NICHIA CORPORATION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR WARM WHITE LED

NCSL119T-H1

- Pb-free Reflow Soldering Application
- Built-in ESD Protection Device
- RoHS Compliant



SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Forward Current	${ m I}_{\sf F}$	700	mA
Pulse Forward Current	${ m I}_{\sf FP}$	1000	mA
Allowable Reverse Current	I_{R}	85	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	2.66	W
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40~100	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40~100	°C
Junction Temperature	T _J	150	°C

^{*} Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_S=25$ °C.

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

Item	Item		Condition	Тур	Unit
Forward Voltage		V_{F}	$I_F=350mA$	3.3	V
Luminous Flux		Ф	I _F =350mA	80	lm
Luminous Intensity		I_{v}	I _F =350mA	27	cd
	х	-	I _F =350mA	0.41	-
Chromaticity Coordinate	у	-	I _F =350mA	0.39	=
Color Rendering		R_a	I _F =350mA	92	-

^{*} Characteristics at T_S =25°C.

^{*} I_{FP} conditions with pulse width $\leq 10 \text{ms}$ and duty cycle $\leq 10 \%$.

st Luminous Flux value as per CIE 127:2007 standard.

st Chromaticity Coordinates as per CIE 1931 Chromaticity Chart.

^{*} This product is recommended to operate with the drive current from $I_{\scriptscriptstyle F}$ 100mA to 630mA.

RANKS

Item	Rank	Min	Max	Unit	
Forward Voltage	-	3.0	3.8	V	
Luminous Flux	B09	90	100		
	B08	80	90		
	B07	70	80	lm	
	B06	60	70		
Color Rendering	-	85	-	-	

Color Ranks

	Rank sw27			
x	0.4373	0.4562	0.4813	0.4593
У	0.3893	0.4260	0.4319	0.3944

	Rank sw30				
x	0.4147	0.4299	0.4562	0.4373	
У	0.3814	0.4165	0.4260	0.3893	

	Rank sw35			
x	0.3898	0.3996	0.4299	0.4147
У	0.3716	0.4015	0.4165	0.3814

	Rank sw40				
х	0.3670	0.3736	0.3996	0.3898	
У	0.3578	0.3874	0.4015	0.3716	

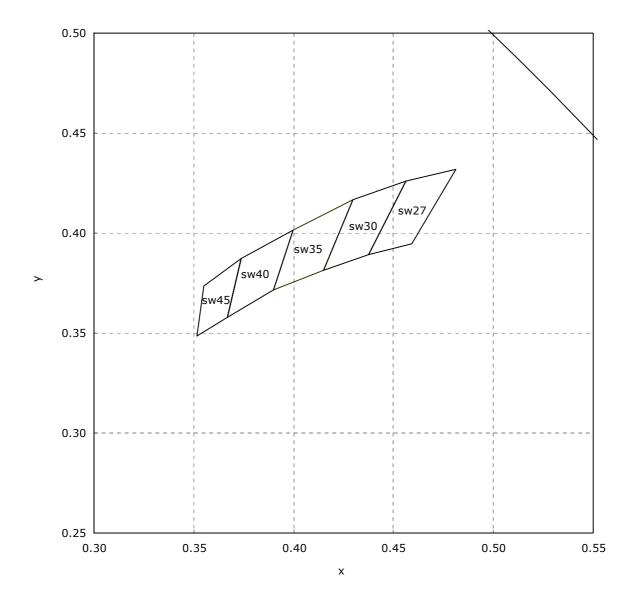
	Rank sw45			
Х	0.3515	0.3548	0.3736	0.3670
У	0.3487	0.3736	0.3874	0.3578

- * Ranking at $T_s=25$ °C.
- * Tolerance of measurements of the Forward Voltage is ± 0.05 V.
- * Tolerance of measurements of the Luminous Flux is $\pm 7\%$.
- * Tolerance of measurements of the Color Rendering is ± 5 .
- * Tolerance of measurements of the Chromaticity Coordinate is ± 0.005 .
- * A shipment shall consist of LEDs in a combination of the above ranks.

