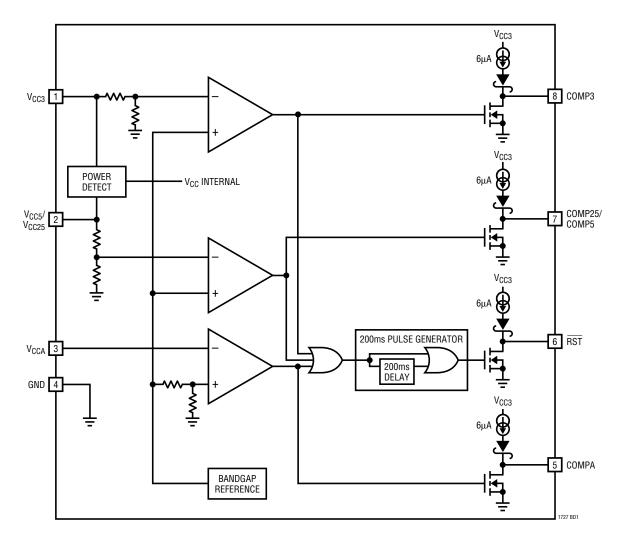
COMP25 (Pin 7): V_{CC25} Comparator Output for the LTC1727-2.5. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to V_{CC3} . Asserted when V_{CC25} is above V_{RT25} . Can be pulled greater than V_{CC3} using an external pull-up.

COMP3 (Pin 8): V_{CC3} Comparator Output for the LTC1727. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to V_{CC3} . Asserted when V_{CC3} is above V_{RT3} . Can be pulled greater than V_{CC3} using an external pull-up.



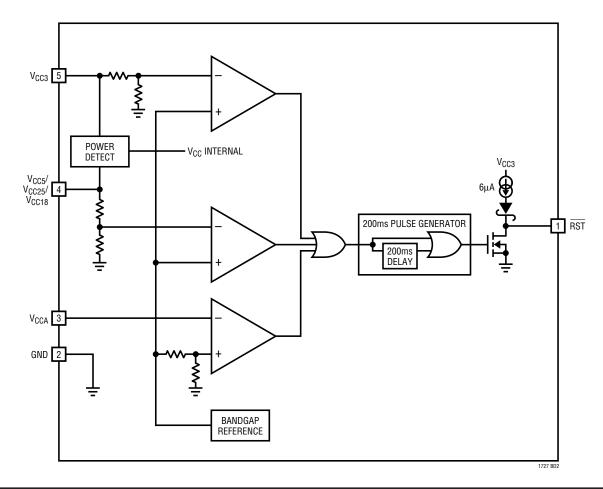
BLOCK DIAGRAMS

LTC1727-5/LTC1727-2.5



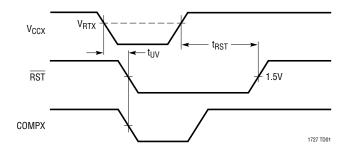
BLOCK DIAGRAMS





TIMING DIAGRAM

V_{CC} Monitor Timing



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Supply Monitoring

The LTC1727 is a low power, high accuracy triple supply monitoring circuit with three monitor outputs and a 200ms microprocessor reset output.

The LTC1728 is a low power, high accuracy triple supply monitoring circuit with a single 200ms microprocessor reset output.

All three V_{CC} inputs must be above predetermined thresholds for reset not to be invoked. The LTC1727/LTC1728 will assert reset during power-up, power-down and brownout conditions on any one or all of the V_{CC} inputs.

Power Detect

The LTC1727/LTC1728 are powered from the 3.3V/3V input pin (V_{CC3}), the 1.8V input pin (V_{CC18}), the 2.5V input pin (V_{CC25}) or the 5V input pin (V_{CC5}), whichever pin <u>has</u> the highest potential. This ensures the part pulls the RST pin low as soon as either input pin is \geq 1V.

