

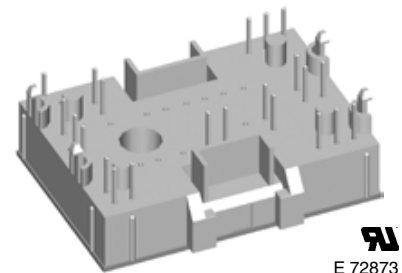
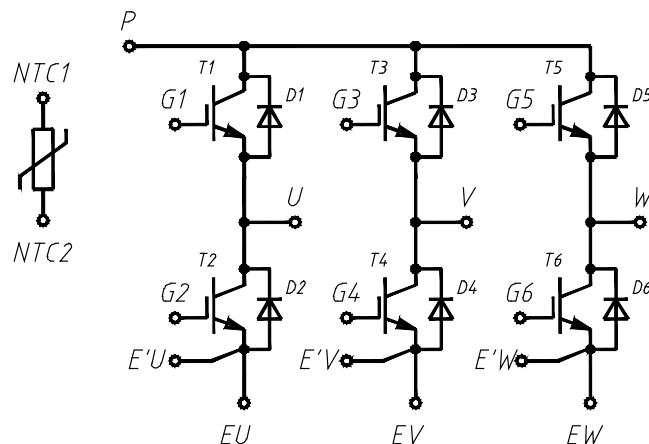
Six-Pack XPT IGBT

$$\begin{aligned} V_{CES} &= 1200 \text{ V} \\ I_{C25} &= 17 \text{ A} \\ V_{CE(sat)} &= 1.8 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

Preliminary data

Part name (Marking on product)

MIXA10W1200TMH



Pin configuration see outlines.

Features:

- High level of integration - only one power semiconductor module required for the whole drive
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μ sec.
 - very low gate charge
 - square RBSOA @ 3x I_C
 - low EMI
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Temperature sense included
- SONIC™ diode
 - fast and soft reverse recovery
 - low operating forward voltage

Application:

- AC motor drives
- Pumps, Fans
- Washing machines
- Air-conditioning system
- Inverter and power supplies

Package:

- "Mini" package
- Assembly height is 17 mm
- Insulated base plate
- Pins suitable for wave soldering and PCB mounting
- Assembly clips available
 - IXKU 5-505 screw clamp
 - IXRB 5-506 click clamp
- UL registered E72873

Output Inverter T1 - T6

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
V_{CES}	collector emitter voltage		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1200	V	
V_{GES}	max. DC gate voltage	continuous			± 20	V	
V_{GEM}	max. transient collector gate voltage	transient			± 30	V	
I_{C25}	collector current		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		17	A	
I_{C80}			$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$		12	A	
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		65	W	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 9\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.8 2.1	2.1	V V	
$V_{GE(th)}$	gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 0.3\text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	5.4	5.9	6.5	V
I_{CES}	collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.02 0.3	0.15	mA mA	
I_{GES}	gate emitter leakage current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$			500	nA	
$Q_{G(on)}$	total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}; I_C = 10\text{ A}$		27		nC	
$t_{d(on)}$	turn-on delay time	inductive load $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}; I_C = 10\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 100\ \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	70		ns	
t_r	current rise time			40		ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	turn-off delay time			250		ns	
t_f	current fall time			100		ns	
E_{on}	turn-on energy per pulse			1.1		mJ	
E_{off}	turn-off energy per pulse			1.1		mJ	
RBSOA	reverse bias safe operating area	$V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}; R_G = 100\ \Omega; V_{CEK} = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		30	A	
I_{SC} (SCSOA)	short circuit safe operating area	$V_{CE} = 900\text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V};$ $R_G = 100\ \Omega; t_p = 10\ \mu\text{s};$ non-repetitive	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	40		A	
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case	(per IGBT)			2.0	K/W	
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.7		K/W	

Output Inverter D1 - D6

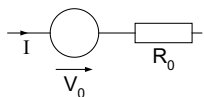
Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse voltage		$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		1200	V
I_{F25}	forward current		$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		19	A
I_{F80}			$T_C = 80^{\circ}\text{C}$		13	A
V_F	forward voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.95 1.95	2.2	V V
Q_{rr}	reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600\text{ V}$ $di_F/dt = -250\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $I_F = 10\text{ A}; V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.3		μC
I_{RM}	max. reverse recovery current			10.5		A
t_{rr}	reverse recovery time			350		ns
E_{rec}	reverse recovery energy			0.35		mJ
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case	(per diode)			2.4	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.8		K/W