 The percentage of each rank in the shipment shall be determined by Nichia.

Luminous Flux Ranks by Color Rank

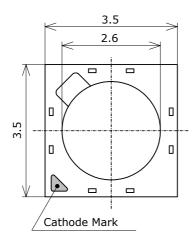
Ranking by Luminous Flux Ranking by Color Coordinates	B06	B07	B08	B09
sw27,sw30				
sw35,sw40,sw45				

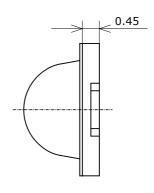


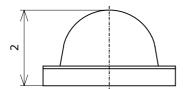
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

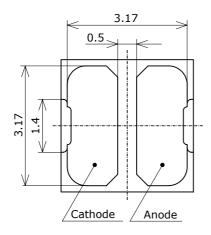
* 本製品はRoHS指令に適合しております。 This product complies with RoHS Directive. NCSx119x-Hx 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-0136B

(単位 Unit: mm, 公差 Tolerance: ±0.2)

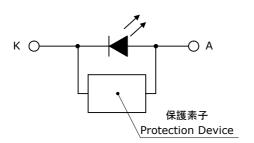






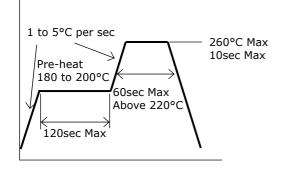


項目 Item	内容 Description
パッケージ材質	セラミックス
Package Materials	Ceramics
封止樹脂材質 Encapsulating Resin Materials	シリコーン樹脂(蛍光体入り) Silicone Resin(with phosphor)
電極材質	金メッキ
Electrodes Materials	Au-plated
レンズ材質	シリコーン樹脂
Lens Materials	Silicone Resin
質量 Weight	0.033g(TYP)



SOLDERING

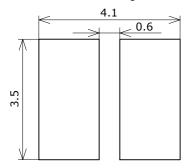
• Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



• Recommended Hand Soldering Condition

Temperature	350°C Max
Soldering Time	3sec Max

• Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern



(単位 Unit: mm)

- * This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered, Nichia cannot guarantee its reliability.
- * Reflow soldering must not be performed more than twice. Hand soldering must not be performed more than once.
- * Avoid rapid cooling. Ramp down the temperature gradually from the peak temperature.
- * Nitrogen reflow soldering is recommended. Air flow soldering conditions can cause optical degradation, caused by heat and/or atmosphere.
- * Since the silicone used in the encapsulating resin is soft, do not press on the encapsulant resin.

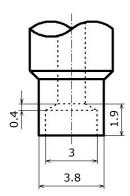
 Pressure can cause nicks, chip-outs, encapsulant delamination and deformation, and bump breaks, decreasing reliability.

 When using automatic pick and place machine, use a pick up nozzle which does not directly apply stress to the encapsulation of the LEDs.

Recommended conditions:

It is recommended to use a pick up nozzle designed for the LEDs. (See Figure below.)