Power-Up

Upon power-up, either the V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} or V_{CC3} pin, can power the part. This ensures that RST will be low when either V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} or V_{CC3} reaches 1V. As long as any one of the V_{CC} inputs is below its predetermined threshold, RST will stay a logic low. Once all of the V_{CC} inputs rise above their thresholds, an internal timer is started and RST is released after 200ms.

 \overline{RST} is reasserted whenever any one of the V_{CC} inputs drops below its predetermined threshold and remains asserted until 200ms after all of the V_{CC} inputs are above their thresholds.

On the LTC1727, each of the comparator outputs will be low until the V_{CC} input that is monitored by that comparator rises above the appropriate predetermined threshold. The COMP3, and COMP5/COMP25 outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for either V_{CC3} or V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} greater than 1V. The COMPA output requires the internal bandgap reference to be valid before the correct logic state can be output. Therefore, the COMPA output will be held low until V_{CCA} is above 1V and V_{CC3} or V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} is greater than 2V (typ).

Power-Down

On power-down, once any of the V_{CC} inputs drop below its threshold, \overline{RST} is held at a logic low. A logic low of 0.3V is guaranteed until both V_{CC3} and V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} drop below 1V.

Glitch Immunity

The RST output of the LTC1727/LTC1728 have two forms of glitch immunity built in. First, the input monitors require the input voltage to transition at least 10% of the input threshold (0.1 • V_{RTH}) below the input threshold for approximately 50µs in order to force the monitor output low. The duration of the transition must be longer for voltage transitions of lesser magnitude (see Figure 1). Secondly, the reset pulse width of approximately 200ms acts to debounce the RST output ensuring that the RST output will always be in the correct state.

The individual monitor outputs of the LTC1727 do not have hysteresis and will track the monitor inputs relative to the monitor's input threshold (V_{RTA} , V_{RT25} , V_{RT3} and V_{RT5}). A very slow moving input voltage with ripple riding on it may cause the individual monitor outputs (COMPA, COMP25, COMP3 and COMP5) to toggle on the ripple as the input voltage passes the input threshold. The slow response time of the LTC1727's input monitors has a tendency to integrate signals on the inputs improving their immunity to noise and ripple.

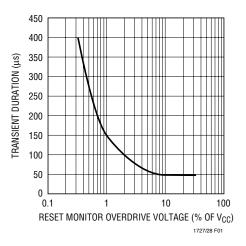


Figure 1. Transient Duration vs Comparator Overdrive



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Override Functions (5V Versions Only)

The V_{CCA} pin, if unused, can be tied to either V_{CC3} or V_{CC5}. This is an obvious solution since the trip points for V_{CC3} and V_{CC5} will always be greater than the trip point for V_{CCA}.

The V_{CC5} input trip point is disabled if its voltage is equal to the voltage on V_{CC3} \pm 25mV and the voltage on V_{CC5} is less than 4.15V. In this manner, the LTC1727-5/LTC1728-5 will behave as a 3.3V monitor and V_{CC5} reset capability will be disabled.

The V_{CC5} trip point is reenabled when the voltage on V_{CC5} is equal to the voltage on V_{CC3} \pm 25mV and the two inputs are greater than approximately 4.15V. In this manner, the part can function as a 5V monitor with the 3.3V monitor disabled.

When monitoring either 3.3V or 5V with V_{CC3} strapped to V_{CC5} (see Figure 2), the part determines which is the appropriate range. The part handles this situation as shown in Figure 3. Above 1V and below V_{RT3}, RST is held low. From V_{RT3} to approximately 4.15V the part assumes 3.3V supply monitoring and RST is deasserted. Above approximately 4.15V the part operates as a 5V monitor. In most systems the 5V supply will pass through the 3.1V to 4.15V region in <200ms during power-up, and the RST output will behave as desired. Table 1 summarizes the state of RST at various operating voltages with V_{CC3} = V_{CC5}.

