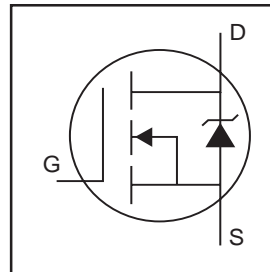


Features

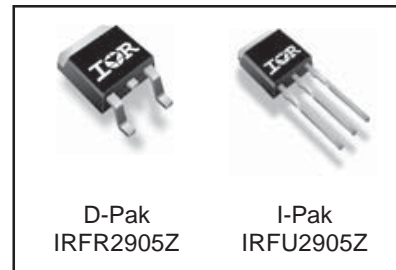
- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Repetitive Avalanche Allowed up to Tjmax



$V_{DSS} = 55V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 14.5m\Omega$
$I_D = 42A$

Description

Specifically designed for Automotive applications, this HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. Additional features of this design are a 175°C junction operating temperature, fast switching speed and improved repetitive avalanche rating. These features combine to make this design an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in Automotive applications and a wide variety of other applications.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	59	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	42	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Package Limited)	42	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	240	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	110	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.72	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy②	55	mJ
E_{AS} (Tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ③	82	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑥	—	1.38	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB mount) ⑦ ⑧	—	40	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑨	—	110	

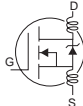
HEXFET® is a registered trademark of International Rectifier.

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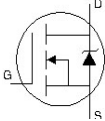
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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.053	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	11.1	14.5	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 36A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
gfs	Forward Transconductance	20	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 36A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	20	μA	$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	29	44	nC	$I_D = 36A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	7.7	—		$V_{DS} = 44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	12	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
R_G	Gate Input Resistance	—	1.3	—	Ω	$f = 1\text{MHz}$, open drain
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	14	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	66	—		$I_D = 36A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	31	—		$R_G = 15\ \Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	35	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	1380	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	240	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	120	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	820	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	190	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 44V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
$C_{oss\ eff.}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	300	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V\ \text{to}\ 44V$ ④

Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	36	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	240		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 36A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	23	35	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 36A, V_{DD} = 28V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	16	24	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S+L_D)				

