

# Fast IGBT in NPT-technology

- 75% lower *E*<sub>off</sub> compared to previous generation combined with low conduction losses
- Short circuit withstand time 10 μs
- Designed for:
  - Motor controls
  - Inverter
- NPT-Technology for 600V applications offers:
  - very tight parameter distribution
  - high ruggedness, temperature stable behaviour
  - parallel switching capability



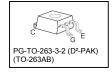
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models : http://www.infineon.com/igbt/

Туре	V <sub>CE</sub>	I <sub>C</sub>	V <sub>CE(sat)150°C</sub>	T <sub>j</sub>	Marking	Package
SGB02N60	600V	2A	2.2V	150°C	G02N60	PG-TO-263-3-2

## **Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V <sub>CE</sub>	600	V
DC collector current	I <sub>C</sub>		Α
<i>T</i> <sub>C</sub> = 25°C		6.0	
$T_{\rm C}$ = 100°C		2.9	
Pulsed collector current, $t_p$ limited by $T_{jmax}$	I <sub>Cpuls</sub>	12	
Turn off safe operating area	-	12	
$V_{CE} \le 600 \text{V}, \ T_{j} \le 150^{\circ} \text{C}$			
Gate-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$	±20	V
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E <sub>AS</sub>	13	mJ
$I_{\rm C}$ = 2 A, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 50 V, $R_{\rm GE}$ = 25 $\Omega$ ,			
start at $T_j = 25$ °C			
Short circuit withstand time <sup>1)</sup>	tsc	10	μs
$V_{\rm GE}$ = 15V, $V_{\rm CC} \le 600$ V, $T_{\rm j} \le 150$ °C			
Power dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	30	W
$T_{\rm C}$ = 25°C			
Operating junction and storage temperature	$T_{\rm j}$ , $T_{ m stg}$	-55+150	°C
Soldering temperature (reflow soldering, MSL1)		245	





 $<sup>^2</sup>$  J-STD-020 and JESD-022  $^{1)}$  Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic	<u>,                                     </u>			
IGBT thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJC</sub>		4.2	K/W
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	$R_{thJA}$		40	
junction – ambient <sup>1)</sup>				

# **Electrical Characteristic,** at $T_j$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Darameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Unit
Static Characteristic	•			•	•	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{\rm GE}$ =0V, $I_{\rm C}$ =500 $\mu$ A	600	-	-	٧
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 15  \rm V, I_{\rm C} = 2  \rm A$				
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	1.7	1.9	2.4	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	2.2	2.7	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GE(th)}$	$I_{\rm C} = 150 \mu A, V_{\rm CE} = V_{\rm GE}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =600V, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V				μА
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	-	20	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	-	250	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>GE</sub> =20V	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_{C} = 2A$	-	1.6	-	S
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>CE</sub> =25V,	1	142	170	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	$V_{GE}=0V$ ,	ı	18	22	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$	f=1MHz	-	10	12	
Gate charge	Q <sub>Gate</sub>	$V_{\rm CC}$ =480V, $I_{\rm C}$ =2A	-	14	18	nC
		V <sub>GE</sub> =15V				
Internal emitter inductance	$L_{E}$		-	7	-	nΗ
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case						
Short circuit collector current <sup>2)</sup>	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{\text{GE}}$ =15V, $t_{\text{SC}}$ ≤10 $\mu$ s $V_{\text{CC}}$ ≤ 600V, $T_{\text{j}}$ ≤ 150°C	-	20	-	A

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Device on 50mm\*50mm\*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for collector connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.  $^{2)}$  Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.



# Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_j$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	20	24	ns
Rise time	$t_{\rm r}$	$V_{\rm CC}$ =400V, $I_{\rm C}$ =2A, $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V, $R_{\rm G}$ =118 $\Omega$ , $L_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =180nH, $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =180pF Energy losses include	-	13	16	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	259	311	
Fall time	$t_{f}$		-	52	62	
Turn-on energy	Eon		-	0.036	0.041	mJ
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	"tail" and diode	-	0.028	0.036	
Total switching energy	E <sub>ts</sub>	reverse recovery.	- 1	0.064	0.078	

# Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_i$ =150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	Ullit
IGBT Characteristic	•					
Turn-on delay time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$T_{\rm j}$ =150°C, $V_{\rm CC}$ =400V, $I_{\rm C}$ =2A, $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V, $R_{\rm G}$ =118 $\Omega$ , $L_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =180nH, $C_{\sigma}^{(1)}$ =180pF Energy losses include	-	20	24	ns
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>		-	14	17	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	287	344	
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>		-	67	80	
Turn-on energy	Eon		-	0.054	0.062	mJ
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	"tail" and diode	-	0.043	0.056	
Total switching energy	E <sub>ts</sub>	reverse recovery.	-	0.097	0.118	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1)}$  Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  and  $\,$  Stray capacity  ${\it C}_{\sigma}$  due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



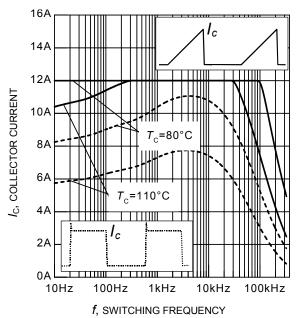
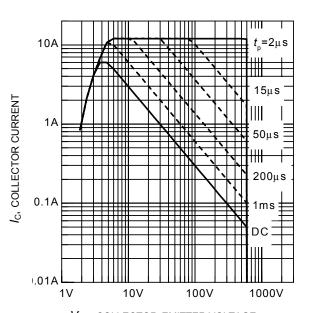


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency

 $(T_{\rm j} \le 150^{\circ}{\rm C}, D = 0.5, V_{\rm CE} = 400{\rm V}, V_{\rm GE} = 0/+15{\rm V}, R_{\rm G} = 118\Omega)$ 



 $V_{\rm CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 2. Safe operating area

 $(D = 0, T_C = 25^{\circ}C, T_i \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 

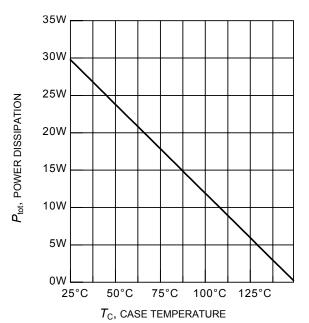


Figure 3. Power dissipation (IGBT) as a function of case temperature  $(T_i \le 150^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

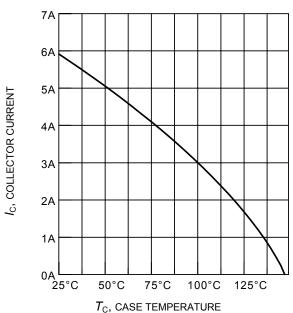


Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature

 $(V_{GE} \le 15V, T_j \le 150^{\circ}C)$ 



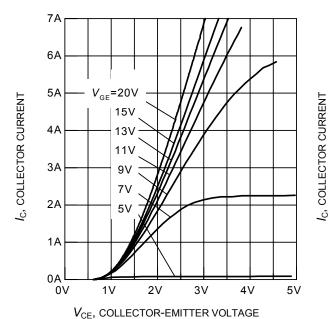
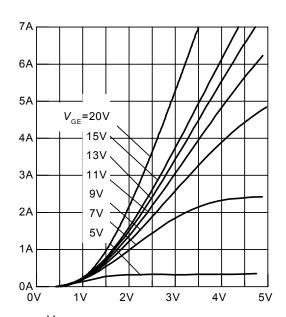


Figure 5. Typical output characteristics  $(T_i = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$ 



 $V_{\rm CE}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 6. Typical output characteristics ( $T_{\rm i}$  = 150°C)

