

SKDT 60



SEMIPONT® 2

Controllable Bridge Rectifiers

SKDT 60

Features

- Fully controlled three phase bridge rectifier
- Robust plastic case with screw terminals
- Large, isolated base plate
- Blocking voltage to 1400V
- High surge currents
- Easy chassis mounting
- UL recognized, file no. E 63 532

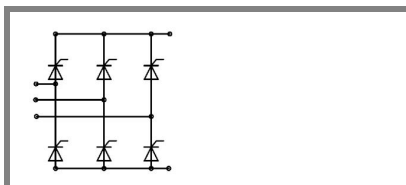
Typical Applications*

- For DC drives with a fixed direction of rotation
- For reversing DC drives
- Controlled field rectifiers for DC motors
- Controlled battery charger rectifiers

1) Painted metal shield of minimum 250 x 250 x 1 mm: $R_{th(c-a)} = 1,8 \text{ K/W}$

| V_{RSM} V | V_{RRM}, V_{DRM} V | $I_D = 60 \text{ A (full conduction)}$ ($T_c = 86 \text{ °C}$) |
|----------------|-------------------------|---|
| 400 | 400 | SKDT 60/04 |
| 800 | 800 | SKDT 60/08 |
| 1200 | 1200 | SKDT 60/12 |
| 1400 | 1400 | SKDT 60/14 |

| Symbol | Conditions | Values | Units |
|--------------------|--|----------------|------------------|
| I_D | $T_c = 85 \text{ °C}$ | 61 | A |
| | $T_a = 45 \text{ °C; chassis } ^1)$ | 16 | A |
| | $T_a = 45 \text{ °C; P13A/125}$ | 21 | A |
| | $T_a = 45 \text{ °C; P1A/120}$ | 34 | A |
| I_{TSM}, I_{FSM} | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; } 10 \text{ ms}$ | 470 | A |
| | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; } 10 \text{ ms}$ | 400 | A |
| i^2t | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; } 8,3 \dots 10 \text{ ms}$ | 1100 | A ² s |
| | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; } 8,3 \dots 10 \text{ ms}$ | 800 | A ² s |
| V_T | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; } I_T = 75 \text{ A}$ | max. 2,3 | V |
| $V_{T(TO)}$ | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C;}$ | max. 1 | V |
| r_T | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C}$ | max. 16 | mΩ |
| I_{DD}, I_{RD} | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; } V_{DD} = V_{DRM}; V_{RD} = V_{RRM}$ | max. 10 | mA |
| t_{gd} | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; } I_G = 1 \text{ A; } di_G/dt = 1 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$ | 1 | μs |
| t_{gr} | $V_D = 0,67 \cdot V_{DRM}$ | 1 | μs |
| $(dv/dt)_{cr}$ | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C}$ | max. 500 | V/μs |
| $(di/dt)_{cr}$ | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; } f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ | max. 50 | A/μs |
| t_q | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; typ.}$ | 80 | μs |
| I_H | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; typ. / max.}$ | 100 / 200 | mA |
| I_L | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; } R_G = 33 \text{ }\Omega$ | 250 / 400 | mA |
| V_{GT} | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; d.c.}$ | min. 3 | V |
| I_{GT} | $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ °C; d.c.}$ | min. 150 | mA |
| V_{GD} | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; d.c.}$ | max. 0,25 | V |
| I_{GD} | $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C; d.c.}$ | max. 5 | mA |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$ | per thyristor / diode | 1 | K/W |
| | total | 0,167 | K/W |
| $R_{th(c-s)}$ | per thyristor / diode | 0,05 | K/W |
| | total | 0,05 | K/W |
| T_{vj} | | - 40 ... + 125 | °C |
| T_{stg} | | - 40 ... + 125 | °C |
| V_{isol} | a. c. 50 Hz; r.m.s.; 1 s / 1 min. | 3600 (3000) | V |
| M_s | to heatsink | 5 | Nm |
| M_t | to terminals | 3 | Nm |
| m | | 165 | g |
| Case | SKDT | G 21 | |