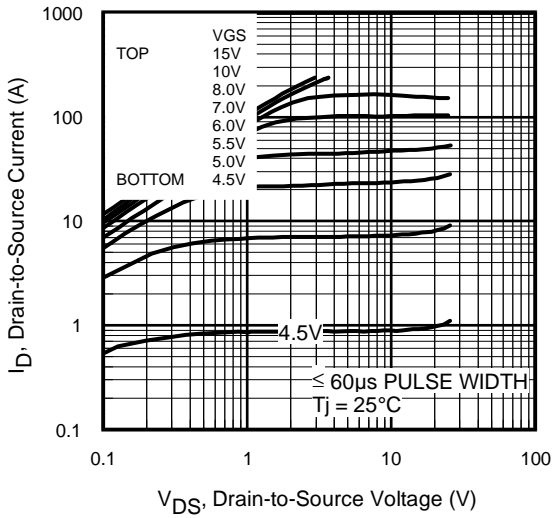


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

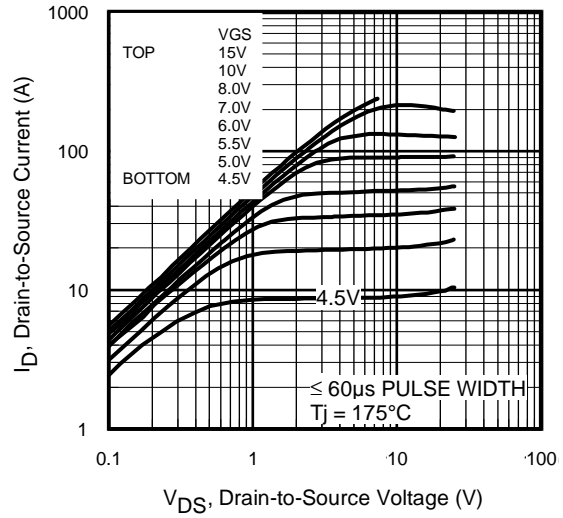


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

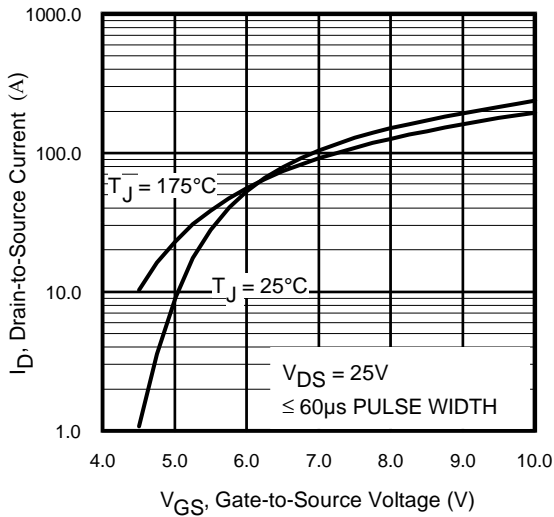


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

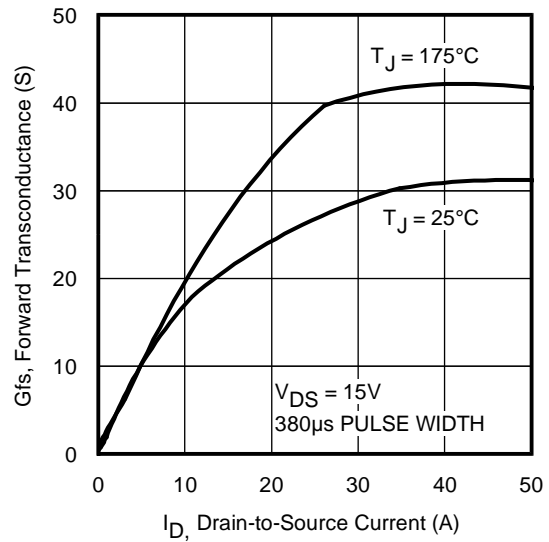


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

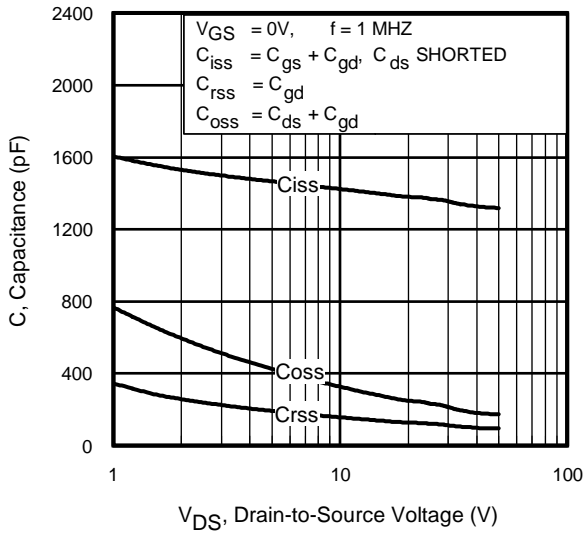


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

