

XPT IGBT

Copack

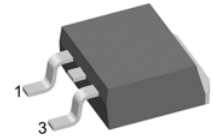
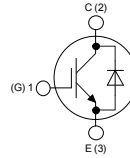
$$I_{C25} = 20 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{CE(sat)typ} = 1.8 \text{ V}$$

Part number

IXA12IF1200PC



Features / Advantages:

- Easy paralleling due to the positive temperature coefficient of the on-state voltage
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
 - short circuit rated for 10 μ sec.
 - very low gate charge
 - low EMI
 - square RBSOA @ 3x I_C
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low $V_{CE(sat)}$
- SONIC™ diode
 - fast and soft reverse recovery
 - low operating forward voltage

Applications:

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Inductive heating, cookers

Package:

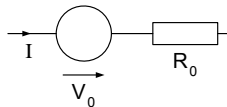
- Housing: TO-263 (D2Pak)
- Industry standard outline
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

IGBT

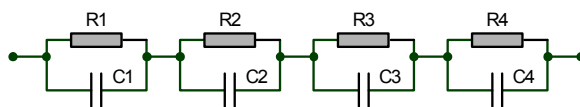
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | Ratings | | | Unit |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------|----------|---------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| V_{CES} | Collector emitter voltage | $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | | 1200 | V |
| V_{GES} | Maximum DC gate voltage | | | | ± 20 | V |
| I_{C25} | Collector current | | | | 20 | A |
| I_{C100} | | | | | 13 | A |
| P_{tot} | Total power dissipation | | | | 85 | W |
| I_{CES} | Collector emitter leakage current | $V_{CE} = V_{CES}; V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ | | | 0.1 | mA |
| | | | | 0.1 | | mA |
| I_{GES} | Gate emitter leakage current | $V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$ | | | 500 | nA |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Collector emitter saturation voltage | $I_C = 9 \text{ A}; V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ | | 1.8 | 2.1 | V |
| | | | | 2.1 | | V |
| $V_{GE(th)}$ | Gate emitter threshold voltage | $I_C = 0.3 \text{ mA}; V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ | 5.4 | 6 | 6.5 | V |
| Q_{on} | Total gate charge | $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}; I_C = 10 \text{ A}$ | | 27 | | nC |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-on delay time | | | 70 | | ns |
| t_r | Current rise time | | | 40 | | ns |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-off delay time | Inductive load | | 250 | | ns |
| t_f | Current fall time | $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}; I_C = 10 \text{ A}$ | | 100 | | ns |
| E_{on} | Turn-on energy per pulse | $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}; R_G = 100 \Omega$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.1 | | mJ |
| E_{off} | Turn-off energy per pulse | | | 1.1 | | mJ |
| RBSOA | Reverse bias safe operation area | $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}; R_G = 100 \Omega$ $V_{CEK} = 1200 \text{ V}$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 30 | A |
| SCSOA | Short circuit safe operation area | | | | | |
| t_{sc} | Short circuit duration | $V_{CE} = 900 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 10 | μ s |
| I_{sc} | Short circuit current | $R_G = 100 \Omega$; non-repetitive | | | 40 | A |
| R_{thJC} | Thermal resistance junction to case | | | | 1.5 | K/W |

Diode

| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | Ratings | | | Unit | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|------------------------------|------|------|------------------------------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | | |
| I_{F25} | Forward current | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 22 | A | |
| I_{F100} | | $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 14 | A | |
| V_F | Forward voltage | $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ | | $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.95 | 2.2 | V |
| | | | | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.95 | | V |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse recovery charge | $V_R = 600\text{ V}$ | | | 1.3 | | μC |
| I_{RM} | Maximum reverse recovery current | | | | | | $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| t_{rr} | Reverse recovery time | $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ | | | | | ns |
| $E_{rec(off)}$ | Reverse recovery losses at turn-off | | | | | | 0.35 |
| R_{thJC} | Thermal resistance junction to case | | | | 1.8 | | K/W |

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation


| Symbol | Definition | | Ratings | | | Unit |
|--------|------------|------------------------------|---------|------|------|------------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| V_0 | IGBT | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1.1 | V |
| R_0 | | | | | 153 | m Ω |
| V_0 | Diode | $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1.25 | V |
| R_0 | | | | | 85 | m Ω |