Module

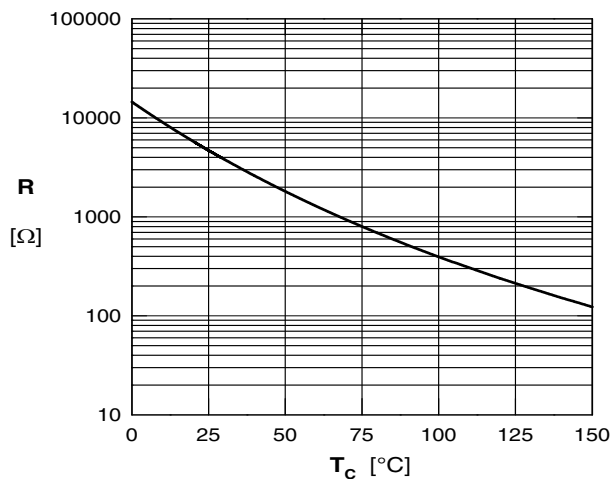
Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
T_{VJ}	operating temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{VJM}	max. virtual junction temperature				150	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}; 50/60 \text{ Hz}$			2500	V~
CTI	comparative tracking index				-	
F_C	mounting force		40		80	N
d_S	creep distance on surface		12.7			mm
d_A	strike distance through air		12			mm
Weight				35		g

Temperature Sensor NTC

Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
R₂₅	resistance	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	kΩ
B_{25/50}				3375		K

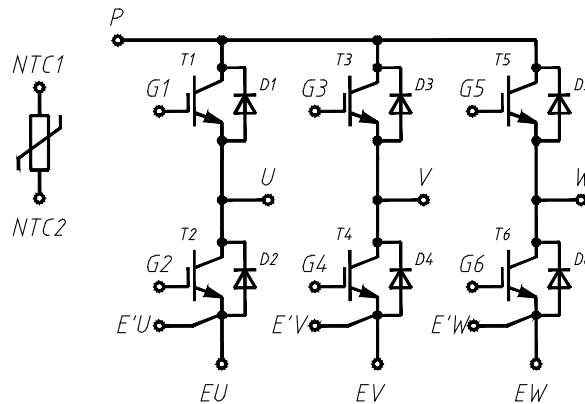
Equivalent Circuits for Simulation


Symbol	Definitions	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
V₀	IGBT	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.1		V
R₀				153		mΩ
V₀	Diode	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$		1.25		V
R₀				85		mΩ



