## 

the machine safety specialist

## SSM-S Stainless Steel Corner Mirrors

For use with Banner Safety Light Screen and Safety Light Grid Systems

## Features

- Allows use of one emitter/receiver pair to guard multiple sides of a machine
- Sturdy, robust construction
- Extra width for use with long-range optical safety systems
- Stainless steel reflective surface provides 50 percent reflectivity
- Black anodized aluminum extrusion
- Molded PBT end caps
- Mounts easily to MSA Series stands or other surfaces
- Available in 20 lengths


## Dimensions



| Mirror Model | Reflective Area Height ( Y ) | Overall Height (L1) | Mounting Height (L2)* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SSM-100-S | 100 mm (3.9') | 178 mm (7.0') | 211 mm (8.3') |
| SSM-150-S | 150 mm (5.9') | 228 mm (9.0') | 261 mm (10.3") |
| SSM-200-S | 200 mm (7.9') | 278 mm (10.9") | 311 mm (12.2") |
| SSM-250-S | 250 mm (9.8") | 328 mm (12.9") | 361 mm (14.2") |
| SSM-375-S | 375 mm (14.8") | 453 mm (17.8') | 486 mm (19.1") |
| SSM-475-S | 475 mm (18.7") | 553 mm (21.8') | 586 mm (23.1") |
| SSM-550-S | 550 mm (21.7") | 628 mm ( $24.7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) | 661 mm (26.0") |
| SSM-675-S | 675 mm (26.6") | 753 mm (29.6") | 786 mm (31.0') |
| SSM-825-S | 825 mm (32.5") | 903 mm (35.6") | 936 mm (36.9') |
| SSM-875-S | 875 mm (34.4") | 953 mm (37.5") | 986 mm (38.8") |
| SSM-975-S | 975 mm (38.4") | 1053 mm (41.5") | 1086 mm (42.8") |
| SSM-1100-S | 1100 mm (43.3") | 1178 mm (46.4") | 1211 mm (47.7") |
| SSM-1175-S | 1175 mm (46.3") | 1253 mm (49.3") | 1286 mm (50.6") |
| SSM-1275-S | 1275 mm (46.3") | 1353 mm (53.3") | 1386 mm (54.6") |
| SSM-1400-S | 1400 mm (55.1") | 1478 mm (58.2") | 1511 mm (59.5") |
| SSM-1475-S | 1475 mm (58.1") | 1553 mm (61.1") | 1586 mm (62.5") |
| SSM-1550-S | 1550 mm (61.0") | 1628 mm (64.1") | 1661 mm (65.4") |
| SSM-1675-S | 1675 mm (65.9") | 1753 mm (69.0") | 1786 mm (70.3") |
| SSM-1750-S | 1750 mm (68.9') | 1828 mm (72.0") | 1861 mm (73.3") |
| SSM-1900-S | 1900 mm (74.8") | 1978 mm (77.9") | 2011 mm (79.2") |

*NOTE: The mounting brackets may be inverted from the positions shown at left (flanges pointing "inward" instead of "outward," as shown). When this is done, dimension L2 decreases by 58 mm (2.3").

## SSM-S Series Stainless Steel Corner Mirrors

## Description

Banner SSM-S Series corner mirrors are designed for use with MICRO-SCR田¹, MINI-SCR $\mathbb{H}^{\text {P }}$, and EZ-SCR N $^{\text {" " Safety Light Screen systems, and other optical safety }}$ systems, including the EZ-SCREV" Safety Light Gid and Point. They enable guarding along more than one side of an area using only one emitter/receiver pair.

SSM-S Series mirrors are compact and extremely robust to withstand industrial environments. Brackets are included for quick and easy mounting. Once mounted, a unique mirror end cap design allows rotation of the mirror to any angle.
The stainless steel mirrors are rated at 50 percent efficiency. See pages 3 and 4 for specific information on sensing range and excess gain.

SSM-S Series mirrors are available in 20 lengths; see chart below. SSM-S Series mirrors may be used with light screen sensors up to 72 " long. The table below recommends which mirror to use with the applicable sensors. The mirror height $(Y)$ should be a minimum of 2 " longer than the distance between the top and bottom beams.
Each mirror is supplied with two mounting brackets and associated hardware (see dimension drawing).

Mirrors should be securely mounted to a solid surface that is free from vibration. Mirrors must be mounted parallel to their sensors, with the midpoint of the mirror(s) directly in line with the midpoint of the sensor's defined area.
MSA Series stands may be used to mount SSM-S Series mirrors (requires adapter kit EZA-MBK-2, P/N 38722, sold separately). These stands offer an extruded channel design for convenient mirror (or sensor) height adjustment. See data sheet P/N 43687 for complete information. Several stand heights are available:

| Stand <br> Model | Part <br> Number | Stand <br> Height | Mirror Length |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Brackets Outward | Brackets Inward |
| MSA-S24-1 | 43174 | $24 "$ | 100 mm to 250 mm | 100 mm to 375 mm |
| MSA-S42-1 | 43175 | 42" | 100 mm to 675 mm | 100 mm to 825 mm |
| MSA-S66-1 | 43176 | $66 "$ | 100 mm to 1275 mm | 100 mm to 1275 mm |
| MSA-S84-1 | 52397 | 84" | 100 mm to 1675 mm | 100 mm to 1900 mm |

## SSM-S Series Construction

| Mirror | Highly polished stainless steel |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mirror Frame | Molded PBT end caps; rigid aluminum extrusion |
| Bracket | Cold-rolled sted; black zinc chromate finish |
| Routine Maintenance | Mirror surface will scratch easily. When necessary, mirrors should <br> be cleaned with a mild glass cleaning solution and a soft cloth. |