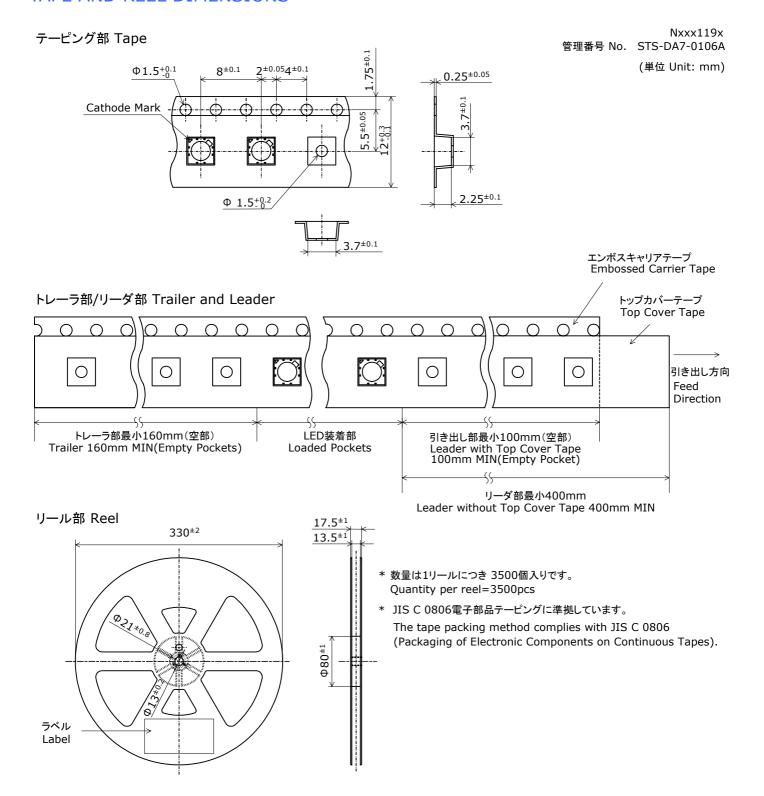
- * Avoid direct contact to the resin lens with the picking up nozzle.
 - Failure to comply might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to bump damage or breakage.



(単位 Unit: mm)

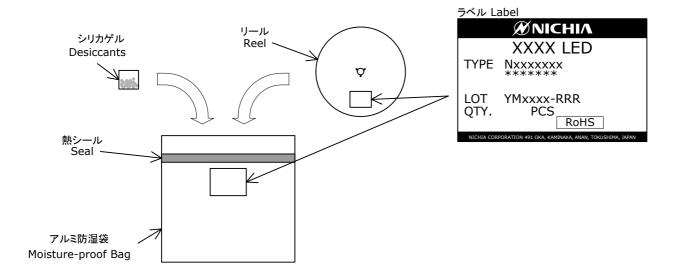
- * Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used.
 - It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.
- * When soldering, do not apply stress to the LED while the LED is hot.

TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS



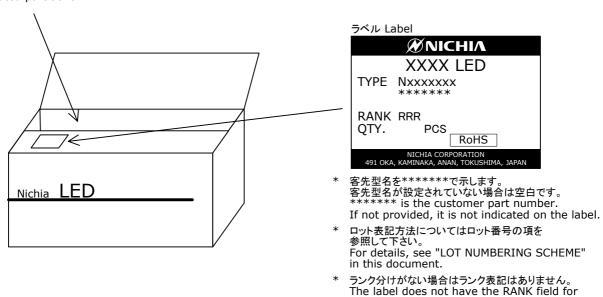
PACKAGING - TAPE & REEL

シリカゲルとともにリールをアルミ防湿袋に入れ、熱シールにより封をします。 Reels are shipped with desiccants in heat-sealed moisture-proof bags. Nxxxxxxx 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-0006B



アルミ防湿袋を並べて入れ、ダンボールで仕切ります。

Moisture-proof bags are packed in cardboard boxes with corrugated partitions.



un-ranked products.

- * 本製品はテーピングしたのち、輸送の衝撃から保護するためダンボールで梱包します。
 Products shipped on tape and reel are packed in a moisture-proof bag.
 They are shipped in cardboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation.
- * 取り扱いに際して、落下させたり、強い衝撃を与えたりしますと、製品を損傷させる原因になりますので注意して下さい。 Do not drop or shock the box. It may damage the products.
- * ダンボールには防水加工がされておりませんので、梱包箱が水に濡れないよう注意して下さい。 Do not expose to water, the box is not water-resistant.
- 輸送、運搬に際して弊社よりの梱包状態あるいは同等の梱包を行って下さい。Using an original packaging material or equivalent in transit is recommended.

LOT NUMBERING SCHEME

Lot Number is presented by using the following alphanumeric code.