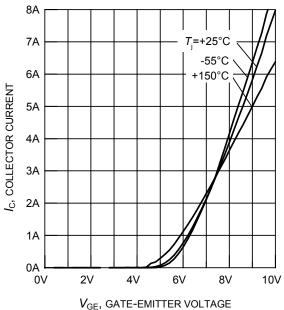


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristics  $(V_{CE} = 10V)$ 

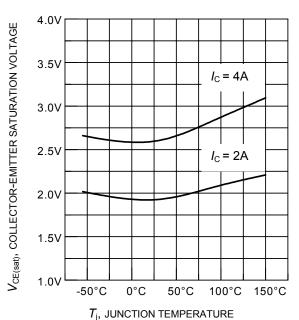


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature  $(V_{GE} = 15V)$ 



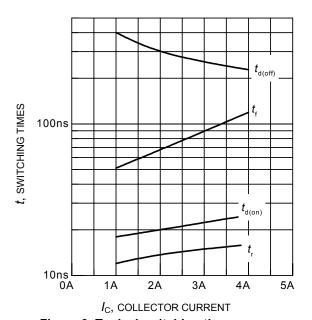


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$  = 150°C,  $V_{\rm CE}$  = 400V,  $V_{\rm GE}$  = 0/+15V,  $R_{\rm G}$  = 118 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

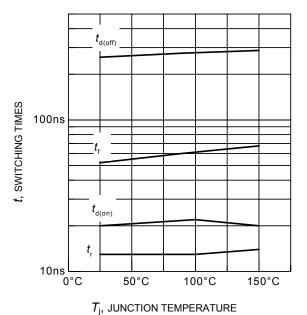


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{CE}$  = 400V,  $V_{GE}$  = 0/+15V,  $I_{C}$  = 2A,  $R_{G}$  = 118 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

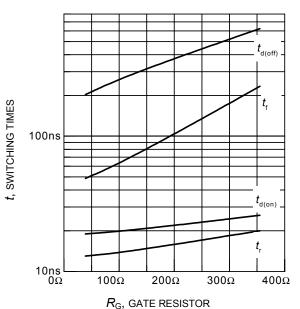


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load,  $T_j = 150$ °C,  $V_{CE} = 400$ V,  $V_{GE} = 0/+15$ V,  $I_C = 2$ A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

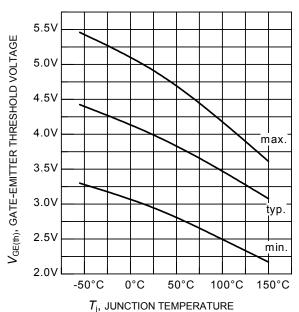


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $I_C = 0.15 \text{mA}$ )



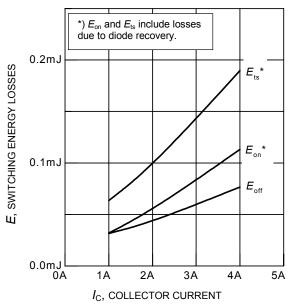


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current

(inductive load,  $T_{\rm j}$  = 150°C,  $V_{\rm CE}$  = 400V,  $V_{\rm GE}$  = 0/+15V,  $R_{\rm G}$  = 118 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

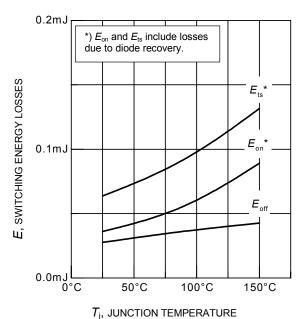


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{CE}$  = 400V,  $V_{GE}$  = 0/+15V,  $I_{C}$  = 2A,  $R_{G}$  = 118 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

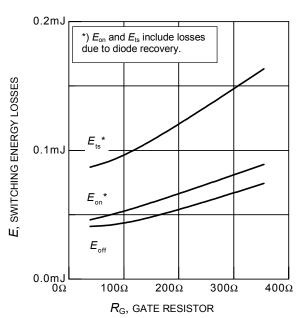


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor

(inductive load,  $T_j$  = 150°C,  $V_{CE}$  = 400V,  $V_{GE}$  = 0/+15V,  $I_C$  = 2A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

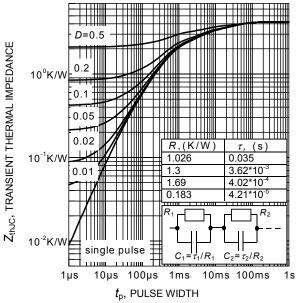


Figure 16. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  $(D = t_0 / T)$ 



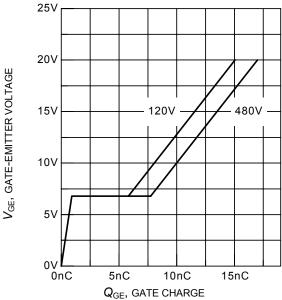


Figure 17. Typical gate charge  $(I_C = 2A)$ 

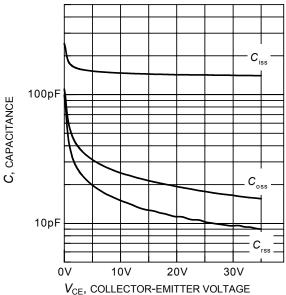


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$ )