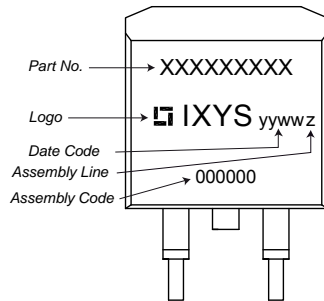
$$Z_{th}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[R_i \cdot \left(1 - \exp\left(-\frac{t}{\tau_i}\right) \right) \right]$$

$$\tau_i = R_i \cdot C_i$$

| | IGBT | Diode |
|----------|------|-------|
| R_1 | tdb | tdb |
| R_2 | tdb | tdb |
| R_3 | tdb | tdb |
| R_4 | tdb | tdb |
| τ_1 | tdb | tdb |
| τ_2 | tdb | tdb |
| τ_3 | tdb | tdb |
| τ_4 | tdb | tdb |

Package TO-263 (D2Pak)

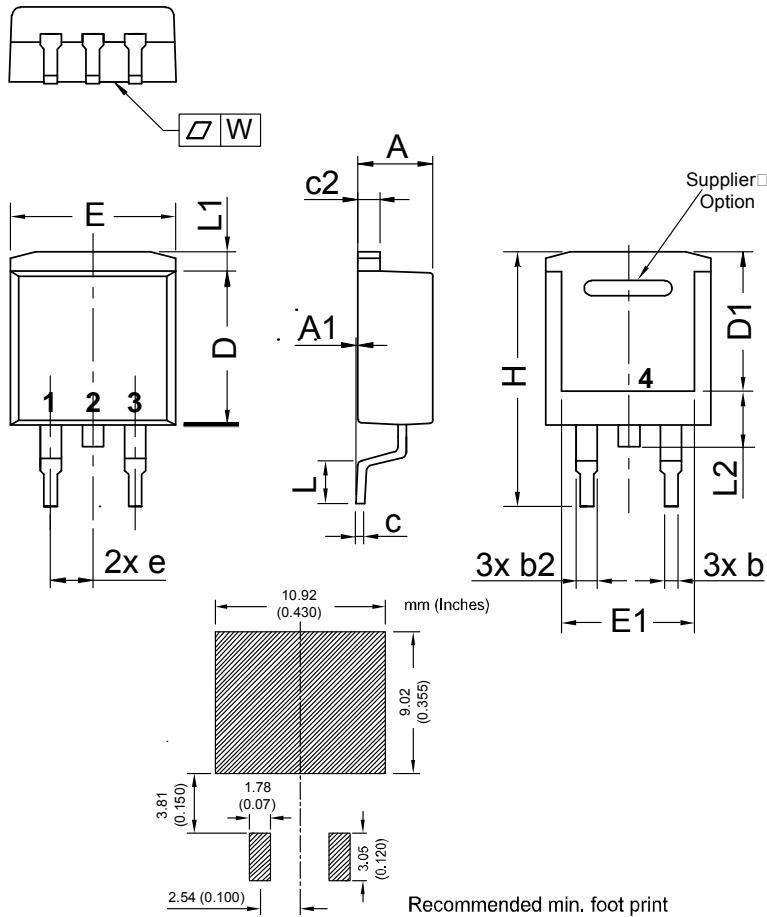
| Symbol | Definition | Conditions | Ratings | | | Unit |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------|---------|------|------|------|
| | | | min. | typ. | max. | |
| T_{vj} | Virtual junction temperature | | -55 | | 150 | °C |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature | | -55 | | 150 | °C |
| R_{thCH} | Thermal resistance case to heatsink | | | 0.25 | | K/W |
| Weight | | | | 2 | | g |
| F_c | Mounting force with clip | | 20 | | 60 | N |

