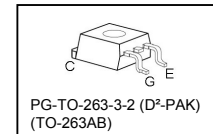
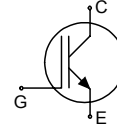


Fast IGBT in NPT-technology

- 75% lower E_{off} compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time – 10 μ s
- Designed for:
 - Motor controls
 - Inverter
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
 - very tight parameter distribution
 - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
 - parallel switching capability
- Qualified according to JEDEC² for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models :
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>



Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CE(sat)150^\circ C}$	T_j	Marking	Package
SGB06N60	600V	6A	2.3V	150°C	G06N60	PG-TO-263-3-2

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current	I_C	12	A
$T_C = 25^\circ C$		6.9	
$T_C = 100^\circ C$			
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	I_{Cpuls}	24	
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 600V, T_j \leq 150^\circ C$	-	24	
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_C = 6 A, V_{CC} = 50 V, R_{GE} = 25 \Omega$, start at $T_j = 25^\circ C$	E_{AS}	34	mJ
Short circuit withstand time ¹⁾ $V_{GE} = 15V, V_{CC} \leq 600V, T_j \leq 150^\circ C$	t_{SC}	10	μ s
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ C$	P_{tot}	68	W
Operating junction and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150	°C
Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1)		245	

² J-STD-020 and JESD-022

¹⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction – case	R_{thJC}		1.85	KW
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient ¹⁾	R_{thJA}		40	

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	Typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE}=0V, I_C=500\mu A$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{GE} = 15V, I_C=6A$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1.7 -	2.0 2.3	2.4 2.8	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C=250\mu A, V_{CE}=V_{GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE}=600V, V_{GE}=0V$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	20 700	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE}=0V, V_{GE}=20V$	-	-	100	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE}=20V, I_C=6A$	-	4.2	-	S
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{CE}=25V,$ $V_{GE}=0V,$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	-	350	420	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	38	46	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}		-	23	28	
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}	$V_{CC}=480V, I_C=6A$ $V_{GE}=15V$	-	32	42	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	7	-	nH
Short circuit collector current ²⁾	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE}=15V, t_{SC}\leq 10\mu s$ $V_{CC}\leq 600V,$ $T_j\leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	60	-	A

¹⁾ Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 μ m thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

²⁾ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CC}}=400\text{V}$, $I_{\text{C}}=6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{GE}}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{\text{G}}=50\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=250\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	25	30	ns
Rise time	t_{r}		-	18	22	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$		-	220	264	
Fall time	t_{f}		-	54	65	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.110	0.127	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.105	0.137	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.215	0.263	

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CC}}=400\text{V}$, $I_{\text{C}}=6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{GE}}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{\text{G}}=50\Omega$, $L_{\sigma}^{1)}=180\text{nH}$, $C_{\sigma}^{1)}=250\text{pF}$ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	24	29	ns
Rise time	t_{r}		-	17	20	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$		-	248	298	
Fall time	t_{f}		-	70	84	
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	0.167	0.192	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	0.153	0.199	
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	0.320	0.391	

¹⁾ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.

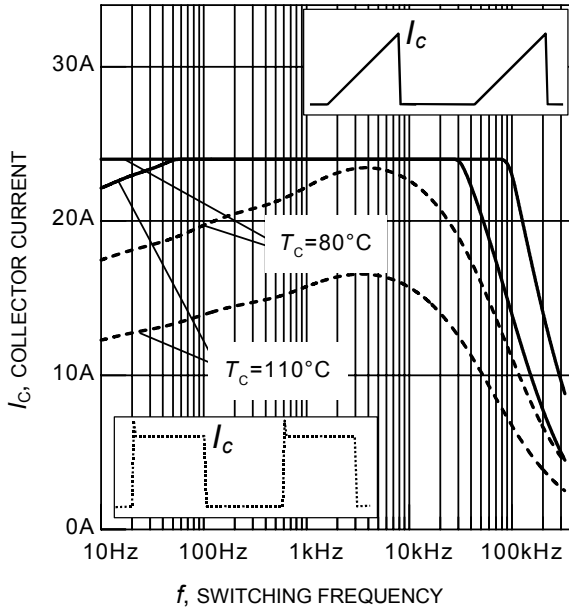


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$, $D = 0.5$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$)