## SSM-S Series Stainless Steel Corner Mirrors



Corner Mirror Alignment

## Alignment of Sensors and Corner Mirrors

Mount the mirror(s) and the sensors so that they are all parallel. Use a level, if possible. Adjust the position of the sensors and the mirror(s) so that the midpoints of the mirror(s) and the sensors' defined areas are even. (A line connecting the midpoint of all components is illustrated by the dashed line in the drawing.) The midpoint of the defined area of a MICRO-SCR $\boxplus \mathrm{N}$ or $E Z$-SCR $\boxplus \mathrm{N}$ sensor is the midpoint of the window. The upper and lower limits of the defined area of MINISCR $\boxplus \mathrm{N}$ sensors are marked by arrows along the edge of each sensor window, and are dimensioned in the appropriate instruction manual. The midpoint of the defined area of MACHINE-GUARD/PERIMETER-GUARD sensors corresponds to the midpoint of the sensor length. For EZ-SCRETN Grid sensors, the midpoint is between the top and bottom dots on the housing, adjacent to the sensing window.
Adjust the corner mirror(s) so that the angle of incidence to the mirrors equals the angle of reflection from the mirror. Sight from behind one of the sensors directly towards the mirror (or the first mirror in line). When alignment is correct, you will see the straight and centered reflection of the lens of the other sensor in the mirror.

Use the alignment indicator(s) of the safety light screen system (and the appropriate instruction manual) for final alignment.

## Range Reduction Using SSM-S Series Corner Mirrors

Use of corner mirrors reduces light screen range (the maximum separation between the emitter and receiver). The following table lists the resultant range when using from one to three SSM-S Series corner mirrors in the sensing path.

Maximized excess gain is always important when installing a safety light screen. Use hard guarding whenever possible to reduce the overall sensing range and the number of mirrors required. Also, keep sensor lenses and mirrors clean and properly aligned.

| Light Screen/Light Grid Maximum Range |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Light Screen/Light Grid Sensors |  | 0 Mirrors | $1$ <br> Mirror | 2 <br> Mirrors | 3 <br> Mirrors |
| MICRO-SCREEN | Standard Series | 9 m (30') | 7.1 m (23') | 5.5 m (18') | 4.2 m (14') |
|  | V-Series - 24 " to 48" | 9 m (30') | 7.1 m (23') | 5.5 m (18') | 4.2 m (14') |
|  | V-Series - 56", 64", 72" | $6 \mathrm{~m}\left(20{ }^{\prime}\right)$ | 4.7 m (15.5') | 3.7 m (12') | 2.8 m (9') |
| MINI-SCREEN | Standard Series | 9 m (30') | 7.1 m (23') | 5.5 m (18') | 4.2 m (14') |
|  | XL-Series | 18 m (60') | 14.2 m (46.5') | 11 m (36') | $8.5 \mathrm{~m}\left(28{ }^{\prime}\right)$ |
| MACHINE-GUARD/ PERIMETER-GUARD |  | 14 m (45') | 10.6 m (35') | 8.2 m (27') | 6.4 m (21') |
| EZ-SCREEN <br> Grid/Point | Short-Range | 20 m (65') | 15.3 m (50') | 12 m (39') | 9.2 m (30') |
|  | Long-Range | 70 m (230') | 54.3 m (178') | 42.1 m (138') | 32.6 m (107) |
| E-SCREEN | 14 mm Resolution | 6 m (20') | 4.7 m (15.5') | 3.7 m (12') | 2.8 m (9') |
|  | 30 mm Resolution | 18 m (60') | 14.2 m (46.5') | 11 m (36') | 8.5 m (28') |

## SSM-S Series Stainless Steel Corner Mirrors

## Excess Gain

$$
\text { Excess Gain }=\frac{(\text { Maximum Range })^{2}}{(\text { Separation Distance })^{2}}
$$

Given the range from the table on page 3 , excess gain can be calculated for any distance by using the inverse square law. For example, the excess gain for a 30 ' range
 follows:

$$
\frac{E G}{1 x}=\frac{\left(14.8^{\prime}\right)^{2}}{\left(10^{\prime}\right)^{2}}=2.19 \quad E G=(1 x)(2.19)=2.19 x
$$

For the same situation at a 10 ' separation, using MACHINE-GUARD sensors:

$$
\frac{E G}{3 x^{*}}=\frac{\left(23^{\prime}\right)^{2}}{\left(10^{\prime}\right)^{2}}=5.29 \quad E G=(3 x)(5.29)=15.87 x
$$

*NOTE: MACHINE-GUARD maximum sensor range is the separation between emitter and receiver where $3 x$ excess gain remains. The calculated excess gain should be multiplied by 3 to determine the true system excess gain.

Excess Gain Value Guidelines

| Maximum <br> Excess <br> Gain <br> Required | Operating <br> Environment |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1.5 x | Clean air: no dirt buildup on <br> lenses or mirrors |
| 5 x | Slightly dirty: slight buildup <br> of dust, dirt, oil, moisture, <br> etc. on lenses or mirrors. <br> Lenses and mirrors cleaned <br> on a regular schedule. |
| $10 x$ | Moderately dirty: obvious <br> contanination on lenses or <br> mirrors (but not obscured). <br> Lenses and mirrors cleaned <br> occasionally or when <br> necessary. |
| $50 x$ | Very dirty: heavy <br> contanination on lenses and <br> mirrors. Heavy fog, mist, <br> dust, smoke, or oil film. <br> Minimal cleaning of lenses <br> and mirrors. |

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#### Abstract

WARRANTY: Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects for one year. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture found to be defective at the time it is returned to the factory during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for the improper application of Banner products. This warranty is in lieu of any other warranty either expressed or implied.


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[^0]:    P/N 67200 rev. B