YMxxxx - RRR

Y - Year

Year	Y
2009	9
2010	А
2011	В
2012	С
2013	D
2014	Е

M - Month

Toner				
Month	М	Month	М	
1	1	7	7	
2	2	8	8	
3	3	9	9	
4	4	10	Α	
5	5	11	В	
6	6	12	С	

xxxx-Nichia's Product Number

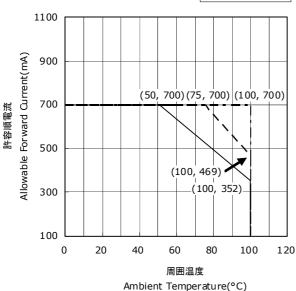
RRR-Ranking by Color Coordinates, Ranking by Luminous Flux

DERATING CHARACTERISTICS

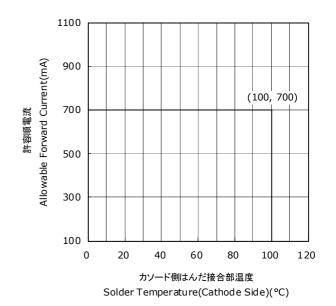
NCSx119-Hx 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-2328

周囲温度-許容順電流特性 Ambient Temperature vs Allowable Forward Current

 $R_{\theta JA} = 20^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ $R_{\theta JA} = 30^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ $R_{\theta JA} = 40^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

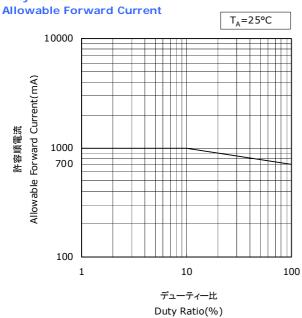


カソード側はんだ接合部温度-許容順電流特性 Solder Temperature(Cathode Side) vs Allowable Forward Current



デューティー比-許容順電流特性

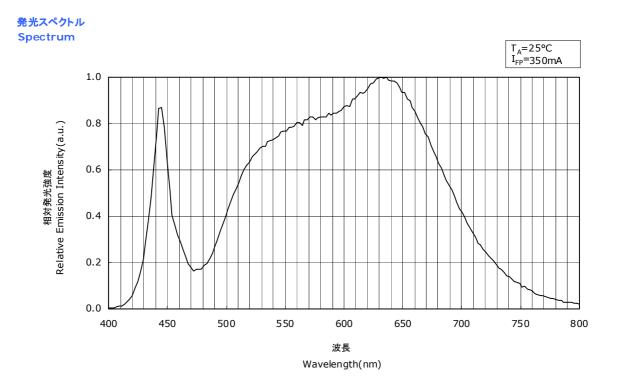
Duty Ratio vs

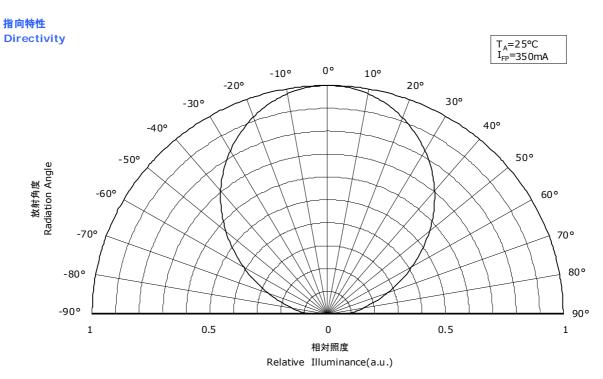


* 本製品は、順電流 100mA~630mAで使用することを推奨します。
This product is recommended to operate with the drive current from IF 100 mA to 630 mA.