Table 1. Override Truth Table ($V_{CC3} = V_{CC5}$)

INPUTS ($V_{CC3} = V_{CC5} = V_{CC}$)	RST
$0V \le V_{CC} \le 1V$	_
$1V \le V_{CC} \le V_{RT3}$	0
$V_{\text{RT3}} \le V_{\text{CC}} \le 4.15 \text{V}$	1
$4.15V \le V_{CC} \le V_{RT5}$	0
$V_{RT5} \le V_{CC}$	1

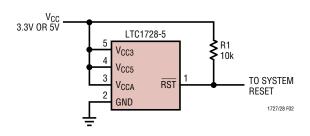


Figure 2. Single Supply Monitor with Others Disabled

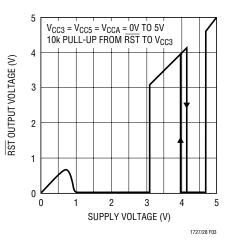
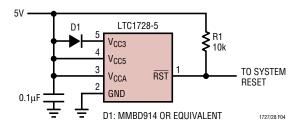


Figure 3. RST Voltage vs Supply Voltage

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Figure 4 contains a simple circuit for 5V systems that can't risk the RST output going high in the 3.1V to 4.15V range (possibly due to very slow rise time on the 5V supply). Diode D1 powers the LTC1728-5 while dropping $\approx 0.6V$ from the V_{CC5} pin to the V_{CC3} pin. This prevents the part's internal override circuit from being activated. Without the override circuit active, the RST pin stays low until V_{CC5} reaches V_{RT5} \cong 4.675V. (See Figure 5.)





LTC1727-2.5/LTC1728-2.5/LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3 Override Functions

The V_{CCA} pin, if unused, can be tied to either V_{CC3} or V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}. This is an obvious solution since the trip points for V_{CC3} and V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} will always be greater than the trip point for V_{CC4}. Likewise, the V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}, if unused, can be tied to V_{CC3}. V_{CC3} must always be used. Tying V_{CC3} to V_{CC25}/V_{CC18} and operating off of a 2.5V/1.8V supply will result in the continuous assertion of RST.

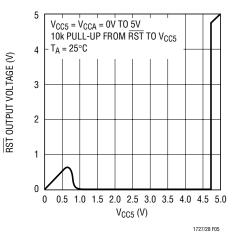
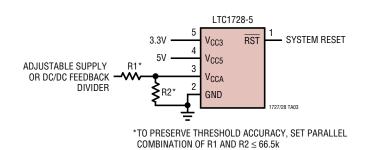


Figure 5. RST_Output Voltage Characteristics of the Circuit in Figure 4

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

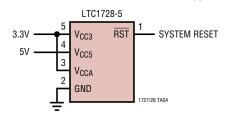


Triple Supply Monitor (3.3V, 5V and Adjustable)

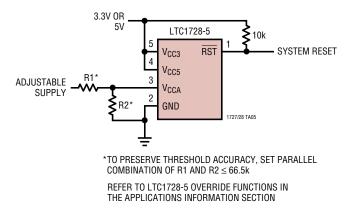


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

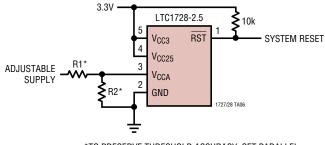
Dual Supply Monitor (3.3V and 5V, Defeat V_{CCA} Input)



Dual Supply Monitor (3.3V or 5V Plus Adjustable)

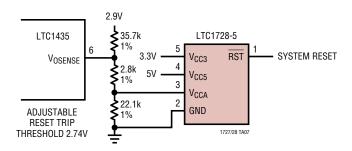


Dual Supply Monitor (3.3V Plus Adjustable)



