

## XPT IGBT

Copack

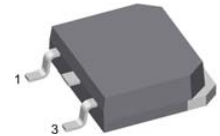
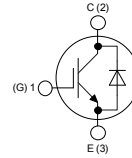
$$I_{C25} = 20 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{CES} = 1200 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{CE(sat)typ} = 1.8 \text{ V}$$

Part number

IXA12IF1200TC



## Features / Advantages:

- Easy paralleling due to the positive temperature coefficient of the on-state voltage
- Rugged XPT design (Xtreme light Punch Through) results in:
  - short circuit rated for 10  $\mu$ sec.
  - very low gate charge
  - low EMI
  - square RBSOA @ 3x  $I_C$
- Thin wafer technology combined with the XPT design results in a competitive low  $V_{CE(sat)}$
- SONIC™ diode
  - fast and soft reverse recovery
  - low operating forward voltage

## Applications:

- AC motor drives
- Solar inverter
- Medical equipment
- Uninterruptible power supply
- Air-conditioning systems
- Welding equipment
- Switched-mode and resonant-mode power supplies
- Inductive heating, cookers

## Package:

- Housing: TO-268AA (D3Pak)
- Industry standard outline
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0
- RoHS compliant

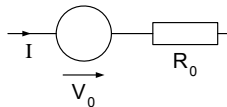
## IGBT

## Ratings

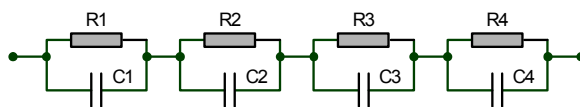
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{CES}$	Collector emitter voltage	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$			1200	V
$V_{GES}$	Maximum DC gate voltage				$\pm 20$	V
$I_{C25}$	Collector current				20	A
$I_{C100}$					13	A
$P_{tot}$	Total power dissipation				85	W
$I_{CES}$	Collector emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ ; $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$			0.1	mA
				0.1		mA
$I_{GES}$	Gate emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			500	nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 9 \text{ A}$ ; $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$		1.8	2.1	V
				2.1		V
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate emitter threshold voltage	$I_C = 0.3 \text{ mA}$ ; $V_{GE} = V_{CE}$	5.4	6	6.5	V
$Q_{on}$	Total gate charge	$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$		27		nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time			70		ns
$t_r$	Current rise time			40		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time	Inductive load		250		ns
$t_f$	Current fall time	$V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = 10 \text{ A}$		100		ns
$E_{on}$	Turn-on energy per pulse	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ ; $R_G = 100 \Omega$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ \text{C}$	1.1		mJ
$E_{off}$	Turn-off energy per pulse			1.1		mJ
<b>RBSOA</b>	Reverse bias safe operation area	$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$ ; $R_G = 100 \Omega$ $V_{CEK} = 1200 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ \text{C}$		30	A
<b>SCSOA</b>	Short circuit safe operation area					
$t_{sc}$	Short circuit duration	$V_{CE} = 900 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ \text{C}$		10	$\mu$ s
$I_{sc}$	Short circuit current	$R_G = 100 \Omega$ ; non-repetitive			40	A
$R_{thJC}$	Thermal resistance junction to case				1.5	K/W

**Diode**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			Unit	
			min.	typ.	max.		
$I_{F25}$	Forward current	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$			22	A	
$I_{F100}$		$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$			14	A	
$V_F$	Forward voltage	$I_F = 10\text{ A}$		$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.95	2.2	V
				$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.95		V
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse recovery charge	$V_R = 600\text{ V}$		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	1.3		$\mu\text{C}$
$I_{RM}$	Maximum reverse recovery current				10.5		A
$t_{rr}$	Reverse recovery time	$di_F/dt = -250\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$			350	ns	
$E_{rec(off)}$	Reverse recovery losses at turn-off	$I_F = 10\text{ A}$			0.35	mJ	
$R_{thJC}$	Thermal resistance junction to case				1.8	K/W	