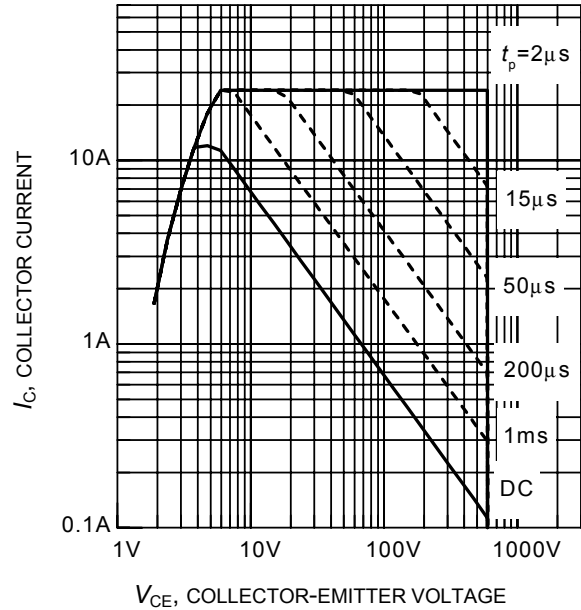


Figure 2. Safe operating area
 ($D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

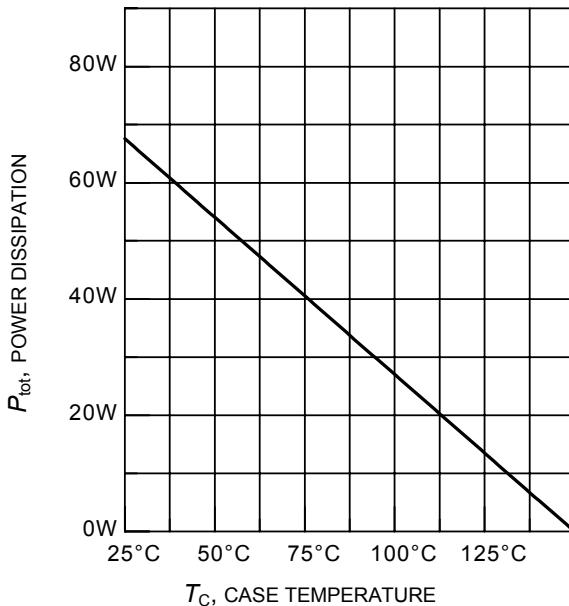


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature
 ($T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

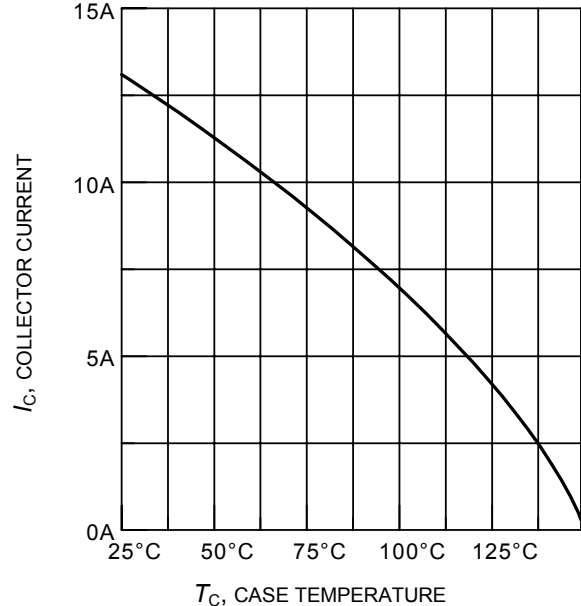


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature
 ($V_{GE} \leq 15\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$)