Product Marking

Part number

I = IGBT
 X = XPT IGBT
 A = Gen 1 / std
 12 = Current Rating [A]
 IF = Copack
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
 PC = TO-263AB (D2Pak) (2)

| Ordering | Part Name | Marking on Product | Delivering Mode | Base Qty | Code Key |
|----------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------|----------|
| Standard | IXA 12 IF 1200 PC | IXA12IF1200PC | | | |

| Similar Part | Package | Voltage class |
|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| IXA12IF1200PB | TO-220AB (3) | 1200 |
| IXA12IF1200HB | TO-247AD (3) | 1200 |
| IXA12IF1200TC | TO-268AA (D3Pak) | 1200 |



| Dim. | Millimeter | | Inches | |
|------|------------|-------|-------------|--------|
| | min | max | min | max |
| A | 4.06 | 4.83 | 0.160 | 0.190 |
| A1 | typ. 0.10 | | typ. 0.004 | |
| b | 0.51 | 0.99 | 0.020 | 0.039 |
| b2 | 1.14 | 1.40 | 0.045 | 0.055 |
| c | 0.40 | 0.74 | 0.016 | 0.029 |
| c2 | 1.14 | 1.40 | 0.045 | 0.029 |
| D | 8.38 | 9.40 | 0.330 | 0.370 |
| D1 | 8.00 | 8.89 | 0.315 | 0.350 |
| E | 9.65 | 10.41 | 0.380 | 0.410 |
| E1 | 6.22 | 8.20 | 0.245 | 0.323 |
| e | 2,54 BSC | | 0,100 BSC | |
| H | 14.61 | 15.88 | 0.575 | 0.625 |
| L | 1.78 | 2.79 | 0.070 | 0.110 |
| L1 | 1.02 | 1.68 | 0.040 | 0.066 |
| L2 | 1.02 | 1.52 | 0.040 | 0.060 |
| W | typ. 0.02 | 0.040 | typ. 0.0008 | 0.0016 |

All dimensions conform with and/or are within JEDEC standard.