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**


Symbol	Definition		Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_0$	IGBT	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.1	V
$R_0$					153	m $\Omega$
$V_0$	Diode	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.25	V
$R_0$					85	m $\Omega$



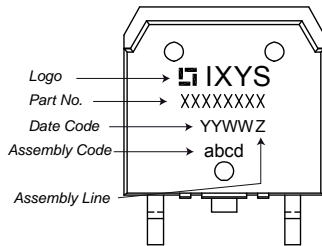
$$Z_{th}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[ R_i \cdot \left( 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{t}{\tau_i}\right) \right) \right]$$

$$\tau_i = R_i \cdot C_i$$

	IGBT	Diode
$R_1$	tdb	tdb
$R_2$	tdb	tdb
$R_3$	tdb	tdb
$R_4$	tdb	tdb
$\tau_1$	tdb	tdb
$\tau_2$	tdb	tdb
$\tau_3$	tdb	tdb
$\tau_4$	tdb	tdb

**Package TO-268AA (D3Pak)**

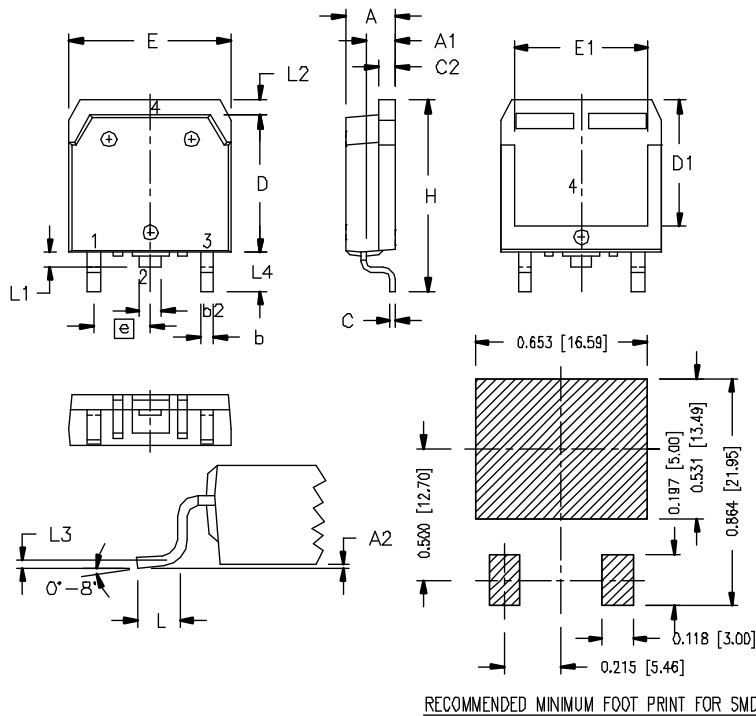
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
$T_{vj}$	Virtual junction temperature		-55		150	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature		-55		150	°C
$R_{thCH}$	Thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.15		K/W
<b>Weight</b>				5		g
$F_c$	Mounting force with clip		20		120	N

**Product Marking**

**Part number**

I = IGBT  
 X = XPT IGBT  
 A = Gen 1 / std  
 12 = Current Rating [A]  
 IF = Copack  
 1200 = Reverse Voltage [V]  
 TC = TO-268AA (D3Pak) (2)

Ordering	Part Name	Marking on Product	Delivering Mode	Base Qty	Code Key
Standard	IXA 12 IF 1200 TC	IXA12IF1200TC			

Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
IXA12IF1200HB	TO-247AD (3)	1200
IXA12IF1200PB	TO-220AB (3)	1200
IXA12IF1200PC	TO-263AB (D2Pak)	1200