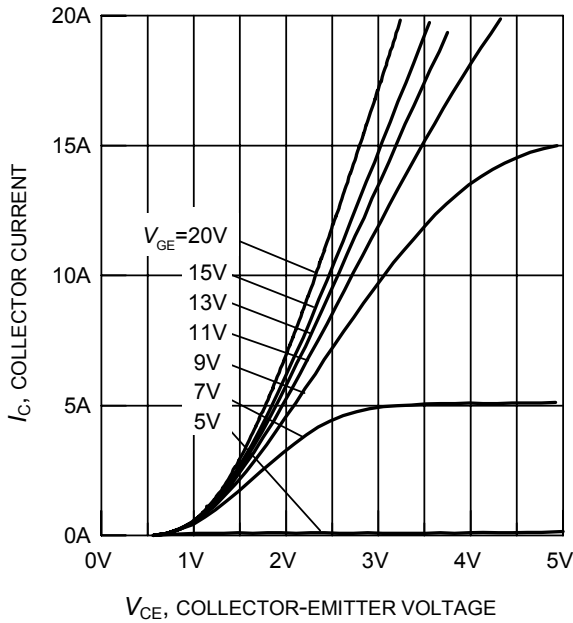


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

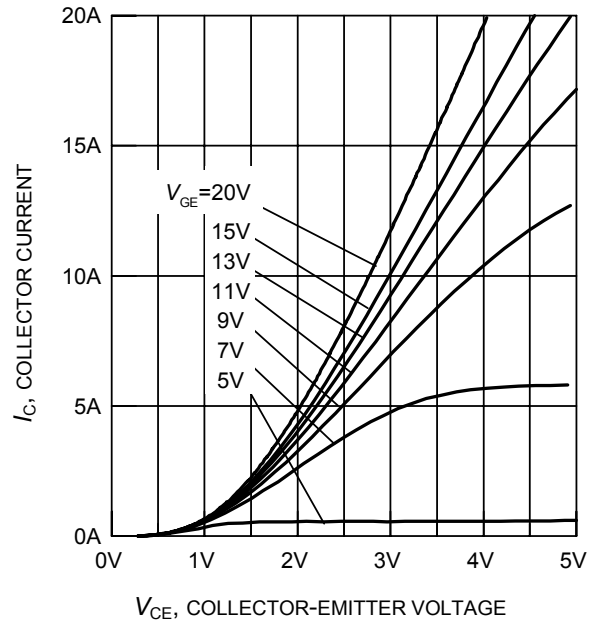


Figure 6. Typical output characteristics
($T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$)

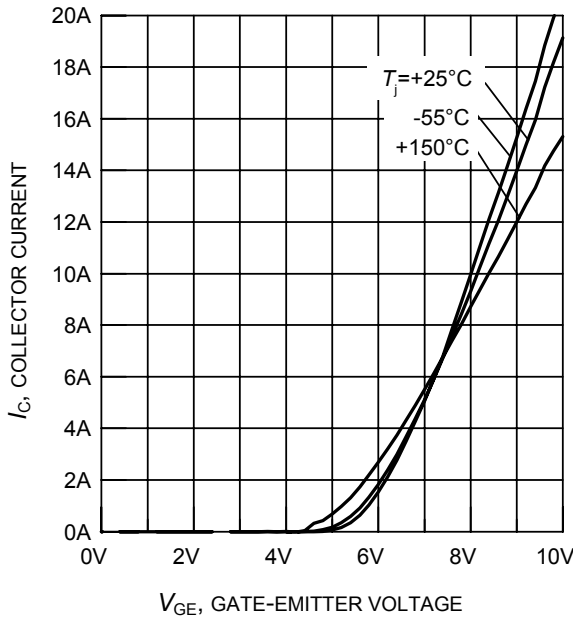


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics
($V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$)

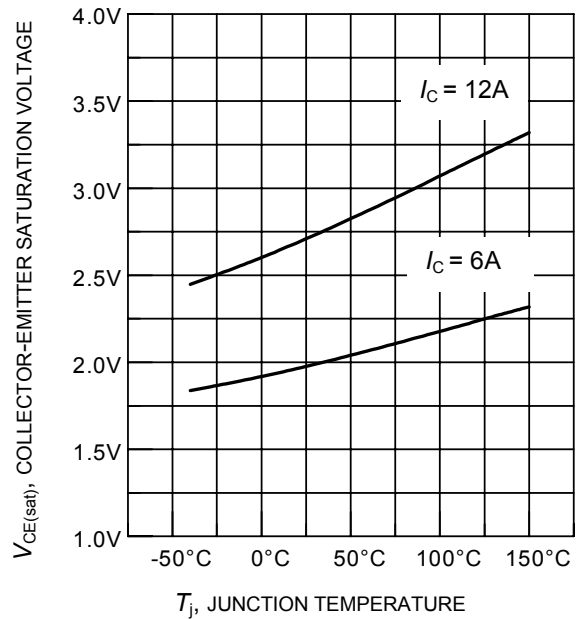


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature
($V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$)