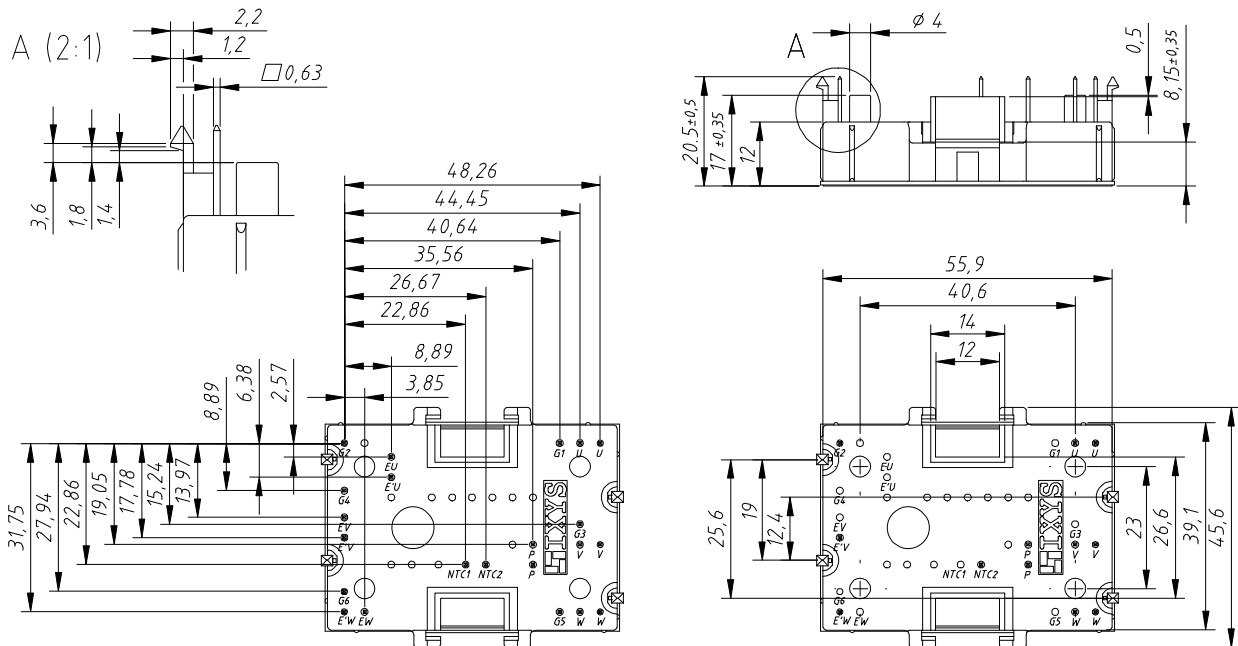
Typ. NTC resistance versus temperature

Circuit Diagram



Outline Drawing

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")

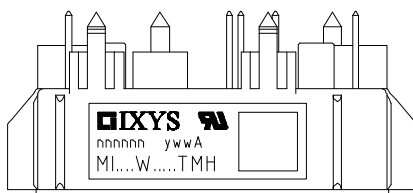


Bemerkungen:

- 1) Toleranz für Pin Positionen entsprechend $\pm \phi 0.4$
- 2) Vorgesehen für die Montage auf Leiterplatten mit einer Dicke von 1.6 ± 0.2 mm

Remarks:

- 1) pin positions with tolerance $\pm \phi 0.4$
- 2) mounting on PCB with thickness of 1.6 ± 0.2 mm



Part number

- M = Module
- I = IGBT
- X = XPT
- A = standard
- 10 = Current Rating [A]
- W = 6-Pack
- 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- T = NTC
- MH = MiniPack2

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Ordering Code
Standard	MIXA 10 W 1200 TMH	MIXA10W1200TMH	Box	20	509381

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions.

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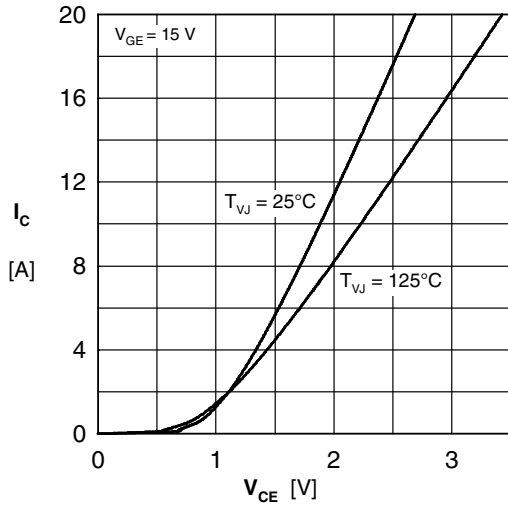