SYM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	.193	.201	4.90	5.10
A1	.106	.114	2.70	2.90
A2	.001	.010	0.02	0.25
b	.045	.057	1.15	1.45
b2	.075	.083	1.90	2.10
C	.016	.026	0.40	0.65
C2	.057	.063	1.45	1.60
D	.543	.551	13.80	14.00
D1	.488	.500	12.40	12.70
E	.624	.632	15.85	16.05
E1	.524	.535	13.30	13.60
e	.215 BSC		5.45 BSC	
H	.736	.752	18.70	19.10
L	.094	.106	2.40	2.70
L1	.047	.055	1.20	1.40
L2	.039	.045	1.00	1.15
L3	.010 BSC		0.25 BSC	
L4	.150	.161	3.80	4.10

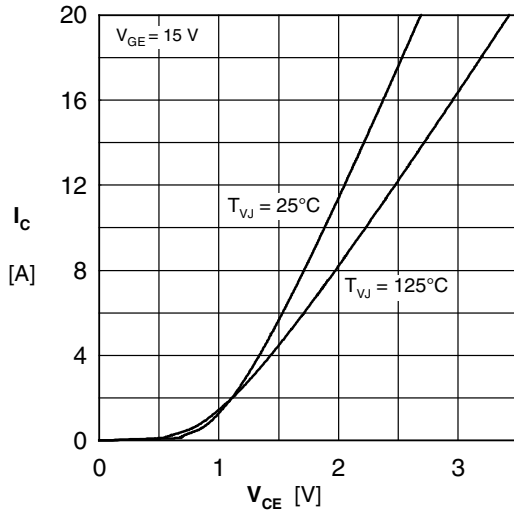