SKDT

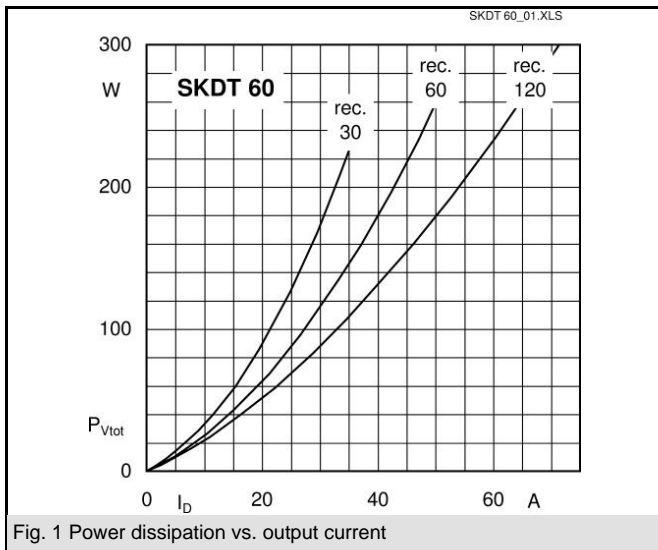


Fig. 1 Power dissipation vs. output current

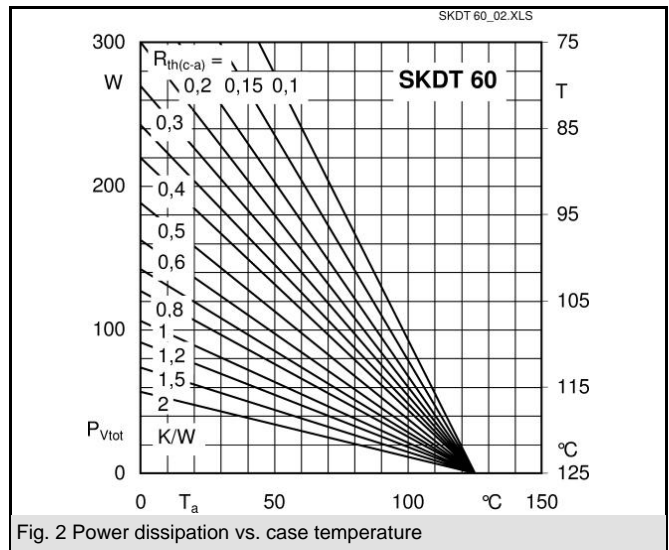


Fig. 2 Power dissipation vs. case temperature

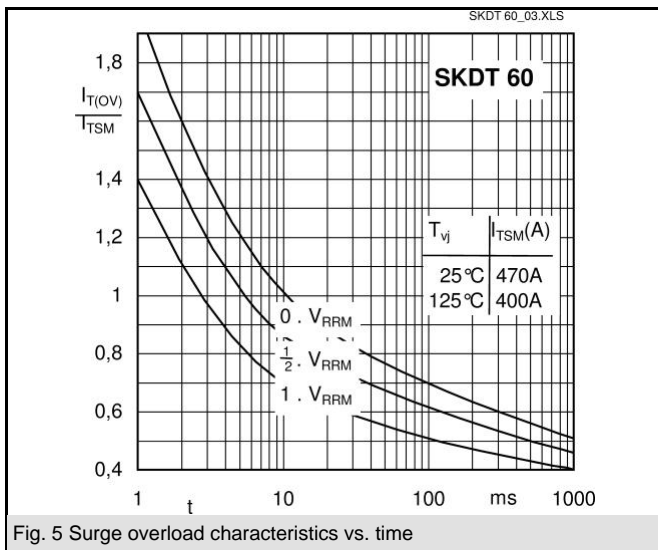


Fig. 5 Surge overload characteristics vs. time

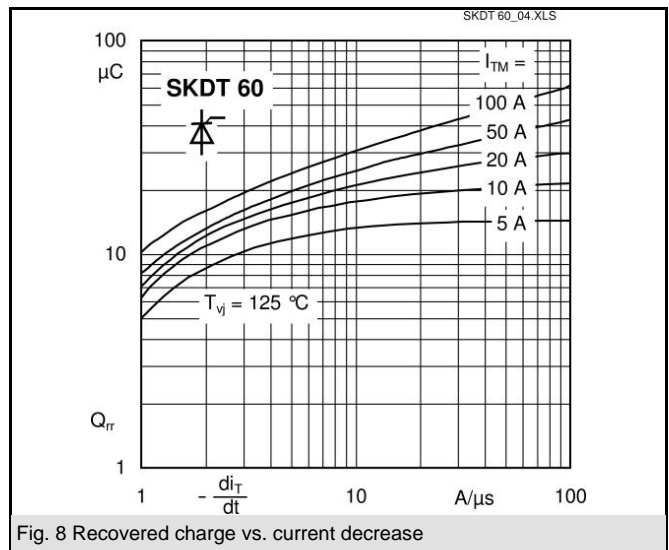


Fig. 8 Recovered charge vs. current decrease