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

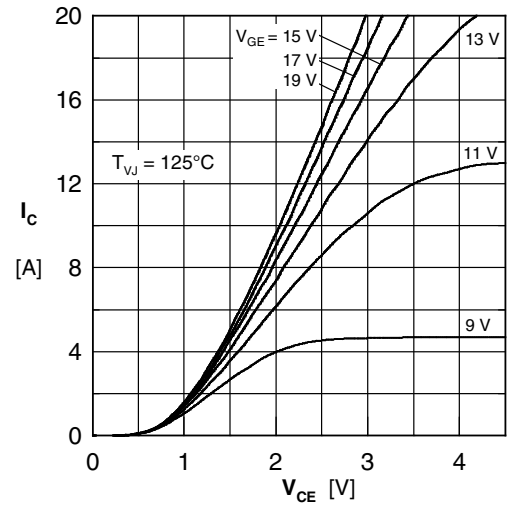


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

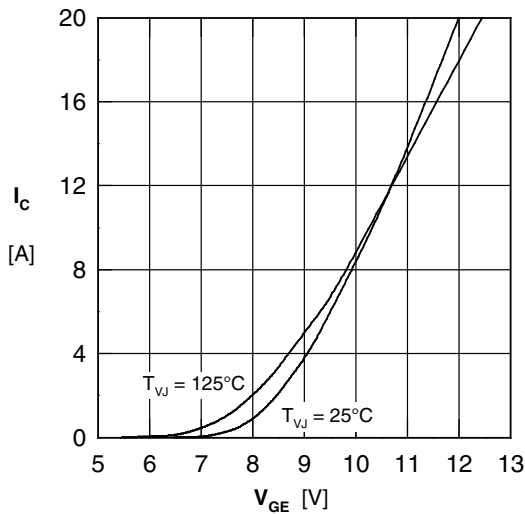


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

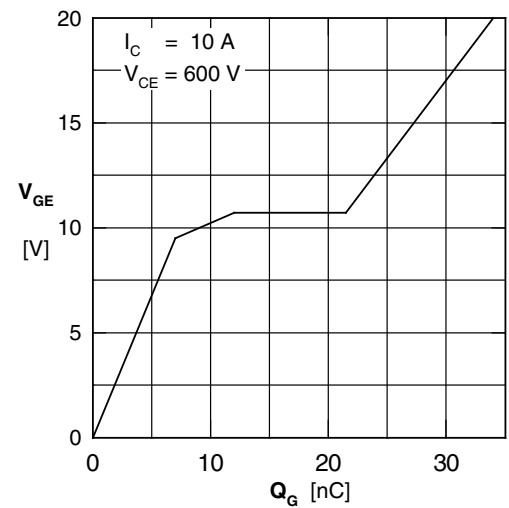


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

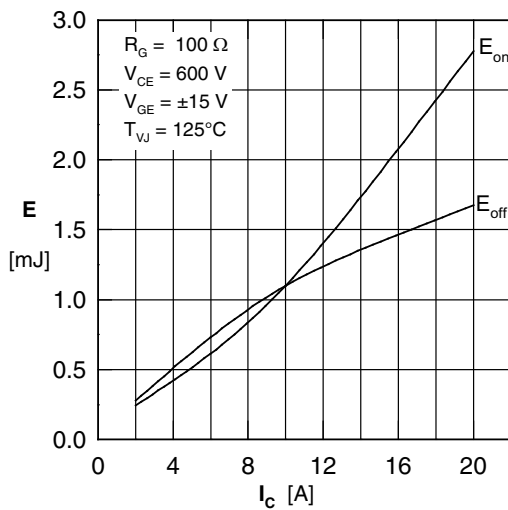


Fig. 5 Typ. switching energy vs. collector current

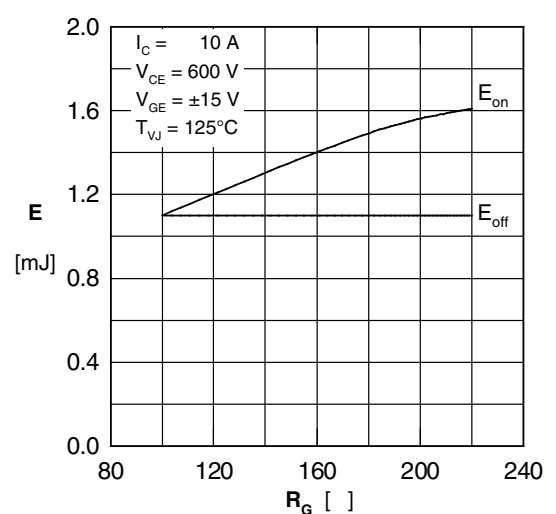


Fig. 6 Typ. switching energy vs. gate resistance

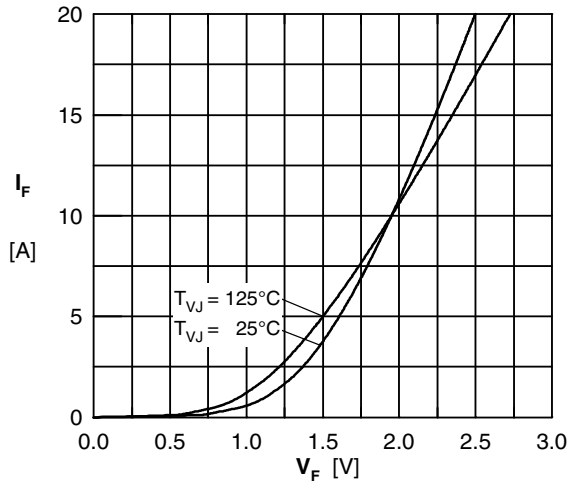


Fig. 7 Typ. forward characteristics

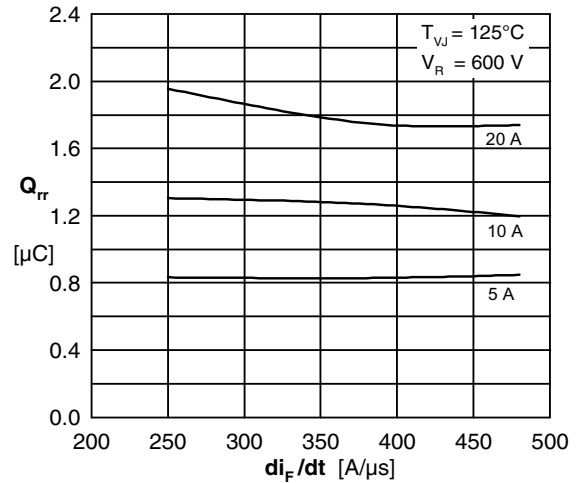


Fig. 8 Typical reverse recovery charge Q_{rr} versus di_F/dt (125°C)