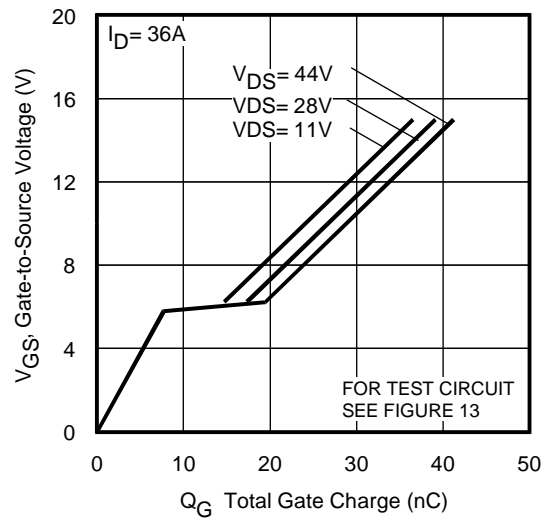


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

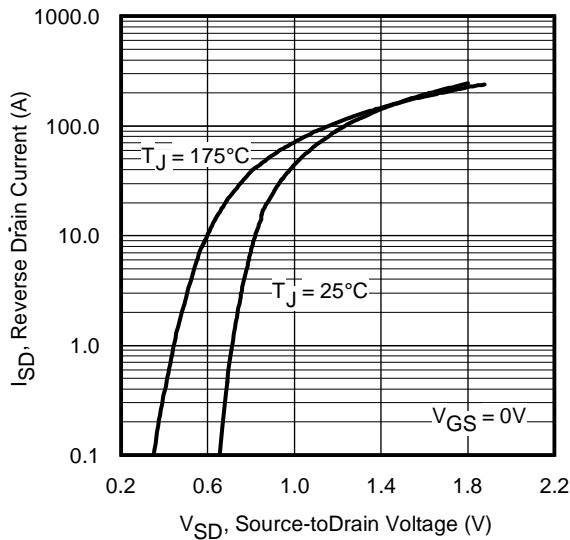


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

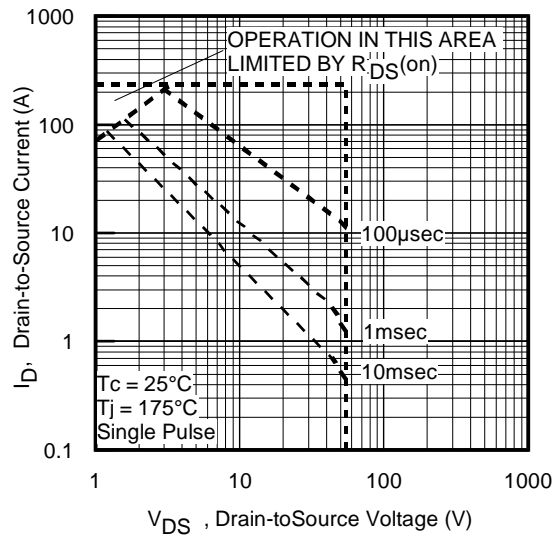


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

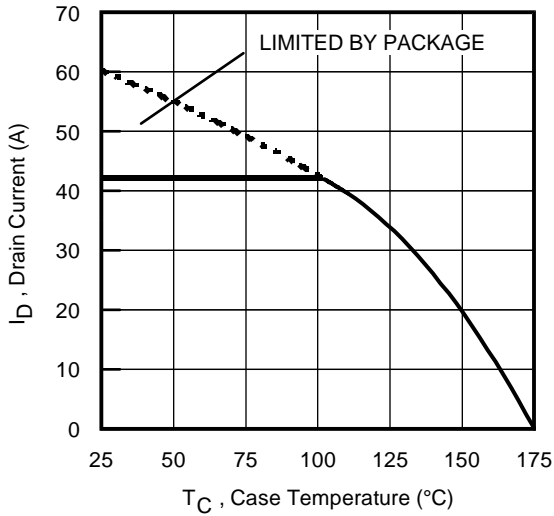


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

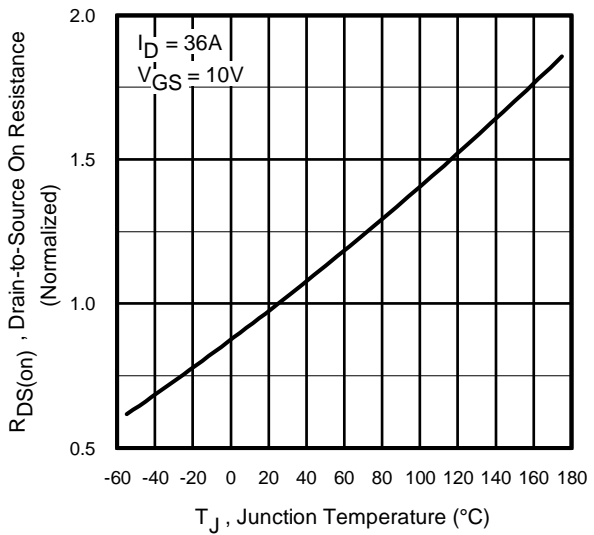


Fig 10. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