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristics

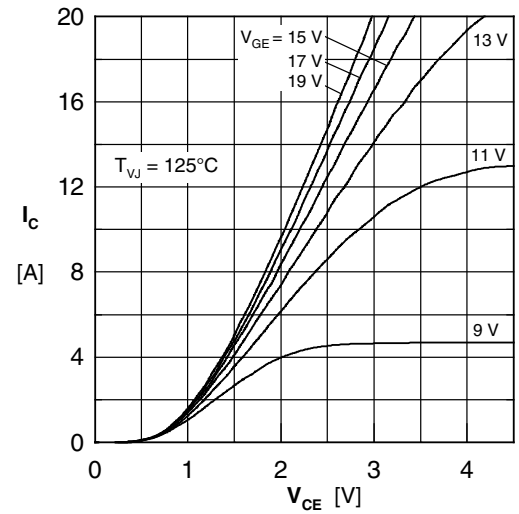


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristics

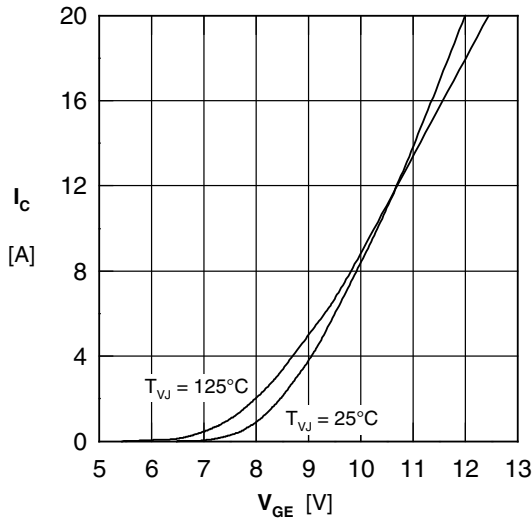


Fig. 3 Typ. transfer characteristics

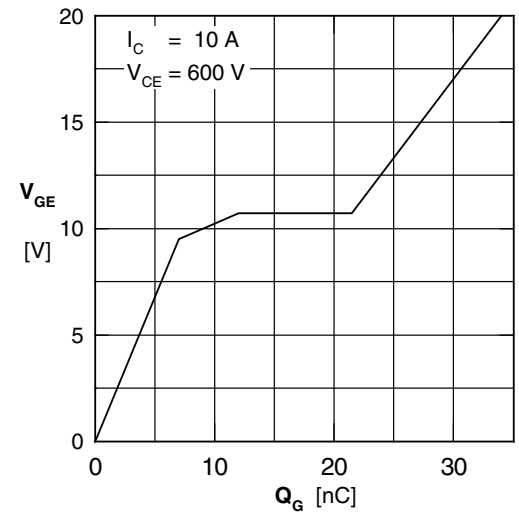


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on gate charge

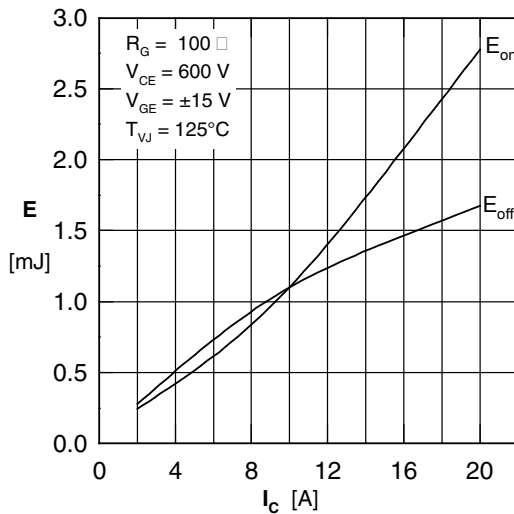


Fig. 5 Typ. switching energy vs. collector current

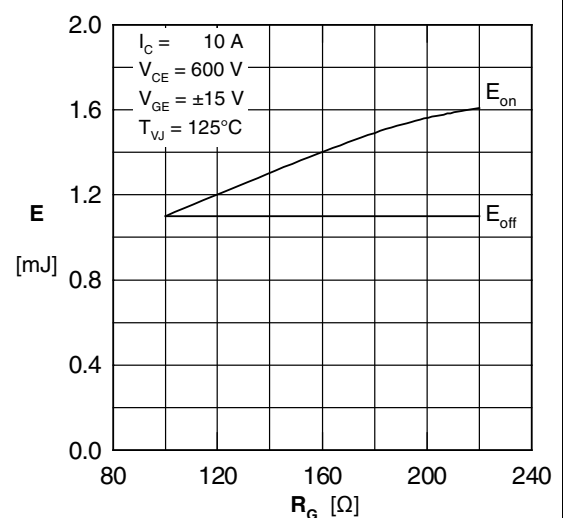


Fig. 6 Typ. switching energy vs. gate resistance