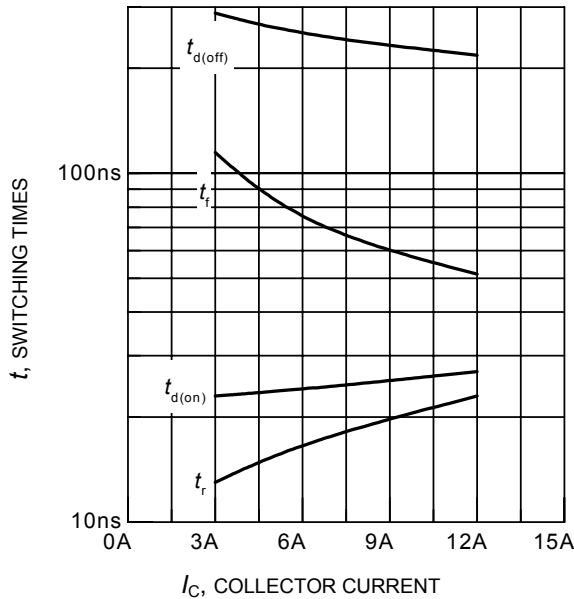


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

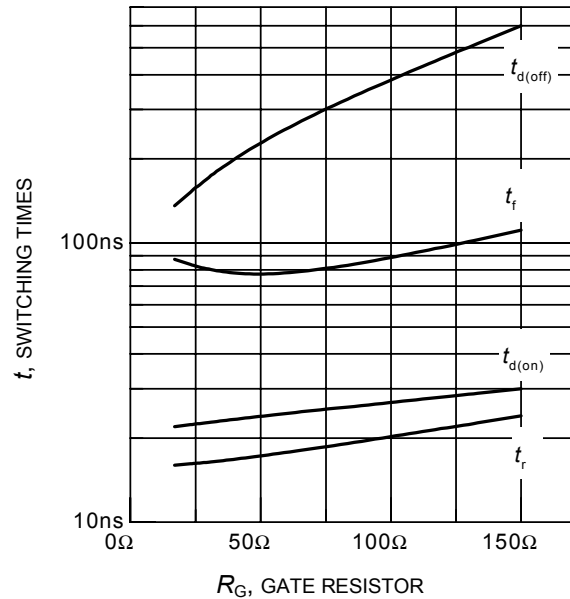


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

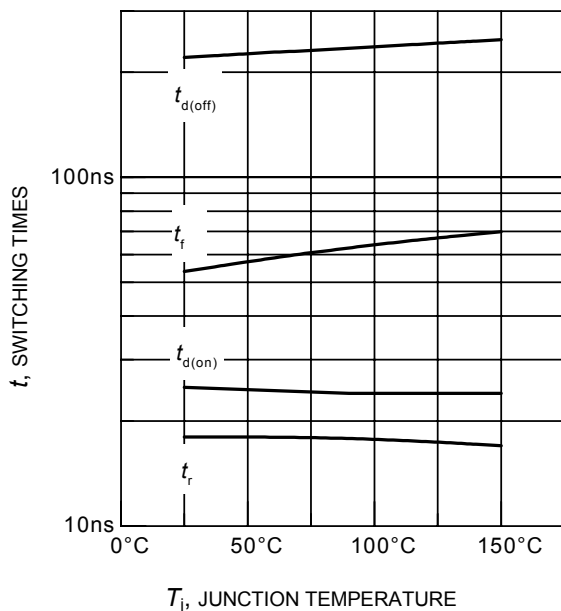


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{\text{CE}} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

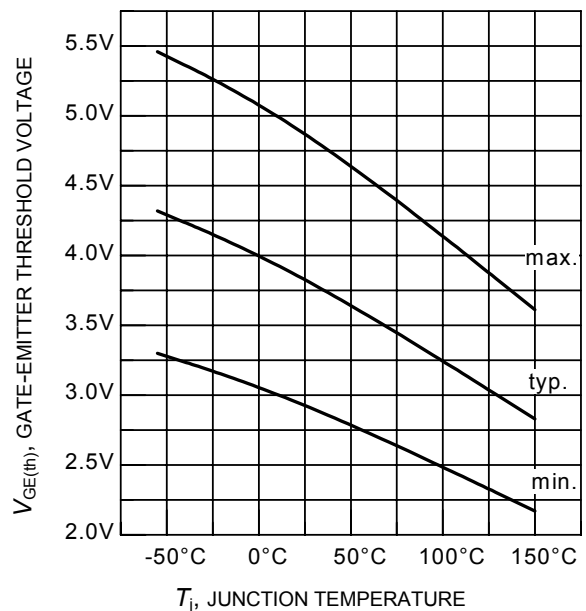


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature

($I_C = 0.25\text{mA}$)

