

2-electrode arrester

Series/Type: EF270X Ordering code: B88069X

B88069X4131xxxx a) Version/Date: Issue 03 / 2008-01-18

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Surge arrester B88069X4131xxxx a)
2-electrode arrester EF270X

Features	Applications	
 Standard size 	 Application with high follow current 	
 High follow current capability 	Power supply	
 Very fast response time 		
 Stable performance over life 		
 Very low capacitance 		
 High insulation resistance 		
 RoHS-compatible 		

Electrical specifications

DC spark-over voltage 1) 2)	230 338	V
Impulse spark-over voltage		
at 100 V/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 500 < 450	V
at 1 kV/µs - for 99 % of measured values - typical values of distribution	< 550 < 500	V
Service life		
10 operations 50 Hz, 1 s	5	Α
1 operation 50 Hz, 0.18 s (9 cycles)	65	Α
10 operations 8/20 μs	5	kA
1 operation 8/20 μs	10	kA
Max. follow current during one voltage half cycle at 50 Hz	200	Α
Insulation resistance at 100 V _{dc}	> 10	GΩ
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1.5	pF
Arc voltage at 1 A	~ 22	V
Glow to arc transition current	< 0.5	Α
Glow voltage	~ 140	V
Weight	~ 1.5	g
Operation and storage temperature	-40 + 90	°C
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21	
YY		Y O ge ction ve

a) xxxx = S102 (100 pcs on 5 stripes) = T502 (500 pcs on tape and reel)

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12 and DIN 57845/VDE0845

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¹⁾ At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

²⁾ In ionized mode



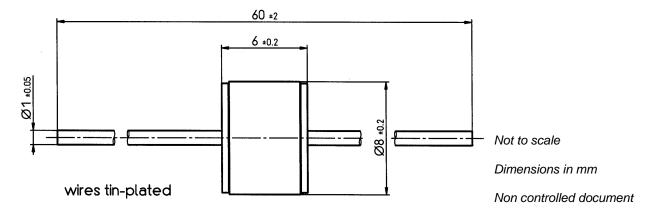
Surge arrester

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EF270X

Dimensional drawing



Cautions and warnings

- Surge arrester must be selected so that the maximum expected follow current can be quenched.
- The follow current must be limited so that the arrester can be properly extinguished when the surge has decayed. The arrester might otherwise heat up and ignite adjacent components.
- Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.

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