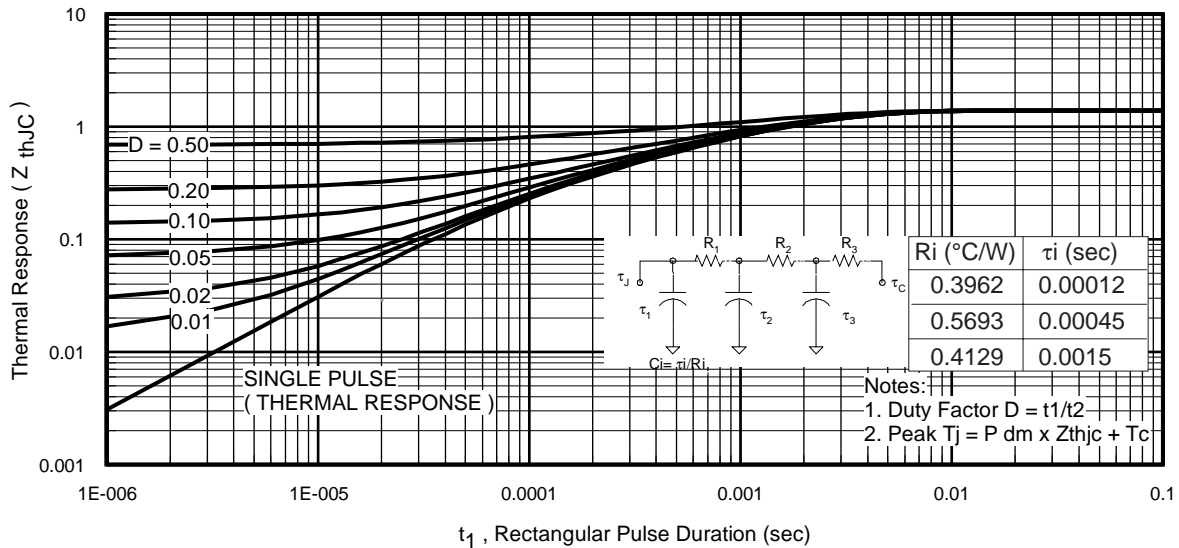


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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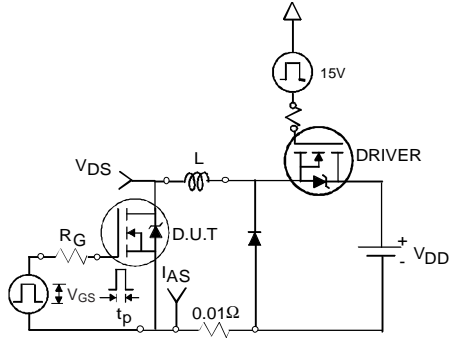


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit



Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

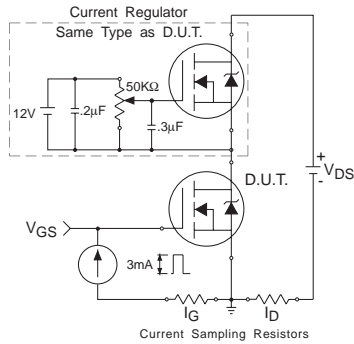


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

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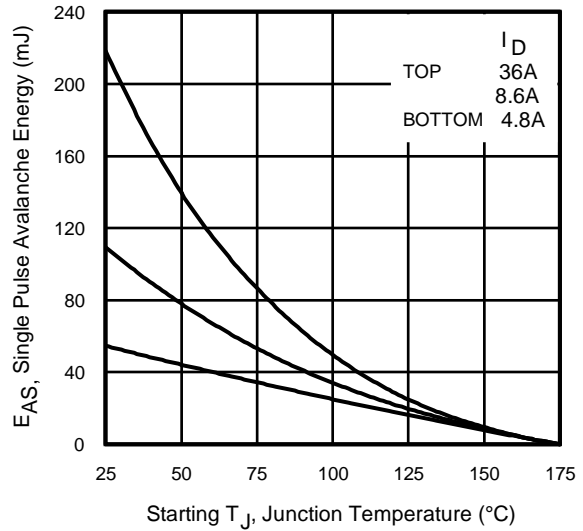