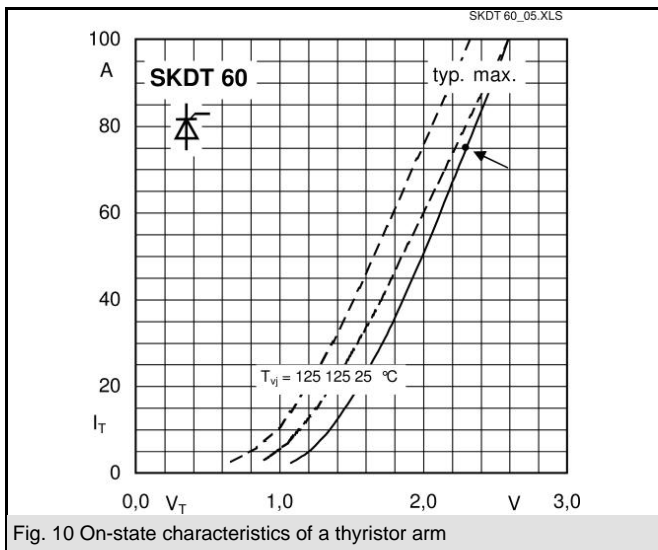


Fig. 10 On-state characteristics of a thyristor arm

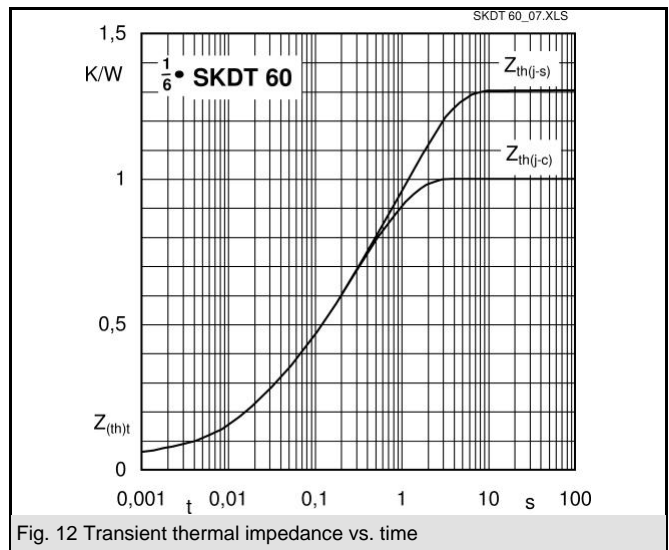


Fig. 12 Transient thermal impedance vs. time

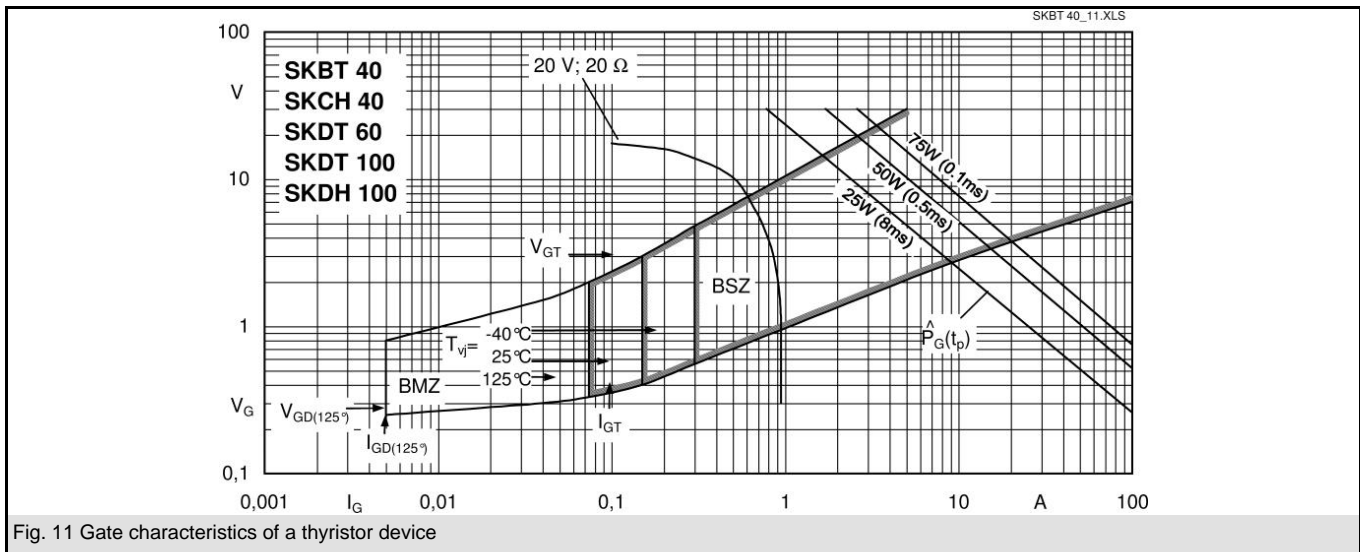
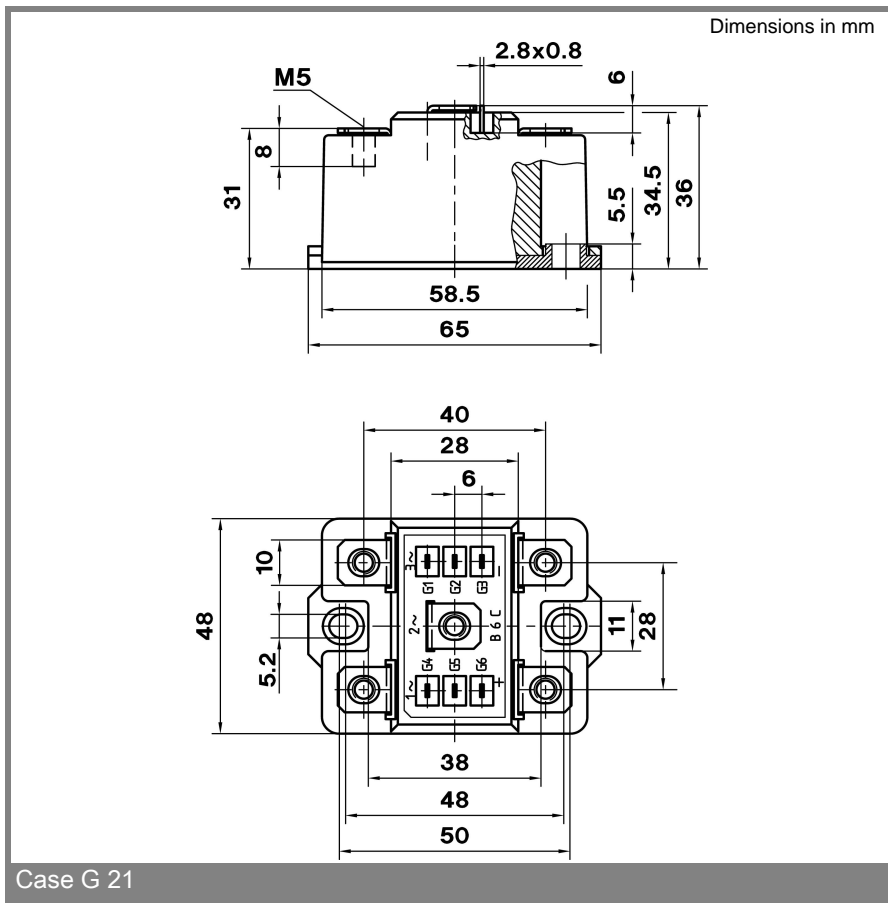


Fig. 11 Gate characteristics of a thyristor device



* The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. Components have to be tested for the respective application. Adjustments may be necessary. The use of SEMIKRON products in life support appliances and systems is subject to prior specification and written approval by SEMIKRON. We therefore strongly recommend prior consultation of our personal.