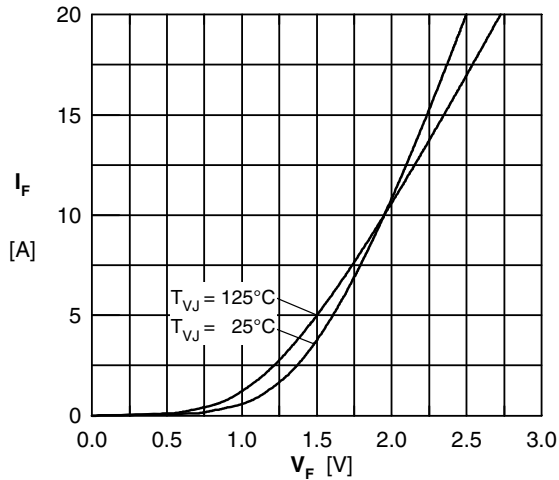


Fig. 7 Typ. forward characteristics

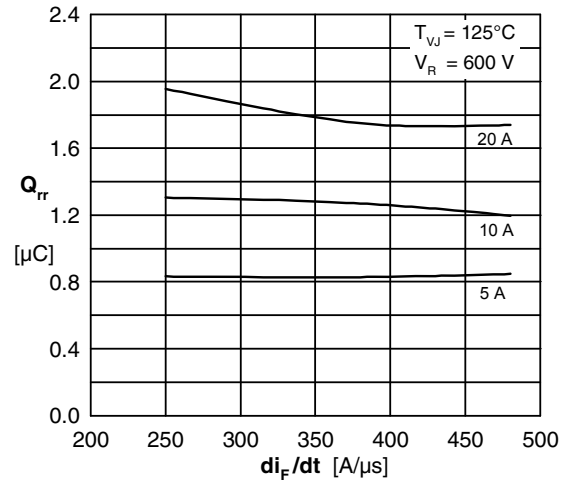


Fig. 8 Typical reverse recovery charge  $Q_{rr}$  versus  $di_F/dt$  (125°C)

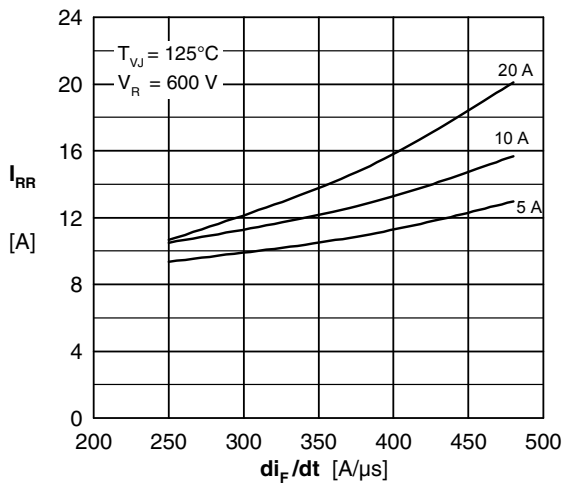


Fig. 9 Typical peak reverse current  $I_{RR}$  versus  $di_F/dt$  (125°C)

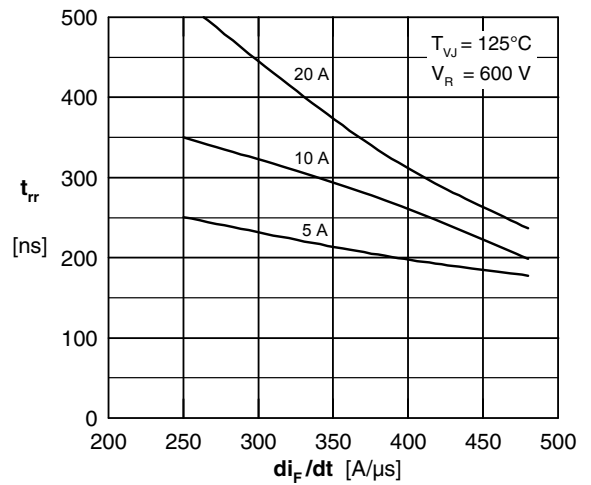


Fig. 10 Typ. recovery time  $t_{rr}$  vs.  $di/dt$  (125°C)

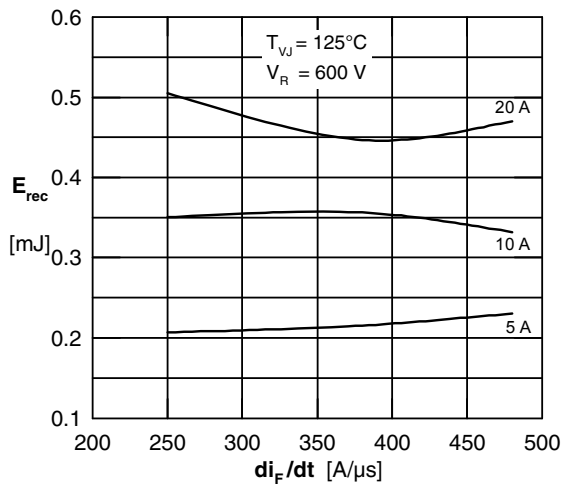


Fig. 11 Typ. recovery energy  $E_{rec}$  vs.  $di_F/dt$  (125°C)