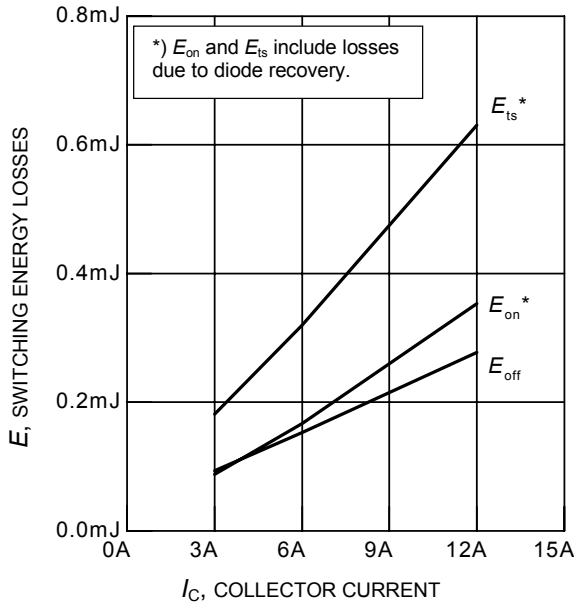


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

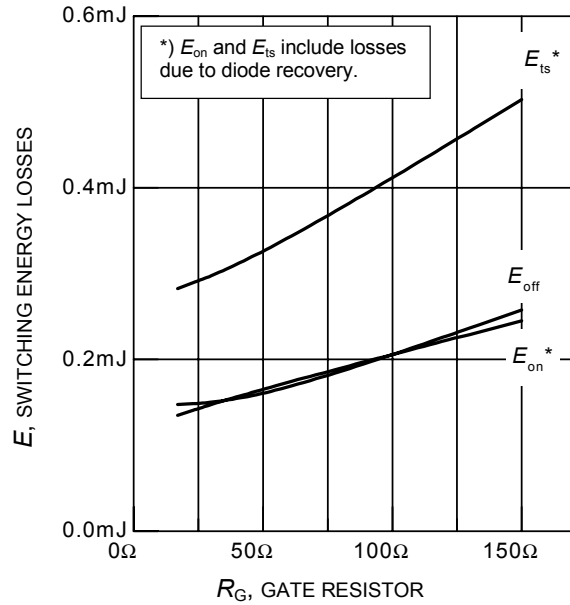


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

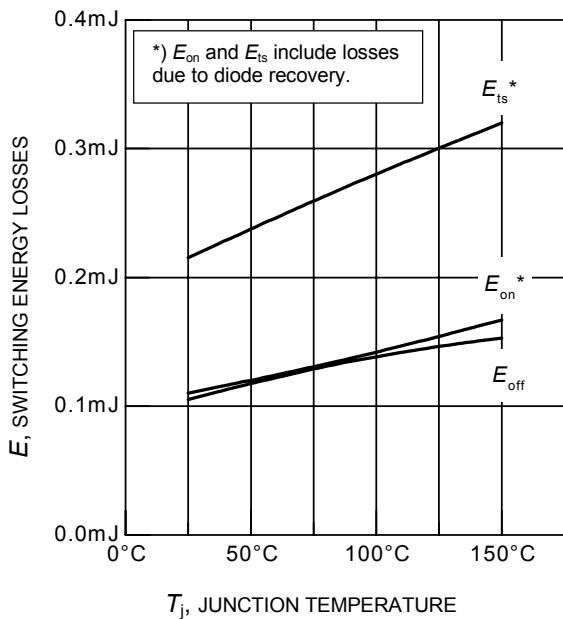


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 400\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

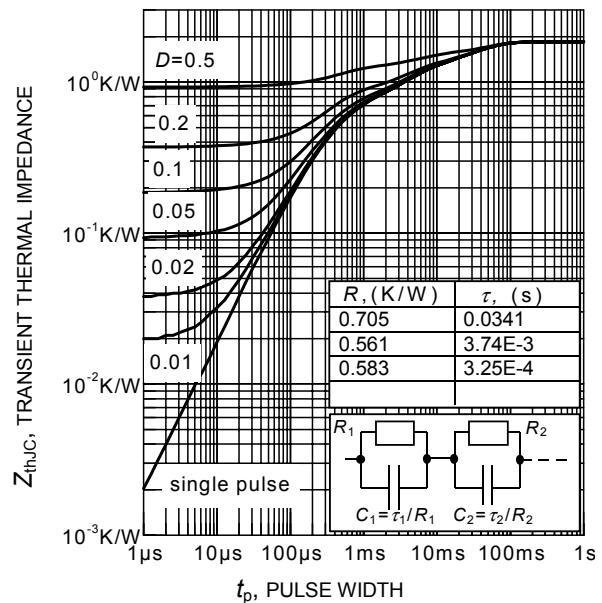


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p / T$)