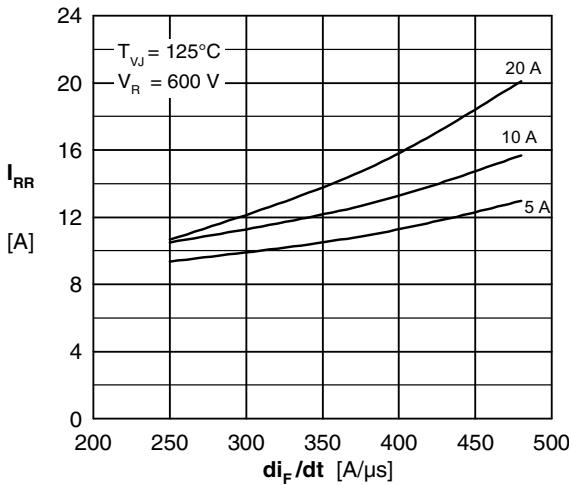


Fig. 9 Typical peak reverse current I_{RR} versus di_F/dt (125°C)

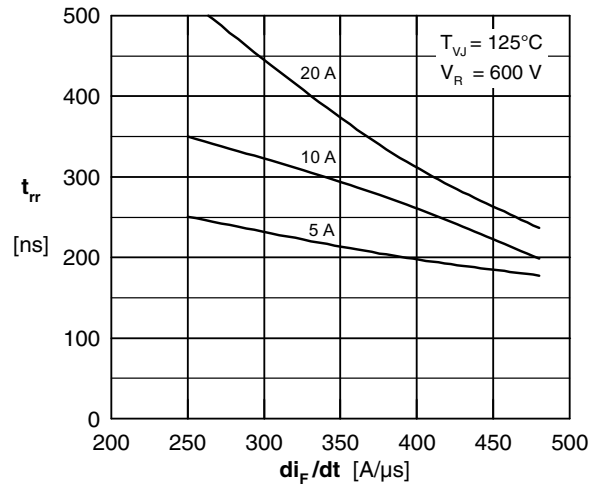


Fig. 10 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} vs. di/dt (125°C)

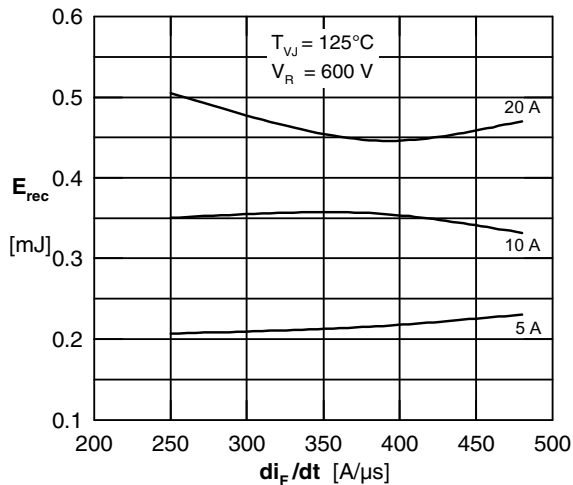


Fig. 11 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} vs. di_F/dt (125°C)

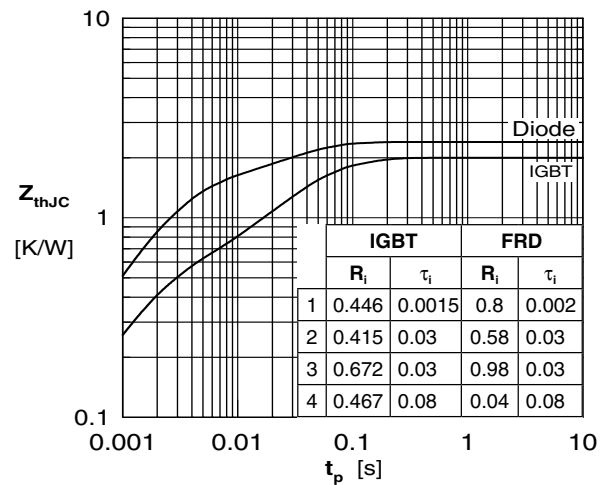


Fig. 12 Transient thermal impedance