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

* 本特性は参考です。 All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed. NCSL119x-H1 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-0133B



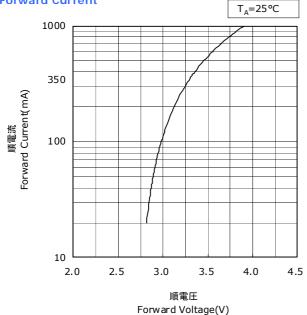


FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

* 本特性は参考です。 All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed. NCSL119-Hx 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-2258

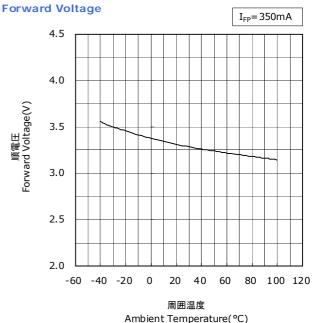
順電圧-順電流特性

Forward Voltage vs Forward Current



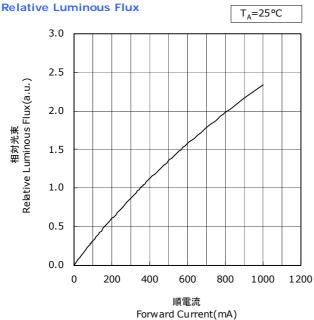
周囲温度-順電圧特性

Ambient Temperature vs



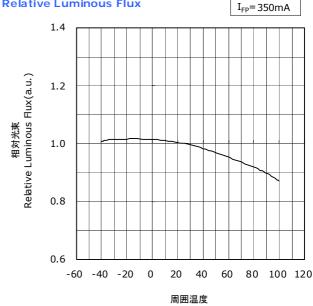
順電流-相対光束特性

Forward Current vs



周囲温度-相対光束特性

Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminous Flux



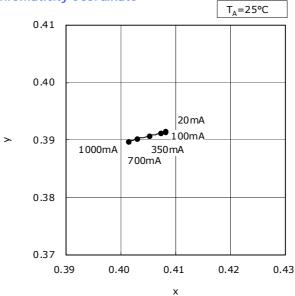
Ambient Temperature(°C)

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

* 本特性は参考です。 NCSL119-H1 All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed. 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-2259

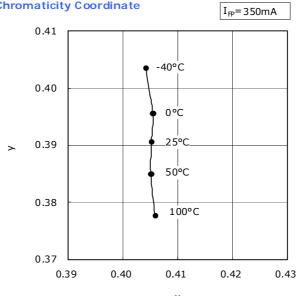
順電流-色度特性

Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate



周囲温度-色度特性

Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate



RELIABILITY

(1) Tests and Results

Test	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Test Duration	Failure Criteria #	Units Failed/Tested
Resistance to Soldering Heat (Reflow Soldering)	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	T _{sld} =260°C, 10sec, 2reflows, Precondition: 30°C, 70%RH, 168hr		#1	0/22
Solderability (Reflow Soldering)	JEITA ED-4701 303 303A	T _{sld} =245±5°C, 5sec, Lead-free Solder(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu)		#2	0/22
Temperature Cycle	JEITA ED-4701 100 105	-40°C(30min)~25°C(5min)~ 100°C(30min)~25°C(5min) 100cycles		#1	0/22
Moisture Resistance (Cyclic)	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	25°C~65°C~-10°C, 90%RH, 24hr per cycle		#1	0/22
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	T _A =100°C 1000hours		#1	0/22
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	T _A =60°C, RH=90%	1000hours	#1	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	T _A =-40°C	1000hours	#1	0/22
Room Temperature Operating Life		T _A =25°C, I _F =700mA Test board: See NOTES below		#1	0/22
High Temperature Operating Life		T _A =100°C, I _F =300mA Test board: See NOTES below	l 1000hours		0/22
Temperature Humidity Operating Life		60°C, RH=90%, I _F =600mA Test board: See NOTES below 500hours		#1	0/22
Low Temperature Operating Life		T _A =-40°C, I _F =350mA Test board: See NOTES below		#1	0/22
Vibration	JEITA ED-4701 400 403	200m/s², 100~2000~100Hz, 4cycles, 4min, each X, Y, Z		#1	0/10
Electrostatic Discharges	JEITA ED-4701 300 304	HBM, 2kV, 1.5kΩ, 100pF, 3pulses, alternately positive or negative	2kV, 1.5kΩ, 100pF, 3pulses, #1		0/22

NOTES:

- 1) Test board: FR4 board thickness=1.6mm, copper layer thickness=0.07mm, R_{BJA}≈40°C/W
- 2) Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.