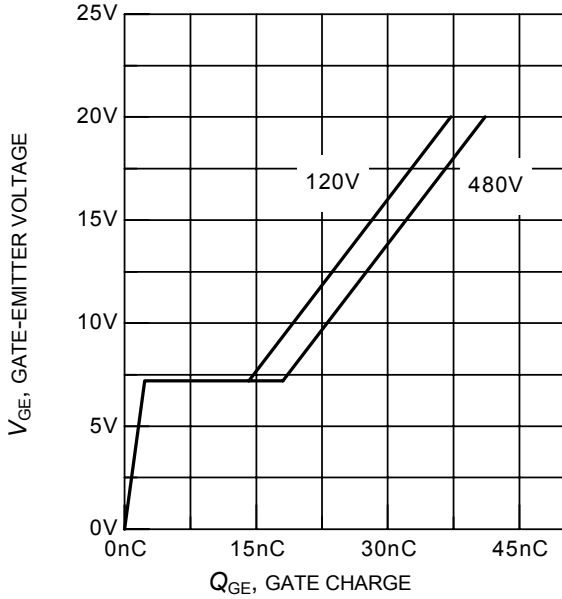


Figure 17. Typical gate charge
($I_C = 6A$)

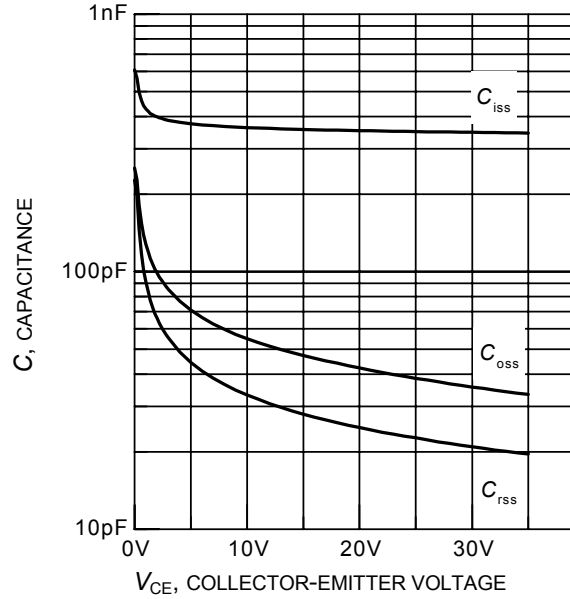


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage
($V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$)

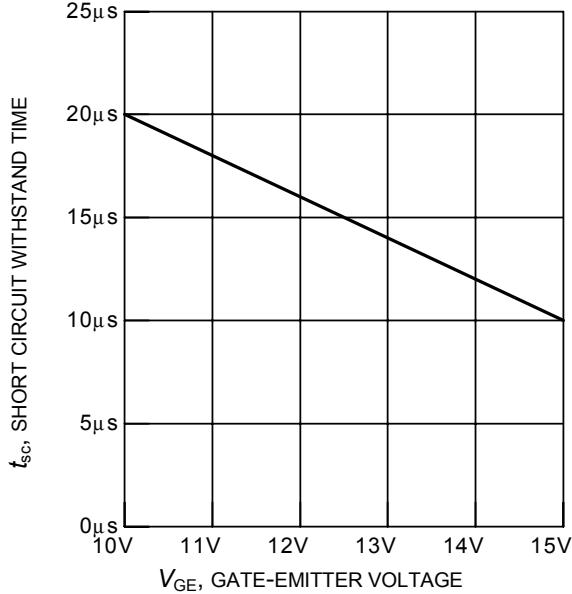


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} = 600V, \text{start at } T_j = 25^\circ C$)