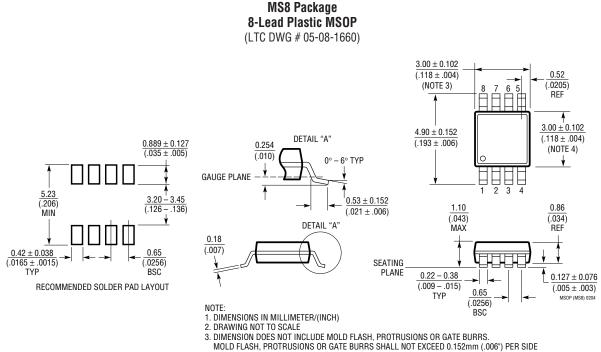
^{*}TO PRESERVE THRESHOLD ACCURACY, SET PARALLEL COMBINATION OF R1 AND R2 \leq 66.5k

Using V_{CCA} Tied to DC/DC Feedback Divider



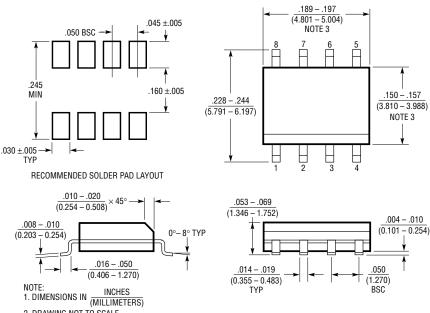
Downloaded from Elcodis.com electronic components distributor

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



- DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
 LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



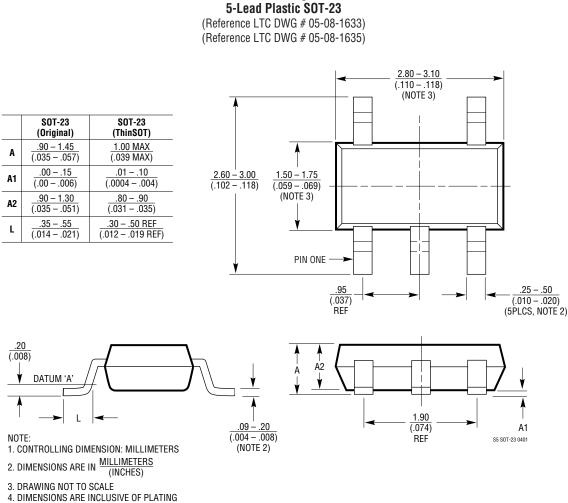
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

3. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

SO8 0303



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



S5 Package

5. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR

6. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .254mm

7. PACKAGE EIAJ REFERENCE IS:

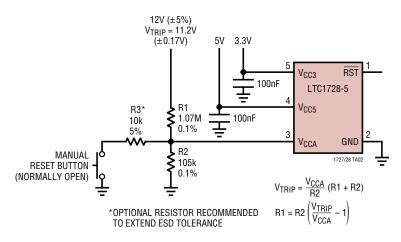
SC-74A (EIAJ) FOR ORIGINAL

JEDEC MO-193 FOR THIN



TYPICAL APPLICATION





RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC690	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	4.65V Threshold
LTC694-3.3	3.3V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	2.9V Threshold
LTC699	5V Supply Monitor and Watchdog Timer	4.65V Threshold
LTC1232	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Push-Button Reset	4.37V/4.62V Threshold
LTC1326	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	4.725V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)
LTC1326-2.5	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	2.363V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)
LTC1443/LTC1444 LTC1445	Micropower Quad Comparators with 1% Reference	LTC1443 Has 1.182V Reference, LTC1444/LTC1445 Have 1.221V Reference and Adjustable Hysteresis
LTC1536	Precision Triple Supply Monitor for PCI Applications	Meets PCI t _{FAIL} Timing Specifications
LTC1540	Nanopower Comparator with 2% Reference	1.182V Reference, 300nA Supply Current, 8-Pin MSOP
LTC1726-2.5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time Outs
LTC1726-5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time Outs
LTC1985-1.8	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 3.3V, 1.8V and ADJ	Push-Pull RESET Output, SOT-23