(2) Failure Criteria

Criteria #	Items	Conditions	Failure Criteria
#1	Forward Voltage(V _F)	I _F =350mA	>Initial value×1.1
	Luminous Flux(Φ _V)	I _F =350mA	<initial td="" value×0.7<=""></initial>
#2	Solderability	-	Less than 95% solder coverage

CAUTIONS

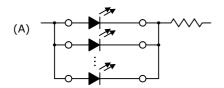
(1) Storage

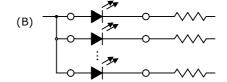
	Conditions	Temperature	Humidity	Time
	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	≤30°C	≤90%RH	Within 1 Year from Delivery Date
Storage	After Opening Aluminum Bag	≤30°C	≤70%RH	≤168hours
Baking		65±5°C	-	≥24hours

- Product complies with JEDEC MSL 3 or equivalent. See IPC/JEDEC STD-020 for moisture-sensitivity details.
- Absorbed moisture in LED packages can vaporize and expand during soldering, which can cause interface delamination
 and result in optical performance degradation. Products are packed in moisture-proof aluminum bags
 to minimize moisture absorption during transportation and storage.
 - Included silica gel desiccants change from blue to red if moisture had penetrated bags.
- After opening the moisture-proof aluminum bag, the products should go through the soldering process within the range of the conditions stated above. Unused remaining LEDs should be stored with silica gel desiccants in a hermetically sealed container, preferably the original moisture-proof bags for storage.
- After the "Period After Opening" storage time has been exceeded or silica gel desiccants are no longer blue, the products should be baked. Baking should only be done once.
- Although the leads or electrode pads (anode and cathode) of the product are plated with gold,
 prolonged exposure to a corrosive environment might cause the gold plated the leads or electrode pads to tarnish,
 and thus leading to difficulties in soldering. If unused LEDs remain, they must be stored in a hermetically sealed container.
 Nichia recommends using the original moisture-proof bag for storage.
- Do not use sulfur-containing materials in commercial products. Some materials, such as seals and adhesives, may contain sulfur. The contaminated plating of LEDs might cause an open circuit. Silicone rubber is recommended as a material for seals. Bear in mind, the use of silicones may lead to silicone contamination of electrical contacts inside the products, caused by low molecular weight volatile siloxane.
- To prevent water condensation, please avoid large temperature and humidity fluctuations for the storage conditions.

(2) Directions for Use

When designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the Absolute Maximum Rating.
 Operating at a constant current per LED is recommended. In case of operating at a constant voltage, Circuit B is recommended.
 If the LEDs are operated with constant voltage using Circuit A, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage characteristics of the LEDs.





- LEDs should be operated in forward bias. Driving circuits must not subject LEDs to either forward or reverse voltage while off.

 Continuous reverse voltage can cause migration and LED damage.
- For stabilizing the LED characteristics, it is recommended to operate at greater than 10% nominal current.
- For outdoor use, necessary measures should be taken to prevent water, moisture and salt air damage.

(3) Handling Precautions

- Do not handle LEDs with bare hands, it may contaminate the LED surface and affect optical characteristics.

 In the worst case, catastrophic failure from excess pressure through bump-bond breaks and package damage may result.
- When handling the product with tweezers, be careful not to apply excessive force to the resin.

 Otherwise, The resin can be cut, chipped, delaminate or deformed, causing bump-bond breaks and catastrophic failures.
- Dropping the product may cause damage.
- Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Failure to comply can cause the resin portion of the product to be cut, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed. It may cause bump to break, leading to catastrophic failures.

(4) Design Consideration

• PCB warpage after mounting the products onto a PCB can cause the package to break.

The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to PCB bow and twist.

- The position and orientation of the LEDs affect how much mechanical stress is exerted on the LEDs placed near the score lines.