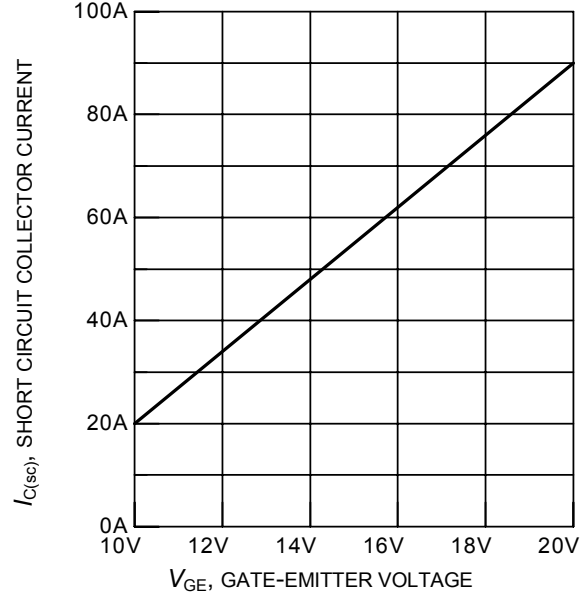
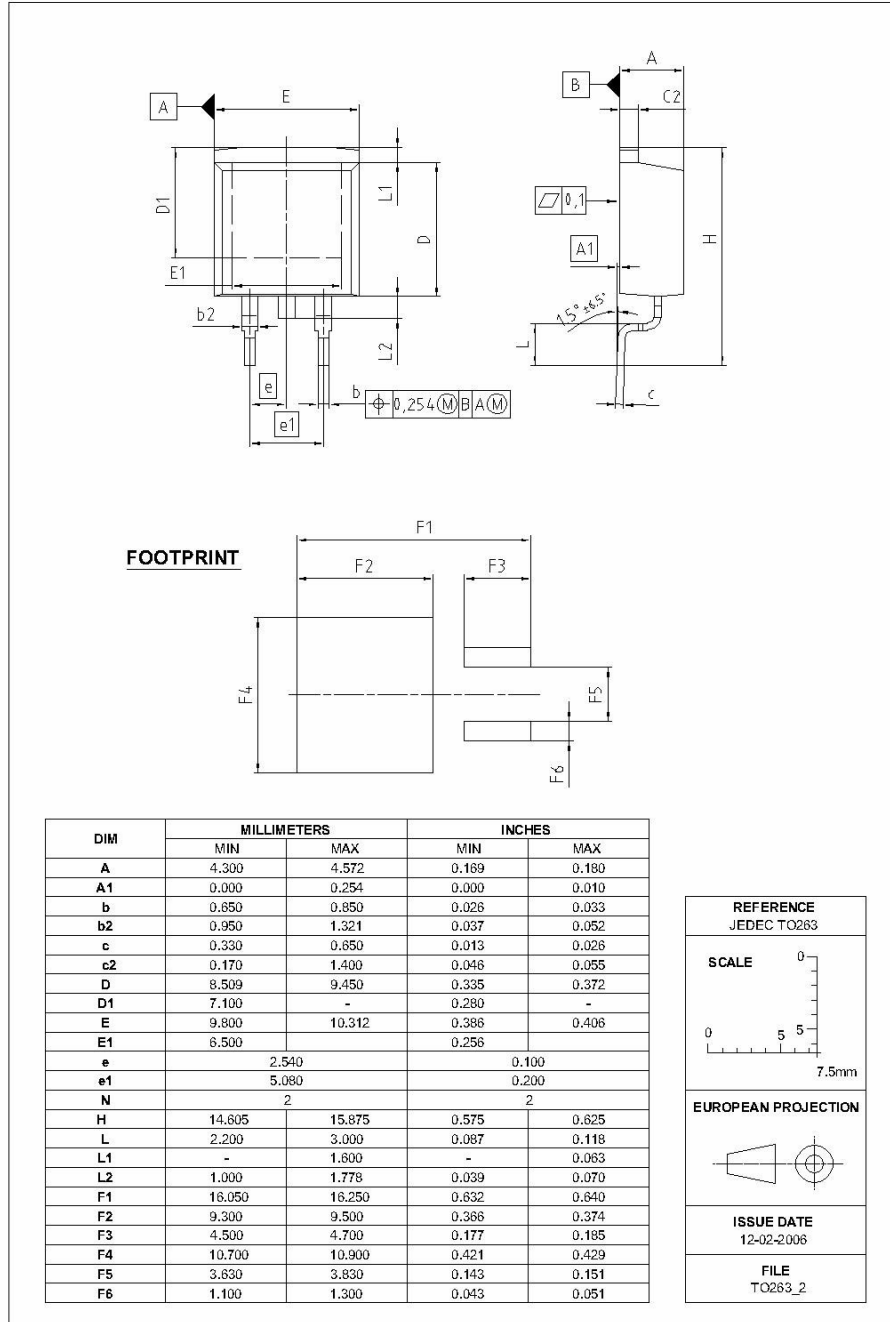


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage
($V_{CE} \leq 600V, T_j = 150^\circ C$)

