

## 2N4401

## **MMBT4401**





## **NPN General Pupose Amplifier**

This device is designed for use as a medium power amplifier and switch requiring collector currents up to 500 mA.

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings\***

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage	60	V
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage	6.0	V
I <sub>C</sub>	Collector Current - Continuous	600	mA
T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup>These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

#### **Thermal Characteristics** TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max		Units
		2N4401	*MMBT4401	
P <sub>D</sub>	Total Device Dissipation	625	350	mW
	Derate above 25°C	5.0	2.8	mW/°C
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	83.3		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	200	357	°C/W

<sup>\*</sup>Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 1.6" X 1.6" X 0.06."

These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
 These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

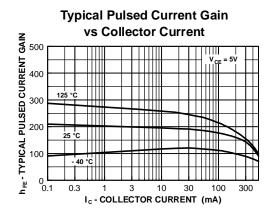
# NPN General Purpose Amplifier (continued)

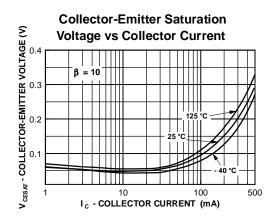
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
OFF CHA	RACTERISTICS				
V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage*	$I_{C} = 1.0 \text{ mA}, I_{B} = 0$	40		V
V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_E = 0$	60		V
V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_E = 0.1 \text{ mA}, I_C = 0$	6.0		V
I <sub>BL</sub>	Base Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μА
I <sub>CEX</sub>	Collector Cutoff Current	$V_{CE} = 35 \text{ V}, V_{EB} = 0.4 \text{ V}$		0.1	μΑ
ON CHAF	RACTERISTICS*				
h <sub>FE</sub>	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 0.1 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$	20 40		
		$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	80 100 40	300	
V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$		0.4 0.75	V V
V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}, I_B = 15 \text{ mA}$	0.75	0.95	V
- BE(Sat)			00	1.2	v
		I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA	00		-
SMALL S	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product		250		1
SMALL S	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$			V
SMALL S	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}, I_B = 50 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 20 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V},$ $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{CB} = 5.0 \text{ V}, I_E = 0,$		1.2	MHz
SMALL S f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \end{split}$		6.5	MHz pF
SMALL S f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \end{split}$	250	6.5	V MHz pF pF kΩ
SMALL S  f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>re</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \end{split}$	250	6.5 30 15	V MHz pF pF kΩ
	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ \end{split}$	250 1.0 0.1	6.5 30 15 8.0	V MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
SMALL S f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>re</sub> h <sub>fe</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &$	250 1.0 0.1 40	6.5 30 15 8.0 500	V MHz pF pF kΩ
SMALL S  f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>fe</sub> h <sub>oe</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain  Output Admittance	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &$	250 1.0 0.1 40	6.5 30 15 8.0 500	V MHz pF pF kΩ x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
SMALL S f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>fe</sub> h <sub>oe</sub>	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain  Output Admittance  NG CHARACTERISTICS	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \end{split}$	250 1.0 0.1 40	6.5 30 15 8.0 500	V  MHz  pF  pF  kΩ  x 10 <sup>-4</sup> μmhos
SMALL S f <sub>T</sub> C <sub>cb</sub> C <sub>eb</sub> h <sub>ie</sub> h <sub>re</sub> h <sub>fe</sub> hoe	IGNAL CHARACTERISTICS  Current Gain - Bandwidth Product  Collector-Base Capacitance  Emitter-Base Capacitance  Input Impedance  Voltage Feedback Ratio  Small-Signal Current Gain  Output Admittance  NG CHARACTERISTICS  Delay Time	$\begin{split} I_C &= 500 \text{ mA}, \ I_B = 50 \text{ mA} \\ \\ I_C &= 20 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 100 \text{ MHz} \\ \\ V_{CB} &= 5.0 \text{ V}, \ I_E = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ V_{BE} &= 0.5 \text{ V}, \ I_C = 0, \\ f &= 140 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ f &= 1.0 \text{ kHz} \\ \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ mA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_C &= 1.0 \text{ MA}, \ V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \\ I_$	250 1.0 0.1 40	1.2 6.5 30 15 8.0 500 30	V  MHz  pF  pF  kΩ  x 10 <sup>-4</sup> μmhos

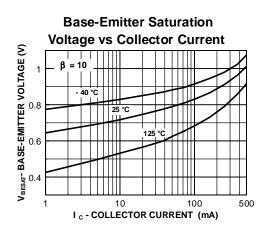
<sup>\*</sup>Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq$  300  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  2.0%

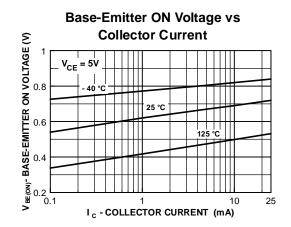
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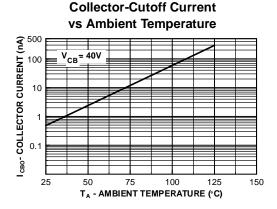
### **Typical Characteristics**

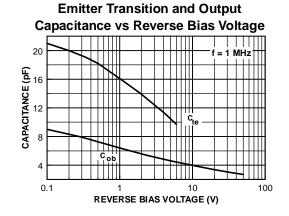








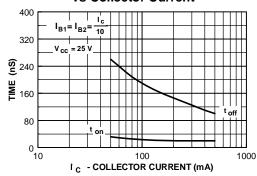




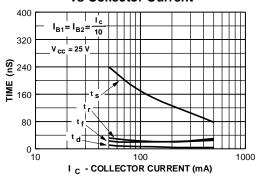
(continued)

### Typical Characteristics (continued)

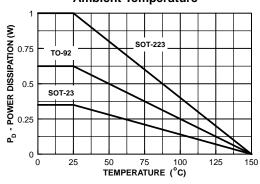
## Turn On and Turn Off Times vs Collector Current



## Switching Times vs Collector Current

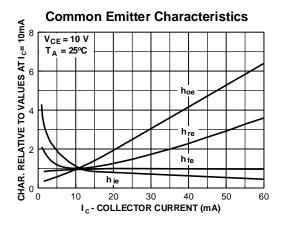


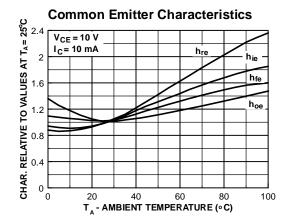
### Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

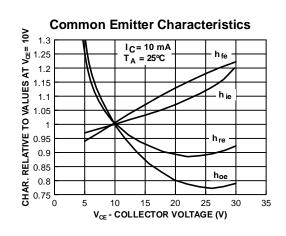


(continued)

### **Typical Common Emitter Characteristics** (f = 1.0kHz)







(continued)

### **Test Circuits**

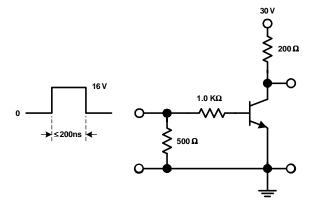


FIGURE 1: Saturated Turn-On Switching Timer

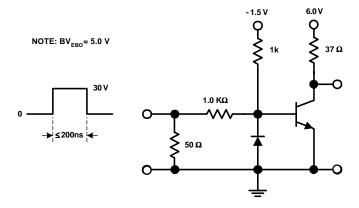


FIGURE 2: Saturated Turn-Off Switching Time

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2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

### PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

### **Definition of Terms**

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.

Rev. G