 The LED should be placed in a way to minimize the stress on the LEDs due to board flexing.
- Board separation must be performed using special jigs, not using hands.
- If an aluminum PCB is used, customer is advised to verity the PCB with the products before use.

Thermal stress during use can cause the solder joints to crack.

(5) Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

• The products are sensitive to static electricity or surge voltage. ESD can damage a die and its reliability.

When handling the products, the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Eliminating the charge

Grounded wriststrap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors

Grounded workstation equipment and tools

ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials

• Proper grounding is required for all devices, equipment, and machinery used in product assembly. Surge protection should be considered when designing of commercial products.

• If tools or equipment contain insulating materials such as glass or plastic,

the following measures against electrostatic discharge are strongly recommended:

Dissipating static charge with conductive materials

Preventing charge generation with moisture

Neutralizing the charge with ionizers

• The customer is advised to check if the LEDs are damaged by ESD

when performing the characteristics inspection of the LEDs in the application.

Damage can be detected with a forward voltage measurement or a light-up test at low current (≤1mA).

• ESD damaged LEDs may have current flow at a low voltage or no longer illuminate at a low current.

Failure Criteria: V_F <2.0V at I_F =0.5mA

(6) Thermal Management

- Proper thermal management is an important when designing products with LEDs. LED die temperature is affected by PCB thermal resistance and LED spacing on the board. Please design products in a way that the LED die temperature does not exceed the maximum Junction Temperature (T_J).
- Drive current should be determined for the surrounding ambient temperature (TA) to dissipate the heat from the product.
- The following equations can be used to calculate the junction temperature of the products.

1)
$$T_J = T_A + R_{\theta JA} \cdot W$$
 2) $T_J = T_S + R_{\theta JS} \cdot W$

*T_J=LED junction temperature: °C

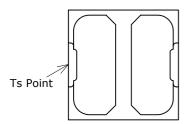
 T_A =Ambient temperature: °C

T_S=Soldering temperature (cathode side): °C

 $R_{\theta JA}$ =Thermal resistance from junction to ambient: °C/W

 $R_{\theta JS}$ =Thermal resistance from junction to T_S measuring point ≈ 13 °C/W

W=Input power($I_F \times V_F$): W



(7) Cleaning

- If required, isopropyl alcohol (IPA) should be used. Other solvents may cause premature failure to the LEDs due to the damage to the resin portion. The effects of such solvents should be verified prior to use.

 In addition, the use of CFCs such as Freon is heavily regulated.
- Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended since it may have adverse effects on the LEDs
 depending on the ultrasonic power and how LED is assembled.
 If ultrasonic cleaning must be used, the customer is advised to make sure the LEDs will not be damaged prior to cleaning.

(8) Eye Safety

- In 2006, the International Electrical Commission (IEC) published IEC 62471:2006 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems, which added LEDs in its scope.
 - On the other hand, the IEC 60825-1:2007 laser safety standard removed LEDs from its scope.
 - However, please be advised that some countries and regions have adopted standards
 - based on the IEC laser safety standard IEC 60825-1:20112001, which still includes LEDs in its scope.
 - Most of Nichia's LEDs can be classified as belonging into either the Exempt Group or Risk Group 1.
 - High-power LEDs, that emit light containing blue wavelengths, may be classified as Risk Group 2.
 - Please proceed with caution when viewing directly any LEDs driven at high current, or viewing LEDs with optical instruments which may greatly increase the damages to your eyes.
- Viewing a flashing light may cause eye discomfort. When incorporating the LED into your product, please be careful to avoid adverse effects on the human body caused by light stimulation.

(9) Others

- The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances).
 Consult Nichia's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality
 - and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control system, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- The customer shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from Nichia. When defective LEDs are found, the customer shall inform Nichia directly before disassembling or analysis.
- Both the customers and Nichia will agree on official specifications of supplied products before a customer's volume production.
- Specifications and appearance subject to change for improvement without notice.