PG-TO263-3-2



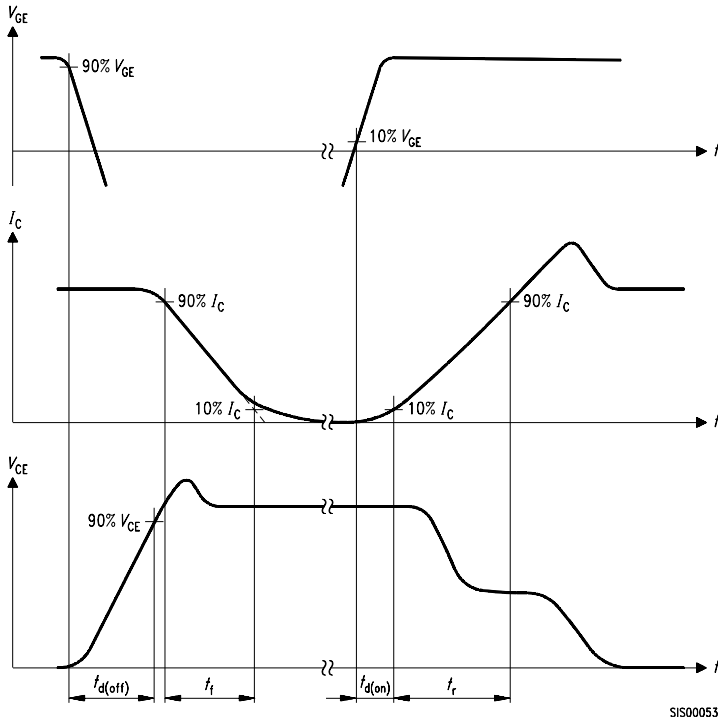


Figure A. Definition of switching times

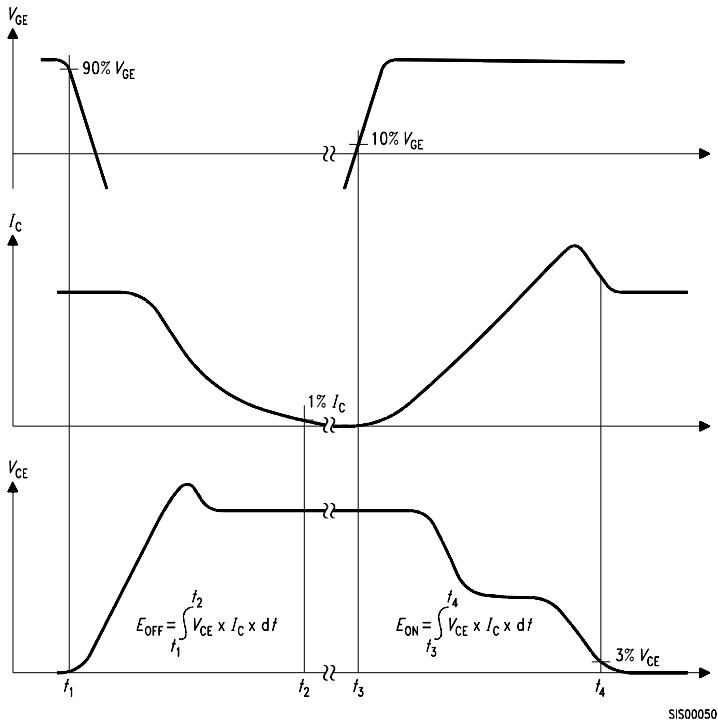


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

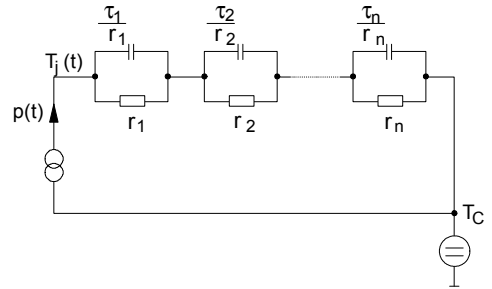


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

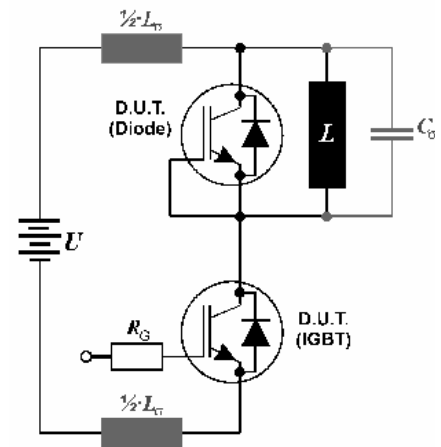


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$
and Stray capacity $C_\sigma = 250\text{pF}$.

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