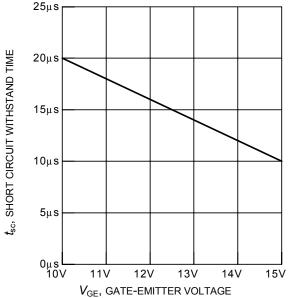


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage ( $V_{CE} = 600V$ , start at  $T_i = 25^{\circ}C$ )

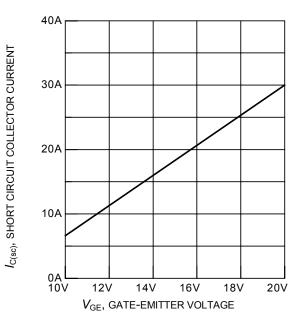
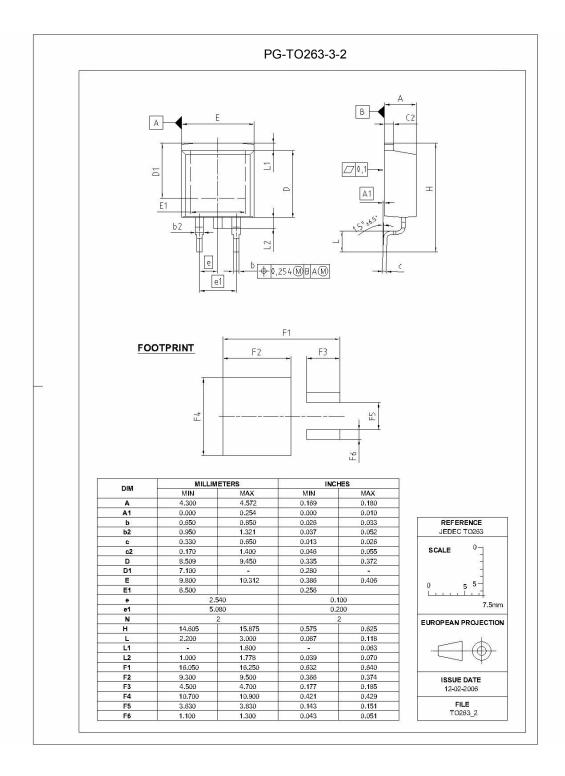


Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage  $(V_{CE} \le 600V, T_i = 150^{\circ}C)$ 







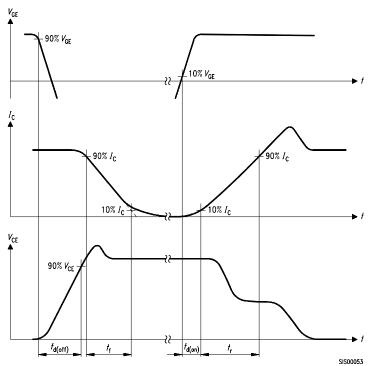


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

Figure A. Definition of switching times

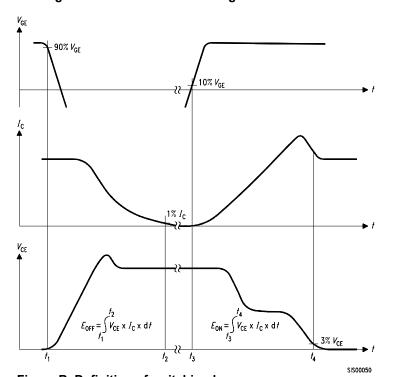


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

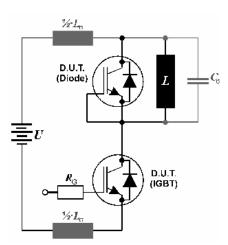


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit Leakage inductance  $L_{\sigma}$  =180nH and Stray capacity  $C_{\sigma}$  =180pF.



Edition 2006-01

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany
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