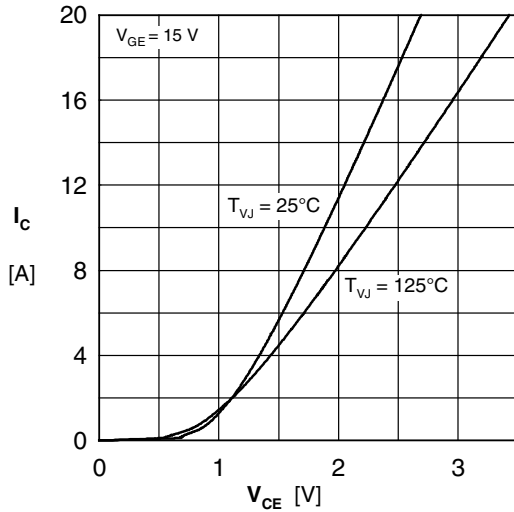


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

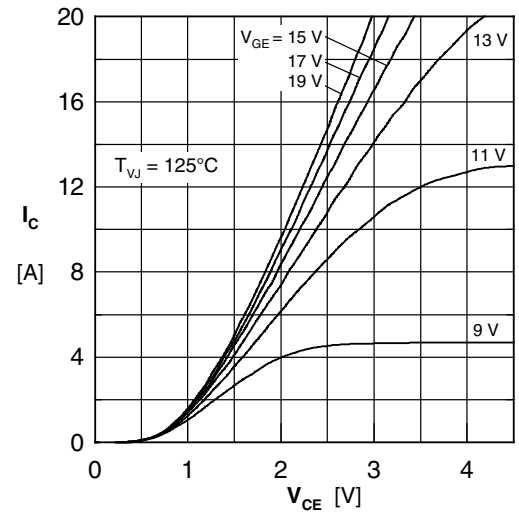


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

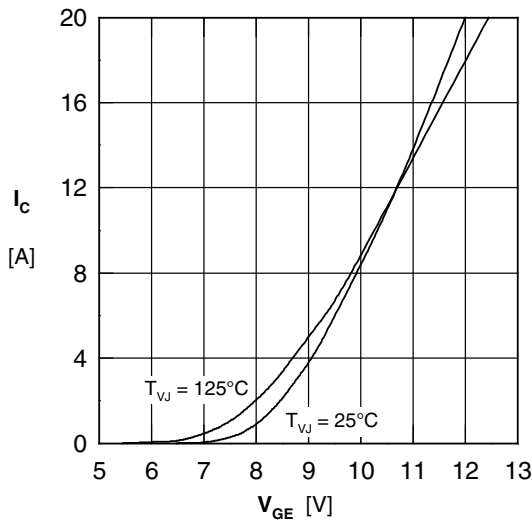


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

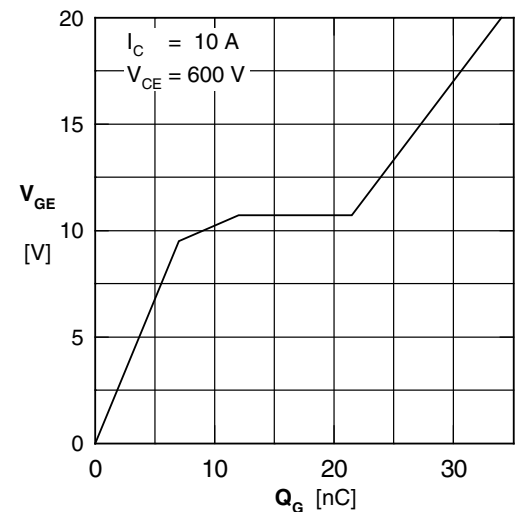


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

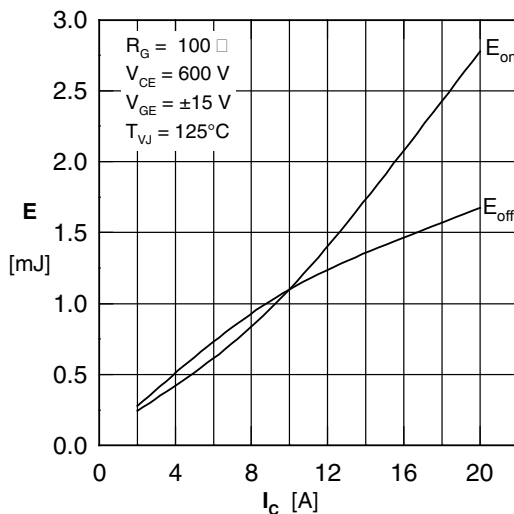


Fig. 5 Typ. switching energy vs. collector current

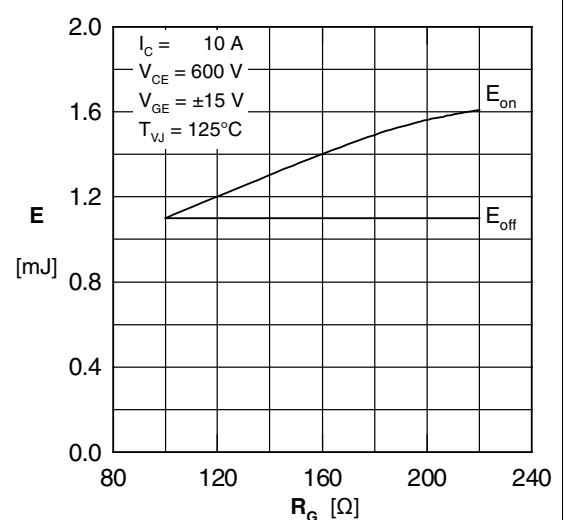