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

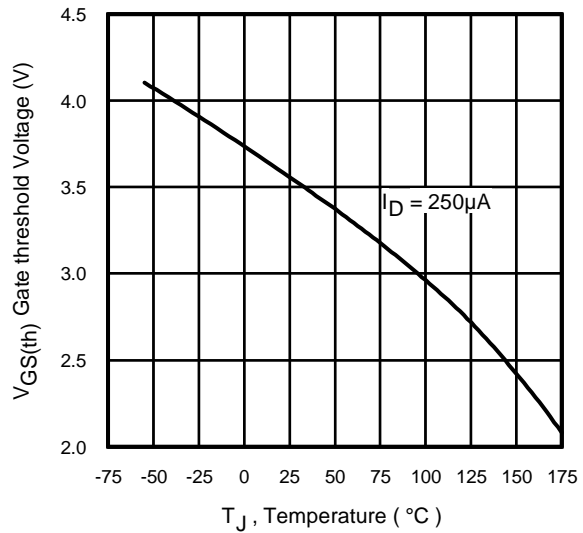


Fig 14. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

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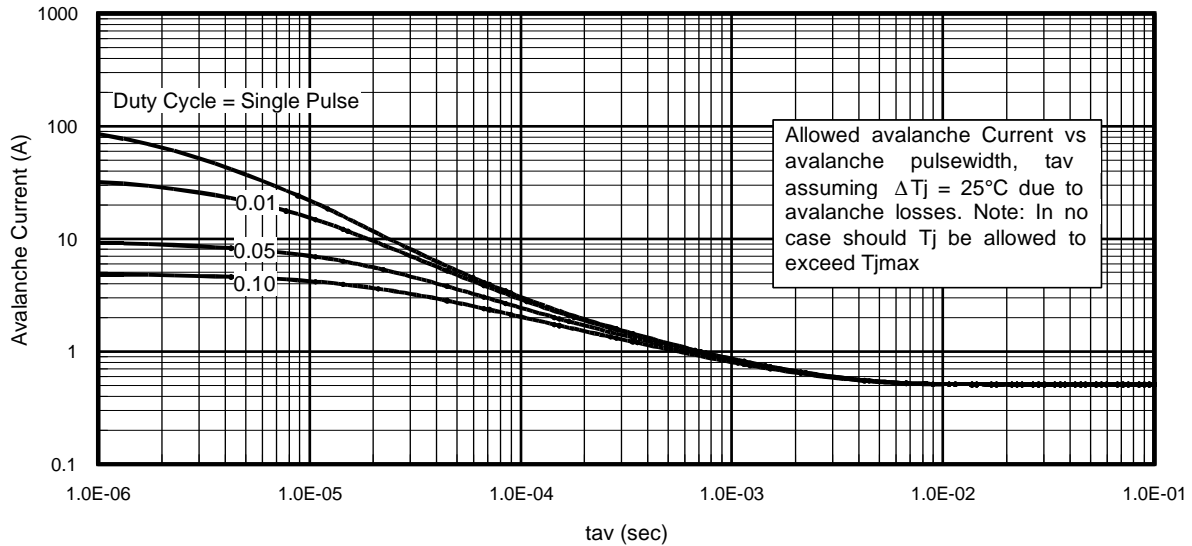