Fig. 6 Typ. switching energy vs. gate resistance

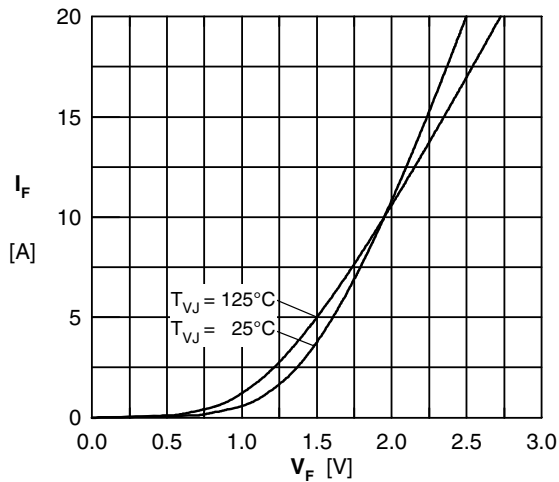


Fig. 7 Typ. forward characteristics

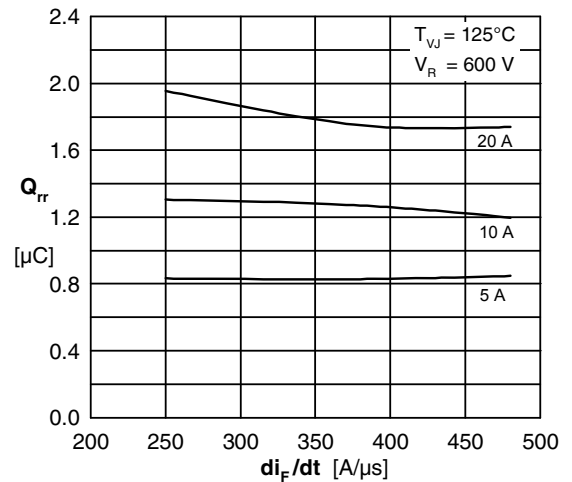


Fig. 8 Typical reverse recovery charge Q_{rr} versus di_F/dt (125°C)

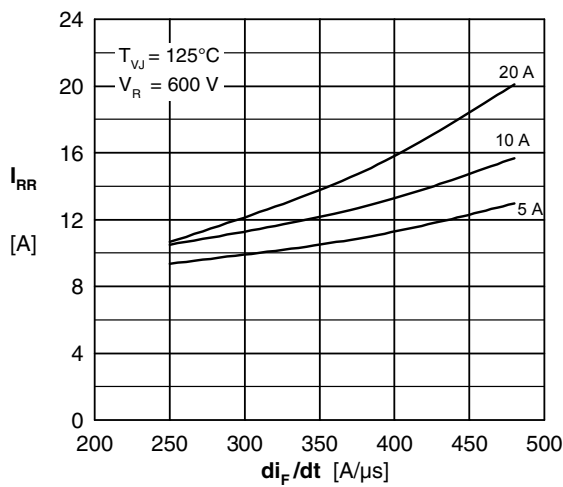


Fig. 9 Typical peak reverse current I_{RR} versus di_F/dt (125°C)

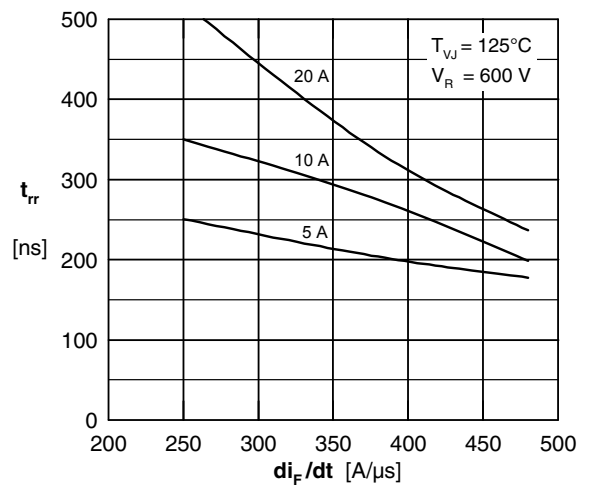


Fig. 10 Typ. recovery time t_{rr} vs. di/dt (125°C)

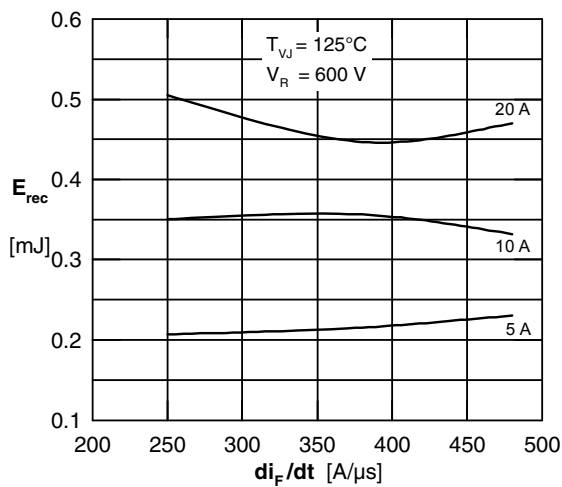


Fig. 11 Typ. recovery energy E_{rec} vs. di_F/dt (125°C)