Fig 15. Typical Avalanche Current Vs.Pulsewidth

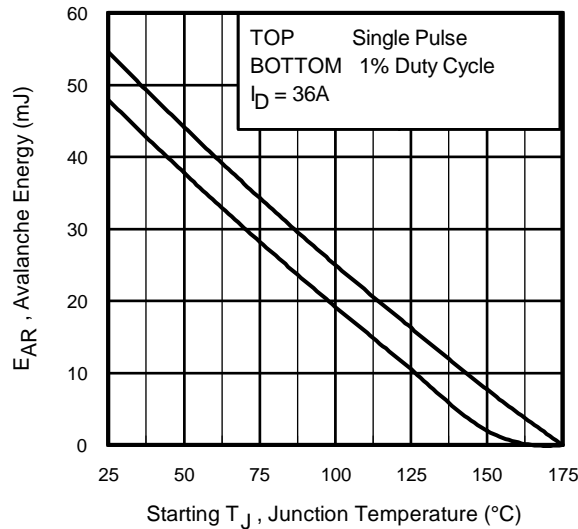


Fig 16. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 15, 16:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 12a, 12b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

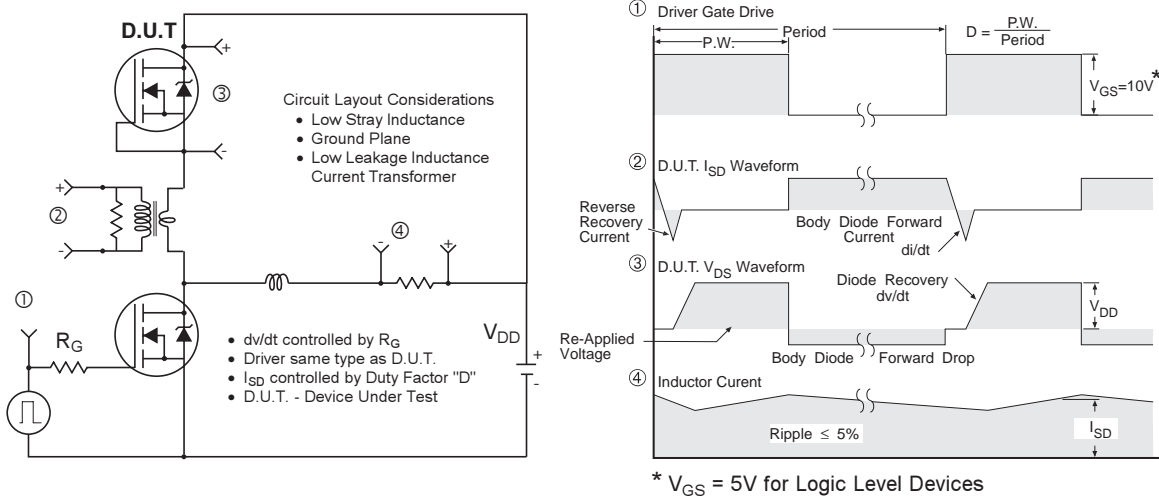


Fig 17. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

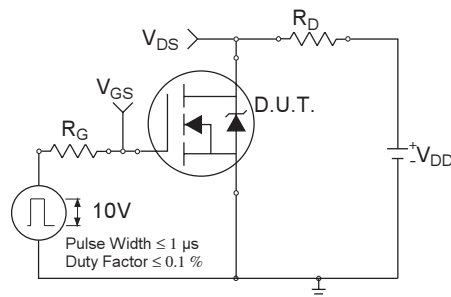


Fig 18a. Switching Time Test Circuit

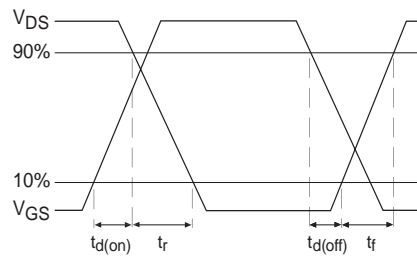
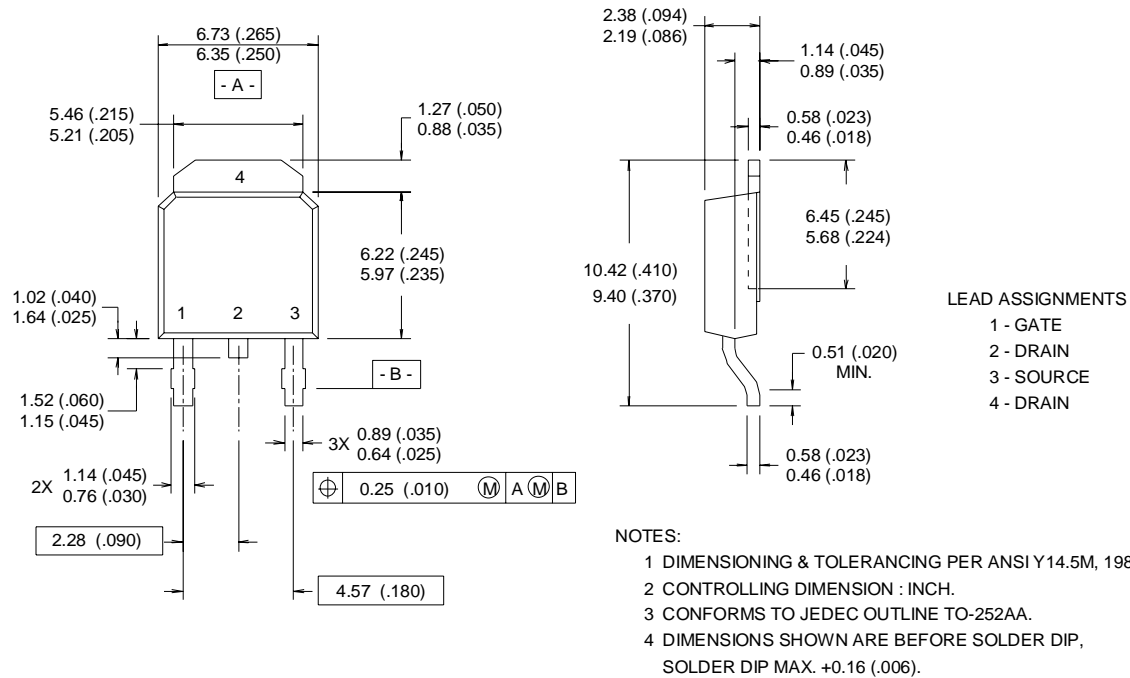


Fig 18b. Switching Time Waveforms

D-Pak (TO-252AA) Package Outline

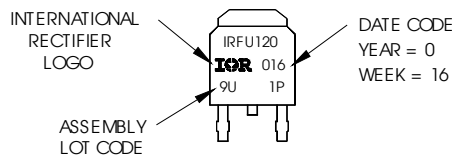
Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



D-Pak (TO-252AA) Part Marking Information

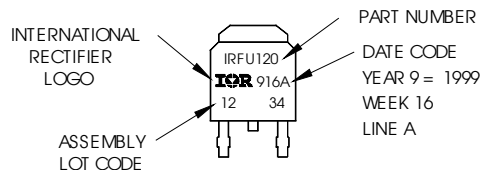
Notes: This part marking information applies to devices produced before 02/26/2001

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
 WITH ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE 9U1P



Notes: This part marking information applies to devices produced after 02/26/2001

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
 WITH ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE 1234
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 16, 1999
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

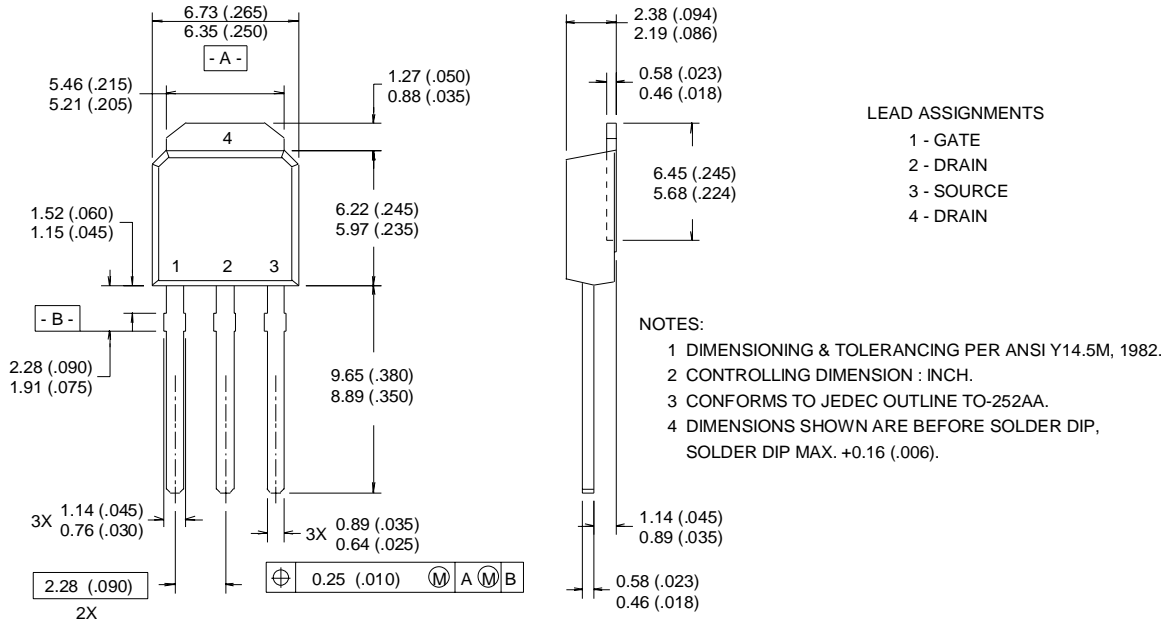


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I-Pak (TO-251AA) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

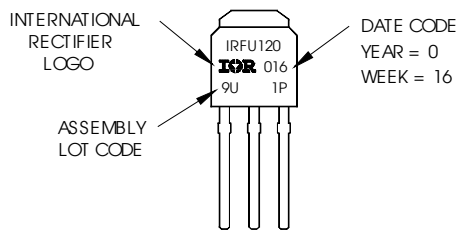
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I-Pak (TO-251AA) Part Marking Information

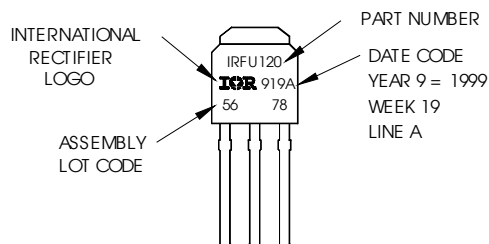
Notes: This part marking information applies to devices produced before 02/26/2001

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 9U1P



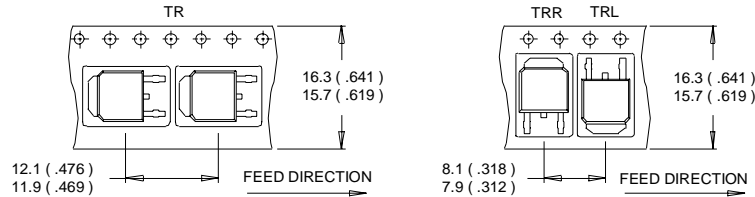
Notes: This part marking information applies to devices produced after 02/26/2001

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFR120
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5678
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1999
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "A"

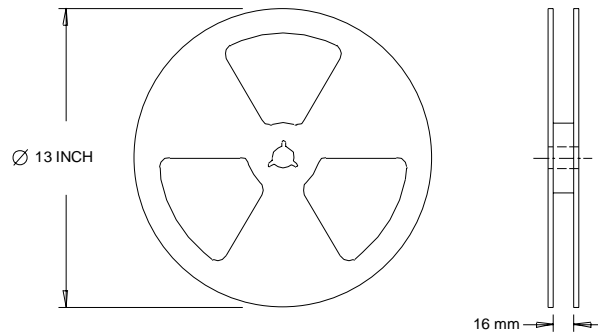


D-Pak (TO-252AA) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



- NOTES :
1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : MILLIMETER.
 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
 3. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481 & EIA-541.



- NOTES :
1. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO EIA-481.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by T_{Jmax} ; starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.08\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 36\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 1.0\text{ms}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ C_{OSS} eff. is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{OSS} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑤ Limited by T_{Jmax} , see Fig.12a, 12b, 15, 16 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994
- ⑧ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Automotive [Q101] market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>